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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1863.

Foreign Office, September 18, 1863.

THE following Despatch has been communicated to Earl Russell by the Russian Ambassador at this Court:

Prince Gortchakoff to Baron Brunnow.

Tsarkoe-Selo, le $\frac{26 \text{ Aout,}}{7 \text{ Septembre}}$, 1863.

LORD NAPIER m'a donné, d'ordre de son Gouvernement, communication d'une dépêche de Lord Russell, dont votre Excellence trouvera ci-près la copie.

Elle sert de réponse à ma dépêche du $\frac{1}{13}$ Juillet dernier, que vous avez été invité à communiquer à M. le Principal Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique.

Les ouvertures que nous avions consignées dans cette pièce nous avaient été inspirées par le désir d'arriver à une entente.

En accueillant les observations qu'elles ont suggérées à Lord Russell avec l'attention que nous accordons toujours aux opinions du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté Britannique, nous ne pouvons que regretter de devoir en conclure que nous n'avons pas atteint le but que nous nous étions proposé.

Du moment où cette polémique n'aboutirait qu'à constater et à confirmer la divergence de nos points de vue, elle serait trop contraire à nos dispositions conciliantes pour que nous cherchions à la prolonger, et nous ne croyons pas nous éloigner en cela de la pensée de M. le Principal Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique.

Nous préférons ne nous attacher qu'aux points essentiels de ses dépêches, sur lesquels nous nous trouvons d'accord, au moins d'intention.

Le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté Britannique désire voir promptement rétabli dans le Royaume de Pologne un état de choses qui rendrait la tranquillité à ce pays, le repos à l'Europe, la sécurité aux relations des Cabinets.

Nous partageons entièrement ce désir, et tout ce que peut dépendre de nous sera fait pour le réaliser.

Notre auguste Maître reste animé des intentions les plus bienveillantes envers la Pologne, les plus conciliantes envers toutes les Puissances étrangères.

Le bien-être de ses sujets de toutes les races et de toutes les convictions religieuses est une obligation que Sa Majesté Impériale a acceptée vis-à-vis de Dieu, de sa conscience, et de ses peuples. L'Empereur consacre toute sa sollicitude à la remplir.

Quant à la responsabilité que Sa Majesté peut assumer dans ses rapports internationaux, ces rapports sont réglés par le droit public. Sa violation de ces principes fondamentaux peut seule entrainer une responsabilité. Notre auguste Maître a constamment respecté et observé ces principes envers les autres Etats. Sa Majesté est en droit d'attendre et de réclamer le même respect de la part des autres Puissances.

Vous voudrez bien donner lecture et copie de cette dépêche à M. le Principal Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique.

Recevez, &c.

(Translation.)

Tsarkoe-Selo, $\frac{\text{August 26,}}{\text{September 7,}}$ 1863.

LORD NAPIER has, by order of his Government, communicated to me a despatch from Lord Russell, of which your Excellency will find a copy hereunto annexed.

It is an answer to my despatch of the $\frac{1\text{st}}{13\text{th}}$ July last, which your were invited to communicate to the Principal Secretary of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

The overtures which we had set forth in that document were dictated to us by the desire to arrive at an understanding.

In receiving the observations which they have suggested to Lord Russell with the attention which we always pay to the opinions of Her Britannic Majesty's Government, we cannot but regret that we must come to the conclusion that we have not attained the end which we had proposed to ourselves.

From the moment that this discussion could only end in establishing and in confirming the divergence of our views, it would be too contrary to our conciliatory disposition for us to seek to prolong it; and we believe that in this we are not acting at variance with the sentiments of the Principal Secretary of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

We prefer to fix our attention only upon the essential points of his despatches, upon which we find ourselves agreed, at least in intention.

Her Britannic Majesty's Government desire t see promptly re-established in the Kingdo

Poland a state of things which shall restore tranquillity to that country, repose to Europe, and security to the relations of the Cabinets.

We entirely share in this desire, and all that can depend upon us shall be done to realize it.

Our august Master continues to be animated by the most benevolent intentions towards Poland, and by the most conciliatory towards all foreign Powers. To provide for the welfare of his subjects of all races and of every religious conviction is an obligation which His Imperial Majesty has accepted before God, his conscience, and his people. The Emperor devotes all his solicitude to the fulfilment of that obligation.

As regards the responsibility which may be assumed by His Majesty in his international relations, those relations are regulated by public right. The violation of those fundamental principles can alone involve responsibility. Our august Master has constantly respected and observed those principles with regard to other States. His Majesty has the right to expect and to claim the same respect on the part of the other Powers.

You will be pleased to read and give a copy of this despatch to the Principal Secretary of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

Receive, &c.,

India Office, September 16, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Despatch from the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated 3rd August, No. 12, 1863, containing the following Notification:

NOTIFICATION.

Foreign Department,
No. 136, *dated the* 12*th May,* 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the parties named in the margin,* or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oudh, will sit at Lucknow as soon as possible after the 1st February, 1864, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.

Foreign Office, September 12, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Henry George Elliot to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Italy.

Downing Street, September 17, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Henry Barkly, K.C.B., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Mauritius and its dependencies.

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* Captain Frith, Mr. Grant, Major Darrell, Major Webber, Captain Edwardes, Mr. Clark, and Mr. Prendergast.

Whitehall, September 16, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable John David Fitzgerald, one of the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland; Mountifort Longfield, Esq., LL.D., one of the Judges of the Landed Estates Court in Ireland; Sir William Atherton, Knt., Her Majesty's Attorney-General for England; Sir Robert Joseph Phillimore, Knt., Her Majesty's Advocate-General for England; Sir Thomas Staples, Bart., Her Majesty's Advocate-General for Ireland; The Right Honourable Thomas O'Hagan, Her Majesty's Attorney-General for Ireland; Robert Porrett Collier, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Counsel; Robert Bayly Follett, Esq.; Henry Cadogan Rothery, Esq.; and John Hazlett, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to enquire into the Constitution, Establishment, Officers Practice, Procedure, and Fees of the High Court of Admiralty in Ireland.

War Office, Pall Mall.
18*th September*, 1863.

1*st Regiment of Life Guards*, Edgcombe Venning, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Owen William George, M.D., promoted. Dated 14th April, 1863.

19*th Hussars*, Captain George Archibald Bishop, from the 104th Foot, to be Captain, vice Luard, who exchanges. Dated 18th September, 1863.

7*th Regiment of Foot*, Lieutenant William Lamb Barr, from the 48th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Bridges, who exchanges. Dated 7th July, 1863.

16*th Foot*, Captain George Gibson, from half-pay, late 12th Foot, to be Captain, vice George Frederick Macdonald, who retires upon half-pay on appointment as Staff Officer of Pensioners. Dated 18th September, 1863.

23*rd Foot*, Ensign Louis James Wainwright Hadden to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Samuel William Ralph Sadler, who retires. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet George Holden Hutton, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hadden. Dated 18th September, 1863.

26*th Foot*. Lieutenant William Beers to be Captain, by purchase, vice Walter Fitzgerald Kerrich, who retires. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign Simeon Harrison Hardy to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Beers. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Livingstone Clarke, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hardy. Dated 18th September, 1863.

30*th Foot*, Ensign James Thom to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Decimus Montagu, who retires. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Frederic Clowes, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Thom. Dated 18th September, 1863.

48*th Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Bridges, from the 7th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Barr, who exchanges. Dated 7th July, 1863.

59th Foot, Lieutenant Charles Wollaston Hutton to be Captain, by purchase, vice James Octavius Machell, who retires. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign Henry Harcourt Griffiths to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hutton. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet George Poignand, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Griffiths. Dated 18th September, 1863.

60*th Foot*, Staff-Surgeon Richard Cooper Todd to be Surgeon, vice James Crerar, who exchanges. Dated 18th September, 1863.

66*th Foot*, Ensign James Anderson Baxter to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice John Hammond, whose promotion by purchase, on the 28th August, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 18th September, 1863.

83*rd Foot*, The appointment of Lieutenant William Forbes Anderson to be an Instructor of Musketry at the School of Musketry, and that of Lieutenant Nicholas Pennefather, as Instructor of Musketry to the 83rd Foot, vice Anderson, which appeared in the Gazette of 11th ultimo, have been cancelled.

101*st Foot*, Major Frederick Octavius Salusbury to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Captain George Craster Lambert to be Major, vice Salusbury. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Lieutenant Newton Haworth Wallace to be Captain, vice Lambert. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign Henry Park Airey to be Lieutenant, vice Wallace. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Manley Charles Matthew Dixon, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, vice Airey. Dated 18th September, 1863.

104*th Foot*, Captain Frederick Peter Luard, from the 19th Hussars, to be Captain, vice Bishop, who exchanges. Dated 18th September, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon James Crerar, from the 60th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Richard Cooper Todd, who exchanges. Dated 18th September, 1863.

BREVET.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Enderby Gordon, of the Royal Artillery, having completed five years' qualifying service, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 14th October, 1858, to be Colonel in the Army. Dated 23rd July, 1863.

Major Stonehouse George Bunbury, retired full-pay, late of the Army Hospital Corps, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 1st July, 1863.

Admiralty, 18*th September*, 1863.

The following promotions, dated the 12th instant, consequent on the death, on the 11th instant, of Vice-Admiral of the Red Henry Dundas, have this day taken place :—

Vice-Admiral of the White Sir Henry Byam Martin, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Sir Thomas Hastings, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admirals :
Honourable Arthur Duncombe,
Robert Fitz Roy,
Charles Henry Swinburne,
on the Reserved List, to be Vice-Admirals on the same List.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Joseph Nias, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White The Right Honourable Lord Clarence Edward Paget, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue George St. Vincent King, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain James Paterson Bower to be Rear-Admiral on the Reserved List.

Captain Frederick Warden, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Rear-Admirals:
William Hamley,
John Drake,
to have the rank and title of Retired Vice-Admirals, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

Sir Charles Henry Rouse Boughton, Bart., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 31st August, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

2nd Regiment of Warwickshire Militia.

Bevil Granville, Esq., late Brevet-Major 23rd Foot, to be Major, vice George Digby Wingfield Digby, resigned. Dated 11th September, 1863.

3rd Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps (Rugby).

Lieutenant Theodore Marc Wratislaw to be Captain, vice Benn, resigned. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

2nd Hampshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Pratt Wills to be First Lieutenant, vice Seagrove, resigned. Dated 14th September, 1863.

5th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Henry Castle to be Surgeon. Dated 14th September, 1863.

13th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Philip Henry Poore to be Lieutenant, vice Heath, resigned. Dated 14th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Hereford.

5th Herefordshire or South Archenfield and Forest Border Company of Rifle Volunteers.

Richard William Partridge, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice William Joseph Millard, resigned. Dated 10th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, *and County of the City of* Chester.

33rd Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Stuart Brooke, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 25th August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Sadler Douglas in the 4th Cumberland Artillery Volunteer Corps; and Ensign Samuel Porter Foster in the 11th Cumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

11th Cumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edwin Hodge Banks to be Ensign, vice Foster, resigned. Dated 4th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Somersetshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Battalion by Captain and Adjutant Malet. Dated 11th September, 1863.

12th or Carron Company of the Stirlingshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant John Campbell.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 11, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of a brigantine, name unknown, captured on the 3rd June, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Antelope."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 12, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the proportion due to the Officers and Crew of Her Majesty's ship "Bustard," of the proceeds arising from the sale of certain junks, captured at Chusan, on the 22nd May, 1860, will commence on Tuesday, the 22nd instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Lieutenant-Commanding .	3	1	8
Fourth class . . .	2	0	0
Fifth class . . .	1	2	3
Sixth class . . .	1	0	0
Seventh class . . .	0	13	4
Eighth class . . .	0	6	7
Tenth class . . .	0	2	2

Somerset House, London, September 15, 1863.

NOTICE.—By Order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Brighton, in Sussex Collection, will, in future, be in Ship-street, Brighton.

William Corbett, Secretary.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Talybont, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the county hall, Dolgelly, on Tuesday, the 6th day of October, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Com-

missioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Talybont aforesaid.

C. J. Herries.
Alfred Montgomery.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, September 16th, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, situated at Maidenhead, in the parish of Bray, in the county of Berks, in the district of Cookham, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 2nd day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 4th day of September, 1863.

C. Brown, Superintendent Registrar.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.
Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

1158. To Charles Frederick Bielefeld, of Gower-street, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of sheets, slabs, and other articles when fibrous materials are employed."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of May, 1863.

2007. To Andrew Edmund Brae, of Leeds, in the county of York, for the invention of "improved means of conducting electric currents through railway trains, and of actuating signals or alarums therein."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of August, 1863.

2023. To Edward Scott, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "certain improvements in apparatus for governing or regulating the speed of engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Arnold Winder, of Hard, in the Kingdom of Austria.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 15th day of August, 1863.

2065. To George Spencer, of 6, Cannon-street West, London, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improved solutions to be used in the manufacture of paints and the preservation of wood, stone, and metallic surfaces, and in the preservation and waterproofing of fibrous materials generally."—A communication to him from abroad by Richard Eaton, of the city of Montreal, Canada.

2068. And to William Hamilton, of No. 45, Ship-street, Brighton, Upholsterer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of spring mattresses."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of August, 1863.

2076. To Thomas Frederick Cashin, Civil Engineer, of Sheffield, in the county of York, for the invention of "improved means of communication between the passengers, guard, and driver of a railway train in motion."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 21st day of August, 1863.

2101. To William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus to be used in the manufacture of candles."—A communication to him from abroad by Chretien Haffner, of Thann, in the Empire of France.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 25th day of August, 1863.

2115. To Theodore Bourne, of the city, county, and State of New York, United States of America, for the invention of "improved method of storing and holding petroleum and other oils, naphtha and other products of distillation containing essential oils."—A communication to him by Seth Haskell Ingalls, of the city of New Bedford, county of Bristol, and State of Massachusetts, United States of America, the inventor.

2116. To Francis Pragst, of Moscow, in the Empire of Russia, at present residing at Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "certain improvements in steam engines, and in the mode of utilizing steam."

2117. And to John Clark, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for the invention of "certain improvements in break blocks for railway and other carriages, and in the means of applying the same."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of August, 1863.

2123. To Robert Bell, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improved measuring apparatus for looms."

2125. To Edward Vickers, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of steel."

2129. And to Charles Harratt, of Hornsey-lane, Highgate, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for tilling land."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of August, 1863.

2131. To Henry Cholmondeley Pennell, of Weybridge, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of skates."

2132. To Henry William Putnam, of the city of New York, United States, Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improved machine for wringing clothes."

2133. To George Lowry, of the Stanley-street Works, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker, for the invention of "improvements in and applicable to cotton gins."

2135. To William Tingey, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in printing carpets, piled fabrics, druggets, and other similar articles."

2136. To Thomas Williams, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for steaming and opening cotton, and other fibrous materials."

2139. To Arthur Agnew, of Welshpool, in the county of Montgomery, Gun Maker, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms."

2141. To Walter Weldon, of 3, Falcon-court, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Publisher, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for aërial navigation."

2143. And to James Dodge, of Waterford, Saratoga county, State of New York, United States of America, Mechanical Engineer, at present residing in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for grinding and polishing metallic articles."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 29th day of August, 1863.

2147. To Francis Augustus Braendlin, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms."

2149. To Benjamin Lile Burnett, of Teignmouth, in the county of Devon, Wine Merchant, for the invention of "improved arrangements for removing the fuel from stoves or grates, and for facilitating the extinguishing of the fires used therein."

2153. To John Miles, of Hastings, in the county of Sussex, Cuttler, for the invention of "improvements in traps for catching rats and mice, rabbits, and other animals and birds."

2155. And to Martyn John Roberts, of Pendarrenhouse, near Crickhowell, in the county of Brecon, Esquire, for the invention of "improvements in the arrangement or fitting of axles for railway and other carriages."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 31st day of August, 1863.

2156. To Jacob Snider, junior, of Dorset-street, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading and other ordnance, part of which is applicable to the utilizing of old smooth bore cannon, and in projectiles to be used therewith."

2157. To Christopher Shorrock, Manufacturer, and William Shorrock, Manager, both of Over Darwen, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "certain improvements in looms for weaving."

2158. To George Russell, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for cooking and for obtaining fresh water for use on shipboard and otherwise."

2159. To William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in hydraulic apparatus."—A communication to him from abroad by Auguste Desgoffe and Achille Ollivier, Engineers, both of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

2163. And to Theodor Erich, of No. 77, Newgate-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for pressing peat."—A communication to him from abroad by Christian Augustus Erich, a person resident at Munich, in the Kingdom of Bavaria.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 1st day of September, 1863.

2176. To William Boulton, Ironfounder, and Joseph Worthington, Engineer, both of Burslem, in the county of Stafford, for the invention of "an improved method of making and inlaying encaustic tiles or other plastic articles and substances."

2178. To William Jolliffe and Thomas Jolliffe, both of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Steam Boat Owners, and William Graham, of the same place, Ship's Joiner, and Henry Taylor, of the same place, Ship's Joiner, for the invention of "improvements applicable to paddle and other propelling wheels for navigable vessels."

2182. And to Joseph Loebl and Ignaz Pick, both of Scott's-yard, Bush-lane, in the city of London, Merchants, for the invention of "improvements in fastening gloves."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of September, 1863.

2186. To Thomas Fisher, of No. 7, Remington-street, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in spring balances where spiral springs are used."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of September, 1863.

2188. To George Hargreaves, of Shipley, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, Worsted Spinner and Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in steam boilers."

2190. To William Norton, of Holly Bank, near Arva, in the county of Cavan, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in laying and supporting sub-marine telegraph cables."

2194. To Richard Batt, of Waterhouse Mill, Milnthorpe, in the county of Westmoreland, Paper Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in paper making machinery."

2196. And to George Banks Rennie, of Holland-street, Blackfriars, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of floating docks and pontoons, and the means of cleaning, painting, or repairing them."

On their several petitions, all recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of September, 1863.

2200. To Harper Twelvetrees, of Bromley, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in portable mangling and wringing apparatus."

2202. And to Samuel Gerish, of No. 60, Shoe-lane, Holborn, and John Weston, of No. 80, Whitecross-street, St. Luke's, both in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for morticing, drilling, dovetailing, and cutting wood, and in tools to be used for morticing."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of September, 1863.

2204. To Joseph Horatio Cutler, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, for the invention of "a new or improved dress fastening, which said fastening is also applicable to the fastening of bands and belts, and to other like purposes."

2206. To William Ashley Wilson, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, and James Smith, also of Liverpool aforesaid, Baker, for the invention of "improvements in furnace fire-grates."

2210. And to William Hewitt, of the city of Bristol, Engineer, for the invention of "an improved rudder, and means of working the same."

On their several petitions, all recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of September, 1863.

2216. To Thomas Naden the younger, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Architect, for the invention of "improvements in raising the covers or lids of hot water jugs, tea pots, coffee pots, and other vessels."

2220. To Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, London, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of chenille, and in the machinery or apparatus employed therein."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Bernardin, residing at Lyons, in the Empire of France.

2222. To William Clark, of No 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in the means of utilizing refuse azoted matters of commerce for the manufacture of various chemical products."—A communication to him from abroad by Amédée Gélis, Chemist, and Lucien Dusart, Chemist, both of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

2224. To George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough-park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in rollers to be used in machinery for spinning and manufacturing wool, cotton, and other fibrous materials."—A communication to him from abroad by Amos Taylor, a person resident in the United States of America.

2226. To Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "an improvement in steam engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Waterman, of the city of New York, United States of America.

2228. And to Edward Oliver, Engineer, and George Myers, Draughtsman, both of Rotherham, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for lowering and disengaging boats from vessels."

On their several petitions, all recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of September, 1863.

PATENTS WHICH HAVE BECOME VOID.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 12th day of September, 1863.

2150. Charles Augustus Schneider, of Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, now residing at No. 9, Albany-street, Regent's-park, Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in manufacturing letters, numerals, arms, designs, trade-marks, mosaic, and other ornaments to be attached to glass or other smooth surfaces."—Dated 6th September, 1860.

2152. William Henry Burke the elder and William Henry Burke the younger, of Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, Gentlemen, for an invention of "a method of preparing fabrics composed of, or containing, caoutchouc, to enable them to resist the action of colours and varnishes containing oil."—Dated 6th September, 1860.

2155. Benjamin Oldfield, of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, Machinist, for an invention of "improvements in looms."—Dated 6th September, 1860.

2156. Aaron Lester, of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, Draftsman and Designer, for an invention of "an improvement in looms for weaving."—Dated 6th September, 1860.

2159. Augustus Dacre Lacy, of Hall House, Knayton, in the county of York, Gentleman, and William Collett Homersham, of Adelphi-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery and implements for ploughing and cultivating land."—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2162. Charles Stevens, Manager of the British and Foreign Office for Patents, No. 1B, Welbeck-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "an improved impermeable oil varnish."—Communicated to him from abroad by Antoine Bouet, of No. 42, Rue Laffite, Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2164. Charles Stevens, Manager of the British and Foreign Office for Patents, No. 1B, Welbeck-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "an improved lavatory."—Communicated to him from abroad by Flury Jourjon, of No. 42, Rue Laffite, Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2165. Charles Cowper, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cast steel, and in the re-manufacture of old steel."—That it has been communicated to him from abroad by Louis Jules Duhesme, Henri Catherine Camille de Ruolz, and Anselme Louis Marie de Fontenay, all residing at Paris, in France.—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2167. Paul Elias Aubertin, of Great Winchester-street, in the city of London, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of soap."—Communicated to him from abroad by Jules Gabriel Gros, of Mulhouse, France.—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2168. James Henry Staples Wildsmith, of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Manufacturing Chemist, for an invention of "a new or improved lubricating material or compound, which said material or compound may also be employed in the manufacture of soap."—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2169. James Spratt, of Camden-road-villas, Camden-town, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in electrical conductors and their fittings."—Dated 7th September, 1860.

2171. Elias Weiskopf, of Pesth, in Hungary, and of No. 5, Claremont-square, in the county of Middlesex, Chemist, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of certain kinds of artificial combustible for lighting of wood and coal."—Dated 8th September, 1860.

2173. Peter Richards Cross, of Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk, Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in means or apparatus to give protection to the mouth and nostrils in respiration, and to the throat and chest against the injurious effects of atmospheric influences."—Dated 8th September, 1860.

2177. William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improved means of extinguishing conflagrations."—Communicated to him from abroad by Alexandre Lelandais, of Nantes, in the Department of the Loire Inférieure, France, Distiller.—Dated 8th September, 1860.

2180. James Wood, of West Smithfield, Type Founder, for an invention of "improvements in stereotyping apparatus."—Dated 8th September, 1860.

2182. Geminiano Zanni, of Upper King-street, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, Optician, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for roasting."—Dated 8th September, 1860.

2183. François Jean Cantagrel, Civil Engineer, of No. 7, Rue Buffault, Paris, in the Empire of France, for an invention of "apparatus for ascertaining the existence of escapes in pipes and vessels for conveying (and holding), lighting, and heating gases, which apparatus he denominates 'Escape-Indicator.'"—Dated 10th September, 1860.

2187. Thomas Turpie, of North Shields, Master Mariner, for an invention of "improvements in furling sails."—Dated 10th September, 1860.

2189. James Greenwood, of Halifax, in the county of York, Damask Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."—Dated 11th September, 1860.

2191. Donald Nicoll, of the firm of Henry John Nicoll and Donald Nicoll, of Regent-street, in the city of Westminster, Merchant Tailors, for an invention of "an improved over-coat, particularly adapted to military purposes, to be called 'Nicoll's Lacerna.'"—Dated 11th September, 1860.

2192. Marc Antoine François Mennons, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 39, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, in the Empire of France, for an invention of "an improved apparatus for sealing letters and other documents."—A communication from L. M. H. Fromont, a person resident at Paris.—Dated 11th September, 1860.

2194. Jean Dénéchaud and Joseph Chapa, of Bordeaux, in the French Empire, Gentlemen, for an invention of "an electric controller, for indicating the relative position of trains on railways."—Dated 11th September, 1860.

2196. Thomas Boyle, of the York-street Spinning Company, Belfast, in the county of Antrim, for an invention of "improvements in preparing machinery for flax and other fibrous substances." Dated 11th September, 1860.

2198. Gilbert Lucien Pierre Coopman, Merchant, and President of the Commercial Court at Constantine (Algéria), for an invention of "new means and processes of tanning hides and skins, by which a graduated impermeability of leathers is obtained."—Dated 11th September, 1860.

2199. J. Charles de Louvrié, of the No. 18, Boulevard Beaumarchais (Paris), in the Empire of France, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in moulding without models."——Dated 12th September, 1860.

2203. Robert Henry Capel Wilson, of the firm of Frankham and Wilson, of No. 12, Wilson-street, Gray's-inn-road, in the county of Middlesex, Meteorological Instrument Makers, for an invention of "improvements in registering thermometers."—Dated 12th September, 1860.

2204. John Petrie, junior, of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, Ironmonger, for an invention of "improvements in cocks or taps for liquids."—Dated 12th September, 1860.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 12th day of September, 1863.

2076. Sidney Wesley Park and Edgar Stimpson Ells, both of the city of Troy, in the State of New York, U. S. A., for an invention of "improvements in machinery for knitting tubular ribbed fabrics."—Dated 6th September, 1856.

2087. Félix Estivant, in the name of the Society Estivant, Brothers, of Paris, in the Empire of France, and of 45, Essex-street, Strand, London, for an invention of "improvements in casting metal tubes."—Dated 8th September, 1856.

2095. William Petrie, of Woolwich, in the county of Kent, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of sulphuric acid, and the apparatus employed therein, parts of which improvements are applicable to the manufacture of nitric, hydrochloric, and other acids."—Dated 8th September, 1856.

2102. Charles Brook the younger, of Meltham Mills, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, for an invention of "an improvement in polishing or finishing yarns, threads, and woven fabrics."—Dated 9th September, 1856.

2115. Stephen White, of Newlands-street, Everton, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, for an invention of "an improved method and apparatus for the distillation of certain oils or oily substances from the petroleum, commonly called earth oil, found in certain districts in the Birman Empire, and an improved method of purifying the oils or oily substances so obtained."—Dated 10th September, 1856.

2121. John Blythe Robinson, of Beverley, in the county of York, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for effecting agricultural operations."—Communication from a foreigner residing abroad.—Dated 11th September, 1856.

2129. Alexander Chaplin, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in ships or vessels."—Dated 11th September, 1856.

2130. Albert Demerit Bishop, of Hanover House, Maryon-road, Charlton, in the county of Kent, for an invention of "improvements in derricks for raising sunken ships and other heavy bodies from below water and moving heavy bodies from one place to another"—Dated 11th September, 1856.

2140. John Elliott, of Southampton, in the county of Hants, Architect and Civil Engineer, for an invention of "an improved apparatus for containing and supplying water, gas, and other fluids, applicable also as a fluid meter."—Dated 12th September, 1856.

In the Matter of the Petition of James George Decker, of Freetown, Sierra Leone, an Insolvent Debtor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in the Matter of this petition, the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Sierra Leone, has appointed the 20th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court Hall, Freetown, Sierra Leone, for the hearing of the matter of the said petition, and for hearing any other application in the matter of the insolvency.—Dated the 28th day of July, 1863.

Jno. M'Cormack, Registrar.

Numb. 22773.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1863.

Foreign Office, September 22, 1863.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is an extract, from Major-General Brown, commanding the British Troops in China, has been communicated to Lord Russell by the Secretary of State for War :

"VARIOUS statements having appeared in the several journals published at Shanghai, concerning the treatment of rebel prisoners, and alleged torture of some few taken at the capture of Taitsan, I have the honour to state, that a report was made to me by Captain Murray, R.A., commanding a Field Force in support of the attack on Taitsan, soon after his return to Head Quarters, of the Imperialists cruel treatment of their prisoners.

"I took the report to Her Britannic Majesty's Consul (Harvey) without delay, and expressed my desire that the Foutai should be informed of the same, and to urge upon him to send out an order at once to all his Mandarins in command, forbidding any cruelty to be exercised upon captured prisoners; and further, if any report was again made to me of a similar nature, I would cease to act with his troops. Lieutenant R. Cane, R.A., who has beeen six years in China, and has some knowledge of the Chinese language and customs, was the first who reported the circumstance to Captain Murray, and the letter of the former officer, called for by me for report, is here annexed, and details, I think, everything most clearly.

"I have no reason to bel'eve otherwise than that the Foutai is equally anxious to be as humane as possible to his prisoners, some hundreds were lately captured at Quang-san, and so far from being cruelly or severely dealt with, have actually, to a great extent, been incorporated by Major Gordon into his own regiment; and I have also asked for some to be sent down to me from Quang-san to be drilled with, and attached to, the batteries of Chinese artillery gun Lascars, which are under the command of the officer commanding Royal Artillery, who reports them most useful and efficient.

"Major Gordon was also lent by me some fifty of these drilled gun Lascars for his attack on Quang-sau, and speaks most highly of them. I have now only to draw attention to 'eye witness' statement, who would actually allow the public to believe that men undergoing extreme torture, such as he describes, with various wounds, from whence issued *copious* streams of blood, and could not only exist from 11 A.M. till sunset, but then to be able to be led out for execution, leaving one to suppose that he was present the whole time; whereas the editor, in his remarks on the bishop's letter, to remove any apprehension as to the non-influence of British officers who were on the spot, states that the treatment the prisoners were undergoing was only discovered ten minutes before their execution. This alone, I submit, stamps the whole statement as highly coloured and greatly exaggerated."

Inclosure.

SIR, *Shanghai, June* 11, 1863.

IN reply to the enquiry of the Major-General Commanding I have the honour to inform you that on the 3rd May, 1863, I was present at Waikongsum, as Acting Field Adjutant to a Force under command of Captain A. Murray, Royal Artillery. In the afternoon of that day I was taking a walk for exercise, with several other officers, along the main road towards Ko-lung-sung, and in passing between two Imperialists stockades our attention was attracted by a number of men, I think seven or eight, naked and tied to posts. On approaching I found they were Changman prisoners, all with very long hair (shewing that they were rebels of long standing), and with the very peculiar complexion and physiognomy which have been frequently noticed as acquired by men who have spent much time among the Taepings.

These men had evidently been sentenced to the punishment of the "Ling-che," or "slow and ignominious death," what we call "cutting into a thousand pieces," and it was also evident that they had been spared as much as possible, and little more than the form of this horrible punishment carried out. Each man had a piece of skin, not flesh, about four inches by two, partly stripped from one arm and hanging down, and one or two arrows had been pushed (apparently not shot) through the skin in different places. There was very little blood about the ground and the men did not appear to be in pain, one was crying out

very loudly that he was a Shanghai Coolie and ought not to be put to death as a rebel, he had however very long hair; I asked a low Chinese officer present what they were, he told me they were old and well known rebels, two of them officers, and that they were about to be beheaded; he said that they had been exposed from mid-day (it was about half-past four or five o'clock, p.m., when I saw them). At the same time I saw an official approaching to superintend the execution, and not being anxious to witness the spectacle, which I had often seen before, I withdrew. From what other officers who remained informed me, I gathered that decapitation was performed at once in the usual manner, except that the sword employed was blunt, and the executioner inexpert. I saw no other signs of torture whatever, and considered that these men were, taking into account Chinese law and customs, rather mercifully dealt with. A dead Changman lay some distance off, who had been treated in a similar manner to the other, in addition a slight incision had been made from his breast to his groin, but, from the absence of blood, I think this was done after death.

On my return to Waikong I reported what I had seen to Captain Murray, commanding, who desired me to visit the camp next morning, and to take notice of the occurrence, which I did by mentioning it to a fourth rank military field officer, the senior in the camp. I told him we English did not like such punishments; that if a man deserved death we executed him at once, and did not expose or mutilate him. I expressed general disapproval of what had been done, and said the English Commanding Officer was much displeased at it, and, if anything of the sort was attempted again, would march up and put a stop to it; and that I hoped it would not again occur during our stay. He replied that he did not himself approve of it, but that I must recollect that a large number of the rebel prisoners taken at Taitsan had been pardoned by the High Imperial Officers, permitted to shave their heads, and employed as soldiers or labourers; and that it was not possible to restrain the Imperial soldiers from taking some vengeance for the treatment which the rebels had inflicted on 300 or more of their comrades, who had been entrapped into Taitsan on a false promise of the surrender of the place. These men, he said, were almost all put to death, and very many of them had their "bodies wounded, and cotton put over their wounds and set on fire," and were otherwise badly tortured. (This I understand was really the case.) He added that the Chinese General Officer then in command at Waikongsum-Kwoh Ta jin was mercifully inclined, and anxious not to be severe with the rebel soldiers, many of whom had been carried away forcibly, and compelled to serve in the ranks of the Taepings.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) ROBERT EMMET CANE,
Lieutenant, Royal Artillery.

The Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, Shanghai.

N.B. 1100 men were sent up to take possession of Taitsan by the Foutai. They were entrapped, and out of the above number only some 300 were rescued by Major Gordon on the fall of Taitsan. 350 are known to have been beheaded a few days before the capture, and the remainder are still unaccounted for.

Foreign Office, September 22, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Joaquin Gonzalez Huet as Consul at Cardiff for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Ryan as Consul at Quebec for the Free Hanseatic City of Hamburgh.

Downing Street, September 18, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Major Robert Miller Mundy to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Grenada.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Benjamin Way, Esq., to be Chief Magistrate, and Thomas Mayne, Esq., to be Stipendiary Police Magistrate for Her Majesty's Settlement of Lagos.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint T. Mildmay Shervington, Esq., to be Attorney-General for the Island of Grenada, and James Meagher, Esq., to be Superintendent of Public Works for the Island of Trinidad.

War Office, Pall Mall,
22nd September, 1863.

3rd Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Cornet Henry Howard Arthur, from the 18th Hussars, to be Cornet, vice George Coulson Childs, transferred to the 16th Lancers. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

11th Hussars, Herbert Wynne Apperley, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Delacour, promoted. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

12th Hussars, Charles Ashton, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Parker Raingill, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

15th Hussars, Thomas William Gill, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Norton, promoted. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Henson Bancroft, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice A. M. Edmiston, who has retired. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

16th Lancers, Captain Hugh D'Arcy P. Burnell to be Major, by purchase, vice Lancelot Halton, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Clement Wilkinson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Burnell. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Cornet Augustus William Erskine to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Wilkinson. Dated 22nd September, 1683.

Cornet George Coulson Childs, from the 3rd Dragoon Guards, to be Cornet, vice Richard Tomkinson, retired. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Roderick Grogan Mackenzie, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Turner, promoted. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

George Schwabe, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Erskine. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

Royal Artillery, Gentleman Cadet Henry Affleck Graves to be Lieutenant, vice Digby Willoughby George Fairfield, deceased. Dated 21st July, 1863.

3rd Regiment of Foot, The name of the Ensign promoted to be Lieutenant in the Gazette of the 4th ultimo, is *Caulfeild*, and not *Caulfield*, as then stated.

5th Foot, Staff-Surgeon James Nicholas Bell, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major Francis Reid, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

17th Foot, Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Henry Halked Tothill to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Walter Moses Gibaut, promoted on the Staff. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

19th Foot, The appointment of Staff Assistant-Surgeon Henry Walker to be Assistant-Surgeon, which appeared in the Gazette of the 28th July last, to bear date the 27th August, 1863.

20th Foot, Alfred Dening, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Robert Herne Mardon, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

24th Foot, Lieutenant Hugh Backhouse Church to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Robert Stockham Brydges Leech, promoted. Dated 16th March, 1863.

35th Foot, Ensign William Angier Brock to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice R. H. Williamson Troup, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Augustus Alexander Edward Oelrichs, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Brock. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

36th Foot, The appointment of Staff Assistant-Surgeon Tertius Ball, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, which appeared in the Gazette of the 28th July last, to bear date the 11th August, 1863.

40th Foot, Lieutenant Charles Stepney Perceval E. Mansergh to be Captain, by purchase, vice Fred. Clinton Herman Stuart Baddeley, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Ensign Albert Simeon to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Mansergh. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Reginald Pretor, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Simeon. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

53rd Foot, Lieutenant Alfred Kirke Ffrench to be Captain, without purchase, vice John H. Lothian, deceased. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

Ensign Walter Ernest Sax Battiscombe to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Ffrench. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

Charles Irvine, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Battiscombe. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

58th Foot, Lieutenant Thomas Egerton Jones to be Captain, by purchase, vice Ralph Lovel Thursby, who retires. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Ensign Donald George Anderson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Jones. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet George Vernon Colman Napier, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Anderson. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

70th Foot, Major Thomas Edmund Mulock to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Thomas James Galloway, promoted to be Major-General. Dated 27th March, 1863.

Captain Archibald J. Oliver Rutherfurd to be Major, without purchase, vice Mulock. Dated 27th March, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Berkeley Good to be Captain, without purchase, vice Rutherfurd. Dated 27th March, 1863.

Ensign James McPherson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Good. Dated 27th March, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Leyland Hornby to be Ensign, without purchase, vice McPherson. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

80th Foot, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Richard William Hare, M.B., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice James Bowyer Baker, appointed to the Staff. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

94th Foot, Staff Assistant-Surgeon James Dow Sainter to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Edmund McGrath, appointed to the Staff. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

96th Foot, Lieutenant Arthur Cadell Greenslade Leman to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Elias William Dixon Gray, retired. Dated 18th August, 1863.

106th Foot, Lieutenant John William Garlick to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 31st July, 1863.

Rifle Brigade, Ensign Francis Ernest Kerr to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Christopher Johnston, whose promotion, by purchase, on the 4th of August, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Major Francis Reid, M.D., from the 5th Foot, to be Staff Surgeon-Major, vice James Nicholas Bell, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Macdougall Bleckley, M.B., from the 14th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Walter Moses Gibaut, from the 17th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon James Bowyer Baker, from the 80th Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Richard William Hare, M.B., appointed to the 80th Foot. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Assistant Surgeon Edmund McGrath, from the 94th Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Theobald Fetherstone Langstaff, deceased. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon William Ligertwood, M.D., from half-pay, late 22nd Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice James Dow Sainter, appointed to the 94th Foot. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

To be Staff Assistant-Surgeons.

Edward Chandler, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

William Creyk, M.B. Dated 14th April, 1863.

Alexander Brebner, M.B. Dated 14th April, 1863.

William Nash, M.D. Dated 14th April, 1863.

William Edmondson Dudley, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

Alexander Doig, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

Henry Arthur Martin, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

William West Quinton, M.B. Dated 14th April, 1863.

George William McNalty, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

William Thomas Martin, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.
John Norman Davis, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.
William John Page, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.
Frederick Ferguson, M.D. Dated 14th April, 1863.
Richard George Segrave, Gent. Dated 14th April, 1863.

The above antedate not to carry pay prior to the date on which they cease to receive it from the Army Medical School.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Roger Palmer, C.B., 60th Foot, having completed five years qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel. Dated 8th August, 1863.

Major Conolly Dysart, late of the 108th Foot, having retired upon full-pay, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 12th June, 1863.

Captain George Bridge, half-pay, 51st Foot, to be Major. Dated 12th December, 1854.

Captain and Brevet-Major George Bridge, half-pay, 51st Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 12th March, 1861.

Captain Harry North Dalrymple Prendergast, of the Royal (Madras) Engineers, to be Major. Dated 8th April, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Captain George Bridge, half-pay, 51st Foot, has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission, under the conditions of the Horse Guards Circular of the 15th February, 1861. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

2nd Surrey Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Spark, Esq., to be Adjutant, from the 27th July, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteers.

William Sheffield Hardinge, Esq., to be Adjutant, from the 4th August, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

4th Administrative Battalion of Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteers.

James Orr, Gent., to be Adjutant, from 14th May, 1863, vice Mainwaring, resigned. Dated 23rd May, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

The Most Noble Henry Charles Fitzroy, Duke of Beaufort, to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Henry Charles Bird, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Capel Hanbury Williams, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 16th September, 1863.

George Relph Greenhow-Relph, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

2nd Regiment of Warwickshire Militia.

Charles John Townsend, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Croker, resigned. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Roxburgh.

Dumfries, Roxburgh, Kirkcudbright, and Selkirk Regiment of Militia.

Benjamin Thomas Gaskin Anderson, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Rutherford, struck off. Dated 5th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland, *and the Town and County of* Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

1st Newcastle-upon-Tyne Artillery Volunteers.

William Fenwick Jackson to be First Lieutenant. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Banff.

1st Banffshire Rifle Volunteer Corps (Banff).

Ensign Alexander Duncan to be Lieutenant, vice Lumsden, resigned. Dated 14th September, 1863.

William Smith to be Ensign, vice Duncan, promoted. Dated 14th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in the 1st Duke of Cornwall's Rifle Volunteer Corps by Ensign W. T. Pengelly.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in the 21st Duke of Cornwall's Rifle Volunteer Corps by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon George Wilson Trenery.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cornwall.

1st Duke of Cornwall's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Archibald Carne Ross Carne to be Ensign. Dated 16th September, 1863.

21st Duke of Cornwall's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant George Appleby Jenkins to be Captain. Dated 17th September, 1863.

George Wilson Trenery to be Lieutenant. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Bristol.

1st Gloucestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Charles Bevan to be Captain, vice Pattenson, resigned. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Barnes to be Lieutenant, vice Brittan, resigned. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Otho Solon Luxmore Gilbert, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Bevan, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1863.

James Flower Fussell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Barnes, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

1st or Royal East Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

John Scott to be Supernumerary Lieutenant. Dated 7th September, 1863.

14th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Peter Rawlins to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Moger, resigned. Dated 1st September, 1863.

26th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John William Jones to be Ensign. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

Henry James Gardner to be Ensign. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

36th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Perry Warrington to be Ensign. Dated 24th August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Victoria Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to dispense with the services of Ensign John Carr Pain in this Corps. Dated 11th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John William Baxter to be Lieutenant, vice David Arrot Reid, resigned. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

William Aitchison Wilson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Baxter, promoted. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

5th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Robert Strathern to be Lieutenant, vice John Walker, resigned. Dated 12th September, 1863.

Archibald Gardner, Gent., to be Ensign, vice John Boswell Wilson, removed for absence without leave. Dated 14th September, 1863.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Michael James Jamieson to be Captain, vice James Robertson, resigned. Dated 11th September, 1863.

James Birrell Campbell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice J. T. H. McAllan, resigned. Dated 12th September, 1863.

48th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry Lees, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice John Rankin, resigned. Dated 14th September, 1863.

William Fleming, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Robert Addie, deceased. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commissions:

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant George Kidd. Dated 27th August, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Alexander Ross. Dated 27th August, 1863.

1st Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Hugh McGilvray. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

London Rifle Volunteer Brigade.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Frederick W. Stretton in the above Corps. Dated 20th July, 1863.

Commission signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

1st London Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Edward William Stanley to be Captain. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry William Pearson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st August, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by First Lieutenant Henry Moore Johnston in the Fife Artillery Militia; and of Captain William Pagan in the 2nd Fife Rifle Volunteer Corps.

3rd Argyllshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Duncan Ferguson in this Corps.

11th Argyllshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Archibald Campbell in this Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Sidney Stanley in the 2nd Cambridgeshire Mounted Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Sir Henry Fletcher, Bart., in the 6th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain William John Evelyn in the 22nd Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 18, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and proceeds of a barque, name unknown, supposed to be the "Famosa Estrella," captured on the 1st of January, 1861, by Her Majesty's ship "Persian."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other

instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 18, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of the slave vessel "Conçepcio," captured on the 25th June, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Wye."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

Sheffield Union.—Township of Brightside Bierlow.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the township of Brightside Bierlow, in the county of York;—

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said township is situate;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the population of the township of Brightside Bierlow, in the county of York, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas, at a meeting of the Vestry of the said township, held in the Schoolroom, Andrew-street, Wicker, after public notice in that behalf, on Tuesday, the eleventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, it was resolved,—

"That the Overseers of the township of Brightside Bierlow be and are hereby authorized and directed to apply to the Commissioners for administering the laws for the Relief of the Poor in England to make an Order, under their Seal of Office, that so much of the Act 13 and 14 Victoria, c. 57, as relates to the providing of Vestry Offices, namely, sections four and five of the said Act, shall be applied to and put in force within such township."

And whereas the Overseers of the Poor of the said township have made their application in writing to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the above resolution,

Now, therefore, we, the Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct as follows:—

ARTICLE I.—That so much of the said Act, passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to prevent the holding of Vestry or other Meetings in Churches, and for regulating the appointment of Vestry Clerks," as relates to the providing a room or suitable buildings for the purpose of holding vestry or other meetings for the transaction of any business of, or relating to, the said township of Brightside Bierlow, shall forthwith be applied to and be put in force within the said township.

ARTICLE II.—That a copy of this Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of office, this eighth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

H. Fleming, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Primitive Methodist Chapel, situated at Langtoft, in the parish of Langtoft, in the county of York, in the district of Driffield, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 16th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 17th day of September, 1863.

Edmd. Dade Conyers, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Street and Walton Friendly Society, held at the National School Room, Street, in the county of Somerset, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 18th day of September, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 19th day of September, 1863.

THE Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company hereby give notice, that an Agreement, bearing date the 3rd day of July, 1863, has been entered into between the Great Northern Railway Company, of the one part, and the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company, of the other part, with respect to the conveyance of passengers and goods on their respective railways, and that a true copy of such Agreement, certified by me, has been deposited for public inspection at the office of the Board of Trade, situate in Whitehall, in the city of Westminster, and also with the Clerk of the Peace for Lancashire, at his office in Preston, in the county of Lancaster, pursuant to the provisions of "The Lancashire and Yorkshire and East Lancashire Railways Amalgamation Act, 1859."

Wm. S. Lawn, Secretary to the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11187
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	25325
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	19817
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4268
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	17354
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	30067
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14715
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23722
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	61279
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	15775
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	7963
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	23527
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	14251
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20075
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	50717
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	27209
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	18781
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	34094
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	24764
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12746
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	41039
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	18733
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12566
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	3420
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	9286
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	42708
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	25744
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	17767
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2450
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	14520
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	27661
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	32733
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3615
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	15652
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	76200
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6180
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	8501
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	30478
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	27038
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6835
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10015
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	57947
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	84264
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7920
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	36689
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	91372
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	49398

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	37530
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	21107
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	5960
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	4917
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	5031
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	9494
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	22433
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	17829
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	36267
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	4896
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	31602
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	18727
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	52177
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	9945
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	14953
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	20081
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	44427
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5094
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	54282
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	37120
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	22563
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	21898
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	79389
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	19268
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	6350
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3420
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	29790
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	11092
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	13115
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5281
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	4917
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	19805
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	27680
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	5349
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	19992
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	41076
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	12913
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	15703
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	47190
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	81436
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	7484
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	20271
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	7520
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co	23495

Numb. 22774.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1863.

Foreign Office, September 25, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Abel Frédéric Gautier as Consul-General in the British Provinces of North America, to reside at Quebec, for His Majesty the Emperor of the French.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Don Manuel José Palacios as Consul-General in the Polynesian Islands for the Republic of Peru.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the "tenth and fifteenth years of the reign of His "present Majesty as authorizes the Speaker "of the House of Commons to issue his warrant "to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of the Right Honourable Edward Ellice, late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the city of Coventry, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said city, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this twenty-fourth day of September, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

Downing Street, September 24, 1863.

Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State having the Department of the Colonies, has been pleased to direct, that Penrose Goodchild Julyan and William Charles Sargeaunt, Esqrs., heretofore styled "Agents General for the Crown Colonies," shall henceforth be designated "Crown Agents for the Colonies."

Whitehall, September 24, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto William Henry Jones, of Lennard-place, Saint John's Wood, in the parish of Saint Marylebone, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, a Commander in the Royal Navy, and to Sarah Henrietta Byrom, of Leek, in the county of Stafford, Spinster, only child of Henry Byrom, of Bath, in the county of Somerset, Esquire, by Sarah, his late wife, Her Royal license and authority that they may (in pursuance of a covenant contained in a deed of indenture executed in contemplation of their intended marriage) from and immediately after the solemnization of their said intended marriage, take and henceforth use the surname of Byrom, in addition to and after that of Jones, and that he, the said William Henry Jones, may bear the arms of Byrom; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, September 24, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Theophilus Paske, of New Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, eldest son and heir of Thomas Theophilus Paske, late of the city of Bath, Esquire, a retired Colonel in the service of the East India Company on the Madras Establishment, deceased, Her Royal license and authority, that he may use the surname of Haselfoot, in addition to and after that of Paske, and bear the arms of Haselfoot quarterly with those of Paske; and that such surname and arms may, in like manner, be taken, borne, and used by his issue; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal conc sion and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty College of Arms.

(1123.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 23, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at San Francisco, announcing that the Collector at that port has issued a notice that no vessel, other than steamers and packets known to be engaged on regular lines, or in the employ of the army or navy, will be allowed to leave port between sunset and sunrise; and that all vessels on entering the port must report to the revenue cutter or guard ship, to be stationed in a convenient position for the purpose, before proceeding to anchorage.

(1126.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 23, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Decree of the Swiss Federal Assembly, dated the 15th of August, 1863, fixing the duty on framed and unframed pictures at 3f. 50c. the gross quintal.

(1131.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 24, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires in Peru, transmitting a copy of a Decree, dated 29th June, 1863, respecting the issue of a new decimal coinage in Bolivia, of which the following is a translation :—

ARTICLE 1. The alloy of the National coin shall be 900 thousandths, or nine tenths fine.

2. There shall be five denominations of silver coin :—

1. The bolivian or whole dollar, which shall be of the weight of 500 grains of the Castilian mark.
2. The half-bolivian, or half-dollar, of 250 grains.
3. The "tomin" weighing 100 grains.
4. The tenth of the bolivian or real, weighing 50 grains.
5. The half-real, weighing 25 grains.

3. The bolivian or dollar is divided, as regards its value, into one hundred centimes or "centenas(?)", each centime shall be represented by a copper coin, the intrinsic value of which and the cost of fabrication corresponds approximately with the value which it represents.

There shall be two denominations of copper coinage :—

1. The piece of one centime, and
2. That of two.

4. No one shall be obliged to receive in copper coin any value but those below the half-real or piece of 25 grains of silver.

5. The variation less or more in alloy must not exceed three thousandths.

6. The under or over weight shall be the same as at present, according to the respective ordinances for the several denominations of silver coin.

7. The proportion between the value of the coin hereby decreed and that of 400 grains in circulation, is as 5 to 4, or as 100 to 80.

There is the same proportion between the ancient "tostons" of eight "dineros" and the coin, the issue of which is now decreed.

8. There shall likewise be in the Republic five kinds of gold coin, with the denominations of ounce, half-ounce, quarter or double crown, crown, and half-crown.

The alloy of the gold coin shall likewise be of 900 thousandths, and the weights of the several denominations such as respectively correspond, that is to say :—

The ounce shall be 500 grains of the Castilian mark.
The half-ounce 250 grains.
The double crown 100 grains.
The crown 50 grains.
And the half-crown 25 grains.

9. Every ounce of gold shall be received, and paid for, at the mint and the office of state, at 17½ bolivians or dollars, as hereby decreed.

10. The variation of alloy for good coin shal be one thousandth, less or more.

11. The variation in weight of the same shall be according to the present regulations observed at the mint.

12. The diameter of the several denominations of silver and gold coin shall correspond with that of the old Spanish coins of each metal.

The copper piece of two centimes shall be of the same diameter as the half bolivian.

The piece of one centime the same as the "tomin," or fifth of a bolivian.

13. The type, or impression of the national coin, both of gold and silver, shall be as follows :

On the obverse the shield of the arms of the Republic.

On the reverse a wreath formed of two branches of laurel and olive interlaced. Within the wreath shall be read the particular denomination of the coin, in large characters, as "one bolivian," "half a bolivian," etc., the fraction being put in figures below; and within the same wreath shall be read, in small characters, and in one line, "500 grains," "250 grains," etc. In the upper part of the exergue shall be placed the following legend, "Union is strength," and in the lower part the date or year of fabrication, which shall have on one side the sign denoting the mint from which the coin has been issued, and on the other the initials of the assayers in the usual form.

On the rim shall be struck the following inscription, in raised letters: "Bolivia, free and independent, 1825."

14. The type of the copper coins shall be as follows :

On the obverse a wreath of laurel and olive, and within the inscription, in figures and letters, "1 centime," "2 centimes."

On the reverse, in the middle of the field of the piece, shall be read in three lines, symmetrically arranged, "Union is strength."

15. The Executive is authorized to issue this coinage for circulation as soon as may be possible.

16. It is likewise authorized to submit to public competition, and to adjudge to the best offer, the direction and service by private enterprize of the offices for melting and weighing at the National mint of Potosi.

17. The Government is authorized in like manner to purchase a new coining machine, and to set it up in the said mint.

India Office, 25th September, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry William Blake, Madras Infantry, to be Colonel, Major Edward William Boudier, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain Cecil Nicholls, Madras Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Lieutenant-General James Perry, Madras Infantry, deceased. Dated 18th March, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Pattenson, Bengal Infantry, to be Colonel, Major James Edmund Mayne, Madras Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain Martin Boileau Whish, Bengal Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Major-General David Forbes, Bombay Infantry, deceased. Dated 3rd April, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Reynell George Taylor, C.B., Bengal Staff Corps, to be Colonel, Major Frederic John Goldsmid, Madras Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain Robert Gordon, Bombay Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Lieutenant-General Duncan Gordon Scott, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 6th April, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Walter O'Grady, Madras Infantry, to be Colonel, Major William Adam Anstruther Thomson, Bengal Cavalry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain Alexander Sutton Osborn Donaldson, Bengal Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Lieutenant-General Thomas Fiddes, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 14th April, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Frederick North, Royal Engineers (Bombay), to be Colonel, Major John Gustavus Halliday, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain Thomas Whittaker Seager, Bengal Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Lieutenant-General William Henry Hewitt, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 17th April, 1863.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Majors.

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Charles Arthur Barwell. Dated 20th June, 1863.

Captain (Brevet-Major) Charles Mordaunt Fitzgerald. Dated 20th June, 1863.

Captain John William Frederick Bean. Dated 21st June, 1863.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant (Brevet-Captain) James Thomas Morgate. Dated 1st June, 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Local Major-General) St. George Daniel Showers, C.B., to be Colonel, Major (Brevet-Colonel) Sir Herbert Benjamin Edwardes, K.C.B., from the late 1st European Fusiliers, to be Lieutenant-Colonel; in succession to Hewitt, deceased. Dated 17th April, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) Colin Troup, C.B., to be Colonel, Major Mortimer John Slater, from the late 5th European Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel; in succession to Barstow, deceased. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Late 1st European Fusiliers.

Captain Conolly O'Brien Palmer to be Major, and Lieutenant John Morland to be Captain, in succession to Hewitt, deceased. Dated 17th April, 1863.

Late 5th European Infantry.

Captain Alexander Brathwaite Fenwick to be Major, in succession to Barstow, deceased. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Late 15th Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Patrick Wheeler to be Captain, vice Browne, transferred to 35th Foot. Dated 25th March, 1863.

Late 32nd Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Robert Blair to be Captain, vice Hill, transferred to 71st Foot. Dated 25th March, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Arthur Oldham to be Lieutenant, in succession to Browne, late 15th Native Infantry, transferred to 35th Foot. Dated 25th March, 1863.

Ensign Walter Edward Gowan to be Lieutenant, vice Elton, late 37th Native Infantry, transferred to 98th Foot. Dated 25th March, 1863.

Ensign Allan Harden to be Lieutenant, vice Collingwood, late 48th Native Infantry, transferred to 27th Foot. Dated 25th March, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Nicholls to be Lieutenant, in succession to Hewitt, deceased. Dated 17th April, 1863.

Ensign Celaden Charles Brownlow to be Lieutenant, in succession to Pollock, 35th Native Infantry, deceased. Dated 30th April, 1863.

Ensign George Waterhouse to be Lieutenant, in succession to Birch, late 1st European Regiment (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Ensign Benjamin Hill Russell to be Lieutenant, in succession to Gordon, late 65th Native Infantry, retired. Dated 2nd July, 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Infantry.

Colonel Colin Troup, C.B., and Lieutenant-Colonel Mortimer John Slater to take rank from 21st April, 1863.

Late 5th European Infantry.

Major Alexander Brathwaite Fenwick to take rank from 21st April, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Lieutenant James Agnew McNeale to take rank from 10th March, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Frederick Thomas to take rank from 14th March, 1863.

Lieutenant Celaden Charles Brownlow to take rank from 22nd April, 1863.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Willoughby Lake Briggs. Dated 1st July, 1863.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Cecil David James Dodd. Dated 13th June, 1863.

Lieutenant James Stoulbrooke Drummond. Dated 14th June, 1863.

Lieutenant John Shand Douglas Bolton. Dated 14th June, 1863.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet-Colonel) Haughton James to be Colonel, vice Forbes, deceased. Dated 3rd April, 1863.

Major Edward Charles Beale, from the 22nd Native Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice McGrigor, deceased. Dated 29th June, 1863.

2nd Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant Charles Alfred Moore to be Captain, vice Smith (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 6th May, 1863.

16th Native Infantry

Lieutenant John Whaley Watson to be Captain, vice Rees, invalided. Dated 30th October, 1862.

23rd Native Infantry.

Captain John Peyton to be Major, in succession to Grimes, deceased. Dated 26th April, 1863.

General List of Cavalry Officers.

Cornet Harry Bennett McNeill to be Lieutenant, in succession to Smith, 2nd Cavalry (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 6th May, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Frederick Augustus Beville to be Lieutenant, in succession to Grimes, deceased. Dated 26th April, 1863.

Ensign Simon Sawers Dalmahoy to be Lieutenant, in succession to Grimes, deceased. Dated 26th April, 1863.

Ensign Edmund Alexander Douglas to be Lieutenant, vice Soppitt, late 10th Native Infantry (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 26th April, 1863.

Ensign John Macclesfield Heath to be Lieutenant, vice Newall, late of the 30th Native Infantry, exchanged from the 109th to the 8th Regiment. Dated 30th May, 1863.

Alterations of Rank.

Late 2nd European Infantry.

Captain Alexander Fergusson to take rank from 3rd April, 1863.

16th Native Infantry.

Captain Thomas Hedger Rees (invalided) to take rank from 6th December, 1861.

General List of Infantry Officers.

The undermentioned Officers to take rank from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant Piercy Henderson Greig, from 6th December, 1861.

Lieutenant Francis Corbet Singleton, from 1st January, 1862.

Lieutenant Malcolm Hassells Nicolson, from 1st January, 1862.

Lieutenant George Gordon Morris, from 1st January, 1862.

Lieutenant Edward Stivard Williamson (deceased), from 22nd February, 1862.

Lieutenant Charles Spring Lechmere, from 1st March, 1862.

Lieutenant William Francis Prideaux, from 9th March, 1862.

Lieutenant Walter Wightwick Haywood, from 28th March, 1862.

Lieutenant Alexander Burnes Holmes Burnes, from 6th May, 1862.

Lieutenant Edmund Scopoli Walcott, from 12th May, 1862.

Lieutenant Digby Cotes Pedder, from 16th May, 1862.

Lieutenant Walter Scott, from 27th May, 1862.

Lieutenant John Becke, from 30th October, 1862.

Lieutenant Ellis Charles Jackson, from 1st November, 1862.

Lieutenant John Isaac Tinling, from 1st December, 1862.

Lieutenant Alexander Richard Taylor McRae, from 20th January, 1863.

Lieutenant Evelyn Gawlor Sturt, from 20th January, 1863.

Lieutenant Edward Robert Keays, from 24th January, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Hay, from 5th February, 1863.

Lieutenant Frederick Augustus Beville, from 13th February, 1863.

Lieutenant Simon Sawers Dalmahoy, from 14th February, 1863.

Army Rank.

The undermentioned Officers having completed fifteen years' service to be Captains by Brevet :—

Lieutenant Edward Newnham Marsh, 18th Native Infantry. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Lieutenant Alfred Phillips, of the late 29th Native Infantry. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon Francis Broughton, F.R.C.S., to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 14th May, 1863.

Surgeon Thomas Blackadder Johnstone to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 13th June, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Charles George Wiehe, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Grierson, deceased. Dated 7th January, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon John Thom Sanderson, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Hamilton, retired. Dated 1st July, 1863.

Alterations of Rank.

The undermentioned Officers to take rank from the dates specified :

Surgeon James McAdam Heyslop, M.D., from 25th August, 1862.

Surgeon William Crawford Brown, M.D., from 10th September, 1862.

Surgeon Robert Gillman Lord, M.D., from 25th October, 1862.

Surgeon John Grant Nicolson, M.D., from 27th November, 1862.

Surgeon Robert Miller, M.D., from 18th December, 1862.

Surgeon John Henry Wilmot, M.D., from 1st January, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Durham Regiment of Militia.

John Russell Bowlby, Gent., to be Quartermaster, vice Fairless, removed. Dated 1st July, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

24th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry Preston Elrington to be Adjutant, from the 12th of June, 1863. Dated 20th July, 1863.

Memorandum.

Adjutant Henry Preston Elrington, of the 24th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 28th August, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

Nathaniel Eckersley, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 14th September, 1863.

18th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Richard Forth Snape, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 8th September, 1863.

1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Charles Henry Beloe to be Captain. Dated 12th September, 1863.

Second Lieutenant William Joynson to be First Lieutenant. Dated 12th September, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Joseph Lobley to be First Lieutenant. Dated 12th September, 1863.

1st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Supernumerary Lieutenant William Allender to be Captain. Dated 12th September, 1863.

2nd Manchester or 28th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Anthony Frith, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 9th September, 1863.

56th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Arthur Heelis, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 10th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignations of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:—

Cornet William Rawstron in the 1st Lancashire Light Horse Volunteer Corps;

Lieutenant-Colonel Viscount Grey de Wilton of the 1st Manchester or 6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Honorary Chaplain the Reverend Thomas Parkes in the 23rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Lieutenant Andrew Lymburn Coltart in the 80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

1st Durham Regiment of Militia.

Henry Milvain, jun., Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Sowerby, promoted. Dated 19th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Richard Robinson Alderson in the 11th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

11th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Samuel Prince to be Captain, vice Paxton, resigned. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign James Campbell to be Lieutenant, vice Prince, promoted. Dated 18th September, 1863.

William Hackett to be Ensign, vice Campbell, promoted. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Josiah Cash, Esq., M.D., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon, vice Alderson, resigned. Dated 18th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain John Hyslop Gordon in the 5th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

5th Essex Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant Andrew Chalmers to be Captain. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign Robert Toyne to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

15th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Allan Brown, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 10th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

15th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Thomas Stackhouse.

34th West Riding of Yorkshire (Saddleworth) Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Major Francis Frederick Whitehead.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Argyll.

8th Argyllshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Robert Fraser Taylor to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

BARNET, IN THE COUNTIES OF MIDDLESEX AND HERTFORD.

WHEREAS appeals under the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, have been duly made to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by certain owners and rate-payers within the district of Barnet, in the counties of Middlesex and Hertford, setting forth grounds on which they dispute the validity of a vote for the adoption of the said Act within the said district. And whereas inquiry has been duly directed into the circumstances of the case, and such enquiry has been duly made, and the result thereof reported to me:

Now, therefore, I do issue the following order, and do determine the questions arising on such appeals as follows:

That the Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted within the said district of Barnet, and that the said appeals be dismissed.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of September, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY GREAT HARWOOD AND OTHER PLACES.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the following places; that is to say:—

Great Harwood (Township), Lancashire.
Cottingham (Parish), Yorkshire.
Tyldesley, with Shackerley (Township), Lancashire.
Pennington (Township), Lancashire.
Witney (Township), Oxfordshire.

And whereas notices of such adoption have been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named places, and that the said Act has the force of law within such places.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF AN ACT AND PARTS OF ACTS BY THE BOROUGH OF STALYBRIDGE.

WHEREAS the Town Council of the borough of Stalybridge, in the counties of Lancaster and Chester, have, at a meeting held by them on the 14th day of September instant, duly adopted portions of the Public Health Act, 1848, and of the Local Government Act, 1858, that is to say, sections 36 to 39, both inclusive, 44 to 49, both inclusive, 51, 54, 56 to 60, both inclusive, 63, 64, 67, 69, 71, 73, 74 to 80, both inclusive, 84, 85, 87, 89, 90 to 94, both inclusive, 96 to 104, both inclusive, 106, 108 to 112, both inclusive, 114, 115, 116, 120, 121, 143, 144, and 146 to 151, both inclusive, of the Public Health Act, 1848, and the whole of that Act now in force relating to legal proceedings; and also sections 29 to 36, both inclusive, 38 to 41, both inclusive, and 51 to 60, both inclusive, of the Local Government Act, 1858; and the 44th section of that Act so far only as it incorporates the provisions of the Towns' Police Clauses Act, 1847, with respect to (1) obstructions and nuisances in the streets, (2) to fires, (3) to places of public resort, and (4) to hackney carriages; and the 45th section of the said Local Government Act, 1858, so far only as it incorporates the provisions of the Towns' Improvement Clauses Act, 1847, with respect to (1) the line of the streets and removing obstructions, (2) to ruinous or dangerous buildings, (3) to precautions during the construction and repair of the sewers, streets, and houses, (4) to the supply of water, and (5) to clocks; and the whole of the said Local Government Act, 1858, now in force relating to legal proceedings, taking and purchase of land, the report of the local authority, provisional orders, and powers of Secretary of State, extension of borrowing powers, and saving clauses. And also sections 4 to 8, both inclusive, 11, 16, 17, 19, 20, 23, 24, 26, and 28, of the Local Government Act (1858) Amendment Act, 1861, and also the whole of the Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Act, 1863. And whereas notice of the said adoption has been duly given, in writing, to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as required by the Local Government Act, 1858:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that the herein-before recited portions of the afore-mentioned Acts, and the said Act, have been duly adopted by the said borough of Stalybridge; and that, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, the said portions of such Acts, and the said Act have now the force of law within such borough.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 18, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and proceeds of a barque, name unknown, supposed to be the "Famosa Estrella," captured on the 1st of January, 1861, by Her Majesty's ship "Persian."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 18, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of the slave vessel "Conçepcio," captured on the 25th June, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Wye."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the

usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 21, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounty of a slave dhow, name unknown, captured on the 13th August, 1861, by Her Majesty's ship "Sidon," will commence on Thursday, the 1st proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service, or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers,)—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag share . . .	27	3	1
Captain	64	9	10
Second class . . .	10	17	9
Third class . . .	8	14	1
Fourth class . . .	5	11	11
Fifth class . . .	3	2	3
Sixth class . . .	2	15	11
Seventh class . . .	1	17	4
Eighth class . . .	0	18	8
Ninth class . . .	0	12	5
Tenth class . . .	0	6	2

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 21, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounties of two slave dhows "names unknown," captured on the 10th September, 1861, by Her Majesty's ship "Sidon," will commence on Thursday, the 1st proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service, or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers,)—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	28	6	1
Captain	67	4	6
Second class . . .	11	5	8
Third class . . .	9	0	6
Fourth class . . .	5	16	1
Fifth class . . .	3	4	5
Sixth class . . .	2	18	1
Seventh class . . .	1	18	8
Eighth class . . .	0	19	4
Ninth class . . .	0	12	10

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 21, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounty of a slave dhow, "name unknown," captured on the 11th September, 1861, by Her Majesty's ship "Sidon," will commence on Thursday, the 1st proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	19	1	7
Captain	45	6	3
Second class . . .	7	12	1
Third class . . .	6	1	9
Fourth class . . .	3	18	5
Fifth class . . .	2	3	6
Sixth class . . .	1	19	2
Seventh class . . .	1	6	3
Eighth class . . .	0	13	0
Ninth class . . .	0	8	8

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Ebenezer Primitive Methodist Chapel, situate at Orchard-street, in the parish of St. Philip and Jacob, in the city and county of Bristol, in the district of Clifton, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 14th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 15th day of September, 1863.

Robert Mercer, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Baptist Chapel, situated at Twickenham-green, in the parish of Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex, in the district of Brentford, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 15th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 16th day of September, 1863.

Wm. Ruston, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Primitive Methodist Chapel, situate in Broad-street, in the parish of Banbury, in the county of Oxford, in the district of Banbury, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 17th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 19th day of September, 1863.

Wm. W. Heming, Superintendent Registrar.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 23rd day of September, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	29,299,475	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	14,649,475
		Silver Bullion	—
	£29,299,475		£29,299,475

Dated the 24th day of September, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	11,141,284
Rest	3,726,845	Other Securities	19,722,525
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	8,291,491	Notes	8,545,450
		Gold and Silver Coin	783,363
Other Deposits	12,859,580		
Seven days and other Bills ...	761,706		
	£40,192,622		£40,192,622

Dated the 24th day of September, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK (Limited).

Statement of AFFAIRS on 31st August, 1863.

Liabilities.	£	s.	d.	*Assets.*	£	s.	d.
Paid up Capital	1,000,000	0	0	Cash Balance	521,600	17	11
Reserve Fund	192,658	17	8	Securities	605,573	12	6
Floating Deposits	1,284,936	5	6	Discounts, Loans, and Credits...	3,826,841	2	8
Fixed Deposits	2,990,803	6	11	Exchange, Remittances, &c. ...	4,270,523	10	7
Exchange, Acceptances, &c. ...	3,733,764	13	8				
Profit and Loss	22,375	19	11				
	£9,224,539	3	8		£9,224,539	3	8

M. Balfour, General Manager.

N.B.—The above statement does not include the Branches' accounts to a later date than 31st July, 1863.

Numb. 22775.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1863.

Foreign Office, September 29, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Carlos Ortega Morejon as Consul at Newcastle for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward Frederik Münster as Consul at Belfast for His Majesty the King of Denmark.

Downing Street, September 26, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Reverend Walter John Trower, D.D., to the Bishopric of Gibraltar, in the room of the Right Reverend George Tomlinson, D.D., recently deceased.

Downing Street, September 28, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Isidore Peter Lynch Dyett, Esq., to be President and Senior Member of the Council of the Island of Nevis.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint William Thompson and John Capper, Esqrs., to be Members of the Legislative Council of the Island of Ceylon; Joseph Thomas Commissiong, Charles Heddle, and Robert Bradshaw, Esqrs., to be Members of the Legislative Council of the Colony of Sierra Leone; and William Alexander Horne, Esq., to be a Member of the Council of the Island of Grenada.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the "tenth and fifteenth years of the reign of His "present Majesty, as authorizes the Speaker "of the House of Commons to issue his warrant "to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, that John Villiers Stuart Townshend (commonly called Viscount Raynham), late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Tamworth, is become a Peer of the United Kingdom, and that a writ of summons hath been issued to him, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to summon him to Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this 26th day of September, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

(1141.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 28, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Turin, inclosing an Italian Royal Decree, dated the 8th August, equalizing the duties upon the exportation and transit of olive oil, rags, and sulphur, in the several provinces of the Kingdom of Italy, and fixing the following rates:—

		DUTY.
Olive Oil	100 kilog.	1f.
Rags of vegetable substance	„	8f.
Sulphur	„	1f.

This decree is to come into force from the 1st October next.

(1142.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 28, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs,

a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Buenos Ayres, inclosing a copy of a new Custom House Law of the Argentine Republic, which came into effect on the 15th August last, and of which the following is a translation :

NEW CUSTOMS' LAW.

Chapter I.—Maritime Imports.

Art. 1. Gold and silver in coin and unwrought, plants of every nature, fresh fruits, firewood and charcoal, cattle for breeding, and Indian corn, imported by land, shall be admitted free of duty.

Art. 2. The Executive power is enabled to admit the free introduction of seeds destined for agriculture, and also of those articles which in its judgment it considers exclusively destined to religion, and which are asked for by the curates of churches or superior of confraternities as property of said churches ; instruments or utensils of science, machines requisite to new fabrics or industry ; emigrants' furniture or tools, and things destined exclusively for their establishments.

Art. 3. Unset precious stones, gold and silver, wrought or manufactured, with or without precious stones ; every instrument or utensil with handle or adornment of same metal, when these augment a third part of its value, shall pay 8 per cent. of its value.

Art. 4. All articles of importation not excepted in the preceding articles, shall pay 15 per cent.

Art. 5. The import of porterage of articles for direct despatch shall be five centisimos for each 8 ar. of weight, or its equivalent in measurement, according to the classification of the bulk, which shall be made by the Executive.

Art. 6. Leakage of wines, spirits, liquors, beer in barrels, and vinegar, will be calculated according to the port from whence the vessel shall have loaded, ten per cent. being calculated for the ports situated north of the line, six from the ports on this side, and three within the Capes. For the above, in bottles, five per cent., without admitting refilling or any other description of leakage, &c.

Chapter II.—Exports by Land or Water.

7. The following articles shall pay five per cent. of their value on exportation ; horse and cow hides of every description, asses' skins, sheep skins, all kinds of skins, hide cuttings, dried and salted beef, salt tongues, ostrich feathers, bones, bone ash, horns and horn tips, hair and wool washed or dirty, animal oil, grease, and tallow, raw or rendered, live cows, horses, and sheep.

8. All other articles of produce or manufacture not mentioned in the above article, as well as gold or silver coined or in bullion, are free of duties on exportation.

Chapter III.—Deposit and Transit.

9. The Custom-houses properly authorized shall admit in deposit any article subject to import dues.

10. The deposit shall be made at the discretion of Government, either in State warehouses, or in private stores, or in floating receptacles in the several ports, under the immediate dependence of the Customs' department, the Fiscal not being responsible for loss or damage to goods in private deposit, in which latter case the importer shall be liable for all costs of storage and porterage.

11. The Executive shall always have the right of determining as to private deposits, as also the management of Custom-house porters, either wholly or in part, for account of the parties interested, in which case they shall be free of the usual porterage.

12. The term fixed for admission of goods in deposit is two years from the entry of the ship, after which time the goods must be either despatched or transhipped; the deposit, however, may be renewed after due examination of the goods and payment of the storage and porterage already due.

13. The fees for storage and porterage shall be payable on the despatch of the goods from deposit, and for this purpose a scale of charges shall be regulated and revised every year by the Executive, on the calculation of the actual cost of the deposit, excepting in general bales of manufactured goods, which shall pay one-eighth per cent. per month of their valuation in deposit.

14. A month begun, of storage, shall be considered a month ended in the recovery of charges.

15. The Fiscal is responsible for goods lodged in his own stores, except in case of inculpable accident, or damage arising from defects inherent in the goods, or their covering.

16. The Customs will admit free transit for goods in deposit, from one port to any other properly constituted, in the Republic.

17. The Customs will likewise afford free transhipment of goods within the term of 40 days from the entry of the importing vessel.

Chapter IV.—Calculation of Duties.

18. The duties shall be arranged by vistas (inspectors), accompanied by veedores (valuators), the calculation for imported articles being on their value in deposit, and for exports on their market value at the time of embarkation, excepting such as by their nature may be previously classified and valued, the duties whereof shall be assessed by a tariff of valuation framed on the same basis of prices.

19. The Executive shall appoint, every six months, the rates of valuation for goods or produce to pay duties as above mentioned.

20. Whenever a manufacture shall be composed of two or more fabrics paying different duties, that paying the higher duty shall be levied.

21. All goods turning out damaged at time of despatch shall be valued in the price they might bring at public auction, less the corresponding duty, an account whereof shall be presented within the term of thirty days after being despatched.

22. In case of difference between the vista, veedor, and merchant, as to the value of any article of manufacture of produce not specified in the tariff of valuation, the despatch shall be postponed until the difficulty be arranged, and if not settled within eight days the Custom-house shall have the right, and may even be obliged to take the article for the valuation set on it, paying the amount in Collector's notes.

23. Merchants shall accept bills payable at three and six months if the duty exceeds $50: anything under this sum shall be paid in cash.

24. Export duties shall be paid in cash, and at the first point of embarkation, when the goods are despatched direct for foreign ports, and no articles shall be allowed to pass by water from one to another port of the Republic unless cleared and guaranteed in the form to be prescribed by the Executive.

Chapter V.—Additional Duties.

25. All effects and goods subject to import duties shall pay an additional duty of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. ad valorem.

26. All articles of produce subject to export duties shall pay an additional duty of 5 per cent.

27. All additional duties shall be discharged and recovered apart from the ordinary imports.

CHAPTER VI.—GENERAL RULES.

28. The payment of duties recoverable in any of the Custom-houses of the Republic, shall be effected in any of the moneys determined by the Nat. Law, of October 1st, 1860, or in paper currency of the province of Buenos Ayres, or in Bolivian silver at its market value in exchange for gold. National copper money shall only be received up to 2 per cent. of the sum payable, and all documents of credit strictly excluded in payment of Customs duties.

29. In the Custom-houses of the province of Corrientes, duties may be also satisfied in paper currency of that province, at its proportional value in exchange for gold; until the means can be taken to redeem the same.

30. The goods which may have paid import duties in any Custom-house of the Republic shall pass freely throughout this territory, but land transit is strictly prohibited for any which may not have satisfied such duties; except only in the case of goods shipped between the port of Concordia and the Brazilian ports of the river Uruguay, for Federacion and Restauracion, and except all effects from Paraguay, passing through the Customs of Restauracion and Federacion, for Brazil or the Oriental Republic.

31. This law shall come into force fifteen days after the date of publication (July 31st) in the several localities of the Custom-houses of the Republic, and shall hold until the 31st December, 1864.

32. All other laws or regulations in contradiction to this are hereby repealed and made void.

33. Let it be communicated to the Executive.

Given in the Session-hall of the Argentine Congress, at Buenos Ayres, on the 27th day of July, 1863.

MARCOS PAZ, Carlos M. Saravia, Secretary to Senate.

JOSE E. URIBURT, Ramon B. Muniz, Sec. to Chamber of Deputies.

Wherefore: Let the above be executed, communicated to all parties interested, published and filed on the National Register.

MITRE,
Dalmacio Velez Sarsfield.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

1st Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Christopher Bell, Gent., to be Supernumerary Lieutenant. Dated 10th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.

5th Company of Ayrshire Artillery Volunteers (Kilmarnock).

James Wilson to be First Lieutenant, vice Meikle, resigned. Dated 19th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

19th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

George Elgie to be Ensign. Dated 19th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Archibald Wilson in this Corps.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Second Lieutenant W. A. Falconer in the 1st Northumberland Artillery Volunteer Corps, and Captain Alexander Stevenson in the 9th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain the Honorable H. C. Grey in the 5th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

1st Northumberland Artillery Volunteer Corps.

William Adamson to be First Lieutenant. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

9th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

George H. S. Storey to be Captain. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham.

Robin Hood Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Henry Farmer to be Captain, vice Samuel Watson, resigned. Dated 25th September, 1863.

Edward Peat, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Prince Albert's Own Leicestershire Volunteer Cavalry.

Her Majesty has approved of Captain Frederick Jackson, late Adjutant of this Corps, retaining the rank of Captain and wearing the uniform of the Corps, in consideration of his long service.

1st City of London Rifle Volunteer Brigade.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of Lieutenant-Colonel George Warde bearing the designation of Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant of this Brigade. Dated 21st September, 1863.

62nd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

This Corps has been united to the 3rd Administrative Battalion of Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Chaplain the Reverend George John Bloomfield in the 12th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 24th September, 1863.

30th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Ensign Richard Basil Cane. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

[The following Memorandum is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 22nd instant.]

MEMORANDUM.

Victoria Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to dispense with the services of Ensign John Cave Pain in this Corps. Dated 11th September, 1863.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-six, for the regulation of the duties of postage, certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, or in respect of letters, newspapers, parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers transmitted and forwarded by the post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and papers by the post; and by the same Act powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of postage therein mentioned.

And whereas further powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 85, for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by a certain Warrant in writing, under their hands, bearing date at Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the 16th day of October, 1857, in exercise of the powers vested in them, in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, did (amongst other things) order and direct that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art posted in the United Kingdom might be transmitted by the post within the United Kingdom, subject to the several rates of postage and regulations therein contained. And the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury did further order and direct that it should be lawful for the Commissioners, for the time being, of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant duly made, at any time thereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates of postage thereby fixed or altered, or any of the regulations thereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates of postage or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates of postage that might be payable were to be paid.

And whereas it is expedient to extend the privileges granted by the said recited Warrant of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the said 16th day of October, 1857, and to authorize the transmission by the post of certain other packets, and for that purpose to make certain further and other regulations in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows; that is to say:

1. All packets consisting of patterns or samples of merchandize, of no intrinsic value, posted in the United Kingdom, may be transmitted by the post within the United Kingdom, subject to the several rates of postage, and to the several orders, directions, regulations, and restrictions hereinafter mentioned and contained; that is to say:

2. On every such packet, if not exceeding four ounces in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of three pence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding four ounces and not exceeding eight ounces in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of sixpence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding eight ounces and not exceeding sixteen ounces in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of one shilling.

And on every such packet, if exceeding sixteen ounces and not exceeding twenty-four ounces in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of one shilling and sixpence.

3. No such packet which shall exceed twenty-four ounces in weight, or which in length, or width, or depth shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

4. No pattern or sample, being of any intrinsic value, or being an article or thing of a saleable nature, or having a value of its own apart from its mere use as a pattern or sample, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

5. There shall be no enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor any other enclosure not authorized by this Warrant, sent in or with any such packet.

6. There shall be no writing or printing in or upon any such packet, or on the cover thereof, except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender thereof, a trade-mark, and number and price.

7. All such packets shall be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Nevertheless, samples of seeds, drugs, and such other articles and things as cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or of other material, which shall be tied at the neck; but bags so closed that they cannot be readily opened, even although they be transparent, shall not be used for that purpose.

8. If any packet, sent, or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall exceed twenty-four ounces in weight, or shall in length, or width, or depth exceed the dimensions of two feet, or shall consist wholly of patterns or samples of any intrinsic value, as in the fourth clause of this Warrant mentioned, or if there shall be any writing or printing in or upon any such packet, or on the cover thereof, except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender thereof, a trade-mark, and number and price, or if any such packets shall not be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination (except samples of seeds, drugs, and such other articles and things as cannot be sent in open covers, and which may be enclosed in bags of linen or of other material, which shall be tied at the neck), or in case of bags being used, if such bags shall be so closed that they cannot be readily opened, every such packet shall be chargeable, and shall be treated in all respects as a letter.

9. If any packet sent or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall contain any enclosure, sealed or otherwise, closed against inspection, or any other enclosure not authorized by this Warrant, every such enclosure may be taken out by any officer of the Post Office and either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be forwarded

to the address on the packet, charged not only with the full rates of postage as an unpaid letter, but also with a further and additional rate of one penny, and the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid by stamps, may be forwarded to the place of its address without any extra charge.

10. The postage of all such packets as aforesaid shall, in every such case, be paid at the time of the same being posted, not in money, but by being duly stamped with the proper postage stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall in every case be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage duty payable thereon under or by virtue of this Warrant.

11. If any packet sent or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be posted without having thereon or affixed thereto any postage stamp, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded, charged with a postage of double the amount of postage to which it would have been liable under and by virtue of this Warrant, if the postage had been paid by stamps when posted. And if any such packet shall be posted having thereon or affixed thereto a stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of this Warrant, but equal in amount to one penny at the least, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded, charged with the amount of the difference between the value of such stamp or stamps so being thereon or affixed thereto, and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of threepence.

12. In order to prevent any obstacle to the due and regular transmission of letters by the post, any officer of the Post Office may delay the transmission of any packet posted or forwarded by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be dispatched in due course of the post, whenever it may be necessary so to do, or (at his option) until the dispatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought in due course of the post to be forwarded by him.

13. The several packets transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant shall be subject to the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage, respectively contained in a certain Warrant of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the 19th day of February, 1855, relating to redirected rates of postage upon letters and packets which shall be redirected and again forwarded by the post, so far as the same are applicable to such packets: Provided always that the redirected rates of postage upon such packets shall be of the same amount as the first prepaid rate payable upon any such packet, and shall be chargeable and charged accordingly.

14. In all cases in which any question shall hereafter arise whether any packet or any pattern or sample contained therein, transmitted under or by virtue of this Warrant, is entitled to the privileges of this Warrant, and to be so transmitted within the intent and meaning thereof, such question shall be referred to the determination of the Postmaster-General, whose decision thereupon shall be final and conclusive upon all parties.

15. All packets transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant shall, in all respects (save and except as is hereinbefore mentioned and directed), be transmitted in conformity with, and under and subject to, the same or the like orders, directions, regulations, and conditions for the time being in force, and applicable to packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, transmitted by the post within the United Kingdom.

16. The terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 96.

17. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands duly made, at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, revoke, or modify any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the regulations hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time may appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

18. This warrant shall come into operation on the first day of October next.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the eleventh day of September, 1863.

E. H. Knatchbull Hugessen.
Wm. Dunbar.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 42.)—MEDITERRANEAN.—WEST COAST OF SICILY.

Favignana Lighthouse.

DOUBTS having arisen with reference to the situation of the Lighthouse on the island of Favignana, off the west coast of Sicily, as given by the Sicilian Government in October, 1860, Staff Commander Stokes, of Her Majesty's Surveying Vessel *Growler*, has recently determined its correct position.

The Lighthouse stands not on point Sottile as stated in the Sicilian Notice, but on point Ferro, the low rocky western extreme of the island, and navigators are hereby informed accordingly.

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
12th September, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean General, No. 2158, and Mediterranean, No. 2718*b*; and West Coast of Sicily, No. 187. Also, Mediterranean Lights' List, No. 193; and Notice to Mariners, No. 41, dated November, 1860.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 43.)—NORWAY.—WEST COAST.

Red Light at Kobbervig.

THE Royal Norwegian Marine Department at Christiania has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of October, 1863, a harbour light will be established at the north side of the entrance to Kobbervig, at the east side of Karmö island, on the west coast of Norway.

The light will be a *fixed red* light, visible between the bearings of W. by S. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. and N.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N., and also within the harbour. The former bearing leads a quarter of a cable southward of the Kobbernaglen reef, and the latter a quarter of a cable northward of Haatangen. The light is placed at an elevation of 31 feet above the mean level of the sea, and in clear weather should be seen at a distance of 3 miles.

The lighthouse is in lat. 59° 17′ 15″ N., long. 5° 19′ 45″ East of Greenwich. The light will be

exhibited from the 15th day of August to the 1st day of April each year. In approaching the harbour of Kobbervig, keep the light in sight and steer for it; the water is deep close in shore.

NORTH SEA—COAST OF HOLLAND.

With reference to the Notice to Mariners, No. 37, dated the 19th day of August, 1863, the Ter Schelling revolving light, therein said as being about to be altered in 1864–5 to a fixed red light, it should have been to a *fixed white* light.

[All Bearings are Magnetic.]

By command of their Lordships,
W. V. Read, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
21st September, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Norway, Sheet 1, No. 2281; and Sheet 2, No. 2304. Also, Notice to Mariners, No. 37, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Elham, in the county of Kent, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the County Sessions Hall, in Hythe, on Thursday, the 1st day of October, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Elham aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, September 26, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Hythe, in the county of Kent, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the County Sessions Hall, in Hythe, on Thursday, the 1st day of October, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Hythe aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, September 26, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the town and liberty of Sandwich, in the county of Kent, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the town and liberty of Sandwich aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Guildhall, Sandwich, on Wednesday the 14th day of October, 1863, at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the town and liberty of Sandwich aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, September 26, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Independent Chapel, situate in the parish of Pucklechurch, in the county of Gloucester, in the district of Chipping Sodbury, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 21st day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 22nd day of September, 1863.

Ethelbert Holborow, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Ebenezer Chapel, situate at Old King-street, in the parish of Saint James, in the city and county of Bristol, in the district of Bristol, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 23rd day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 24th day of September, 1863.

John Crowther Gwynn, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Registry of a building named the Wesleyan Chapel, situate at Chapel-street, in the parish of Market Rasen, in the county of Lincoln, for solemnizing Marriages therein, has been legally cancelled, and that a separate building recently erected, named the Wesleyan Chapel, situate at Chapel-street, in the said parish of Market Rasen, in the district of Castor, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was on the 22nd day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing Marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Will. IV, cap. 85, in lieu of and substituted for the said first-mentioned building.

Witness my hand this 23rd day of September, 1863.

Geo. R. F. Haddelsey, Deputy-Superintendent Registrar.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks o Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 19th day of September, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11631
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	24895
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	20167
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4591
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	17353
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	30743
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14681
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23034
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	63774
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	15885
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8168
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	22880
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	14604
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	19853
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	50763
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	27685
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	19545
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	34541
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	24654
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12835
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	40465
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	18489
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12582
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	3474
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	9427
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	45545
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	25446
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	19331
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2448
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	14370
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	28096
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	32634
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3938
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	16114
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	77160
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6132
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	8649
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	30840
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	27185
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6682
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10068
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	58215
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	85938
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7627
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	37207
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	91641
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	49890

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	37530
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	20794
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	6090
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	5035
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	4996
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	9624
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	24417
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	17416
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	39502
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	5215
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	31745
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	18679
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	54431
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	9662
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	16395
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	20650
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	45519
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	4992
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	52329
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	37594
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	23809
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	21870
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	82240
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	21708
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	6777
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3565
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	30267
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	11010
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	12908
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5188
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	5309
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	17245
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	27347
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	5041
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	20643
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	43617
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	12571
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	15597
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	48265
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	81372
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	7540
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	20817
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	7612
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	24193

Numb. 22776.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1863.

Foreign Office, October 1, 1863.

HER Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Madrid has forwarded to Earl Russell the following substance of a Royal Decree, dated December 17, 1862, so far as it relates to the formalities required to be observed by Foreigners entering Spain:

Substance of Royal Decree of December 17, 1862.

FOREIGNERS coming into Spain shall not be compelled to show a passport; but they must present a "Cédula de Vecindad" (i.e. a Certificate of domicile or residence) or, where such is the case, a Certificate that they are in service (cartilla de servicio) or any other document which will prove their identity, the place whence, and the purpose for which, they come.

The authorities are at liberty to demand the presentation of this document as often as they think necessary.

Any foreigner will also be permitted to enter Spain on merely presenting himself to the authorities, even though he may not possess any document, but in this case he must prove his identity by means of a declaration to be witnessed by the signatures of two residents in the town in which he presents himself, who must state that they know him, and that his declaration is true. He must also express at the same time whence, and for what purpose, he comes to Spain.

The compulsory visa on passports of persons entering Spain is abolished.

Foreign Office, September 30, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Antoine Naoum as Consul-General at Malta for His Imperial Majesty the Sultan.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward Trowbridge as Consul at Barbadoes for the United States of America.

Whitehall, September 30, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Alexander, Earl of Hopetoun, to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Linlithgow, in the room of Archibald John, Earl of Rosebery, K.T., resigned.

Whitehall, October 1, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Frederick Eden, Esq.; Wallace Houstoun, Esq., Captain in Her Majesty's Navy; and William O'Connor Morris, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to be "The Special Commissioners for Irish Fisheries," under "The Salmon Fishery (Ireland) Act, 1863."

Crown Office, October 2, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, giving and granting the Office of one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, to Gillery Pigott, Serjeant-at-Law.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing Sir Roundell Palmer, Knight, to be Her Majesty's Attorney-General in all Her Majesty's Courts of Record in England.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing Robert Porrett Collier, Esq., Her Majesty's Solicitor-General.

NOTICE.—LUCKNOW PRIZE.

India Office, October 2, 1863.

PRIZE ROLLS of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of the late 1st Madras Fusiliers engaged at Lucknow have been received at this Office.

Payment of these Shares will be made at this Office, on and after Monday, the 5th instant, between the hours of eleven and three.

(1161.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 1, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notification issued by the Portuguese Board of Health, and forwarded by Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, declaring the port of Pernambuco to be considered suspected of cholera.

War Office, Pall Mall,
2nd October, 1863.

2nd Regiment of Life Guards.

General the Marquis of Tweeddale, K.T., K.C.B., from the 42nd Foot, to be Colonel, vice General Earl Beauchamp, deceased. Dated 9th September, 1863.

42*nd Regiment of Foot.*

Major-General Duncan A. Cameron, C.B., to be Colonel, vice General the Marquis of Tweeddale, transferred to the Colonelcy of the 2nd Life Guards. Dated 9th September, 1863.

War Office, Pall-Mall,
2nd October, 1863.

18*th Hussars*, Cornet James Watkins, from the 9th Lancers, to be Cornet, vice Henry Howard Arthur, transferred to the 3rd Dragoon Guards. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William Yolland, on the Seconded List, has been permitted to retire upon half-pay. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Grenadier Guards, Ensign and Lieutenant William Duberly to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice William Augustus Frederick, Viscount Uffington, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign Joseph Henry Francis Harrington Hudson, from the Rifle Brigade, to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Duberly. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

3*rd Foot.*

For Ensign *E. G. Graham* to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Huyshe, which appeared in Gazette of 8th September, 1863. Dated 9th August, 1863.

Read Ensign *Andrew Jackson*, &c., &c. Dated 9th August, 1863.

10*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Malcolm to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Spencer Edward Orr, seconded on appointment as Lieutenant-Instructor of Musketry on the Establishment of the Schools of Musketry. Dated 18th September, 1863.

12*th Foot*, Ensign Herbert Trist Cooper to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Richard Philip Brooks, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Henry Pulsford Hobson, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cooper. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

15*th Foot*, John Gwennap Dennis Moore, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice McKenzie, transferred to the 71st Foot. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

18*th Foot*, Captain John Purcell, from half-pay, late 50th Foot, to be Captain, vice William Dennis Chapman, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Lieutenant Edward Hall to be Captain, by purchase, vice Purcell, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign Charlton Dawson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hall. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign Donald Robert Macqueen, from 51st Foot, to be Ensign, vice Dawson. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

21*st Foot*, Ensign George Herbert Burrows to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henry Wellington Hartford, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

John Croker, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Burrows. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

27*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Domville Mascie Taylor, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Frederick Tottenham, deceased. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

30*th Foot*, Lieutenant Edward St. George Smyth to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Henry L'Estrange Herring. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

37*th Foot*, Ensign Thomas Noble Holton to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice George Goodridge Fraser, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet John Briscoe Watts, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Holton. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Frederick Flowers, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Edgcumbe, transferred to the 73rd Foot. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

51*st Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Hugh Talbot, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice D. R. Macqueen, tranferred to the 18th Foot. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

60*th Foot*, William Tilden, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Francis Scawen Blunt, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Rowland Willis, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Henry James Daubuz, who retires. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

71*st Foot*, Ensign Charles William Beverly McKenzie, from the 15th Foot, to be Ensign, vice William Wolfe Rynd, whose appointment, by purchase, on 30th January, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

73*rd Foot*, Lieutenant Thomas Monsell Warren to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major George Renny, who retires. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign William Gordon to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Warren. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign Richard John Frederick Edgcumbe, from the 37th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Gordon. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

77*th Foot*, Lieutenant Marcus A. Waters to be Captain, without purchase, vice Humphry Mungal Lamont Colquhoun, seconded on being appointed a District Inspector of Musketry. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Ensign Edward Nicholas Mosley to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Waters. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet William Alexander Spence, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Mosley. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

87*th Foot*, Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Major, Robert Scott, from the 89th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Arthur Anderson, who exchanges. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

89*th Foot*, Paymaster Arthur Anderson, from the 87th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Scott, who exchanges. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Rifle Brigade, The Honourable Henry Marsham to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hudson, promoted in the Grenadier Guards. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Angus John Mackay has been cashiered by the sentence of a General Court Martial. Dated 31st August, 1863.

BREVET.

Major-General Sir Robert Percy Douglas, Bart., to have the local rank of Lieutenant-General while serving in the command of the troops at the Cape of Good Hope. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel George W. Alexander Higginson, of the Grenadier Guards, having completed the qualifying service with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel. Dated 30th September, 1863.

Paymaster George Knox Leet, 23rd Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 2nd July, 1863.

Paymaster Edward Gibbs, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

The following promotions to take place consequent on the death of General Henry Beauchamp, Earl Beauchamp, Colonel of the 2nd Life Guards, on 8th September, 1863 :—

Lieutenant-General Sir George Petre Wymer, K.C.B., Colonel of the 107th Foot, to be General. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Brevet-Colonel Matthew Smith, Lieutenant-Colonel 81st Foot, to be Major-General. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Miller, Major Unattached, and Fort Major of Gravesend and Tilbury Fort, to be Colonel. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Major Patrick Robertson, 25th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Captain James Robert Mann, Royal Engineers, to be Major. Dated 9th September, 1863.

The undermentioned alterations of rank and promotion to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces consequent on the death of Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram, Bart., G.C.B., K.S.I., on the 11th March, 1863 :—

Major-General Sir Charles Shepherd Stuart, K.C.B., Bombay Infantry, to take rank from 12th March, 1863.

Major-General Thomas Henry Shuldham, Bengal Infantry, to take rank from 18th March, 1863.

Major-General John Butler, Bengal Infantry, to take rank from 3rd April, 1863.

Major-General William Barclay Goodfellow, Royal (Bombay) Engineers, to take rank from 6th April, 1863.

Major-General William Marcus Coghlan, Royal (Bombay) Artillery, to take rank from 14th April, 1863.

Major-General George Burney, Bengal Infantry, to take rank from 17th April, 1863.

Colonel Thomas Anderson, Madras Cavalry, to be Major-General. Dated 21st April, 1863.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces consequent on the death of General Sir James Lillyman Caldwell, G.C.B., Royal (Madras) Engineers, on the 28th June, 1863, and Major-General John Anderson Barstow, Bengal Infantry, on the 9th June, 1863 :—

Lieutenant-General Samuel Swinhoe, Bengal Infantry, to be General. Dated 29th June, 1863.

Major-General Henry Sargent, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 29th June, 1863.

Colonel Haughton James, Bombay Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Colonel William Lang, Bombay Infantry, to be Major-General. Dated 29th June, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers who have retired upon full pay, to have a step of honorary rank, as follows :—

Major Alexander Hutchinson Moira Chesney, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Major Blackett Revell, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Andrew Wilson, to be Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Surgeon-Major Richard Charles Guise to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel William Yolland, half-pay, Royal Engineers, has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission, under the conditions of the Horse Guards Circular of 15th February, 1861. Dated 2nd October, 1863.

Admiralty, 2nd October, 1863.

The following promotions, dated the 24th ultimo, have this day taken place consequent on the death, on the 23rd ultimo, of Admiral of the Red Sir Henry Hope, K.C.B. :

Admiral of the White Sir Phipps Hornby, G.C.B., to be Admiral of the Red.

Admiral of the Blue Sir Arthur Fanshawe, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the White.

Vice-Admiral George Frederick Rich, on the Reserved List, to be Admiral on the same List.

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir William James Hope Johnstone, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Henry Eden to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Charles Ramsay Drinkwater Bethune, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admirals :
Sir George Back,
William Hillyar,
on the Reserved List, to be Vice-Admirals on the same List.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Henry John Codrington, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Richard Laird Warren to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Edward Pellew Halsted to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Arthur Lowe to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admiral Thomas Ball Clowes to have the rank and title of Retired Admiral; and

Retired Rear-Admiral James Burney to have the rank and title of Retired Vice-Admiral, under the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

Queen's Commission.

4th London Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Beatty Henderson, late Captain 21st Fusiliers, to be Adjutant, from the 12th August, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

George Lund, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 27th August, 1863.

2nd Administrative Brigade of Lancashire Artillery Volunteers.

Peter Thomson, Esq., to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 25th May, 1861.

Thomas Wilson, Esq., to be Major. Dated 15th September, 1863.

1st Lancashire Light Horse Volunteer Corps.

John Twemlow Bouck to be Cornet. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Robert Palmer Clayton, M.R.C.S., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1863.

John Lawson, Gent., to be Honorary Veterinary-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1863.

12th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Thomas Wilson to be Major. Dated 15th September, 1863.

18th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Edward Cross, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 8th September, 1863.

19th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

William Ashton, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 1st August, 1863.

1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

William Sainsbury, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 17th September, 1863.

1st Manchester or 6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Loyd, Esq., to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Thomas Pooley, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 17th September, 1863.

64th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Major Peter Silvester Bidwill to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Lieutenant John Frederick O'Donnell to be Captain. Dated 17th September, 1863.

80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Moore, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th September, 1863.

By Order of the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain David Bilham. Dated 26th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

Prince of Wales's Own Royal Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry (Wiltshire).

James Blake Maurice, Esq., M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 26th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

2nd West Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Graham, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Edward Brown, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commisions held by the following Officers; viz:

25th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Matthew William Thompson.

36th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Erasmus Stone.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

4th Suffolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Manning Marshall, Clerk, to be Honorary Chaplain, vice Reverend C. F. Tarver, resigned. Dated 19th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

5th Administrative Battalion of Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers.

4th Corps.

The Reverend Alexander Campbell Irvine, Clerk, to be Honorary Chaplain, vice Bailey, resigned. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

22nd Corps.

James Clarke, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon, vice Wheatcroft, resigned. Dated 21st September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

3rd Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps (Rugby).

Ensign Andley Charles Thewles to be Lieutenant, vice Wratislaw, promoted. Dated 30th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of Adjutant Midgley being placed, on the ground of ill health, on the Retired List of the 3rd King's Own Staffordshire Militia with the rank of Major. Dated 4th September, 1863.

6th Lincolnshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain William Heaford Daubney.

7th Lincolnshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Harwood Machinder.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant (Major) George Wingate in the 17th Hampshire Rifle Volnnteer Corps. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Barnet, in the Counties of Middlesex and Hertford.

WHEREAS appeals under the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, have been duly made to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by certain owners and rate-payers within the district of Barnet, in the counties of Middlesex and Hertford, setting forth grounds on which they dispute the validity of a vote for the adoption of the said Act within the said district. And whereas inquiry has been duly directed into the circumstances of the case, and such enquiry has been duly made, and the result thereof reported to me:

Now, therefore, I do issue the following order, and do determine the questions arising on such appeals as follows:

That the Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted within the said district of Barnet, and that the said appeals be dismissed; and that the said Act shall come into force within the aforesaid District on the 5th day of October, 1863.

Given under my hand this 29th day of September, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Bacup, Lancashire, and Tow Law, County Durham.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the Districts of Bacup (Lancashire), and Tow Law (county Durham), as settled and defined for the purposes of the Local Government Act, 1858.

And whereas notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the said districts of Bacup and Tow Law, and has the force of law within such districts.

Given under my hand this 1st day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

Notice of Intended Distribution of Naval Prize Money.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 29, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the proceeds and tonnage bounty of the slave barque "Jane," captured on the 15th October, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Espoir," will commence on Thursday, the 8th proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	67	7	0
Commander . . .	159	19	3
Third class . . .	80	16	2
Fourth class . . .	51	18	11
Fifth class . . .	28	17	2
Sixth class . . .	25	19	6
Seventh class . . .	17	6	4
Eighth class . . .	8	13	2
Ninth class . . .	5	15	5
Tenth class . . .	2	17	8

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Charles-street Chapel, situated at Charles-street, Camberwell New-road, in the parish of Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, in the district of Lambeth, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 25th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 28th day of September, 1863.

W. T. Logan, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Presbyterian Church, situated at High-street, in the parish of Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, in the district of Cheltenham, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 23rd day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 28th day of September, 1863.

Rowd. J. Ticehurst, Superintendent Registrar.

In the Matter of the Letters Patent granted to Robert Barnard Feather, of Liverpool, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of ships, and in rendering ships and boats more impervious to shot," bearing date the 26th day of November, 1852.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the said Robert Barnard Feather, has applied, by Petition, to the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions,

and the Law Officer to whom the same may be referred for leave, to be certified by his fiat and signature, to file in the Great Seal Patent Office with the specification to which the same relates, a memorandum of alteration of certain parts of the said specification; and any person intending to oppose such application must give notice thereof at the Office of the Solicitor-General, No. 11, New-square, Lincolns'-inn, within ten days from the date hereof.—Dated 1st October, 1863.

Phillips and *Son*, No. 11, Abchurch-lane, E.C., Agents for the Petitioner.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

1401. To Arthur Quentin de Gromard, of Paris, France, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in musical instruments."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of June, 1863.

1605. To Henry Clay Lee, of Lawrence Pountney-lane, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of sewing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Richard Mott Wanzer, of Hamilton, Canada West, America.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 25th day of June, 1863.

1924. To Eugéne Alphonse Cotelle, of No. 29, Boulevard St. Martin, Paris, Empire of France, Distiller, for the invention of "a new method of manufacturing gas alcohol by means of diluted acids acting indefinitely without reconcentration."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of August, 1863.

1989. To Louis Rudolph Bodmer, of 2, Thavies-Inn, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved mode and apparatus for dressing and finishing, and for imparting lustre to yarn and thread made of silk, cotton, and other fibrous substances."—A communication to him from abroad by Emanuel Bürgy and Louis Guillemin, both of Bâle, in the Republic of Switzerland.

1995. And to Robert Stirling Newall, of Gateshead, in the county of Durham, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for serving ropes for ship's rigging, and other purposes."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of August, 1863.

1998. To Charles Colton Dennett, of Nottingham, in the county of Nottingham, Builder, for the invention of "an improved method of fire proof construction for buildings by the use of arches formed of concrete."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of August, 1863.

2030. To John Grantham, of 31, Nicholas-lane, in the city of London, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for manufacturing salt."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 15th day of August, 1863.

2091. To Henry Batt, of 21, Charlton, Kings-road, Kentish Town, in the parish of St. Pancras, and in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in roughing horses without taking off the shoe."

2096. And to Frederick Rice Stack, late Captain in the 65th Regiment of Foot, and Major of Brigade at Auckland, New Zealand, now residing at Belgrave-villa, Finchley, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of military bridges, piers, landing stages, and escalading apparatus."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2121. To George Richards, of 2, Caroline-street, Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of ordnance and fire-arms, and in the projectiles to be used therewith."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of August, 1863.

2127. To Louis Alexandre Mulet, of Rue St. Charles, No. 1, in the Thernes, Paris, in the Empire of France, Merchant, for the invention of "an improved method of shoeing horses, and covering the feet or hoofs of other domestic animals with hardened india-rubber, gutta-percha, and other improved similar materials."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of August, 1863.

2137. To William Whitworth, Engineer, and Joseph Wrigley, both of Sowerby Bridge, near Halifax, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in or applicable to the furnaces of steam boilers."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 29th day of August, 1863

2169. To Reuben Sims, of the firm of Picksley, Sims, and Company, Bedford Foundry, Leigh, in the county of Lancaster, Agricultural Implement Makers and Iron Founders, for the invention of "improvements in reaping and mowing machines."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of September, 1863.

2174. To Amand Louis Durand, of 10, Rue de la Fidelité, Paris, Merchant, for the invention of "certain improvements in the manufacture of nails and other similar articles."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of September, 1863.

2183. To Charles Thornhill, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Merchant, for the invention of "a new or improved method of adapting steel or other suitable metallic wire to be used instead of animal bristles or hair, in sewing boots, shoes, saddlery, and leather works generally."

2184. To Charles Grant Kelvey, of Rock Ferry, in the county of Chester, Watch Manufacturer, and William Holland, of the same place, Manager, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of chronometers and other time keepers."

2185. And to John Hendry and William Coutts, both of the city and county of Aberdeen, North Britain, Merchants, for the invention of "improvements in furnaces."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of September, 1863.

2198. To Josias Bull York, of Coleshill, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in privies or closets, to be used in place of water closets."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of September, 1863.

2211. To James Deas Jack, of Montrose, in the county of Forfar, North Britain, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in moulding or shaping metals."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of September, 1863.

2214. To Joseph Lille, Civil Engineer, and John Haines White, Dentist, both of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "an improved composition or coating for the protection and preservation of surfaces of iron, wood, and other materials."

2215. And to William Higgs Hawksworth, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Machinist, for the invention of "certain improvements in apparatus for preparing cotton and other fibrous materials for spinning."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of September, 1863.

2229. To John Hays Wilson, of the firm of John Hays Wilson and Company, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Brass Founders and Ships' Ironmongers, for the invention of "improvements in side lights for ships and other navigable vessels, and in the manufacture of the same."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of September, 1863.

2253. To Henry Riviere, of 19, Queen's-road, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, Gun Maker, for the invention of "improvements in the construction and application of apparatus and implements used for the purposes of heating, cooling, and evaporating."

2256. And to William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in safety lamps for mines."—A communication to him from abroad by François Chapuis and Léonce Decombette, both of the Rue du Faubourg Saint Martin, Paris, France.

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of September, 1863.

2264. To Joseph Fox, of the firm of Fox Brothers, Engineers, Derby, in the county of Derby, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for planing or cutting off the sides of armour plates."

2265. To Andrew Fleming, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Mat-Maker, for the invention of "improvements in cutting or finishing matting and similar fabrics, and in the machinery used therefor."

2266. And to Gabriel Lewal, of 5 and 6, Philpot-lane, E.C., London, Engineer, for the invention of "an improved method of and apparatus for consuming smoke and heating and warming public and other buildings, and for drying purposes generally."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 16th day of September, 1863.

2277. To James McEwen, of Lay's Foundry, near Brierley-hill, in the county of Stafford, Iron Founder and Coke Manufacturer, for the invention of "a new or improved combined coke oven, and hot blast oven or apparatus."

2278. To Zacharie Joseph Mercier, of No. 50, Rue de Longchamp, Chaillot, in the city of Paris, France, Mechanician for the invention of "an improved gas cock of elastic and continuous pressure."

2279. To William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improved instruments for ascertaining levels, also for computing angles."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Baptiste Chairgrasse, of Dijon, France.

2281. To Alexander Chaplin, of No. 24, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for propelling ships or vessels."

2282. To Phineas Cowan, of the firm of L. Cowan and Sons, of Barnes, in the county of Surrey, Manufacturers, for the invention of "an improvement in refining sugar."

2283. To Fédor de Wyldé, of Trinity-square, Tower-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the manufucture of an hydrated silica."

2284. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in taps."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Louis De Waroquier, of Paris, France.

2286. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in life belts and swimming belts."—A communication to him from abroad by Torrilhon Verdier and Company, of Paris, in the Empire of France, Manufacturers.

2287. To Peter McLaurin, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in drying paper, pasteboard, and similar fabrics, and in the machinery, apparatus, or means employed therein."

2289. And to James Whitehead, of Calverley, near Leeds, in the county of York, Mechanic, for the invention of "improvements in pneumatic motive power machinery."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 17th day of September, 1863.

2290. To James Allen, of the city of Manchester, Engineer and Brass Founder, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of valves and cocks for steam, water, gas, and other fluids."

2291. To John Roberts, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Organ Builder, and Robert Naylor, of the same place, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in increasing, diminishing, or otherwise regulating, the power and tone of organs, harmoniums, piano fortes, or other instruments with similar keys or key boards."

2292. To Robert Doyne Dwyer, of Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "improved apparatus for cleaning and painting or coating the bottoms of ships and other structures."

2293. To George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron and steel, and in apparatus to be employed in such manufacture."—A communication to him from abroad by William Gerhardt, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America.

2294. To William Lorberg, of Wyld's-rents, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Analytical Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in the treatment of rags, and obtaining valuable chemical products from the animal fibre therein."

2295. To Isham Baggs, of Cambridge-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Electrician, for the invention of "improvements in the means of protecting and preserving the hulls and bottoms of ships and vessels from fouling and corrosion."

2296. To Alfred Noirot, of No. 61, Rue Pigale, in the city of Paris, France, for the invention of "new tiles."

2297. To John Mason Cook, of Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Hay and Corn Factor, for the invention of "improvements in railway carriages and all other springed vehicles."

2298. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved thread for fishing nets."—A communication to him from abroad by David Alexandre Aguitton, of Paris, France.

2299. To Herbert William Hart, of Fleet-street, in the city of London, Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improvement in T fastenings."

2301. To Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "an improvement in propelling vessels, and in apparatus relating thereto."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Pierre Serve, Junior, of Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.

2302. To William Smith, of No. 19, Salisbury-street, Strand, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in constructing breech-loading ordnance."—A communication to him from abroad by John Gregory, of Barreiro, in the Kingdom of Portugal.

2303. To William Smith, of No. 19, Salisbury-street, Strand, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction and mode of working ordnance for ships and forts, and in the means of protecting those engaged in working guns employed for such purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by John Gregory, of Barreiro, in the Kingdom of Portugal.

2304. To Thomas Small, of Bargate, Boston, Lincolnshire, for the invention of "improvements in motive power machinery."

2305. And to Vasconcellos Houghton, of Grove House, West Reading, for the invention of "improvements in lamps and lamp wicks."—The result partly of a communication from abroad made to him by David Eldon Hall, a person resident at Brooklyn, New York, in the United States of America, and partly of invention and discovery made by himself.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of September, 1863.

2307. To John Buckley, of Lees, in the county of York, Manager, for the invention of "certain improvements in 'mules' for spinning cotton and other fibrous substances."

2309. To Richard Couchman, of Noble-street, St. Martin's-le-Grand, in the city of London, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in articles or instruments for supporting, holding, or carrying parasols, bags, watches, ornaments, or other articles or appendages."

2310. To Charles Louis Fleischmann, of 18, Rue Moncey, Paris, at present residing at the Queen's Hotel, St. Martin's-le-Grand, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for ginning cotton, also for cleaning, opening, and preparing cotton, wool, or other fibrous substances."

2311. To Benjamin Davis, of Brettle-lane, in the county of Stafford, Millwright, and William Bowler, of Wall-heath, in the county of Stafford, Ironfounder, for the invention of "an improved mode of strengthening tilt hammers."

2312. To John Carpenter Pooley, of George-street, Bath, in the county of Somerset, Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in brewing or preparing beverages from malt and hops."

2313. To John Paul Baugh Le Patourel, of Piette House, Guernsey, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms."

2315. To Thomas Richardson, of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Chemist, John James Lundy, of Leith, in the county of Midlothian, North Britain, Colour Manufacturer, and Robert Irvine, of Magdalen Chemical Works, in the said county of Midlothian, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in the extraction or manufacture of oils from vegetable substances."

2316. To Hyde Bateman, of Castlenau, Barnes, in the county of Surrey, Surveyor, for the invention of "an improved construction of rotary engine."

2317. And to Thomas Edward Vickers, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of cast steel tyres."—A communication to him from abroad by Jacob Mayer, of Bochum, in the Kingdom of Prussia.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of September, 1863.

2319. To Edmond François Rattier, of 82, Boulevard Sebastopol, Paris, in the Empire of France, for the invention of "improvements in crinolines."

2321. To William Burnet Robins, of Harborne, in the county of Stafford, Actuary, for the invention of "improvements in portable fire and garden engines."

2322. To Anne Abbey Downes, of Stonnall, in the county of Stafford, Spinster, for the invention of "improvements in artificial teeth."

2323. To Emile Alcan, of King-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in shears for cutting metal threads, wires, and rods, applicable also for gauging wires."—A communication to him from abroad by Leon Gauchez, of Brussels, Belgium.

2324. To Emile Alcan, of King-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in condensers applicable to wool carding engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Leon Gauchez, of Brussels, Belgium.

2325. To François Alfred Châtel, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in burners for burning all mineral oils."—The result partly of a communication made to him by Mr. François Maurel, Manufacturer, a person residing in Paris, 29, Boulevart St. Martin, and partly an invention and discovery made by himself.

Numb. 22777. 4791

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1863.

Foreign Office, September 28, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen, now Attachés at the undermentioned places, to be Third Secretaries in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service :—

The Honourable Edmund John Monson, Hanover.
Edmund Constantine Henry Phipps, Stuttgardt.
Robert Henry Hildyard, Esq., Paris.
Charles Calvert Eden, Esq., Lisbon.
George Francis Birt Jenner, Esq., Athens.

Foreign Office, October 3, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Bruno Badan as Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to repeal "so much of two Acts made in the tenth and "fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorizes the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk "of the Crown for making out writs for the elec-"tion of Members to serve in Parliament, in the "manner therein mentioned, and for substituting "other provisions for the like purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act "to further limit and define the time for pro-"ceeding to Election during the Recess :"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of George Potts, Esq., late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Barnstaple, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this third day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

By virtue of an Act passed in the twenty-second year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to "extend the Act of the twenty-fourth year of "King George the Third, chapter twenty-six, for "issuing writs during any recess of the House of "Commons, whether by prorogation or adjourn-"ment;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess :"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, in the manner required by the said Act, that Gillery Pigott, Esq., Serjeant-at-Law, late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Reading, hath accepted the office of one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, and has been gazetted thereto in the London Gazette, dated the 2nd day of October, 1863, and has thereby vacated his seat; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this fourth day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

By virtue of an Act passed in the twenty-second year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to "extend the Act of the twenty-fourth year of "King George the Third, chapter twenty-six, for "issuing writs during any recess of the House of "Commons, whether by prorogation or adjourn-"ment;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess :"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, in the manner required by the said Act, that Sir Roundell Palmer, Knight Bachelor, late a Member serving in this present Parliament, for the borough of Richmond, hath accepted the office of Attorney-General to Her Majesty, and has been gazetted thereto in the London Gazette, dated the 2nd day of October, 1863, and has thereby vacated his seat; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing

of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this fourth day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

By virtue of an Act passed in the twenty-second year of the reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to "extend the Act of the twenty-fourth year of "King George the Third, chapter twenty-six, for "issuing writs during any recess of the House of "Commons, whether by prorogation or adjourn-"ment;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, in the manner required by the said Act, that Robert Porrett Collier, Esq., late a Member serving in this present Parliament, for the borough of Plymouth, hath accepted the office of Solicitor-General to Her Majesty, and has been gazetted thereto in the London Gazette, dated the 2nd day of October, 1863, and has thereby vacated his seat; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this fourth day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

War Office, Pall Mall,
6th October, 1863.

CHAPLAIN'S DEPARTMENT.

The Reverend W. Helps, Chaplain of the Second Class, to be Chaplain of the First Class. Dated 5th September, 1863.

The Reverend W. R. Beach's Commission as Chaplain of the Fourth Class, to bear date *29th December*, 1859, instead of *2nd February*, 1861, as stated in Gazette of 15th October, 1861.

MILITARY STORE DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Assistant-Superintendent of Stores Philip Aikin Le Breton, from half-pay, to be Deputy Assistant-Superintendent of Stores. Dated 1st September, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 22nd ultimo.]

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteers.

William Sheffield Hardinge, late Lieutenant 22nd Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 4th August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant William Sheffield Hardinge, of the 1st Administrative Battalion of Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteers, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 4th August, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

3rd King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Henry Turner Uniacke, late Captain 19th Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 1st September, 1863, vice Midgley, retired.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers.

Anthony Powell Traherne, late Captain 39th Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 12th August, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

Duke of Lancaster's Own Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Captain William Edward Royds to be Supernumerary Captain, without pay. Dated 25th September, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Patrick to be Captain, vice Royds, made Supernumerary Captain. Dated 25th September, 1863.

Cornet Clement Molyneux Royds to be Lieutenant, vice Patrick, promoted. Dated 25th September, 1863.

1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Captain John Vernon to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 24th September, 1863.

8th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Charles Walker to be Captain. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

Lieutenant William Harper to be Captain. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

Ensign Edward Bland to be Lieutenant. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

2nd Manchester or 28th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Francis Taylor, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 9th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by 1st Lieutenant Frederick Hall Kirby in the 1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

13th Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Evan Williams David to be Captain. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Ensign John Partridge Booker to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st October, 1863.

John Prichard, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Joseph Lewis, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 1st October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of Captain Thomas William Booker bearing the designation of Captain-Commandant of the above Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

10th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend William Battersby, M.A., to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

1st Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John James Williams to be Lieutenant, vice Powell, resigned. Dated 5th October, 1863.

2nd Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Henry Synod, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 5th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

6th Northamptonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Walker, Esq., M.D., to be Lieutenant, vice Leonard Deacon, resigned. Dated 21st September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Edward Loyd in the 38th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 29th September, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant John Barber in the 2nd Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY PORTSMOUTH, HANTS.

WHEREAS the Local Government, 1858, has been adopted in the borough of Portsmouth, in the county of Hants.

And whereas notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named borough, and that the said Act has the force of law within such borough.

Given under my hand this 28th day of September, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Hope Chapel, situated at Ebrington-street, in the parish of Charles, in the county of Devon, in the district of Plymouth, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 26th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 29th day of September, 1863.

W. Pridham, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Independent Chapel, situate at the Street, in the parish of Brinkworth, in the county of Wilts, in the district of Malmesbury, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 29th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 1st day of October, 1863.

John Alexander Handy, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Congregational Church, situated in the Chipping, in the parish of Tetbury, in the county of Gloucester, in the district of Tetbury Union, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 26th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 1st day of October, 1863.

Thos. Barrett, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Horton-lane Chapel, situated at Horton-lane, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, in the district of Bradford, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 2nd day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 3rd day of October, 1863.

John Darlington, Superintendent Registrar.

BUCKS AND OXON UNION BANK.

MONTHLY RETURN UNDER ACT 7 & 8 VIC., CAP. 113, SEC. 4.

ACCOUNT of ASSETS and LIABILITIES of the BUCKS and OXON UNION BANK, on Wednesday, the 30th September, 1863.

Liabilities.	£	s.	d.	*Assets.*	£	s.	d.
Paid up Capital	55,000	0	0	Cash in Hand and in other Banking Houses, Bills of Exchange, Loans, and Notes of Hand, Balance of Bank Premises, and Preliminary Expenses	451,530	16	4
Current Accounts, Deposits, and other Liabilities	396,337	11	11				
Undivided Profits	193	4	5				
	£451,530	16	4		£451,530	16	4

Bucks and Oxon Union Bank,
Buckingham, October 3, 1863.

(Signed) *Richd. Carter,* Secretary.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11605
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	24927
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	21386
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4569
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	17935
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	30877
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14683
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	24204
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	66211
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	15960
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8428
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	22070
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	14663
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20703
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	51234
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and . Gillett	28265
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	21146
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	35288
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	24537
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12554
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	39808
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	18385
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12418
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	3405
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	9455
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	48287
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	26307
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	20238
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2541
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	15795
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	29128
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	34311
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3550
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	17108
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	77489
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6355
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	8561
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	34532
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	27439
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6502
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10311
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	59416
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	86300
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7912
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	37453
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	93767
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	52042

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	38477
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	21111
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	5854
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	5380
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	4600
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	9506
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	25067
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	17947
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	40212
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	5298
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	32749
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	20405
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	57321
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	10021
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	20695
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	20460
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	46305
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5107
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	53011
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	36856
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	25257
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	23534
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	83446
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	25026
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	7208
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3525
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	30208
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	12485
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	13310
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5349
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	6972
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	18353
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	28372
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	5205
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	21472
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	46128
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	12562
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	16404
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	49588
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	84659
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	7836
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	21481
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	Not received.
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co	24290

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	Croxon and Co.	9965
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	Parsons and Co.	26891
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	H., S., A. H., T., and A. T. Beeching	9640
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	J. W. Clinch and Sons	10034
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank	Hull	Peases and Co.	46529
Penzance Bank	Penzance	Batten and Co.	9236
Pembrokeshire Bank	Haverfordwest	J. and W. Walters	12825
Reading Bank	Reading	Simonds and Co.	24100
Reading Bank	Reading	Stephens, Blandy, and Co.	27039
Richmond Bank	Richmond	Roper and Co.	6737
Rochdale Bank	Rochdale	Clement, Royds, and Co.	2340
Rochester, Chatham, and Strood Bank	Rochester	Day, Nicholson, and Co.	6168
Royston Bank	Royston	Fordham and Sons	9791
Rugby Bank	Rugby	A. Butlin and Son	9909
Rye Bank	Rye	R. C. Pomfret and Co.	10857
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden	Gibson, Tuke, and Co.	21080
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury	Burton, Lloyd, and Co.	10625
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough	Woodall and Co.	21838
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrewsbury and Ludlow Bank	Shrewsbury	Rocke, Eytons, and Co.	30775
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	Sittingbourne	Vallance and Co.	3085
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton	Maddison, Pearce, and Co.	9108
Southwell Bank	Southwell	Wylde and Co.	8689
Southampton and Hampshire Bank	Southampton	Atherley and Co.	2292
Stafford Old Bank	Stafford	Stevenson and Co.	12849
Stamford and Rutland Bank	Stamford	Eaton, Cayley, and Co.	21026
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	Shrewsbury	Beck, Downward, and Co.	20725
Taunton Bank.	Taunton	H., R. and H. J. Badcock	27221
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock	Gill, Sons, and Co.	11913
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury	Harwood and Co.	8379
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	Tiverton	Dunsford and Co.	10729
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, Northamptonshire	Thrapston	Eland and Eland	11980
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank	Tring	Butcher and Sons	13648
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester	Percival and Co.	6702
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston	Vivian and Co.	15753
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge	Hull, Smith, and Co.	8054
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford	Hedges, Wells, and Co.	5663
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	Warwick	Greenway and Co.	18069
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington	Fox, Brothers, and Co.	5142
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and Pontefract Bank	Wakefield	Leatham, Tew, and Co.	43803
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby	Simpson, Chapman, and Co	14172
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester	Bulpett and Co.	15722
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank	Weymouth	Eliot, Pearce, and Co.	14475
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derbyshire Bank	Wirksworth	Arkwright and Co.	34893
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	Wisbech	Gurneys and Co.	41630
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe	P. and W. Hancock	6771
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkesbury Old Bank	Worcester	Berwick, Lechmere, & Co.	56587
Wolverhampton Bank	Wolverhampton	R. and W. F. Fryer	10408
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and Halesworth and Suffolk Bank	Yarmouth	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co.	41726
Yarmouth, Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co	9525
York Bank	York	Swann, Clough and Co.	37731

JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£.
Bank of Westmorland	Kendal	9007
Barnsley Banking Company	Barnsley	9435
Bradford Banking Company	Bradford	48562
Bilston District Banking Company	Wolverhampton	8714
Bank of Whitehaven	Whitehaven	27868
Bradford Commercial Banking Company	Bradford	19528
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Staffordshire Union Banking Company	Burton-upon-Trent	39262
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Banking Company	Chesterfield	9643
Cumberland Union Banking Company	Workington	34218
Coventry and Warwickshire Banking Company	Coventry	16813
Coventry Union Banking Company	Coventry	11456
County of Gloucester Banking Company	Cheltenham	100013
Carlisle and Cumberland Banking Company	Carlisle	25968
Carlisle City and District Bank	Carlisle	20000
Dudley and West Bromwich Banking Company	Dudley	34931
Derby and Derbyshire Banking Company	Derby	20082
Darlington District Joint Stock Banking Company	Darlington	24347
East of England Bank	Norwich	24045
Gloucestershire Banking Company	Gloucester	134710
Halifax Joint Stock Bank	Halifax	18280
Huddersfield Banking Company	Huddersfield	34057
Hull Banking Company	Hull	30305
Halifax Commercial Banking Company	Halifax	12020
Halifax and Huddersfield Union Banking Company	Halifax	42617
Helston Banking Company	Helston	1474
Knaresborough and Claro Banking Company	Knaresborough	26793
Lancaster Banking Company	Lancaster	53195
Leeds Banking Company	Leeds	21815
Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	56034
Lincoln and Lindsey Banking Company	Lincoln	55293
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire Banking Company	Leamington Priors	11086
Ludlow and Tenbury Bank	Ludlow	9453
Moore and Robinson's Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham	30479
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham	29669
National Provincial Bank of England	Birmingham Hd. Office, 112, Bishopsgate-st., London	429072
North Wilts Banking Company	Melksham	43903
Northamptonshire Union Bank	Northampton	71018
Northamptonshire Banking Company	Northampton	20778
North and South Wales Bank	Liverpool	67718
Pares's Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	49630
Saddleworth Banking Company	Saddleworth	555
Sheffield Banking Company	Sheffield	35500
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston Banking Company	Stamford	56056
Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol Somersetshire Bank, and Somersetshire Bank	Langport	312137
Shropshire Banking Company	Shiffnall	40698
Stourbridge and Kidderminster Banking Company	Stourbridge	55219
Sheffield and Hallamshire Banking Company	Sheffield	21049
Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company	Sheffield	52090
Swaledale and Wensleydale Banking Company	Richmond	52330
Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company	Wolverhampton	27359
Wakefield and Barnsley Union Bank	Wakefield	14410

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£
Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company	Whitehaven	25600
Warwick and Leamington Banking Company	Warwick	23673
West of England and South Wales District Bank	Bristol	81043
Wilts and Dorset Banking Company	Salisbury	73977
West Riding Union Banking Company	Huddersfield	31922
Whitchurch and Ellesmere Banking Company	Whitchurch	4804
Worcester City and County Banking Company.....	Worcester	4907
York Union Banking Company	York	71413
York City and County Banking Company.....	York	90925
Yorkshire Banking Company	Leeds	117653

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue Office, October 3, 1863.

Corn Imported and Exported.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the week ended the 3rd October, 1863.

	Quantities Imported into				Quantities Exported from the United Kingdom.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
Wheat	80,188	24,392	25,810	130,390	653	58	711
Barley	31,281	4,559	500	36,340	17	...	17
Oats...	14,398	459	...	14,857	227	125	352
Rye	...	512	...	512	...	...	...
Peas	2,598	233	...	2,831	94	...	94
Beans	7,573	...	...	7,573	4	...	4
Indian Corn	19,788	8,095	42,800	70,683	...	...	...
Buckwheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malt	...	...	...	...	1,478	...	1,478
Total of Corn ...	155,826	38,250	69,100	263,186	2,473	183	2,656
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheatmeal or Flour	66,685	31,022	8,199	105,906	...	641	641
Barley Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal...	1	...	...	1	545	...	545
Rye Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal ...	530	37	...	567	...	...	...
Buckwheat Meal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Meal ...	67,216	31,059	8,199	106,474	545	641	1,186
Total of Corn and Meal stated in Imperial Quarters ...	175,035	47,124	71,452	293,611	2,920	863	3,186

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, October 6, 1863.

EDW. BERNARD,
Assistant Inspector-General.

Numb. 22778. 4833

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1863.

Whitehall, October 7, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to nominate the Reverend Charles Cornish, M.A., to the Perpetual Curacy of Templeton, in the county of Pembroke, and diocese of St. David's, void by the death of the Reverend William Lloyd.

St. James's Palace, October 8, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of the Right Honourable Lord Foley, to appoint Captain Stanhope Leonard Douglas-Willan, late 2nd Foot, one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms, vice H. G. Gridley, Esq., resigned.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the "tenth and fifteenth years of the reign of His "present Majesty, as authorizes the Speaker "of the House of Commons to issue his warrant "to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define "the time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess;"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, that Henry Lygon (commonly called Viscount Elmley), late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the Western Division of the county of Worcester, is become a Peer of the United Kingdom, and that a writ of summons hath been issued to him, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to summon him to Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said Western Division, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this eighth day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

Crown Office, October 9, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

City of Coventry.

Morgan Treherne, Esq., in the room of the Right Honourable Edward Ellice, deceased.

(1185.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 7, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notification issued by the Portuguese Board of Health, and forwarded by H. M. Consul at Lisbon, declaring the Port of Loanda to be suspected of infection with Yellow Fever, and all the Ports of the Province of Angola to be free from that disorder.

(1173.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 8, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Caracas, inclosing copy of a Decree of the Venezuelan Republic throwing open their coasting trade to foreign vessels, hitherto excluded, for a period of six months, dating from the 27th August last.

(1186.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 8, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations, have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Helsingfors, stating that the Imperial Senate of Finland has notified, that during the year 1864, the importation into the Grand Duchy, of rye corn and oats, rye meal, grits, wheat, wheaten flour, peas, and potatoes, will be permitted, whether in native or foreign vessels, duty free.

War-Office, Pall Mall,
9th October, 1863.

3rd Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Quarter-master-Serjeant Samuel Dean to be Quarter-master, vice Otho Vialls, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 9th October, 1863.

5th Dragoon Guards, Staff-Surgeon John Coote Ovens to be Surgeon, vice W. J. Fyffe, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

7th Dragoon Guards, Cornet Robert Allan Smyth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Clavering Redman, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Thomas H. Monteith Brown, from 36th Foot, to be Cornet, vice Smyth. Dated 9th October, 1863.

7th Hussars, Lieutenant Henry Augustus Bushman to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant John Mould. Dated 9th October, 1863.

16th Lancers, Captain Robert Whigham, from 7th Foot, to be Captain, vice Morrison, who exchanges, receiving a portion of the former difference between Cavalry and Infantry. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Royal Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Thomas Elwyn to be Colonel, vice Symons, who retires on full-pay. Dated 20th September, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major George Shaw, from the Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Elwyn. Dated 20th September, 1863,

Captain Trevor Charles Molony, from the Supernumerary List, to be Captain, vice John Alexander Philipps Adams, who resigns. Dated 11th September, 1863.

Lieutenant John Macvicar Burn to be Second Captain, vice Osborne Hall Goodenough, removed to the Supernumerary List. Dated 11th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Robert Locke Price to be Lieutenant, vice Burn. Dated 11th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Henry Arthur Denny to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander William Cunningham, who resigns. Dated 11th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Francis Frederick Ditmas to be Lieutenant, vice Buddle Atkinson, who resigns. Dated 20th September, 1863.

Military Train, Captain James Hornby Buller to be Major, by purchase, vice J. M. Hill, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Thomas Witchell to be Captain, without purchase, vice Buller. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign George Ramsay to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Witchell. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Charles Henry Scott Kennedy, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Ramsay. Dated 11th September, 1863, the antedate not to carry pay prior to date of this Gazette.

4th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Augustus Charles Twentyman to be Captain, by purchase, vice John William Madden, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Morton Frederic Thrupp to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Twentyman. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Edward Samuel Bruce, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Thrupp. Dated 9th October, 1863.

5th Foot, Captain John James Mathew, from the 5th West India Regiment, to be Captain, vice Toppin, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Frederic Richard Carleton, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Newman, transferred to 69th Foot. Dated 9th October, 1863.

7th Foot, Captain Richard F. Morrison, from 16th Lancers, to be Captain, vice Whigham, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

8th Foot, Captain and Brevet-Major George Edward Baynes to be Major, without purchase, vice William Bayly, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Andrew Moynihan to be Captain, without purchase, vice Baynes. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Bowland Garrard Moffat to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Moynihan. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Manley Charles Matthew Dixon, from 101st Foot, to be Ensign, vice Moffat. Dated 9th October, 1863.

9th Foot, Ensign Herbert Witherstone Mynors Baskerville to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Francis Russell, superseded for being absent without leave. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Arthur Adolphus L. F. Levert, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Baskerville. Dated 9th October, 1863.

10th Foot, Lieutenant Charles James Barnett to be Captain, by purchase, vice Philip Wride Matthews, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Joseph Skelton Brougham to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Barnett. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign John Caruthers Little to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice S. E. Orr, seconded. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Charles Horrocks, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Brougham. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet James Joseph Kennedy, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice C. Horrocks, transferred to 83rd Foot. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Edward George Green, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Little. Dated 10th October, 1863.

12th Foot, The Commission of Lieutenant J. K. Dooner to be antedated to 17th July, 1863.

16th Foot, Aubrey William Marriott Bury, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice R. R. McQueen, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

23rd Foot, Gentleman Cadet George Charles Erskine Rowley, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice R. M. Biddulph, deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863.

27th Foot, Ensign Richard Hamilton to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Twemlow, promoted. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Charles Sumner Pinwill, from 39th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Hamilton. Dated 9th October, 1863.

The first Christian name of Ensign Murray is *Kenelm*, and not *Kennelon*, as previously stated.

30*th Foot*, Lieutenant John William Green to be Captain, by purchase, vice N. W. Massey, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign James Cooke to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Green. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Richard Gumbleton, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cooke. Dated 9th October, 1863.

36*th Foot*, William Archibald Smail, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Brown, transferred to 7th Dragoon Guards. Dated 9th October, 1863.

37*th Foot*. For Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, Thomas Smith, from 23rd Foot, to be Paymaster, *vice Taylor, who resigns*, which appeared in Gazette of 23rd June, 1863.

Read &c., &c., vice Taylor, *who resigns that appointment.*

38*th Foot*, Lieutenant George William Frederick Snell to be Captain, without purchase, vice J. F. C. Boyle, deceased. Dated 7th June, 1863.

Ensign Benjamin Parnell Bromhead to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Snell. Dated 7th June, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet James Webber Smith from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bromhead. Dated 9th October, 1863.

39*th Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Charles John Myers' from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign' without purchase, vice Pinwill, transferred to the 27th Foot. Dated 9th October, 1863.

53*rd Foot*, Gentleman Cadet Murray Dine Messiter, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Charles Irvine, whose appointment, as stated in Gazette of 22nd ultimo, has been cancelled. Dated 9th October, 1863.

58*th Foot*, Lieutenant George Marriner to be Captain, without purchase, vice H. J. Wynyard, deceased. Dated 24th July, 1863.

Ensign Donald George Anderson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Marriner. Dated 24th July, 1863.

59*th Foot*, Lieutenant William John Frampton to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant L. C. Brown, promoted. Dated 15th August, 1863.

67*th Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Coxen to be Captain, without purchase, vice Arthur Forbes Robertson, deceased. Dated 25th July, 1863.

Ensign Henry William Pollard to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Coxen. Dated 25th July, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Francis John Tidy, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Pollard. Dated 9th October, 1863.

69*th Foot*, Captain and Brevet-Major George Hughes Messiter to be Major, without purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Heatly, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles West Hill to be Captain, without purchase, vice Messiter. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Robert Lestock Thorpe to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hill. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign William Newman, from 5th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Thorpe. Dated 9th October, 1863.

75*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Thomas H. Butt to be Captain, by purchase, vice Frederick Cornwall, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign George Frederick Chambers to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Butt. Dated 9th October, 1863.

John Gage Lecky, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Chambers. Dated 9th October, 1863.

76*th Foot*, Captain Alexander Stewart Hincks, from 3rd West India Regiment, to be Captain, vice Banks, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign John Talbot to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Richard William Beachey, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Thomas William Best, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Talbot. Dated 9th October, 1863.

83*rd Foot*, Ensign John Olphert Gage to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice William Forbes Anderson, deceased. Dated 18th September, 1863.

Ensign Charles Horrocks, from the 10th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Gage. Dated 9th October, 1863.

85*th Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Musgrave Beadon to be Captain, by purchase, viee Charles Joseph Harford, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Loftus Lewis Astley Cooper to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Beadon. Dated 9th October, 1863.

George Henry Parker Jervis, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cooper. Dated 9th October, 1863.

91*st Foot*, Ensign Francis Secretan R. Voyle, from the 100th Foot, to be Ensign, vice H. R. Rolfe, deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863.

95*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon James Watt, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice John Smeeton Allanby, M.D., deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863.

100*th Foot*, Lieutenant Horatio William Lawrell to be Captain, by purchase, vice H. E. Bayly, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign William Ritchie to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Lawrell. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Francis Secretan R. Voyle, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Ritchie. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet John Mitchell Elliot, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Voyle, transferred to 91st Foot. Dated 10th October, 1863.

109*th Foot*, The Commission of Ensign Thomas Verit Shepherd to be antedated to 3rd December, 1861, which will give him rank in the regiment next below Ensign George Simpson.

2*nd West India Regiment*, Lieutenant Annesley Eyre, from half-pay, 90th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Henry Kean, who retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Richard Edward Derby Ness to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Eyre, who retires. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Turner Warner Burt., Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Ness. Dated 9th October, 1863.

3rd West India Regiment, Captain William Banks, from 76th Foot, to be Captain, vice Hincks, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

5th West India Regiment, Captain James Morris Toppin, from 5th Foot, to be Captain, vice Mathew, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

DEPOT BATTALION.

Surgeon-Major James Townsend Oswald Johnston, M.D., who retires upon half-pay, to have the honorary rank of Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 9th October, 1863.

STAFF.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Carey, C B., upon half-pay, 40th Foot, to be Deputy Adjutant-General to the troops serving in New Zealand. Dated 9th October, 1863.

UNATTACHED.

Lieutenant Irving Francis Kennedy, from the 41st Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 9th October, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon William Kelman Chalmers, M.D., from half-pay, late 19th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major J. T. O. Johnston, M.D., of a Depôt Battalion, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Surgeon William Johnstone Fyffe, M.D., from the 5th Dragoon Guards, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Ovens, who exchanges. Dated 9th October, 1863.

John Williamson Heather, Gent., to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 24th September, 1863.

Abraham Augustus Stewart, M.D., to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 24th September, 1863.

BREVET.

Colonel Charles Bertie Symons, retired full-pay, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Major-General. Dated 20th September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel George William Powlett Bingham, C.B., half-pay, late 64th Foot, Assistant Adjutant-General Manchester, having completed the qualifying service, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonel. Dated 20th September, 1863.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Heatly, retired full-pay, 69th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Colonel. Dated 9th October, 1863.

The Commission as Brevet-Colonel of Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Ouvry, C.B., half-pay, 9th Lancers, has been antedated to 5th February, 1863.

Major William Bayly, retired full-pay, 8th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Paymaster John Sargent, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Quartermaster Otho Vialls, retired upon half-pay, late 3rd Dragoon Guards, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 9th October, 1863.

The promotion of the undermentioned Officers to be dated *3rd August*, 1863, and to be in succession to General John Oldfield, Royal Engineers, deceased, and not as stated in the Gazette of 2nd instant. :—

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Miller, Unattached, as Colonel.

Major Patrick Robertson, 25th Foot, as Lieutenant-Colonel.

Captain James Robert Mann, Royal Engineers, as Major.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in continuation of those published in the Gazette of 2nd instant, in succession to General Earl Beauchamp, deceased :—

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Johnson, Major Unattached, to be Colonel. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Claude Thomas Bourchier, Rifle Brigade, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 9th September, 1863.

Captain Richard King Freeth, on the Seconded List of the Royal Artillery, to be Major. Dated 9th September, 1863.

India Office, 9th October, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces :

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

BREVET.

To be Colonel in the Army, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 31st January, 1859 :

Lieutenant-Colonel Donald Martin Stewart. Dated 20th July, 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon John Barton Harrison, M.D., to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 13th April, 1863.

Surgeon John Price Kelly to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 1st July, 1863.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Thomas Moss McHutchin. Dated 10th June, 1863.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant William Robert Mesham. Dated 18th February, 1861.

MADRAS ARMY.

Lieutenant Josiah Huddleston, of the 41st Native Infantry, having completed fifteen years service, to be Captain by Brevet. Dated 3rd July, 1863.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Torin Thatcher. Dated 10th June, 1863.

BOMBAY ARMY.

17th Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Charles Blunt La Touche to be Captain, vice Griffith (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 27th July, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Macclesfield Forbes Cousmaker to be Lieutenant, vice La Touche, promoted. Dated 27th July, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Assistant-Surgeon William Davey to be Surgeon, vice Hamilton, retired. Dated 1st July, 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

The undermentioned Officers to take rank from the dates specified:

Surgeon John Young Smith, from 27th September, 1861.
Surgeon Robert Nicholson, M.D., from 8th October, 1861.
Surgeon William Carrey Coles, M.D., from 27th October, 1861.
Surgeon Joseph Furlonge Shekleton, M.B., from 31st December, 1861.
Surgeon James George Fraser, M.D., from 31st January, 1862.
Surgeon John Reynolds (retired), from 6th April, 1862.
Surgeon John Frederick Steinhauser, from 2nd May, 1862.
Surgeon Frederick William Harris, from 4th June, 1862.
Surgeon James McAdam Hyslop, M.D., from 12th June, 1862.
Surgeon William Crawford Brown, M.D., from 25th August, 1862.
Surgeon Robert Gillman Lord, M.D., from 10th September, 1862.
Surgeon John Grant Nicolson, M.D., from 25th October, 1862.
Surgeon Robert Millar, M.D., from 27th November, 1862.
Surgeon John Henry Wilmot, M.D., from 18th December, 1862.
Surgeon Charles George Wiehe, M.D., from 1st January, 1863.
Surgeon John Thom Sanderson, M.D., from 7th January, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The Christian names of Captain Bolton, whose appointment to the Bombay Staff Corps was announced in the Gazette of 13th January last, are *Hely Frederick*.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 6th instant.]

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers.

Anthony Powell Traherne, late Captain 17th Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 12th August, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

Prince Albert's Own Leicestershire Regiment of Volunteer Cavalry.

John Gibson, Esq., late Captain 17th Lancers, to be Adjutant, from the 18th September, 1863, vice Jackson, placed on a retired allowance from that date.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Bedford.

Bedfordshire Regiment of Militia.

John Hilbert Tate, Gent, to be Lieutenant. Dated 7th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

12th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Samuel William Seward to be Captain. Dated 5th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Ralph Bates in the 13th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Henry Tait in the 17th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, *and County of the City of* Chester.

13th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Basil Hall to be Captain, vice Bates, resigned. Dated 30th September, 1863.
Ensign George Taylor to be Lieutenant, vice Hall, promoted. Dated 30th September, 1863.
George Gimson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Taylor, promoted. Dated 30th September, 1863.

17th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Goode Johnson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Tait, resigned. Dated 30th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham.

Robin Hood Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Hall, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 6th October, 1863.

Mansfield or 4th Nottinghamshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Charles Seeley to be Captain, vice Salmond, resigned. Dated 6th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

4th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held in this Corps by Honorary Chaplain the Reverend George Allen, Ensign Rowland Barker, and Ensign Thomas Lawrie, jun. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

48th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to remove Ensign James Henry Worthy from the Commission which he holds in this Corps. Dated 30th September, 1863.

Whitehall, July 21, 1863.

The Right Honourable Sir William Erle, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed Edward Brydges Hardisty, of No. 43, Great Marlborough-street, in the county of Middlesex, Gen-

tleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Middlesex, also in and for the city and liberties of Westminster, and the city of London.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 44.)—CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—TABLE BAY.

Green Light on the Breakwater.

The Colonial Government at the Cape of Good Hope has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of Novemb r, 1863, a light will be established on the staging forming the outer arm of the works now in progress in Table Bay.

The light will be a *fixed green* light, visible when bearing from south round by west to north. It will be placed at an elevation of 25 feet above high water, but the distance at which it will be seen is not given.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The light is intended to guide vessels entering Table Bay from a too close proximity to the breakwater, and will be shifted outwards as the works proceed. It will not be seen until vessels are eastward of Mouille Point light.

[All bearings are Magnetic. Variation 29° 45′ West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,
W. V. Read, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
28th September, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Table Bay, No. 1920 ; Cape of Good Hope, No. 636 ; and Africa, Sheet 4, No. 596. Also, Africa, South and East Coasts, p. 3.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 6, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of eighteen dhows, names unknown, captured on the dates stated below, by Her Majesty's ship "Lyra :"—one dhow on 20th March, 1861 ; one dhow on 22nd March, 1861 ; one dhow on 25th March, 1861 ; one dhow on 27th March, 1861 ; one dhow on 1st April, 1861 ; one dhow on 3rd April, 1861 ; one dhow on 6th April, 1861 ; one dhow on 8th April, 1861 ; two dhows on 11th April, 1861 ; three dhows on 12th April, 1861 ; two dhows on 13th April, 1861 ; one dhow on 14th April, 1861 ; two dhows on 17th April, 1861.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution ; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Independent Chapel, situated at Wistanswick, in the parish of Stoke-upon-Tern, in the county of Salop, in the district of Market Drayton, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 10th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 11th day of September, 1863.

W. Manly Wilkinson, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a building, named the Baptist Chapel or the Hoghton-street Chapel, situate at Hoghton-street, Southport, in the parish of Northmeols, in the county of Lancaster, in the district of Ormskirk, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 1st day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 3rd day of October, 1863.

William Parr, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the building, called Gibson-street Chapel, situated at Gibson-street, in the district of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, being disused as a place of religious worship, the register thereof for the solemnization of marriages, was, on the 5th day of October, 1863, cancelled by the Registrar-General.

Witness my hand this 7th day of October, 1863.

George Forster, Superintendent Registrar.

Surrey.

KINGSTON HIGHWAY DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the day appointed for the First Meeting of the Highway Board of the said district is Saturday, the 9th day of April, 1864, and not Wednesday, as appears through a clerical error in the copy of the Order of the Court constituting the above-mentioned district, which was published in the London Gazette of the 17th July last.

Woronzow Greig, Clerk of the Peace for the said County.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 26th day of September, 1863.

The under-mentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Accounts in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 6th day of October, 1863.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
New Sarum Bank	Salisbury	Pinckney, Brothers ...	7,590

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, October 8, 1863.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 7th day of October, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	28,820,090	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	14,170,090
		Silver Bullion	—
	£28,820,090		£28,820,090

Dated the 8th day of October, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	11,141,227
Rest	3,736,695	Other Securities	22,591,537
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	9,510,057	Notes	7,051,715
		Gold and Silver Coin	685,947
Other Deposits	12,893,642		
Seven days and other Bills ...	777,032		
	£41,470,426		£41,470,426

Dated the 8th day of October, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF CORN, per Quarter (IMPERIAL MEASURE), in England and Wales, for the QUARTER ending Michaelmas, 1863.

WHEAT.	BARLEY.	OATS.	RYE.	BEANS.	PEAS.
s. *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
45 7	32 2	22 6	33 4	39 6	36 5

HENRY FENTON JADIS, *Comptroller of Corn Returns.*

Corn Department, Board of Trade, September 26, 1863.

WEEKLY RETURNS of the Quantities and Price of BRITISH CORN, IMPERIAL MEASURE, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise in the following Cities and Towns in ENGLAND and WALES, from which the Prices that govern Duty are calculated conformably to the Act of the 5th Victoria, cap. 14.

Received in the Week ended October 3, 1863.	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		RYE.		BEANS.		PEAS.	
MARKETS.	Quantities.	Price.	Quantities.	Price.	Quantities.	Price.	Quantities.	Price.	Quantities.	Price.	Quantities.	Price.
	Qrs. Bs.	£ s. d	Qrs. Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs. Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs. Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs. Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs. Bs.	£ s. d.
London	2535 0	5753 16 0	1081 0	2039 17 3	143 0	152 6 9	71 0	116 19 0	198 0	367 10 6	201 0	430 16 0
Uxbridge	75 4	171 7 0	—	—	8 0	8 15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chelmsford	3975 7	8721 0 6	1379 6	2519 18 3	107 0	105 19 6	—	—	407 5	702 17 0	184 4	317 13 6
Colchester	1981 0	4434 14 7	2827 1	5030 6 3	98 4	112 17 6	—	—	25 0	43 5 0	25 0	43 15 0
Romford	1011 0	2330 11 0	843 0	1672 18 0	—	—	—	—	10 0	18 0 0	40 0	65 0 0
Chipping Ongar	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saffron Walden	926 6	1870 15 1	509 3	902 13 0	30 0	31 0 0	—	—	23 4	41 15 6	3 0	6 0 0
Braintree	2076 0	4421 14 10	488 2	883 4 6	—	—	—	—	10 0	18 0 0	—	—
Hertford	80 0	167 11 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Royston	560 5	1138 3 0	624 0	1138 15 0	33 0	31 7 0	—	—	20 5	38 9 0	—	—
Bishop Stortford	1069 4	2212 13 10	250 6	447 1 0	106 0	110 12 0	—	—	118 6	222 1 6	9 2	18 5 4
St. Albans	145 5	331 16 0	5 0	8 5 0	13 0	13 0 0	—	—	—	—	12 4	25 0 0
Hemel Hempstead	—	—	20 0	39 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hitchin	398 2	867 19 4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aylesbury	109 4	240 8 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Buckingham	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
High Wycombe	34 0	66 4 0	10 0	15 5 0	11 0	9 18 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Newport Pagnel	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oxford	205 0	418 10 0	571 4	1079 7 0	64 0	68 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Banbury	1331 4	2873 13 5	70 4	125 7 6	125 0	129 15 0	—	—	17 0	34 6 0	20 0	42 0 0
Henley	190 0	408 12 0	37 0	66 7 0	—	—	—	—	22 0	46 6 0	12 2	21 16 9
Witney	413 4	902 5 6	82 0	149 3 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chipping Norton	49 0	105 12 3	70 0	120 16 0	16 0	16 16 0	—	—	10 0	18 5 0	—	—
Warminster	811 0	1764 15 6	229 0	455 13 0	7 0	7 14 0	100 0	152 10 0	—	—	—	—
Swindon	296 0	635 8 0	15 0	28 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Devizes	736 4	1493 9 0	497 0	897 5 9	40 0	46 0 0	20 0	34 0 0	36 4	83 19 0	11 0	22 0 0
Salisbury	534 0	1083 1 6	173 0	329 0 6	—	—	15 0	24 0 0	—	—	—	—
Troubridge	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chippenham	168 4	349 10 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windsor	88 4	208 18 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reading	409 0	913 1 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Abingdon	194 4	429 0 6	100 0	200 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maidenhead	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Numb. 22779. 4881

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1863.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, October 10, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the State Apartments of Windsor Castle will be closed to the Public on and after Wednesday, the 14th instant, until further orders.

Foreign Office, October 10, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward van Cutsem as Consul at Calcutta for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. A. Havenith as Consul at Bombay for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

Crown Office, October 13, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Tamworth.

John Peel, of Middleton Hall, in the county of Warwick, Esq., in the room of John Villiers Stuart Townshend, commonly called Viscount Raynham, now Marquis Townshend, summoned to the House of Peers.

ORDER REGULATING THE USE OF LOCOMOTIVES WITHIN THE DIVISION OF FREEBRIDGE MARSHLAND, IN THE COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the Highways or Turnpike Roads within the Division of Freebridge Marshland, in the county of Norfolk, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public;

I do, hereby, by virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this Order, under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever, propelled by steam, or any other than animal power, on or along any highway or turnpike road within the said Division of Freebridge Marshland, in the county of Norfolk, except between the hours of ten at night and seven in the morning.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 9th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

ORDER REGULATING THE USE OF LOCOMOTIVES ON THE WADESMILL TURNPIKE ROAD, &c.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the Roads from the Town of Cambridge to the Wadesmill Turnpike Road, in the parishes of Great Cheshill and Little Cheshill, in the county of Essex, and from the said Town of Cambridge to Royston, in the county of Cambridge, and the Highways adjacent thereto, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public;

I do hereby, in virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this Order, under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever, propelled by steam, or any other than animal power, on the above-mentioned turnpike-roads and highways, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand, at Whitehall, this 10th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

Admiralty, 8th October, 1863.

Royal Marine Artillery.

First Lieutenant and Quartermaster Francis Edward Halliday to be Captain, vice Wriford, to half-pay.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Frederick Reynolds to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Thomas Rogers in the Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Supernumerary Lieutenant George Edward Gardiner to be Captain, vice Blackburne, resigned. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Seymour Richard Coxe to be Lieutenant, vice Earle, promoted. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Ensign Horatio Charles Maurice to be Lieutenant, vice Wickham, resigned. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Eardley Wilmot Blomefield Holt, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Coxe, promoted. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Richard Thomas Whittington, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Maurice, promoted. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

3rd Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers.

First Lieutenant Thomas Henton Wood to be Captain. Dated 7th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Edward Pearse to be First Lieutenant. Dated 7th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant Frederick Edward *Pearse* was gazetted in error as Second Lieutenant in the name of Frederick *Pearce*.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 18th ultimo.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Hereford.

5th Herefordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Richard William Partridge to be Lieutenant, vice William Joseph Millard, resigned. Dated 10th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Major John Robinson in the West Kent Regiment of Militia. Dated 6th October, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Henry Wemyss Feilden and Second Lieutenant Edward Pilkington in the 5th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

THE Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury having certified to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in pursuance of the Act, 10 Geo. 4, c. 27, sec. 1, that the actual surplus revenue of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, beyond the actual expenditure thereof, for the year ended the 30th day of June, 1863, amounted to the sum of one million one hundred and fifty-nine thousand two hundred and sixty-three pounds thirteen shillings and eight pence.

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt hereby give notice, that the sum of two hundred and eighty-nine thousand eight hundred and fifteen pounds eighteen shillings and five pence, being one-fourth part of the said surplus of one million one hundred and fifty-nine thousand two hundred and sixty-three pounds thirteen shillings and eight pence, will be applied, under the provisions of the said Act, between the 11th day of October, 1863, and the 31st day of December, 1863, to the following purposes; viz.:

	£.	s.	d.
To be applied towards the Reduction of the National Debt	289,815	18	5
Add Interest receivable on account of Donations and Bequests, to be applied to the purchase of Stock	5,630	9	11
	£295,446	8	4

National Debt Office, October 10, 1863.

A. Y. Spearman, Comptroller-General.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 6, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of eighteen dhows, names unknown, captured on the dates stated below, by Her Majesty's ship "Lyra:"—one dhow on 20th March, 1861; one dhow on 22nd March, 1861; one dhow on 25th March, 1861; one dhow on 27th March, 1861; one dhow on 1st April, 1861; one dhow on 3rd April, 1861; one dhow on 6th April, 1861; one dhow on 8th April, 1861; two dhows on 11th April, 1861; three dhows on 12th April, 1861; two dhows on 13th April, 1861; one dhow on 14th April, 1861; two dhows on 17th April, 1861.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Forehoe and Humbleyard, in the county of Norfolk, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the

Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the King's Head Inn, Wymondham, on Friday, the 30th day of October, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Forehoe and Humbleyard aforesaid.

H. Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, October 12, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Tendring, in the county of Essex, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Police Station, at Mistley, on Friday, the 30th day of October, 1863, at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Tendring aforesaid.

Henry Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Innlad Revenue, Somerset House,
London, October 12, 1863.

A RETURN shewing the Amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks, in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the Four Weeks ending the 10th October, 1863.

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commissioners.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	54,720 1 7	109,995 2 11
To Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	.....	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	.....	4,417 8 10
Total	£54,720 1 7	£114,412 11 9
POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	83,750 0 0	.....
To Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	4,417 8 10	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	.....	.....
Total	£88,167 8 10	.....

Total Amounts on the 10th October, 1863, at the credit of—

The Fund for the Banks for Savings	£40,265,337 11 4
The Post Office Savings' Banks Fund	2,740,255 11 8
Total	£43,005,593 3 0
Ditto—by last Monthly Account	£42,977,118 4 4

C. J. BOTT, Check Officer,
National Debt Office, 12th October, 1863.

A. Y. SPEARMAN,
Comptroller-General.

Romford Union.—Romford Parish.

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the parish of Romford, in the county of Essex ;—

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said parish is situate ;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the population of the parish of Romford, in the county of Essex, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas, at a meeting of the Vestry of the said parish, held in the said parish, after public notice in that behalf, on Friday, the twenty-eighth day of August last, it was resolved,—

"That the Churchwardens be instructed to "apply to the Poor Law Commissioners to "make an Order under their Seal of Office "that the Act 13 and 14 Victoria, cap. 57, "be put in force in this parish, so far as it "relates to the appointment of a Vestry "Clerk."

And whereas the Churchwardens of the said parish have made their application in writing to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the above resolution.

Now, therefore, we, the Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct:—

ARTICLE I.—That so much of the said Act, passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to prevent the hold-"ing of Vestry or other Meetings in Churches, "and for regulating the appointment of Vestry "Clerks," as relates to the appointment of a Vestry Clerk, shall forthwith be applied to and be put in force within the said parish of Romford.

ARTICLE II.—And we hereby order and direct, that a copy of this Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of office, this fifth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

H. Fleming, Secretary.

India Office, October 13, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice,—

That, with reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office under date the 21st April last, the amount for which Tenders for Bills of Exchange will be received at the Bank of England, on Wednesday, the 21st instant, on the terms stated in that Advertisement, will be Rupees 30,00,000, of which not more than Rupees 12,00,000 will be drawn on the Government of Bombay, and Rupees 2,00,000, on that of Madras.

Thomas George Baring.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Chapel, situated at Broadway, in the parish of Broadway, in the county of Worcester, in the district of Evesham, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 5th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 6th day of October, 1863.

John Wadams, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Bethesda Chapel, situated at Stanley-street, in the township of Brightside Bierlow, in the parish of Sheffield, in the county of York, in the district of Sheffield, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 6th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 7th day of October, 1863.

Joseph Spencer, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Ebenezer, situated at Colwyn, in the parish of Llandrillo-in-Rhos, in the county of Caernarvon, in the district of Conway, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 7th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 8th day of October, 1863.

William Hughes, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named St. John the Evangelist, situate at or near the South-parade, in the parish of St. James, Bath, in the county of Somerset, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 6th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85 ; being substituted for the registered building now disused, named Pierrepont-place Chapel, in the city and county aforesaid.

Witness my hand this 8th day of October, 1863.

H. P. Hulbert, Superintendent Registrar.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1343. Frederick Osbourn, of Peckham, in the county of Surrey, Tailor, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent, for the invention of "improved apparatus for pressing, smoothing, and finishing garments, or parts of garments."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of May, 1863.

1348. And Eli Ironmonger, of No. 1, Friar-gate, Derby, in the county of Derby, Auctioneer and Upholsterer, and Furniture Dealer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved loose clip and socket joint, applicable to bedsteads, sofas, chairs, and other articles of furniture, and of fencing.

1354. And William Green, of Margaret's-place, Old Ford-road, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the means or method of producing black coloring matters or pigments."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 29th day of May, 1863.

1364. And James Chalmers, of 8, Knight's-place, Vauxhall, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in armour for forts and floating batteries."

1370. And Charles Belcher, of Little Coxwell, in the county of Berks, Farmer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in cutting and transplanting turf, and in apparatus to be employed therein, which apparatus is also applicable to the extraction of weeds and to the planting of seeds, roots, sets, or plants."

1371. And Hiram Craven Coulthard, of Park Iron Works, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in packing for the glands of piston rods and other moving mechanism where it is necessary to prevent the passage of steam or other fluids."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 1st day of June, 1863.

1373. And Abraham Illingworth, of Halifax, in the county of York, Boot and Shoe Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in boots and shoes or similar coverings for the feet, and in the manufacture thereof."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of June, 1863.

1393. And Stephen Blake and Thomas Lee, of Chester, in the county of Chester, Millers, and Robert Dutton, also of Chester aforesaid, Millwright, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of flour and meal mills."

1394. And Hugh Rigby, of Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in steam boilers and furnaces for the consumption of smoke."

1396. And Heinrich Pollack, of the firm of Heinrich Pollack and Co., at Hamburgh, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of scarlet, brown, and orange colors."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 4th day of June, 1863.

1399. And Francis Alton Calvert, of the city of Manchester, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in steam engines, steam boilers, and steam heating apparatus."

1401. And Arthur Quentin de Gromard, of Paris, France, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in musical instruments."

1404. And Joseph Seaman, of Lowesmoor Works, Worcester, Agricultural Implement Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in implements to be used in the cultivation of the soil."

1406. And John Henry Johnson, of No. 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in smoothing irons."—A communication to him from abroad by the Society, Jean Charles and Company, of Marseilles, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 5th day of June, 1863.

1407. And William Armitage Brown, of No. 3, Victoria-terrace, Hawks-lane, in the city of Canterbury, in the county of Kent, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an indicator for railway trains."

1410. And Charles Edward Newcomen, of 20, Ovington-square, Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the treatment of peat and other substances containing moisture."

1419. And William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of kites."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Louis Horsin, of the Rue de Rivoli, Paris, France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 8th day of June, 1863.

1429. And Benjamin Dobson, of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker, and Daniel Greenhalgh, of the same place, Manager, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in machinery or apparatus for preparing cotton ond other fibrous substances."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of June, 1863.

1443. And Thomas Adams, of No. 5, Alfred-terrace, Spa-road, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in slide and other valves, and apparatus connected there-therewith."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of June, 1863.

1449. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in obtaining and applying motive power, and in apparatus for the same."—A communication to him from abroad by Antoine Merlanchon, Director of the French Transatlantic Pascal Engine Company, of 25, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

1451. And Michael Henry, of 84, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in treating floss silk and silk waste, and in apparatus for the same, and other like purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Torne fils, of 33, Boulevard Saint Martin, Paris, France.

1455. And Charles Louis Van Tenac, of Tredegar, Monmouthshire, South Wales, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved daily balance book, with moveable or sliding tickets or slips."—A communication to him from abroad by Emile Cauderon, of 25, Rue de Penthiévre, Paris.

1457. And William Walton, of Smethwick, in the county of Stafford, Coppersmith, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved pneumatic hammer, useful also for punching and stamping metals."

1460. And Edwin Owen Hallett, of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in the county of Dorset, Cabinet Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in constructing the sides of ships batteries and fortifications, and in applying armour plates thereto."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 11th day of June, 1863.

1465. And Francis Alton Calvert and Francis Calvert, both of the city of Manchester, Engineers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for burring, ginning, cleaning, and carding cotton and other fibrous substances."

1476. And George Davidson, of Mugie Moss, in the county of Aberdeen, Paper Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of paper bags, and in the machinery employed therein."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 12th day of June, 1863.

1479. And Thomas Wrigley, of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, Paper Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for filtering or cleansing water or other fluids."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of June, 1863.

1523. And William Naylor, of Queen's-road, Dalston, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for compressing, holding, and regulating the pressure of gas."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of June, 1863.

1539. And Joseph Watts, of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, Accountant Clerk, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for the manufacture of malt."

1541. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of leaden pipes."—A communication to him from abroad by Augustin Henri Hamon, of Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 19th day of June, 1863.

1569. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for charging air or gases with combustible vapours."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Chapa and Jacques Charrié, both of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, Gas Engineers.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of June, 1863.

1601. And Jules Ouarnier Mathieu, of Paris, France, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in twisting machines, particularly applicable to the manufacture of strings, strands, ropes, or cables."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of June, 1863.

1672. And Andrew Gower, of Market Drayton, in the county of Shropshire, and Benjamin Smyth Gower, of the same place, Agricultural Engineers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved sowing and harrowing machine."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of July, 1863.

1692. And George Haseltine, of the International Patent Office, No. 12, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in brick machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Isaac Gregg, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of July, 1863.

1830. And William Naylor, of Queen's--road, Dalston, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in safety valves, and in apparatus connected therewith."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of July, 1863.

1832. And Peter Rothwell Jackson, of the Rolling Mills, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for rolling hoops and tyres."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of July, 1863.

2152. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved machinery for sawing irregular forms of wood."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Vrooman, of New York, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 31st day of August, 1863.

2162. And George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough-park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of illuminating gas."—A communication to him from abroad by Dr. William Elmer, a person resident at New York, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of September, 1863.

2205. And John Crowgey Lott, of Clyro (near Hay), in the county of Radnor, National Schoolmaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for turning over the leaves of music."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of September, 1863.

2213. And Walter Henry Tucker, of 6, Southampton-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Lock Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the modes of propelling and steering vessels."

2228. And Edward Oliver, Engineer, and George Myers, Draughtsman, both of Rotherham, in the county of York, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for lowering and disengaging boats from vessels."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 9th day of September, 1863.

2233. And Matthew Andrew Muir, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Machinist, and James McIlwham, of the same place, Machinist have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for winding yarns or thread."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of September, 1863.

2237. And William Taylor, of Lawton Iron Work, Shiffnal, in the county of Salop, Iron Master, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron rods, and in machinery to be employed in the said manufacture."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of September, 1863.

2314. And Ignazio de Angelis, of Naples, in the Kingdom of Italy, Captain in the Army, at present residing at 54, Greek-street, Soho, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved apparatus for obtaining motive power."—A communication to him from abroad by the inventor Federico Salomone, of Chieti, in Abruzzi, in the Kingdom of Italy.

2317. And Thomas Edward Vickers, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of cast steel tyres."—A communication to him from abroad by Jacob Mayer, of Bochum, in the Kingdom of Prussia.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 19th day of September, 1863.

2331. And Thomas Barnabas Daft, of Harlesden, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of iron ships and vessels, and in sheathing the same."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of September, 1863.

2336. And Charles Maitland, of Alloa, in the county of Clackmannan, North Britain, Brewer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in mashing apparatus."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of September, 1863.

2394. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in musical instruments."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Etienne Dorgal Jules François Guesné and François Coré, all of Paris, in the Empire of France.

2397. And Ezekiel Williams Bullard, of the State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new and useful machine or carriage for turning and spreading hay, and for other useful agricultural purposes."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 30th day of September, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

CONTRACT FOR MAKING UP SEAMEN'S CLOTHING.

Department of the Comptroller for Victualling, Somerset-House, October 2, 1863.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 15th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to enter into a contract for making up all such Seamen's Clothing as may from time to time be required for the use of the Crews of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels at the Port of

PLYMOUTH,

from the date of Contract to the 16th July, 1864, inclusive.

No tender will be noticed unless made for the whole of the articles named in the conditions of contract, which may be seen at the said office, and at the office of the Superintendents of Her Majesty's Dockyard at Plymouth.

No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the said office, and at the above Dockyard.

No tender will be received after half-past one o'clock, on the day of treaty; and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an agent on his behalf, should attend at the office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Making up Seamen's Clothing," and must also be delivered at Somerset House, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering in the sum of £500 for the due performance of the contract.

CONTRACT FOR HOLD-ALLS FOR THE ROYAL MARINES.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling, Somerset-House, October 2, 1863.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 15th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at Deptford, all such quantities of

LINEN HOLD-ALLS

(for the use of the Royal Marines),

as may from time to time be demanded, under a contract for twelve months certain, and further until the expiration of three months' warning.

A pattern hold-all may be seen at the Royal Marine Office, New-street, Spring-gardens, between the hours of eleven and two o'clock.

No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the above Department.

Particular attention is called to the conditions of the contract, which may be seen at the above Department.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty, and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an agent on his behalf, should attend at the Office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Hold-alls," and must also be delivered at Somerset House, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £200 for the due performance of the contract.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 3rd day of October, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11833
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	25958
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	21817
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4911
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	18299
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	33417
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	15195
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23846
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	70583
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	15096
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	9360
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	24768
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15332
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20646
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	53716
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	28635
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	22493
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	35676
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	25752
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12752
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	41972
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20096
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12156
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2881
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	10207
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	49581
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	27565
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	21001
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2836
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	16986
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	30896
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	37406
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3774
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	18429
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	75194
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6904
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9453
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	42211
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	27596
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6644
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10215
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	64155
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	84960
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	8442
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	38424
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	97164
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	52997

Numb. 22780. 4923

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1863.

Foreign Office, October 14, 1863.

THE following Despatch has been addressed by Earl Russell to Sir Alexander Malet, Her Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Diet of Frankfort:

Foreign Office,

SIR, *September* 29, 1863.

YOUR Despatch of the 21st ins ant, shews in a convincing manner, that the state of affairs between Germany and Denmark is becoming very serious.

You state that a Report of a Committee has been presented to the Diet, from your analysis of which it appears that the framers of this Report recommend Federal execution in the Duchy of Holstein; that the Report is to be considered on the 1st of October, and if adopted, execution will take place three weeks afterwards, the shortest interval of time, you observe, which the Constitution of the Diet allows.

It appears further, that the grounds upon which the resolution of Federal execution is to be based, are of the widest description.

The Report says, "The aim of the execution consists unmistakably in carrying out the Diet's Decrees of the 11th of February and the 12th of August, 1858, of the 8th of March, 1860, of the 7th of February, 1861, and the 9th of July, 1863, in so far as this has not already been done, and at the same time in fulfilment of the declared engagement entered into by the Royal Rescript of the years 1851–2, with reference to the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg, that is to say, to establish between the said Duchies, together with Sleswig, and the kingdom of Denmark Proper, a general constitution connecting them by a common union (gleichartiger herbande) which should secure the independence and equal rights of each, in such wise that no one part should be subordinated to another; and likewise for the establishment of provincial constitutions for the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg, possessing a representation with competence of final decision."

It is impossible for Her Majesty's Government to shut their eyes to the gravity of the proposition which the Diet have to consider.

Had the report of the Committee gone no further than to affirm that the Royal Letters Patent do not fulfil the resolutions of the Diet as to the Duchy of Holstein; that the Duke of Holstein has no right to dispose of the money of Holstein without the consent of its representatives; that he has no right to enact laws for Holstein but in concurrence with the Diet of Holstein; that the long delays of the Danish Government to come to a satisfactory arrangement have made Federal execution necessary, Her Majesty's Government, although they would still have lamented the interference of the German Diet at this particular time, could not have denied that the principles asserted were the sound, and indeed the fundamental principles of constitutional government.

But it cannot be pretended that the constitution of the whole Danish Monarchy can be subject to the jurisdiction of the German Confederation.

If the representatives of the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg are to have a *veto* on the proceedings of the Danish Parliament and of the Danish Government, it is obvious that measures the most necessary for the defence of Denmark against a foreign enemy may be hindered, the whole action of the Danish monarchy may be paralysed, and the integrity and independence of Denmark may be seriously impaired.

Her Majesty, by the Treaty of London of May 8, 1852, is bound to respect the integrity and independence of Denmark. The Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia have taken the same engagement.

Her Majesty could not see with indifference a military occupation of Holstein, which is only to cease upon terms injuriously affecting the constitution of the whole Danish monarchy.

Her Majesty's Government could not recognize this military occupation as a legitimate exercise of the powers of the Confederation, or admit that it could properly be called a Federal execution.

Her Majesty's Government could not be indifferent to the bearing of such an act upon Denmark, and upon European interests.

Her Majesty's Government therefore earnestly entreat the German Diet to pause, and to submit the questions in dispute between Germany and Denmark to the mediation of other Powers, unconcerned in the controversy, but deeply concerned in the maintenance of the peace of Europe and the independence of Denmark.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) RUSSELL.

P.S. You are desired to give the President of the Diet a copy of this Despatch.

Foreign Office, October 15, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Charles S. Ogden as Consul at Quebec for the United States of America.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of M. Paul Grimblot as Agent Vice-Consul at Moulmein for His Majesty the Emperor of the French.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. A. B. Vidler as Consul at Rye for His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh-Schwerin.

(1204.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 13, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of an Ordinance of the Senate of Hamburg, forwarded by Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at that place, and dated the 25th September, extending the existing legal enactments with respect to the Customs and Excise duties, until the end of the year 1863.

(1213.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 15, 1863.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, containing a Proclamation issued by the President of the United States, opening the Port of Alexandria, Virginia, to commercial intercourse.

(1212.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 15, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Washington, enclosing, as follows, a copy of a circular issued by the Treasury of the United States to the Agents of that Department, "concerning trade with and in States declared in "insurrection, and concerning abandoned and "captured property," together with a summary of the most important provisions in the revised regulations presented by the United States Secretary of the Treasury.

To the Special Agents of the Treasury Department.

GENTLEMEN.—The President of the United States, having, by proclamation of July 1, 1862, declared and proclaimed that the States of South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee, North Carolina, and the State of Virginia, except the following counties, Hancock, Brooke, Ohio, Marshall, Wetzel, Marion, Monongalia, Preston, Taylor, Pleasants, Tyler, Ritchie, Doddridge, Harrison, Wood, Jackson, Wirt, Roane, Calhoun, Gilmer, Barbour, Tucker, Lewis, Braxton, Upshur, Randolph, Mason, Putnam, Kanawha, Clay, Nicholas, Cabell, Wayne, Boone, Logan, Wyoming, Webster, Fayette and Raleigh, are in insurrection and rebellion:—

And having also by proclamation on the 31st of March, 1863, revoked certain exceptions made by his former proclamation, dated August 16, 1861, and declared that the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and Virginia (except the forty-eight counties of Virginia designated as West Virginia, and except, also, the ports of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal, and Beaufort, in North Carolina), are in a state of insurrection against the United States, and that all commercial intercourse, not licensed and conducted as provided in said act, between the said States and the inhabitants thereof, with the exceptions aforesaid, and the citizens of other States, and other parts of the United States, is unlawful, and will remain unlawful until such insurrection shall cease or has been suppressed, and notice thereof has been duly given by proclamation; and all cotton, tobacco and other products, and all other goods and chattels, wares and merchandise coming from any of said States, with the exceptions aforesaid, into other parts of the United States, or proceeding to any of said States, with the exceptions aforesaid, without the license and permission of the President, through the Secretary of the Treasury, will, together with the vessel or vehicle conveying the same, be forfeited to the United States.

And the act of Congress "further to provide for the collection of duties on imports and for other purposes, approved July 13, 1861," having authorized said proclamation, and the license and regulations referred to.

And the act of Congress supplementary to said act of July 13, 1861, approved May 20, 1862, having conferred additional powers on said Secretary, and prescribed further conditions of trade.

And the Act of Congress approved March 12, 1863, entitled "an Act to provide for the collection of abandoned property and for the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts within the United States," having declared

"That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury, from and after the passage of said Act, as he shall from time to time see fit, to appoint a special agent or agents to receive and collect all abandoned or captured property in any state or territory, or any portion of any state or territory of the United States, designated as in insurrection against the lawful government of the United States by the proclamation of the President of July 1, 1862: Provided, that such property shall not include any kind or description which has been used, or which was intended to be used, for waging or carrying on war against the United States, such as arms, ordnance, ships, steamboats, or other water craft, and the furniture, forage, military supplies, or munitions of war."

And further, "That any part of the goods or property received or collected by such agent or agents may be appropriated to public use on due appraisement and certificate thereof, or forwarded to any place of sale within the loyal States, as the public interests may require; and that all sales of

such property shall be at public auction to the highest bidder, and the proceeds thereof shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States."

And further, "That he shall cause a book or books of account to be kept, showing from whom such property was received, the cost of transportation and the proceeds of the sale thereof."

And further, "That any person claiming to have been the owner of any such abandoned or captured property may, at any time within two years after the suppression of the rebellion, prefer his claim to the proceeds thereof in the Court of Claims; and on proof, to the satisfaction of said Court, of his ownership of said property, of his right to the proceeds thereof, and that he has never given any aid or comfort to the present rebellion, to receive the residue of such proceeds after deducting the expenses of transportation and sale of said property, and any other lawful expenses attending the disposition thereof."

And further, "That it shall be the duty of any officer or private of the regular or volunteer forces of the United States, or any officer, sailor or marine in the naval service of the United States, upon the inland waters of the United States, who may take or receive any such abandoned property, or cotton, sugar, rice, or tobacco, from persons in such insurrectionary districts, or have it under his control, to turn the same over to an agent appointed as aforesaid, who shall give a receipt therefor; and in case he shall refuse to do so, he shall be tried by a court martial, and punished as said court shall order, with the approval of the President of the United States."

And the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy having respectively made and published orders, for the enforcing of said acts.

The following regulations are prescribed for the government of the several supervising, assistant, and local special agents and agency aids, appointed to carry said Acts and the regulations made under them into effect; and for the purpose of conducting the commercial intercourse licensed and permitted by the President, and preventing the conveyance of munitions of war and supplies to insurgents, or to localities declared to be in insurrection against the United States, or in such quantities that there will be imminent danger of their falling into the possession or under the control of insurgents; and are published, together with the proclamations and license of the President, the several Acts of Congress and the orders of the Secretaries of War and of the Navy, for the information of parties interested.

All officers charged with the execution of these regulations, while using necessary vigilance to prevent supplies to rebels, either directly or by undue accumulation at points where there will be imminent danger of their falling into their hands, and in collecting abandoned or captured property, will be careful to occasion as little inconvenience as possible to any legitimate trade or intercourse, or to loyal people.

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Sept. 11, 1863.

The President has considered and approved the revised trade regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for the government of the limited commercial intercourse between the citizens of the loyal States and the inhabitants of States and parts of States heretofore declared to be in insurrection. The Secretary has given the most careful consideration to the subject, and, while many of the former restrictions have been removed, due provision has been made to prevent the rebels from benefiting by the regulations.

The general supervising special agents, now five in number, are required, after conference with the Generals commanding departments, when possible, and with their sanction, unless unavoidable circumstances prevent the obtaining of it, to designate by known geographical boundaries, or by the enumeration of counties, that portion of the territory included in their agencies respectively, with which trade may be safely permitted, and report such designation to the Secretary. The part of territory so designatad shall be called the trade district; and no transportation of goods, except as specially provided for, shall be permitted beyond the lines of such district. If it shall appear that, beyond the lines of national military occupation, there is some territory within which the supply of necessaries is required by humanity and sound policy, while trade cannot yet be safely re-established, then the supervising special agent, with the sanction of the General commanding the department, but in no case without his sanction, and subject to revocation and modification by the Secretary, may in like manner designate the portion of territory in their respective agencies to which goods may be properly permitted for individual and family supply, but for no other purpose. The territory so designated shall be called the supply district, and no goods shall be transported thereto for resale, except as provided by regulation. Authorized traders, except in the cities of Memphis and Nashville, and such other cities or towns as may hereafter be designated by the Secretary, with the concurrence and approval of the General commanding the department, shall not sell goods to others to be resold by them, but shall sell only to persons for their own individual family or plantation use. In Memphis, Nashville, and other cities after designation, authorized traders may sell goods to other traders for the purpose of resale upon the certificate of the proper local special agent. Persons and families residing in these cities may purchase supplies for their own consumption at any trade store therein without any permit or certificate, but goods so sold shall not be transported out of the said cities without the permit of the proper officer. Upon the request of the general commanding the department the establishment of one or more trade stores in any city or town of a supply district may be authorized under the same regulations as trade stores are established in trade districts, and subject to military orders. But the authority to establish such stores may be revoked and such stores discontinued whenever the public interest may require it. All proper and loyal persons may apply in the prescribed form for authority to purchase, for money other than gold or silver, any of the products of the country within the lines of national military occupation in the agency, except when prohibited by the general commanding the department, or other special military order, and to transport the same to market, on executing a proper bond. Every permit to purchase or sell cotton, tobacco, or other merchandise within any place or section in a State heretofore declared in insurrection, after commercial intercourse therewith, shall have been permitted by the Secretary of the

Treasury, and every permit to transport the same thereto, therein, or therefrom, shall clearly define the character and quantity of the merchandise. Boats and vessels may be cleared, and merchandise not prohibited may be permitted, from any port which has been blockaded, but opened by proclamation, upon payment of such fees only as were chargeable therefor before the blockade was declared, but subject to prescribed regulations, and upon giving bond not to land or discharge any of such merchandise at any intermediate point, except under permit authorised by the regulations. But no goods, wares, or merchandise shall be shipped or transported from and out of such opened port, except under permits granted upon compliance with the regulations and local rules and payment of prescribed fees.

The above are a few of the most important provisions. The modified regulations are to supersede those of March 31 last, and all others conflicting with them. All permits granted and acts done in pursuance of former regulations are to be valid and effectual until the 15th of October next, unless the regulations shall have been sooner received and made known at the place of such permits or acts.

HARBOURS, AND WORKS AFFECTING TIDAL WATERS, OR NAVIGATION.

THE following Memorandum is published for the information and guidance of Harbour Authorities and other persons interested in Works situate in Tidal Waters;

MEMORANDUM.

"General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861."

"General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, Amendment Act."

"Harbours Transfer Act, 1862."

"Railways Clauses Act, 1863."

THE attention of promoters of harbour works, as well as of parties objecting to such works, is especially directed to the enactments and regulations relating to Provisional Orders. (See Part III.)

46 Geo. 3. c. 153, s. 1.

I.—NOTICES OF WORKS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN TIDAL WATERS.

By an Act for the Preservation of the Public Harbours of the United Kingdom, 1806, *it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

"From and after the passing of this Act, it "shall not be lawful for any person or persons to "make, construct, or erect any pier, quay, wharf, "jetty, breast, or embankment in or adjoining to "any public harbour in the United Kingdom, or "any river immediately communicating therewith, "so far as the tide flows up the same, without "giving at least one month's previous notice of "his, her, or their intention so to do to the Secre-"tary of the Admiralty, who is to lay the same "before the Lord High Admiral or Lords Com-"missioners of the Admiralty for the time being."

25 & 26 Vict., c. 69, s. 15.

By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, *it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

"From and after the thirty-first day of Decem-"ber, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, "the Act of the forty-sixth year of King George "the Third (chapter one hundred and fifty-three) "'For the preservation of the public harbours of "'the United Kingdom,' shall be read as if the "Board of Trade were therein named instead of "the Admiralty."

All notices therefore which have hitherto been deposited at the Admiralty under 46 Geo. III., c. 153, must after the 31st December, 1862, be deposited at the Board of Trade.

II.—BILLS IN PARLIAMENT AFFECTING HARBOURS, TIDAL WATERS, OR NAVIGATION.

The Standing Orders of the House of Commons, No. 32, and the Standing Orders of the House of Lords, No. 182, Clause Three, contain the following requirements, viz.:—

"In cases where the work shall be situate on tidal "lands within the ordinary spring tides, a copy of "the plans and sections shall, on or before the "thirtieth day of November, be deposited at the "offices of the Board of Admiralty and of the "Board of Trade."

The Standing Orders of the House of Commons, No. 39, contain the following requirements, viz.;—

"On or before the twenty-third day of Decem-"ber, a printed copy of every bill relating to any "dock, harbour, navigation pier or port, shall be "deposited in the office of the Board of Ad-"miralty and in the office of the Board of "Trade."

14 and 15 Vict., c. 49, s. 2.

By the Preliminary Inquiries Act, 1851, *it is provided as follows, viz:—*

"Whenever application shall be made to Parlia-"ment for a bill whereby power is sought to "construct any works on the shore of the sea, or "of any creek, bay, arm of the sea, or navigable "river communicating therewith, or to construct "any bridge, viaduct, or other work, across any "creek, bay, arm of the sea, or navigable river, or "to construct any work affecting the navigation "of any harbour, Port, tidal water, or navigable "river, it shall be lawful for the Lord High "Admiral, or for the Lords Commissioners for "executing the office of Lord High Admiral, to "require the promoters of such Bill to deposit at "the office of the Admiralty, in addition to the "plans, sections, or other documents which may "have been deposited at such office, in compliance "with the standing orders of either House of "Parliament, all such statements and other docu-"ments as the said Lord High Admiral or Lords "Commissioners shall deem necessary to explain "the objects of the intended application to Parlia-"ment, and the proposed interference with such "tidal lands or navigation, as the case may be."

25 and 26 Vict., c. 69, s. 3.

By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, *it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

"Whenever after the end of the present Session "of Parliament application is made to Parliament "for any such bill as is described in 'The Pre- "liminary Inquiries Act, 1851,' the Board of Trade "may exercise the powers by that Act given to "the Admiralty; and in relation to every such "bill that Act shall be read as if the Board of "Trade were therein named instead of the "Admiralty."

The documents heretofore required by the Admiralty under the Preliminary Inquiries Act, in addition to those required by the standing orders, must, therefore, in the case of bills of the coming and future sessions, be deposited with the Board of Trade instead of with the Admiralty.

These documents consist of an ordnance map, or a chart of the locality, with the exact site and extent of the proposed works laid down thereon.

26 & 27 Vict., c. 92.

By the Railways Clauses Act, 1863, *which will, like the original Railways Clauses Consolidation Act*, 1845, *be incorporated with future private Acts, it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

Protection of Navigation.

Sect. 13.—"Where the Company is authorized "by the Special Act to construct, alter, or extend "any work on, in, over, through, or across tidal "lands or a tidal water, the Company shall, on or "near the work, during the whole time of the "constructing, altering, or extending thereof, "exhibit and keep burning at their own expense, "every night from sunset to sunrise, such lights "(if any) as the Board of Trade from time to time "requires or approves; and (notwithstanding the "enactments for the time being in force respect- "ing lighthouses) shall also on or near the work, "when completed, always maintain, exhibit, and "keep burning, at their own expense, every night "from sunset to sunrise, such lights (if any) for "the guidance of ships as the Board of Trade "from time to time requires or approves.

"If the Company fails to comply in any re- "spect with the provisions of the present section, "they shall for each night in which they so fail be "liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty "pounds."

Sect. 14.—"Where the Company is authorized "or required by the Special Act to construct a "bridge over a navigable tidal water, and the "special Act does not make express provision "respecting the span or spans thereof, then "the Company shall construct the same with "a span or spans of such headway and waterway, "and with such opening span or spans (if any), "and according to such plan, as the Board of "Trade directs or approves."

Sect. 15.—"Where the Company constructs a "bridge with an opening span, it shall not be "lawful for the Company to detain any vessel, "barge, or boat at the bridge for a longer time "than may be necessary for admitting a carriage "or engine traversing the railway and approaching "the bridge to cross the bridge, and for opening "the bridge to admit the vessel, barge, or boat to "pass; and the Company shall be subject to and "shall abide by such regulations with regard to "the user of the bridge as may from time to time "be made by the Board of Trade.

"If the Company detains a vessel, barge, or "boat longer than the time aforesaid, or fails in "any respect to abide by any such regulation as "aforesaid, they shall for every such offence be "liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, "without prejudice to any remedy against them "for any loss or damage sustained by any person."

Sect. 16.—"Where the railway cuts off access "between the land and a tidal water or tidal "lands, then and in every such case the Company "shall, during the construction of the railway, "and from time to time thereafter, make, and "shall permanently maintain, and allow to be "used by all persons, at all times, free of toll or "other charge, all such footways and carriage- "ways over, under, or across the railway, or on a "level therewith, as the Board of Trade from "time to time directs or approves: Provided "always, as follows:

(1.) "The Company shall not be obliged to "make a footway or carriageway over "lands for the use of an owner or occu- "pier who has agreed to receive and "has been paid compensation for the "severance thereof from the tidal water "or tidal lands:

(2.) "The Company shall not be obliged to "make, or to allow to be made, a foot- "way or carriageway in such manner as "would interfere with the working or "using of the railway:

(3.) "The expense of the making and main- "tenance of a footway or carriageway "required to be made after the con- "struction of the railway shall be de- "frayed by the persons or body inte- "rested in the tidal water or tidal lands "for whose benefit or convenience the "same is required:

"Where the footway or carriageway is made "across the railway on the level, then the manner "of the making and watching of the level crossing "shall be subject to the approval of the Board of "Trade; and where the level crossing is made "after the construction of the railway, then all "expenses attending the watching thereof shall "be defrayed by the persons or body interested in "the tidal water or tidal lands for whose benefit "or convenience the same is required."

Sect. 17.—"Where the Company is authorised "by the Special Act to construct a railway skirt- "ing a public navigable tidal river or channel, "the Company shall not make any deviation of "the railway from the continuous centre line "thereof marked on the plan deposited by them "at the Board of Trade, even within the limits of "deviation shown on that plan, in such manner as "to diminish the navigable space, without the "previous consent of the Board of Trade, or "otherwise than in such manner as is expressly "authorised by the Board of Trade.

"If any deviation is made in contravention of "the present section, the Board of Trade may "abate and remove the work in the construction "whereof the deviation is made, or any part "thereof, and restore the site thereof to its former "condition, at the expense of the Company; and "the amount of such expense shall be a debt due "from the Company to the Crown, and be reco-"verable accordingly, with costs, or the same "may be recovered, with costs, as a penalty is "recoverable from the Company."

Sect. 18.—"If a work constructed by the Com-"pany on, in, over, through, or across tidal lands "or a tidal water is abandoned, or suffered to fall "into decay, the Board of Trade may abate and "remove the work, or any part of it, and restore "the site thereof to its former condition, at the "expense of the Company; and the amount of "such expense shall be a debt due from the "Company to the Crown, and be recoverable "accordingly, with costs, or the same may be "recovered, with costs, as a penalty is recoverable "from the Company."

Sect. 19.—"If at any time the Board of Trade "deems it expedient, for the purposes of the "Special Act, or of this part of this Act, to order "a survey and examination of a work constructed "by the Company on, in, over, through, or across "tidal lands or tidal water, or of the intended site "of any such work, the Company shall defray the "expense of the survey and examination; and the "amount thereof shall be a debt due from the "Company to the Crown, and be recoverable "accordingly, with costs, or the same may be "recovered, with costs, as a penalty is recoverable "from the Company."

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24 & 25 Vict., c. 45. 25 Vict., c. 19.

III.—PROVISIONAL ORDERS UNDER "THE GENERAL PIER AND HARBOUR ACT, 1861," AND "THE GENERAL PIER AND HARBOUR ACT, 1861, AMENDMENT ACT."

By the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, *Amendment Act, it is provided as follows, viz.:*—

Sect. 3.—"Any person intending to make "application to the Board of Trade for a Provi-"sional Order relative to a pier or harbour, which "persons are hereinafter called the promoters, "shall, in the months of October and November, "or either of them, immediately preceding the "application for the Provisional Order, publish "notice of their intention by advertisement, "according to the regulations contained in "Schedule (B), Part I, to this Act."

Sect. 4.—"On or before the thirtieth day of "November immediately preceding the applica-"tion for the Provisional Order, the promoters "shall deposit the documents described in Schedule "(B), Part II, to this Act, according to the regu-"lations therein contained."

Sect. 5.—"On or before the twenty-third day "of December in the same year, the promoters "shall deposit the documents mentioned in Sche-"dule (B), Part III, to this Act, according to the "regulations therein contained."

SCHEDULE (B) to 25 Vict., cap. 19, referred to in the above Sections.

PART I.—*Advertisement in October or November of intended Application.*

(1.) "Every advertisement is to state—

"1. The objects of the intended application, "specifying any of the following objects, "when comprised among the objects of "the application:

"(*a.*) Extension of time for the com-"pletion of any works already authorised:

"(*b.*) Power for a Company to amalga-"mate with another:

"(*c.*) Power to sell, purchase, lease, or take on lease, an undertaking:

"(*d.*) Amendment or repeal of any local "or special Act of Parliament, or of any "former Provisional Order:

"(*e.*) Power to levy any tolls, rates, or "duties, or to alter any existing tolls, "rates, or duties:

"(*f.*) The conferring, varying, or ex-"tinguishing of any exemption from tolls, "rates, or duties, or of any other right or "privilege:

"(*g.*) Constitution or alteration of con-"stitution of any harbour authority.

"2. A general description of the nature of the "proposed new works, if any.

"3. The names of the parishes, townlands, "townships, and extra-parochial places, "in which the proposed new works, if "any, will be made.

"4. The times and places at which the deposit "under Part II of this schedule will be "made.

"5. An office, either in London, or at the place "to which the intended application re-"lates, at which printed copies of the "draft Provisional Order, when depo-"sited, will be purchaseable as herein-"after approved.

"(2.) The whole notice is to be included in "one advertisement, which is to be headed, with "a short title descriptive of the undertaking or "application.

"(3.) The advertisement is to be inserted once "at least in each of two successive weeks in some "one and the same newspaper published in the "city, town, or place where the proposed works "will be made, or where the pier or harbour to "which the intended application relates is situate; "or if there be no such newspaper, then in some "one and the same newspaper published in the "county in which such city, town, or place, or "some part thereof, is situate; and if there be "none, then in some one and the same newspaper "published in some adjoining or neighbouring "county.

"(4.) The advertisement is also in every case "to be inserted once at least in the London "Gazette if the place to which the intended "application relates is situate in England or "Wales, in the Edinburgh Gazette if such place "is situate in Scotland, or in the Dublin Gazette "if such place is situate in Ireland."

PART II.—*Deposit on or before 30th November.*

"(1.) The promoters are to deposit—
"1. A copy of the advertisement published by them.
"2. A proper plan and section of the proposed new works, if any; such plan and section to be prepared according to such regulations as may from time to time be made by the Board of Trade in that behalf.

"(2). The documents aforesaid are to be deposited for public inspection—
"1. In England or Ireland, in the office of the Clerk of the Peace for every county, riding, or division; in Scotland, in the office of the Principal Sheriff-Clerk for every county, district, or division in which any proposed new work will be made, or in which the pier or harbour to which the intended application relates, or any part thereof, is situate.
"2. At the custom-house, if any, of the port, sub-port, or creek to which the intended application relates.
"(3). The documents aforesaid are also to be deposited in the offices of the *Admiralty** and of the Board of Trade."

PART III.—*Deposit on or before 23rd December.*

(1.) "The promoters are to deposit at the Office of the Board of Trade—
"1. A memorial of the promoters, signed by them or one of them, headed with a short title descriptive of the undertaking or application (corresponding with that at the head of the advertisement), addressed to the Board of Trade, and praying for a Provisional Order.
"2. A printed draft of the Provisional Order as proposed by the promoters.
"3. An estimate of the expense of the proposed new works, if any, signed by the person making the same.

(2.) "They are also to deposit printed copies of the Draft Provisional Order for public inspection at the Custom-house (if any) of the port, sub-port, or creek to which the application relates.

(3.) "They are also to deposit a sufficient number of such printed copies at the office named in that behalf in the advertisement; such copies to be there furnished to all persons applying for them at the price of not more than one shilling each."

The Board of Trade, acting in exercise of the powers given to them by the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, *Amendment Act, have made the following regulations:—*

1. The plans and sections to be deposited in pursuance of section 4, of the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, must be such plans and sections as would be required by the Standing Orders of the House of Commons, if the Promoters, instead of applying for a Provisional Order, were proceeding by Private Bill.

2. The Draft Provisional Order which is to be deposited at the Board of Trade on or before the 23rd December must be deposited in triplicate, accompanied by a copy of every private or local Act, charter, deed, or other document of a like nature which is referred to therein.

3. The Promoters must be prepared to prove compliance with the provisions of the Act concerning deposit and publication by the 10th January. Six days notice will be given of the day and hour at which the Promoters are to attend for the purpose at the Board of Trade. Printed forms of proof will be supplied, which should be filled up by the Promoters, and brought with the requisite documents to the Board of Trade at the time fixed for proof.

4. Any objections to the Provisional Order which it is intended to urge on the Board of Trade, must be sent in to that office before the 1st February. A copy of such objections must also be sent, at the same time, to the promoters; and in forwarding the objections to the Board of Trade the objectors, or their agents, should state that this has been done.

5. The Board of Trade will entertain and consider objections founded on alleged injury to public interests, or alleged violation of admitted principles, *e.g.*, "That the proposed work will "injure a public harbour," or "That tolls are to "be imposed on ships which will derive no benefit "from them;" and they will not proceed with any Provisional Order to which valid objections of this description are shown to exist. Objections arising out of competition, or out of opposition between local interests, they will only attempt to settle, provided the parties are willing to abide by their decision. When the parties cannot come to terms, the Board of Trade will not order a local inquiry, or attempt to anticipate the decision of Parliamentary Committees.

6. The Bill for confirming Provisional Orders will be brought in on the 1st March, or as soon after that date as possible. And all preliminary questions must be determined and the Provisional Orders must be finally settled and signed before that date.

By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, *it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

Sect. 12.—"From and after the end of the "present session of Parliament, any provision of "the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, "Amendment Act, requiring any deposit of documents to be made at the Admiralty Office, shall "be repealed."

Sect. 14.—"From and after the end of the "present session of Parliament, the following "sections of the General Pier and Harbour Act, "1861, Amendment Act, and all provisions relative thereto in any other Act or in any Provisional Order of the Board of Trade contained, "shall be read and construed as if the Board of "Trade were named in the said sections instead "of the Admiralty; namely, sections seven, eight, "nine, ten, and eleven."

IV.—AS TO WORKS WHEN THEY HAVE BEEN SANCTIONED BY PARLIAMENT.

25 and 26 Vict., c. 69.

By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, *it is provided as follows, viz.:—*

Harbours, Docks, and Piers Clauses Act, 1847.

Sect 5. "With respect to any special Act that "may be passed after the end of the present "session of Parliament, the following sections of "the Harbours, Docks, and Piers Clauses Act, "1847, and all provisions relative thereto in that

* *See* Section 12 of Harbours Transfer Act, referred to below.

"Act or in any such future special Act contained, "shall be read and construed as if the Board of "Trade were named in the said sections instead "of the Admiralty; namely, sections twelve, "thirteen, sixteen, eighteen, and nineteen."

Railway Clauses Consolidation Acts, 1845.

Sect. 6. "With respect to any special Act that "may be passed after the end of the present "session of Parliament, sections seventeen of the "Railways Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, and "the Railways Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) "Act, 1845, respectively, and all provisions "relative thereto in the said Acts or any such "future special Act contained, shall be read and "construed as if the Board of Trade were named "in the said sections instead of the Admiralty."

Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860.

Sect. 7.—"With respect to applications made "after the thirty-first day of December, one "thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, under "the Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860, section forty-"one of that Act, shall be read as if the Board of "Trade were therein named instead of the "Admiralty."

Special Acts for Railways, Harbours, &c.

Sect. 8.—"Where any special or local or local "and personal Act, or Act of a local or local and "personal nature, already passed or to be passed "before the end of the present Session of Parlia-"ment,—

"(1.) Authorizing or regulating the construc-"tion of a Railway, or the execution "of any work whatever, situate on or "affecting tidal lands, or the shore of "the sea, or of any navigable river, "where and so far up the same as the "tide flows and reflows; or,

"(2.) Authorizing or regulating the construc-"tion or improving of a harbour, dock, "or pier, or works connected therewith, "by any company, body corporate, "commissioners, trustees, undertakers, "persons or person; or

"(3.) Constituting or altering or regulating the "constitution of any harbour or con-"servancy authority; or

"(4.) Altering or regulating the powers or "duties of any harbour or conservancy "authority,—

"contains either expressly or by incorporation or "reference or otherwise, any provision for any of "the purposes following:—

"For preventing the construction or execution "of any work or the doing of any thing "without the consent or approval of the "Admiralty, or for authorizing or re-"quiring any work to be constructed, exe-"cuted, or maintained, or any thing to be "done with the consent, or on the requi-"sition, or to the satisfaction of the Ad-"miralty:

"For empowering the Admiralty to exercise "any authority concerning lifeboats, mor-"tars, rockets, tide gauges, or barometers "to be provided by any undertakers:

"For empowering the Admiralty to make a "local survey or examination at the ex-"pense of any company, body, or person:

"For empowering the Admiralty, in case of "any work being abandoned or suffered "to fall into disuse or decay, or in any "other case, to abate, remove, or alter, "any work or any part of it, or restore the "site thereof to its former condition, at "the like expense:

"For empowering the Admiralty to exercise "any authority concerning light to be "maintained at night during the construc-"tion or execution of any work:

"For empowering the Admiralty or the first "Lord of the Admiralty to nominate or "appoint a member or members of any "board or body of trustees, commissioners, "or conservators, or of any harbour or "conservancy authority:

"For empowering the Admiralty to determine "any dispute or difference between or "among any bodies or persons:

"For empowering the Admiralty, or the First "Lord of the Admiralty, to nominate or "appoint any arbitrator, referee, or um-"pire, or any engineer, inspector, or officer, "or any person to fill any place or dis-"charge any duty under such Act:

"or any other provision for the protection, manage-"ment, or regulation of harbours or navigation, "or for the exercise of any control or power over "or in relation to any harbour authority, or any "other provision in anywise relating to conser-"vancy, or authorising or requiring any act or "thing concerning harbours or navigation or con-"servancy, to be done by or in relation to the "Admiralty,—

"Then from and after the thirty-first day of "December, one thousand eight hundred and "sixty-two, such Acts and all enactments relative "thereto shall be read and construed as if in the "respective provisions aforesaid the Board of "Trade were named instead of the Admiralty, "and the President of the Board of Trade instead "of the First Lord of the Admiralty."

V.—Reservation of Admiralty Jurisdiction in certain Cases.

By the 9th Clause of the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz.:—

"Where it appears to the Admiralty that the "interests of Her Majesty's Naval Service require "that the whole or any part of any harbour, "port, bay, estuary, or navigable river, in, on, "or adjoining to which there is or shall be any of "Her Majesty's Dockyards, Victualling Yards, "Steam Factory Yards, Arsenals, or Naval "Stations, should be excepted, either entirely or "in some respects, out of the operation of the last "foregoing section, the Admiralty may give "notice in writing to the Board of Trade, that "any such harbour, port, bay, estuary, or "navigable river as aforesaid, or such part thereof "as is in the notice specified, is to be deemed so "excepted, either entirely or in the respects therein "mentioned; and every such notice shall be pub-"lished by the Admiralty in the *London, Edin-"burgh*, or *Dublin Gazette* (according as the "place affected may be in England, Scotland, and "Ireland), and thereupon the harbour, port, bay, "estuary, or navigable river to which such "notice relates, or the part thereof therein speci-"fied, shall, either entirely or in the respects "therein mentioned, as the case may require, be "and remain as if this Act had not been passed."

The Admiralty have, in pursuance of the said Act, given notice to the Board of Trade that they reserve the following harbours and parts of harbours mentioned below, and have inserted such notice in the *Gazette*.

1. Dockyards, Victualling-yards, Steam Factory-yard, Arsenals, or Naval Stations.	2. Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries, or Navigable Rivers.	3. Extent of the several Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries, or Navigable Rivers, specified in Column 2, on which the above-written Notice operates.
1. Portsmouth Dockyard and Steam Factory and Naval Station Royal Clarence Victualling-yard at Gosport	1. Portsmouth Harbour, Fareham, Porchester, and Fountain Lakes	1. So much as is comprised within the following limits :— On the east, a line drawn from the Coast Guard Station at 1¼ nautic miles to the westward of Eastoke Point, and running in a direction S. by W. ¾ W. (true) to the eastern end of the Princessa Shoal. On the south, a line passing to the southward of the S.E. Princessa Black Buoy, in a direction due west to low-water mark at Culver Cliff, on the eastern side of the Isle of Wight, on the S.W., the low-water line of the eastern and northern shores of the Isle of Wight to Egypt Point, including Cowes Roadstead, but not Cowes Harbour. On the west and north-west, a line drawn from Egypt Point to the West Bramble Buoy, and so on round the west end of the Bramble Sand to the N.W. Bramble Buoy, and thence in a direct line to a point named Hill Head. On the north, the line of high-water mark between Hill Head and the Coast Guard Station, near Eastoke Point, including Portsmouth and Langstone Harbours.
2. Portland Naval Station	2. Portland and part of Weymouth Bay	2. So much as is comprised within a line drawn due east (true) from Sandfoot Castle, just south of the town of Weymouth, meeting a line drawn in a direction north by east (true) from Grove Point, the east point of Portland.
3. Devonport Dockyard, Keyham Steam Factory-yard, Royal William Victualling-yard and Naval Station	3. Hamoaze, Tamar, Tavy, and Cutwater	3. So much as is comprised within the following limits :— On the south a line drawn across the entrance of Plymouth Sound, from Penlee Point on the west; to the Shagstone on the east, and all the waters of the Sound and Hamoaze, including Devonport and all the bays, creeks, lakes, pools, and rivers, as far as the tide flows within or to the northward of the above-mentioned line.
4. Pembroke Dockyard and Naval Station	4. Milford Haven and the River Cleddaw	4. So much as is comprised within the following limits :— A line drawn south (true) for a distance of one nautic mile from Saint Ann's Lower Lighthouse, and from thence along by the Middle Channel Black Buoy to Sheep Island, and up Milford Haven, and the River Cleddaw to Blackpool Bridge on the east, and from Haverfordwest on the north-west, and the waters of Milford Haven and the River Cleddaw, and all the bays, inlets, pills, and creeks, wherever the tidal waters extend within the aforesaid limits.
5. Woolwich Dockyard and Naval Station	5. The Thames	5. So much as is comprised within the following limits :— From the north-west angle of the Dockyard near Charlton Pier, to the eastern or lower end of the Dockyard wharf wall. Also the river fifty fathoms from the centre of the moorings.

1. Dockyards, Victualling-yards, Steam Factory-yard, Arsenals, or Naval Stations.	2. Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries, or Navigable Rivers.	3. Extent of the several Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries, or Navigable Rivers specified in Column 2, on which the above-written Notice operates.
6. Chatham and Sheerness Dockyards and Naval Stations	6. The Medway ...	6. So much as is comprised within the following limits:— From the Great Nore, by Sheerness and Chatham, to Rochester Bridge, thence about ten miles further up the river to the first lock between Aylesford Bridge and Allington Castle, and all creeks and inlets whereever the tide flows.
7. Deptford Dockyard, Victualling-yard, and Naval Station	7. The Thames	7. So much as is comprised within the following limits:— From the north end of the Victualling-yard to the lower side of Deptford Creek, and fifty fathoms from the centre of the moorings.
8. Dover Admiralty Pier	8. Part of Dover Bay ...	8. So much as is comprised within the following limits:— From Archcliff Fort on the west to Guilford Battery on the east, including the Inner Tidal Harbour, the Admiralty Pier, and all the approaches thereto, and seaward for a distance of one mile from the shore.
9. Greenhithe	9. The Thames	9. So much as is comprised within the following limits:— On the north-west Greenhithe Pier, and on the south-west a pier near the east end of the Ingress Abbey Grounds, and anywhere within fifty fathoms of the mooring buoys laid for swinging Her Majesty's ships.
10. Falmouth	10. Falmouth Harbour, Penryn Creek, and Truro River	10. So much as is comprised within the following limits;— On the south a line drawn from Pendennis Castle on the west to St. Anthony's Point on the east, and the harbour and all the bays, rivers, creeks, and pills as far as the tide flows within or to the northward of the above-mentioned line.
11. ———	River Mersey	11. So much of the river as is by the Act 5 and 6 Vict., cap. 110, within and under the jurisdiction and authority of the Conservancy Commissioners, by that Act constituted.

Board of Trade, Marine Department,
6th October, 1863.

T. H. FARRER.

War Office, Pall Mall,
16*th October*, 1863.

98*th Regiment of Foot.*

Major-General Robert Henry Wynyard, C.B., to be Colonel, vice General William Lindsay Darling, deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863.

War Office, Pall Mall,
16*th October*, 1863.

4*th Regiment of Dragoon Guards*, Captain John Clerk, from Rifle Brigade, to be Captain vice Augustus Gladwyn Churchill Inge, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

5*th Dragoon Guards*, Henry John Blumberg, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Edward Llewellyn Thomas, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

7*th Hussars*, Lieutenant Richard Topham to be Captain, by purchase, vice John B. Phillipson, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Cornet John Gaspard Watkins Le Marchant to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Topham. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Ensign Gerald Montgomery Porter, from 15th Foot, to be Cornet, vice Le Marchant. Dated 16th October, 1863.

19*th Hussars*, Cornet Elliot Alexander Money to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Albert Hearsey, deceased. Dated 22nd August, 1863.

5th Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant William Church Ormond to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant James Hartley, who resigns that appointment. Dated 9th October, 1863.

6th Foot, Lieutenant Frederick Baird, from 55th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Alfred Teevan, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

8th Foot, Captain Honourable Somerset Richard Hamilton Ward, from Adjutant of a Depôt Battalion, to be Captain, vice Tarte, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

10th Foot, Ensign Edward Arthur Illingworth, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Frederick John Granville, who resigns. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Ensign Parnell Thomas Maillard, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henry E. Poole, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Thomas Orton, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Maillard. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Edward Walter Austin, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Illingworth. Dated 17th October, 1863.

13th Foot, Ensign John Arthur Powell Kyte Harwood to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henry Alexander C. Wroughton, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Archibald William Harrison, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Harwood. Dated 16th October, 1863.

15th Foot, Spencer Byng Astley, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Porter, transferred to 7th Hussars. Dated 16th October, 1863.

20th Foot, Lieutenant Harry Russell Bowlby to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant, Joseph Cooke Cox, promoted. Dated 5th July, 1863.

21st Foot, Lieutenant Peter H. Delamere to be Captain, without purchase, vice Crofton Peddie, deceased. Dated 30th September, 1863.

Ensign Edmund Eyre Coote to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Delamere. Dated 30th September, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Robert Frederick Willoughby, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Coote. Dated 16th October, 1863.

41st Foot, Lieutenant Raynsford Taylor, from half-pay late 37th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Irving Francis Kennedy, promoted to an unattached company, without purchase. Dated 16th October, 1863.

43rd Foot, Staff-Surgeon Augustus Frederick Turner to be Surgeon, vice Barclay appointed to the Staff. Dated 16th October, 1863.

55th Foot, Lieutenant Alfred Teevan, from 6th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Frederick Baird, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Thomas Drew, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice William Thomas Thompson, transferred to 83rd Foot. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Staff-Assistant Surgeon Alexander Brebner, M.B., to be Assistant Surgeon. Dated 16th October, 1863.

58th Foot, Ensign William Wordsworth to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Donald George Anderson, whose promotion by purchase on 22nd September, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Walter Hailes, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Wordsworth. Dated 16th October, 1863.

60th Foot, Captain W. Henry Ivimy, from 83rd Foot, to be Captain, vice George Ffrench Stehelin, who exchanges. Dated 17th October, 1863.

76th Foot, Staff Assistant-Surgeon William Edmondson Dudley to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 16th October, 1863.

83rd Foot, Lieutenant Frederick Karslake to be Captain by purchase, vice Frederick Dickinson, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Captain Geo. Ffrench Stehelin, from 60th Foot, to be Captain, vice W. Henry Ivimy, who exchanges. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Ensign George E. Emes Blunt to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Karslake. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Ensign William Thomas Thompson, from 55th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Blunt. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Nicholas Pennefather to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant William Forbes Anderson, deceased. Dated 16th October, 1863.

92nd Foot, Staff Surgeon Alexander Clark Ross, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Reid, appointed to the Staff. Dated 16th October, 1863.

101st Foot, Ensign William Brydon, from the 102nd Foot, to be Ensign, vice Manley C. M. Dixon, transferred to the 8th Foot. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Rifle Brigade, Captain Augustus Gladwyn Churchill Inge, from 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Captain, vice John Clerk, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

1st West India Regiment, Major and Brevet-Colonel George Herbert Frederick Campbell, from half-pay, late Grenadier Guards, to be Major, vice Hughes, promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel 3rd West India Regiment. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Captain Herbert Gauntlett Panter, to be Major by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Campbell, who retires. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Hopewell Smith to be Captain, by purchase, vice Panter. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Ensign Richard Charles Clarke to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smith. Dated 16th October, 1863.

John Edward Bale, Gent., to be Ensign by purchase, vice Clarke. Dated 16th October, 1863.

3rd West India Regiment, Ensign Francis Archibald Stewart to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Alexander Stewart Hincks, promoted. Dated 16th October, 1863.

CAVALRY DEPOT (Maidstone.)

Lieutenant James Stocker Grant Smith, 6th Dragoons, to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant George Luck, 6th Dragoons, who has embarked for India. Dated 9th October, 1863.

DEPOT BATTALION.

Captain Walter John Tarte, from 8th Foot, to be Adjutant, vice Honourable S. R. H. Ward, who exchanges. Dated 16th October, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon Alexander Barclay, M.D., from 43rd Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Turner, appointed to 43rd Foot. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Surgeon Thomas Bassett Reid, from 92nd Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Ross, appointed to 92nd Foot. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Gordon Hammond, M.D., to be Staff-Assistant Surgeon. Dated 16th October, 1863.

CHAPLAIN'S DEPARTMENT.

The Reverend Charles Augustus Wetherall to be Chaplain of the fourth class. Dated 28th February, 1863.

BREVET.

Colonel Burke Cuppage, Royal Artillery, to have the local rank of Major-General while acting as Lieutenant-Governor of Jersey.—Dated 16th October, 1863.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Edwin Weare 50th Foot, having completed five years qualifying service, to be Colonel. Dated 10th April, 1863.

Brevet Major George W. Raikes, half-pay 76th Foot, Staff Officer of Pensioners retired upon full-pay, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Paymaster Horatio Morgan, 43rd Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Quartermaster William Young, who retires upon half-pay, Royal Engineers, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

Henry William Preedy, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

West Somerset Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Captain Ralph Neville-Grenville to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Sir F. Slade, Bart., deceased. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Vincent Stuckey to be Captain, vice Neville-Grenville, promoted. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Cornet Francis Meade Eastment to be Lieutenant, vice Stuckey, promoted. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Staffordshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Michael Lewis Brown to be Captain. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Walter Acton, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 1st October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Colin George Ross in the 26th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, *and County of the City of* Chester.

26th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Peter Gibson Cunliffe, Gent., to be Ensign, vice C. G. Ross, resigned. Dated 5th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant Henry James Dowse in the 3rd Hampshire Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 8th October, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Thomas Harvey in the 18th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

6th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Horatio Compigné to be Captain, vice Purvis, resigned. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

1st Forfarshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Inverwick, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Clark, resigned. Dated 12th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

3rd Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Martin Wiener to be Captain. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Ensign William Edward Wilcox to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th October, 1863.

William Bell Harrison, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 10th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The date of Lieutenant Alcock's Commission in this Corps has been altered to the 12th of June, 1862.

15th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Charles Hutton Potts in this Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Flint.

1st Flintshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend Henry Roberts, Clerk, to be Honorary Chaplain.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Hugh Scott in the 1st Selkirkshire Rifle Volunteers.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Selkirk.

1st Selkirkshire Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant William Clark, Captain R.N., to be Captain, vice Hugh Scott, resigned. Dated 7th September, 1863.

Ensign Adam Lees Cochrane to be Lieutenant, vice William Clark, promoted. Dated 7th September, 1863.

William Sime to be Ensign, vice Adam Lees Cochrane, promoted. Dated 7th September, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Molineux Hardinge, First Lieutenant George Child, and Second Lieutenant George Smith in the 10th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 10th October, 1863.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 45.)—ENGLAND—ENTRANCE TO THE THAMES.

Sunk Light Vessel.

THE Corporation of the Trinity House, London, has given Notice, that the Sunk Light Vessel at the entrance to the East Swin, has been removed $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles N.E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. from her former position.

The Vessel now lies in $9\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms water at low springs, with the West Rocks buoy open a little eastward of Harwich Church, bearing N.N.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.; the Gunfleet lighthouse W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S., distant $7\frac{3}{10}$ miles; Naze tower N.W. $\frac{3}{4}$ W., $8\frac{8}{10}$ miles; the Shipwash light vessel N.E. $\frac{1}{2}$ N., $12\frac{7}{10}$ miles; S.W. Shipwash buoy N.E., $4\frac{7}{10}$ miles; and the Long Sand Head buoy S.S.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E., $4\frac{8}{10}$ miles.

The vessel is in lat. 51° 49′ 28″ N. long. 1° 31′ 8″ East of Greenwich.

[All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation 20° 15′ West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,

W. V. Read, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
9th October, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—River Thames, Sheet 1, No. 1975, Entrance to the Thames, Sheet 2, No. 1610; approaches to Harwich, No. 2052; English Channel, Sheet 1, No. 2675 *a*; English Channel, No. 1598; England, East Coast, No. 2902 A; North Sea, Sheet 1, No. 1406, and No. 2339. Also, North Sea Pilot, part 3, p. 195; and British Islands Lights list, No. 87.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY RIPON, YORKSHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the city and borough of Ripon, in the county of York; and notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the said city and borough of Ripon, and that the said Act has the force of law within such city and borough.

Given under my hand this 13th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF PARTS OF ACTS BY WHITEHAVEN, CUMBERLAND.

WHEREAS the Board of Trustees of the Port, Harbour, and Town of Whitehaven, in the county of Cumberland, acting as the Improvement Commissioners, exercising powers for sanitary regulations, under the provisions of the Local Acts of Parliament in force within Whitehaven aforesaid, have, at a meeting held by them on the 9th day of October, 1863, duly adopted portions of the Local Government Act, 1858, and of the Local Government Act (1858) Amendment Act, 1861, except so much and such parts of the said Acts as relate exclusively to pleasure grounds and markets, or markets and fairs; and whereas, notice of the adoption of the aforesaid portions of the said Acts has been duly given in writing to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as required by such Act.

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the herein-before described portions of the aforementioned Acts, have been duly adopted within the said town of Whitehaven and the district under the jurisdiction of the Trustees aforesaid, and that, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, the said portions of such Acts have the force of law within the town and district of Whitehaven aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 15th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY HOPWOOD, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Owners and Ratepayers of the township of Hopwood, in the county of Lancaster, that being a place with a population of less than 3,000 by the last census. And whereas proof has been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said township should be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby approve of such adoption by the township of Hopwood aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 15th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT, &C., BY ROYTON, GORTON, AND WESTLEIGH, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, and the Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Act, 1863, have been adopted in the following places; that is to say:—

Royton (Township), Lancashire.
Gorton (Township), Lancashire.
Westleigh (Township), Lancashire.

And whereas notices of such adoption have been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Acts have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, and the Public Works (Manufacturing Districts) Act, 1863, have been adopted in the hereinbefore-named places, and that the said Acts have the force of law within such places.

Given under my hand this 16th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL SALVAGE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 13, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the four Dividends arising from the estate of Messrs. Miles, Beale, and Co., bankrupts, on account of salvage services rendered to the "Agnes," by Her Majesty's ship "Trident," between the 3rd August and the 8th September, 1857, will commence on Tuesday, the 20th instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any salvor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of salvage money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Commander . . .	50	3	8
Third class . . .	14	10	7
Fourth class . . .	9	6	11
Fifth class . . .	5	3	9
Sixth class . . .	4	13	6
Seventh class . . .	3	2	3
Eighth class . . .	1	11	1
Ninth class . . .	1	0	9
Tenth class . . .	0	10	4

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 10, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and net proceeds of the slaver "Clarissa," captured on the 24th July, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Torch."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE, Broughton, parish of Eccleshall, county Stafford.—Pursuant to the provisions of an Act passed in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for Marriages in England." I do hereby give notice that the Right Reverend Father in God John, Lord Bishop of Lichfield, by and with the consent of the Most Reverend Father in God Charles Thomas, by Divine providence Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, by writing under his hand and Episcopal Seal, dated the 23rd day of September last, did revoke a certain licence heretofore granted for the solemnization of marriages, in the Chapel of Broughton, in the parish of Eccleshall, in the county of Stafford, and the diocese of Lichfield, and declared the same null and void.

William Fell, Deputy-Registrar of the Diocese of Lichfield,
Lichfield Close, October 8th, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Congregational Chapel, situated in North-street, in the parish of Holy Trinity, Guildford, in the borough of Guildford, in the county of Surrey, in the district of Guildford, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 26th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 29th day of September, 1863.

W. Haydon Smallpeice, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an award was made on the 29th day of September, 1863, by the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, under the provisions of the 23 and 24 Vict., c. 58, for the division of the funds of the Friendly Society, called the Friendly Brothers Benefit Society, held at the Running Footman, Charles-street, Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.
London, 13th day of October, 1863.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

2473. NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Louis Lefebvre, of No. 9, Cecil-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Physician, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in vapor bath apparatus," was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of October, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

1725. To Thomas Legg, of Northampton-square, in the county of Middlesex, Machinist, and

Richard Griffith, of Exmouth-street, in the county of Middlesex, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of sewing machines."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of July, 1863.

1869. To Roger Dawson, of No. 16, Craven-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "an improved method of annihilating or extinguishing fires."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of July, 1863.

2306. To Louis Francois Chezaud, of No. 3, Rue des Capucins St. Jacques, and Henry Jeremie Christen, of No. 6, Rue Neuve d'Orleans, in the city of Paris, in the Empire of France, for the invention of "improvements in printing postage stamps, bankers' bills, shares, and other similar documents, and in machinery employed therein."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of September, 1863.

2334. To Gustave Maillard de Bayelt, of 16, Stamford-street, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, and Joseph Emile Vigouléte, of 22, Pitt-street, Fitzroy-square, in the county of Middlesex, Analytical Chemist, for the invention of "an improved method of compounding by agglomeration artificial fuel."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 22nd day of September, 1863.

2395. To Henry Edward Skinner, of Shadwell, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "a new kind of conical packing for taps."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of September, 1863.

2405. To Francis Reid, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Produce Broker, for the invention of "collecting and saving the spirit or alcohol generated by spontaneous fermentation in raw sugar, concrete, melado, and molasses, and thrown off during the process of boiling or refining."

2407. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improved apparatus for cleaning rice and other grain."—A communication to him from abroad by Amasa Howe, of New York City, in the United States of America.

2409. And to Percy Leslie, M.D., M.R.C.S., Ed., of No. 8, Windsor terrace, Eastbourne, in the county of Sussex, for the invention of "improvements in preserving the bottoms of ships or vessels and other surfaces from the prejudicial effects of marine animals and vegetables."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 1st day of October, 1863.

2413. To Johann Ernst Friedrich Lüdeke, of No. 2, Stonefield-street, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, and Maurice Fischer, of No. 28, Rue Taitbout, Paris, for the invention of "improvements in obtaining motive power."

2415. To James Tees, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Packing Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in packing for stuffing-boxes and pistons."

2417. To William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved pen holder and feeder."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Marie Laurent, of the Rue du Faubourg, St. Martin, Paris, France.

2419. To William Augustus Torrey, of 65, Beaver-street, New York, in the United States of America, at present residing at 17, Water-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in lubricating the axles of railway carriages."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Wood, a person resident at Red Bank, New Jersey, in the United States of America.

2421. And George Shepherd and William Thomas Shepherd, of Great Grimsby, in the county of Lincoln, trading under the firm of Shepherd and Son, for the invention of "improvements in restoring the crystals of lump or refined sugar which has been divided by saws, and in apparation employed for this purpose."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of October, 1863.

2423. To Joseph Schofield and John Kirk, of Rashcliffe Iron Works, Huddersfield, in the county of York, Millwrights and Machine Makers, and William Spivey, of the same place, Mechanic, for the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

2425. To Edward Brown Wilson, of 10, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron and other metals and in the apparatus employed therein, parts of which are applicable for other purposes where high temperatures are employed, and also for ventilation."

2427. And to Edmund Pratt, of the firm of Messieurs Pratt, Hurst, and Minnitt, of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Lace Manufacturers, for the invention of "improvements in finishing woollen fabrics made on twist lace machinery."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of October, 1863.

2429. To William Hoehl, Christopher Brakell, and William Günther, of the North Moor Foundry Company, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in rotary engines worked by steam, water, or other motive power."

2431. To John Martin Stanley and Jabez Stanley, both of the Midland Works, Sheffield, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in propelling."

2433. To James William Guilmette, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "an improved substitute for whiting, pipe clay, and other analogous substances, to be employed to produce a white coating or surface."

2435. To George Henry Ellis, of Wellington-road, Bromley, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in, and application of, apparatus for aiding the combustion of fuel."

2437. To Thomas Ivory, of Edinburgh, Advocate, for the invention of "improvements in steam engines, and in furnaces and boilers for the same."

2439. And to Robert Pepper, of Saville-street, Sheffield, in the county of York, Brewer's Clerk, for the invention of "an improved machine for pressing or crushing spent hops."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of October, 1863.

2441. To Samuel Mathews, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Gun Maker, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms."

2445. To William Batchelour, of Finsbury Pavement, in the county of Middlesex, Doctor of Medicine, for the invention of "an improved apparatus for moulding and modelling palates, teeth, and gums, for dental purposes."

2447. And to Alexander Johnston, of Comely Bank, near Edinburgh, in the county of Mid-Lothian, North Britain, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements on railway carriages."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of October, 1863.

2151. To Joseph Caddick, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Tool Maker, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of runners, runner notches, and top notches, for umbrellas and parasols."

2453. To Charles Pomeroy Button, of the Patent Hydropult Office, 27, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in lamps, especially applicable to the burning of hydro carbons."—A communication to him from abroad by William Painter, of Fallston, Harford county, Maryland, United States of America.

2455. To Charles Pomeroy Button, of the Patent Hydropult Office, 27, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in harrows."—A communication to him from abroad by Walter Davies Sperry, of Cleveland, Oswego County, New York, United States of America.

2457. To Arthur Rigg, Junior, of George-street, Chester, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for propelling vessels."

2459. To John Gibson, of Ryhope Colliery, Sunderland, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in cast iron pit tubbing."

2461. And to John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the permanent way of railways."—A communication to him from abroad by Miguel de Bergue, of Barcelona, in the Kingdom of Spain.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of October, 1863.

Patents which have become Void.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 10th day of October, 1863.

2401. Charles Cowper, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture or extraction and application of colouring matters from the products of the distillation of coal tar."—Communicated to him from abroad by Joseph Marie Albert Battalier, residing at Avignon, in France.—Dated 4th October, 1860.

2402. John Adams Knight, of the "International Patent Agency," No. 4, Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "a new or improved mode of inflating air-mattresses and air-cushions."—Communicated to him from abroad by John Mellier, Cabinet Maker, of St. Chamond (Loire), France.—Dated 4th October, 1860.

2404. John Sootheran and John Carr, both of Pickering, in the county of York, Agricultural Engineers, for an invention of "improvements in reaping machines."—Dated 4th October, 1860.

2407. James Morris, of Clapham, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in holdfasts and guide pulleys for the cords of venetian blinds for windows."—Dated 4th October, 1860.

2408. Charles Tuckett, Junior, of the British Museum, and No. 3, Bickerton-terrace, Haverstock-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Bookbinder, for an invention of "an improved method of ornamenting book covers, which is also applicable to other purposes."—Dated 5th October, 1860.

2409. Charles Callebaut, Merchant, of 2, Rue St. Appoline, Paris, France, and of 4, South-street, Finsbury, London, for an invention of "improvements in sewing-machines."—Dated 5th October, 1860.

2413. Theodore Mansfield Richardson, of the State of Maine, of the United States of America, for an invention of "a new and useful or improved steering apparatus for navigable vessels."—Dated 5th October, 1860.

2416. William Clegg, of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, Carder, Thomas Wild, of the same place, Manager, and James Tomlinson, of the same place, Machine Maker, for an invention of "improvements in certain machines for preparing cotton and other fibrous materials."—Dated 6th October, 1860.

2421. William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in knitting machinery, and in the mode of operating the same."—Communicated to him from abroad by the McNary Knitting Machine Company, of the city of New York.—Dated 6th October, 1860.

2423. John Platt, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanical Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for forging or shaping cranks on bars of metal."—Dated 6th October, 1860.

2424. Arthur Sarjeant, of Peckham, in the county of Surrey, Surgeon, for an invention of "an improvement in malt liquors."—Dated 6th October, 1860.

2426. Bernhard Samuelson, of Banbury, in the county of Oxford, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in harvesting machines."—Dated 8th October, 1860.

2430. Samuel Whitaker, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Licensed Victualler, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of fluid taps or cocks."—Dated 8th October, 1860.

2433. John Adams Knight, of the International Patent Agency, No. 4, Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "an improved lathe for ribbon-looms."—Communicated to him from abroad by Etienne Calonnier-Peyron, of St. Etienne, in the Department of the Loire, France, Manufacturer.—Dated 8th October, 1860.

2437. Louis Julien Olivier Jolly, Advocate, at Paris Town, in the French Empire, 33, Boulevard St. Martin, for an invention of "improvements in the means of winding up and setting watches."—Communicated to him from abroad

Numb. 22781. 4977

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1863.

War Office, October 17, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel William Richardson, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Commandant of the 44th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Crown Office, October 19, 1863.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Richmond.

Sir Roundell Palmer, Knt., Her Majesty's Attorney-General.

Borough of Plymouth.

Robert Porrett Collier, Esq., Her Majesty's Solicitor-General.

October 20, 1863.

Borough of Reading.

George John Shaw Lefevre, Esq., in the room of Gillery Pigott, Serjeant-at-Law, now one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

Whitehall, October 14, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Charles Brown Cornish, of Sandford, in the county of Devon, Gentleman, Her Royal licence and authority that he may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of his maternal great uncle John Brown, late of Sandford aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Brown, in addition to and after that of Cornish, and bear the arms of Brown quarterly with those of Cornish; such arms being first duly exemplied according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And also to command the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

(1217.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 19, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires in Venezuela, enclosing copy of a Decree, dated the 12th September last, imposing an additional duty of 25 per cent. on imports into that Republic, during a limited time, for the purpose of being applied to the payment of a loan of $300,000.

(1221.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 19, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Paris, containing an Imperial Decree, dated the 7th October, fixing the duty on pure copper or brass, rolled or beaten into bars or sheets, as follows:

In French vessels, or by land, 15f. per 100 kilos., (decimes included).

Admiralty, 14th October, 1863.

Royal Marine Artillery.

First Lieutenant Harry Boscawen Savage to be Lieutenant and Quartermaster, vice Halliday, promoted.

Commissions signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the East Riding of the County of York, *and the Borough of* Kingston-upon-Hull.

East York Artillery Volunteers.

4th Corps (Hull).

Major Edward Augustus Dearman Brooshooft to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Dobson, resigned. Dated 6th October, 1863.

Captain Joseph James Spratt to be Major, vice Brooshooft, promoted. Dated 6th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

3rd Company of Ayrshire Artillery Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Stephen Ewen.

9th Company of Ayrshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain James Young Deans.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.

9th Company of Ayrshire Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant Henry Hay Norie to be Captain, vice Deans, resigned. Dated 4th September, 1863.

James Smithe Taylor to be Lieutenant, vice Norie, promoted. Dated 4th September, 1863.

John Montgomerie to be Ensign. Dated 4th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

Lieutenant Thomas Helier Percival to be Captain, vice David Bilham, resigned. Dated 8th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The 10th and 21st Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps have been united in an Administrative Brigade, which will be numbered as the 4th in the County of Lancaster.

The 23rd and 31st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps have been formed into an Administrative Battalion, which will be numbered as the 7th in the County of Lancaster.

The 13th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps has been struck off the records of the War Office, and will henceforth cease to hold any number or place in the Volunteer Force of the County; and Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to dispense with the services of First Lieutenant Anthony Richardson and Honorary Chaplain the Reverend Thomas Preston Ball in that Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers:

Lieutenant Richard Dickson in the 11th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Ensign Henry Pope in the 2nd Manchester or 28th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Captain Robert Highat in the 51st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Royal South Lincoln Militia.

William Cragg, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Whitsed, promoted. Dated 10th October, 1863.

6th Lincolnshire Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant Peter Kerslake Seddon to be Captain, vice Daubney, resigned. Dated 12th October, 1863.

Ensign Richard John Nainby to be Lieutenant, vice Seddon, promoted. Dated 13th October, 1863.

William Henry Coates, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Nainby, promoted. Dated 14th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Governor and Captain-General of the Isle of Wight.

Isle of Wight Artillery Militia.

Alderson Berthon, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Watson, promoted. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

3rd West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Francis Wilkinson, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 5th October, 1863.

Charles Alfred Samuel Schuster, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 5th October, 1863.

Frederick Hinings, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 5th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

2nd West Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by First Lieutenant Thomas Fox and Second Lieutenant Thomas Aked.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

5th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Henry Ford to be Major. Dated 18th July, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

12th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant George Haw Seward.

MEMORANDA.

2nd Midlothian Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Williamson. Dated 19th September, 1863.

3rd Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers.

The Queen has accepted the resignations of Captain William Alexander, First Lieutenant Langley, and Second Lieutenant Rowden, in the above Corps.

The 17th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps has been united to the 2nd Administrative Battalion of Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of Ensign George Beardmore in the 8th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 10, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and net proceeds of the slaver "Clarissa," captured on the 24th July, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Torch."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said

proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Ardudwy-Is, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Cors-y-gedol Arms Hotel, Barmouth, on Friday, the 23rd day of October, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Ardudwy-Is aforesaid.

W. H. Stephenson.
Henry Roberts.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, October 19, 1863.

*** The Index to the London Gazette for the first six months of the year 1863, is now ready for delivery.

Tavistock Union.—Calstock Parish.

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the parish of Calstock, in the county of Cornwall;—

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said parish is situate;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the population of the parish of Calstock, in the county of Cornwall, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons:

And whereas, at a meeting of the Vestry, held at the Queen's Head Hotel, Albaston, in the said parish, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the thirteenth day of August last, it was resolved,—

That the Poor Law Board be requested to issue an Order, under their Seal of Office, directing that the Act passed on the 5th August, 1850, (13 and 14 Victoria, Cap. 57), entitled, "An "Act to prevent the holding of Vestry or "other meetings in Churches, and for regula-"ting the appointment of Vestry Clerks," shall be applied to, and put in force within this parish, so far as regards the providing a room or suitable building for the purpose of holding Vestries and other Meetings for the transaction of the business of, or relating to, this Parish.

And whereas the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, have made their application in writing to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the before recited resolution.

Now, therefore, We, the said Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, do hereby order and direct that so much of the Act aforesaid as relates to the providing of a room or suitable buildings for the purpose of holding Vestry or other Meetings for the transaction of any business of or relating to the said Parish of Calstock, shall forthwith be applied to, and be put in force within, the said Parish.

And We hereby order and direct, that a copy of this order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of Office, this twenty-ninth day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, called the Free Church, situated in the parish of Avebury, in the county of Wilts, in the district of Marlborough, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 14th day of October, 1863.

Tho. B. Merriman, Superintendent Registrar.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1412. Nicholas Walton, of Aldenham-street, Saint Pancras, in the county of Middlesex, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for Letters Patent for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for drying and airing clothes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of June, 1863.

1433. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the distillation of bitumenous substances."—A communication to him from abroad by John Saunders, of New York, United States of America.

1438. And Henry Frederick McKillop, Captain Royal Navy, of Belvedere, in the county of Kent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in compositions for coating or covering ships bottoms."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 9th day of June, 1863.

1442. And William Roberts, of Millwall, Poplar, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in steam boilers."

1444. And Joseph Brooke, of Bar-street, Laister Dyke, in the county of York, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in miner's lamps."

1446. And Thomas Evans, of the city of Manchester, and Edward Hughes, of the city of London, both Letter Press Printers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for applying one or more colors of ink to type in letter press printing by hand."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 10th day of June, 1863.

1450. And Thomas Maddocks Harrison, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement or improvements in the manufacture of metallic casks."

1462. And James Johnson, of Peterborough, in the county of Northampton, Engineer, and William Braithwaite, of the same place, Foreman, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in reversing levers for locomotive engines and others."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 11th day of June, 1863.

1469. And John Charles Wilson, of 14A, Cannon-street, London, Civil and Mechanical Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved machine for unhusking rice and other seeds."

1470. And George Bedson, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manager of Iron Works, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in cupolas and blast furnaces."

1471. And Thomas Charles March, of St. James' Palace, in the city of Westminster, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements applicable to the ornamentation or decoration of articles of furniture, part of which improvements may also be applied for architectural ornamentation."

1473. And Robert Hughes, of the city and county of Worcester, Road Surveyor, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved implement or apparatus for scraping and sweeping turnpike and other highways, carriage drives, and footwalks, or other places requiring to be so cleaned."

1477. And John Jones, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in gas regulators."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 12th day of June, 1863.

1482. And Robert Blackburn, of Exeter, in the county of Devon, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in traction engines."

1483. And Thomas Alexander Elliott, of Enniskillin, in the county of Fermanagh, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of, and in the means of ballasting, ships and other vessels."

1486. And Marcus Brown Westhead, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturer and Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in adapting tapes, ribbons, and other such narrow fabrics, or thread, to surfaces from which they may be unwound, or upon which they may be rewound."

1488. And Henry Graham William Wagstaff, of Radnor-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Tallow Melter, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for feeding steam boilers with water, which apparatus is also applicable for raising water."

1489. And Sinclair Robson, of Hendon House, Sunderland, in the county of Durham, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for working the rudders of vessels, and in auxiliary steering apparatus."

1490. And James Shand, of the firm of Messrs. Shand, Mason, and Company, of Upper Ground-street, Blackfriars-road, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the arrangement and construction of steam fire engines, and in steam boilers for the same, such boilers being applicable to other purposes."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 13th day of June, 1863.

1492. And John Forrester, of Burslem, in the county of Stafford, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of bricks, quarries, slabs, tiles, earthenware pipes, and other earthenware or ceramic articles."

1495. And Isaac Blue Harris, of the North British Rubber Company (Limited), Castle Mills, Fountain-bridge, Edinburgh, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of flexible and other tubes."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 15th day of June, 1863.

1505. And John Lightfoot, of Accrington, in the county of Lancaster, Chemist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in fixing mordants in the processes of dyeing and printing textile fabrics or yarns."

1506. And Josiah George Jennings, of Palace-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, Sanitary Engineer, and Manuel Leopold Jonas Lavater, of Bath-street, Newgate-street, in the city of London, India Rubber Manufacturer, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in moulding and vulcanizing articles of india rubber."

1510. And William Neill, Junior, of Bold, near St. Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in steam engines."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 16th day of June, 1863.

1517. And John Frederick Spencer, Consulting Engineer, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in steam, gas, and water tube joints."

1519. And Fédor de Wyldé, of Great College-street, Camden Town, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved means for the protection and preservation of lead surfaces exposed to the action of water, and for the protection of such surfaces from decomposition by atmospheric action."—A communication to him from abroad by Professor Dr. Henry Schwarz, of Breslau, in the Kingdom of Prussia.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 17th day of June, 1863.

1524. And John Alexander Sparling, of Upper Hornsey Rise, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in twisting and winding silk, and in the machinery or apparatus to be employed therein."

1527. And David Barker, of Milton-street, Wandsworth-road, in the county of Surrey, Corn Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the treatment and preservation of yeast."

1530. And Robert Jobson, of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for making moulds, to be employed when casting metal."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 18th day of June, 1863.

1536. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for the manufacture of bolts and rivets."—A communication from Jacques Victor Gauthier, Manufacturer, a person now residing at 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of June, 1863.

1547. And Robert Brownlee, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Saw Miller, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in sawing machinery."

1553. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the treatment of broom for the manufacture of paper pulp."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Alexandre Joseph Deplanque, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, Merchant.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 20th day of June, 1863.

1577. And James Ellison and Abraham Rogerson, both of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanics, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in slubbing intermediate and roving frames in throstles and winding machines used for the manufacture of cotton or other fibrous material."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of June, 1863.

1593. And Samuel Smith, of No. 5, Fell-street, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of liquorice, and in the means or apparatus employed therein."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of June, 1863.

1604. And Henry Griffith Craig, of Passage West, in the county of Cork, in Ireland, of the firm of William and Henry Brown and Craig, of the same place, Shipbuilders, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for manufacturing or preparing iron and other metal plates for shipbuilding and other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of June, 1863.

1629. And Charles Henry Gardner, of the firm of Hughes and Kimber, of West Harding-street, Fetter-lane, in the city of London, Lithographic Press Manufacturers, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lithographic and zincographic presses."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 30th day of June, 1863.

1668. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of telegraphic wires, and in the apparatus connected therewith."—A communication from Gustave Eugène Michel Gerard, Manufacturer, a person now residing at 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, in the city of Paris and Empire of France aforesaid.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of July, 1863.

1704. And John Thomas, of Battersea, in the county of Surrey, Ironfounder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in treating ores and earths containing iron, in order to obtain the metal therefrom."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of July, 1863.

1733. And Edwin Daniel Chattaway, of New Broad-street, in the city of London, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in railway signals."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of July, 1863.

1752. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in certain descriptions of breech loading fire arms."—A communication from Adolphe Jean Victor Marcet, a person now residing at 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of July, 1863.

1776. And Doctor Christian Gustav Clemm, of Dresden, in the Kingdom of Saxony, Germany, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "new employment of magnesia and its combinations in manufactures."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of July, 1863.

1808. And William Simpson, of Northampton, in the county of Northamptonshire, Engineer, and John Hutton, of the same place, Accountant, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of hollow cutting tools."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of July, 1863.

2039. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, and 38, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater (W.), in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the processes and preparations employed in spinning wool."—A communication to him from abroad by Edmund Lepainteur, Chemist, a person residing at Paris, in the Empire of France aforesaid.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of August, 1863.

2057. And William Jackson, Mechanic, 4, Spring-terrace, York-road, Lambeth, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved arrangements of the parts in sewing machines for using shoe makers wax thread, suitable for heavy boot or other leather work to which it may be applied."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of August, 1863.

2080. And Robert Griffiths, of Mornington-road, Regent's-park, in the county of Middlesex, and of Coppa Colliery, Mold, in the county of Flint, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of retorts or ovens for extracting oil from certain descriptions of cannel coal or other bituminous substances."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of August, 1863.

2129. And Charles Harratt, of Hornsey-lane, Highgate, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for tilling land."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of August, 1863.

2173. And Charles Jackson, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Engineer and Machinist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in bolts for fastening doors, windows, shutters, and for other like purposes."

2179. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, and 38, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mode of attaching horses to carriages or other vehicles, and apparatus therefor."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean François Frederic Beguin, of Paris, in the Empire of France aforesaid.

2180. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, and 38, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved machine for glossing and glazing all kinds of threads.—A communication to him from abroad by Alfred Julien Thiriez, Edouard Julien Thiriez, and Victor Charles Julien Thiriez, all of Paris, in the Empire of France aforesaid.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of September, 1863.

2192. And Joseph Rowell, of the city and county of Aberdeen, North Britain, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture and construction of fences, part of which are also applicable to the manufacture and construction of gate-posts, and to poles and posts used for telegraph and signal purposes, and for stretching telegraph wires."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 5th day of September, 1863.

2356. And James Webster, of Lee Crescent, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in utilizing the waste flux from galvanizing works."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of September, 1863.

2388. And Henry Haigh and Richard Heaton, of Milns-bridge, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, Dyers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in dyeing cotton or other vegetable fibrous substances."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 29th day of September, 1863.

2473. And Louis Lefebvre, of No. 9, Cecil-stret , Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Physician, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in vapor bath apparatus."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of October, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Westminster Fire Office,

King-Street, Covent-Garden,
October 17, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Ordinary General Meeting of the Members of this Society appointed by the Rules to be held yearly on the last Thursday in October, or within ten days thereafter, will be holden at this Office on Thursday, the 5th November next, at twelve o'clock, to confirm, or otherwise, the Resolutions adopted at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 19th August last; to elect Directors for the two years ensuing, and on other affairs.

The Chair to be taken at one o'clock precisely.

W. M. Browne, *Secretary.*

Turner's Patent Mill Strap Company (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given, that the affairs of Turner's Patent Mill Strap Company (Limited), have been fully wound up according to law, and that a Special and Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company will be held at the Registered Office of the said Company, in Saville-street, in Leeds, in the county of York, on Wednesday, the 25th day of November next, at the hour of seven in the evening, for the purpose of having laid before them an account of the duly appointed Liquidators of the said Company, shewing the manner in which such winding up has been conducted, and the property of the said Company disposed of, and hearing any explanation thereon that may be given by the said Liquidators.
—Dated this 17th day of October, 1863.

Samuel Myers,
Geo. Broadbent,
Geo. Mountford,
the Liquidators of the said Company.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 10th day of October, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	12120
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	26720
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	22856
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	5171
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	19329
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	33316
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	15074
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23706
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	72485
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14965
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	9850
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	25635
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15061
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	21478
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	55481
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	29819
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	22326
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	36819
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	27398
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12650
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	46948
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20664
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12433
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2356
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	10654
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	48691
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	29790
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	20883
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	3295
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	17140
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	31490
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	38877
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3762
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	19162
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	76590
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6906
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9859
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	43349
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	25696
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6868
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10441
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	66789
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	85283
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	8318
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	39185
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	99408
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	52357

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	41634
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	24961
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	5896
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	6633
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	4810
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	11462
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	25910
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	20646
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	42816
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	5781
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	34792
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	22448
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	63152
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	14935
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	20716
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	21606
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	43225
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5005
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	54148
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	37905
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	28036
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	26678
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	90700
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	25273
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	8032
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3421
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	36485
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	12895
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	14075
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	6260
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	6515
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	18980
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	29899
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	6778
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	26807
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	47017
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	13910
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	18320
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	49891
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	94457
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	8448
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	23795
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	8195
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	25832

Numb. 22782.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1863.

War Office, October 22, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for War has received three Despatches with their Enclosures, addressed to him by Lieutenant-General Cameron, C.B., Commanding the Troops in New Zealand, of which the following are copies :

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
Auckland, New Zealand,
July 20, 1863.

MY LORD,

ON the 17th instant, at 10 A.M., a large number of Natives were observed entrenching themselves on the heights of the Koheroa, in front of the Camp of the 2nd Battalion 14th Regiment, apparently with the intention of obstructing our further advance up the Waikato.

Lieutenant-Colonel Austen, who was commanding on the spot, immediately called in all his working parties, got his battalion under arms, and moved in skirmishing order against the enemy, followed by the detachments of the 12th and 70th, which were at the time arriving at the Camp as a reinforcement. The strength and composition of the force are shewn in the margin.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Gamble, Deputy Quarter-master-General, who happened to be on the Koheroa superintending the encampment of the 12th and 70th, having sent me a report of what was going on, I at once hastened across the Mungatawhiri, and overtook the troops during their advance.

When we came within musket shot of the enemy, he opened a sharp fire upon us, to which our skirmishers replied which such effect that he was soon compelled to retire. This he did slowly, and without any precipitation.

The ground over which he retired was most favourable for defence, as the only road by which we could advance against him led for about five miles over very narrow and tortuous fern ridges, the sides of which were too precipitous to admit of our turning his position by a flank movement, and at several well selected points completely commanding the narrow necks over which we were compelled to move to the attack, he had constructed lines of rifle-pits.

These he defended with great obstinacy, and as we had no artillery in the field, we could only dislodge him from them with the bayonet, which was done with great gallantry by the young soldiers of the 14th, led by their commanding officer Lieutenant-Colonel Austen, who, I regret to say, received a wound in the arm during the action. After we had driven them from the second line of rifle-pits, where they made their most determined stand, a large number of them left the ridge, and turning to the right, retreated down a narrow and steep gully where they were exposed for a long time to a close and destructive fire from our men on the heights above, by which many of them were killed. The rest were driven before us until they reached the Maramarna (a small tributary of the Waikato), which they crossed precipitately, some in canoes, and others by swimming.

Having no means of effecting the passage of the river, we were obliged to discontinue the pursuit, and I accordingly ordered the troops back to camp.

I enclose a list of our casualties, which were few considering the time the engagement lasted (from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.), and the strength of some of the enemy's positions.

I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of all the officers and men engaged, or of the able manner in which the troops were led by their commanding officers, viz., Lieutenant-Colonel Austen, 14th ; Major Ryan, 70th ; and Major Miller, 12th.

Among the officers who had the good fortune to have the opportunity of distinguishing themselves by conspicuous forwardness in the attack, were Captain Strange, 14th, who did good service with the advanced skirmishers; Captain Phelps, who led his company to the charge ; Lieutenants Armstrong and Glancy, and Ensign Green, 14th.

Surgeon-Major Carte, M.B., 2nd Battalion, 14th, the Senior Medical Officer in the field, rendered prompt assistance to the wounded, many of whom he attended under fire.

Colonel Mould, C.B., Commanding Royal Engineer, was also present, and ready to afford valuable assistance, if required.

Lieut.-Colonel Gamble, the Deputy Q master-General, Major M'Neill, Aide-de- and my extra Aide-de-Camp, Lieut. St

* Detachment 1st Battalion 12th Foot—2 Captains, 3 Subalterns, 8 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 135 Rank and File; 2nd Battalion 14th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 3 Captains, 8 Subalterns, 2 Staff, 11 Serjeants, 7 Drummers, 266 Rank and File; Detachment 70th Foot—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 6 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 93 Rank and File. Total—2 Field Officers, 6 Captains, 11 Subalterns, 2 Staff, 25 Serjeants, 13 Drummers, 494 Rank and File.

only officers of the staff who had an opportunity of taking part in the engagement, were most active during its progress, and gave me the greatest assistance throughout.

The enemy had from 300 to 400 men in the field, the whole belonging to the tribes of the Waikato. His loss must have been considerable.

Immediately after the action we counted 21 killed, 9 more on the following day, and others have since been found. Several Chiefs fell, among them one of the uncles of the Maori King. The enemy himself acknowledged to have had a great many wounded.

I enclose a sketch of the ground, made by Lieutenant-Colonel Gamble, after the action.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War Office, London.

2ND BATTALION, 14TH REGIMENT.

NOMINAL RETURN of Killed and Wounded at Kohîroa, on the 17th July, 1863.

Regimental No.	Rank and Name.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Date and Place of Death.	Nature of Injury.
	Lieu.-Col. C. W. Austen	...	...	...	Gunshot wound of left forearm.
151	Private Moses Burton ...	24	6	...	Gunshot wound through muscles of left side of back, ball extracted ; slight.
443	„ John Ingram ...	24	4	...	Gunshot wound fracturing lower jaw, also graze of right shoulder; severe.
1259	„ James Gilligan ...	22	3	July 18. General Hospital, Queen's Redoubt	Perforating wound of abdomen, lacerating intestines, caused by a musket-ball ; proved fatal 22 hours after receipt of injury.
1790	„ Patrick MacKay	22	2	...	Gunshot wound of left thigh, fracturing femur ; very severe.
238	„ James Tancred...	31	11	...	Gunshot wounds of forehead, depressing outer tables, also left leg, passing through head of tibia, ball lodged ; very severe.
1469	„ William Murphy	26	3	...	Gunshot wound of left leg, ball buried in head of tibia, extracted on 20th July ; very severe.
1357	„ Wm. Kavanagh...	21	3	...	Gunshot wound through right shoulder, a little below articulation, also slight wound of chin and throat ; severe
501	„ Henry Clark ...	23	5	...	Gunshot wound of right arm and forearm ; severe.
1550	„ Robt. Williamson	30	3	...	Gunshot wound of right thumb ; slight
849	„ Alfred Picton ...	20	3	...	Gunshot wound of back of left hand ; slight.
142	„ William Smith ...	28	5	...	Gunshot wound of left thigh, femoral artery wounded ; did not recover from shock of wound, and died on the field.

(Signed) J. MOUAT,
Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
MY LORD, *July* 31, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward copy of a report (17th July, 1863) from Captain Ring, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, of an attack upon a convoy under his charge by an ambuscade of natives, on the 17th instant, on the road between the Queen's Redoubt and Drury.

I have since ascertained that the ambuscade consisted of not less than 140 natives, and considering the very superior numbers by which Captain Ring's small detachment was attacked, I feel sure that your Lordship will concur with me that no troops could have acquitted themselves better under such trying circumstances.

I have, &c.

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War Office, London.

Camp Drury,
SIR, *July* 17, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report, for your information, that on my march from the Queen's Redoubt to Drury this day, my escort, &c., as per margin,* were fired upon by the natives at Stone Depôt, near Baird's Farm. The fire was opened on my advance-guard, on both flanks; and my right flank and rear was immediately fired upon. The fire took effect upon the centre of the convoy. One driver and two horses of his cart fell, which, dividing the convoy, &c., was taken advantage of by the natives, who, rushing in force across the road, opened fire in the left flank, thus exposing my rear-guard, consisting of prisoner and escort, to a severe fire from the bush on each flank and right rear. I immediately retired with as many men as I could concentrate, and, firing, kept the enemy from surrounding my very small party, though in skirmishing order. During the contest, the fire of the enemy was well returned, and I personally saw five or six natives fall. They came out in the open, but a charge quickly drove them into the bush. Finally, their attempting to surround my party obliged me to retire to Mr. Martin's house, which I occupied until reinforced. I beg to annex the following list of killed and wounded:

Killed.

Private A. Jamieson.
Private F. McGrath.
Private T. Scott.

Wounded.

Serjeant Lawson.
Corporal Glinn.
Corporal Kee.
Lance-Corporal Kavanagh.
Private Keene.
Private Gibbons.
Private H. Hurst.
Private H. Ryan.
Private A. M. Cague.
Private T. Connors.

Missing.

F. Byrnes, supposed to have returned to Queen's Redoubt. This man was a prisoner and unarmed at the time.

I have, &c.

(Signed) JAMES RING, Captain,
2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment.

P.S.—I beg to state that the conduct of my Subaltern Ensign Bicknell and the men was admirable, and particularly that of Ensign Bicknell.

(Signed) J. RING, Captain, R.I.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
MY LORD, *July* 31, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward copies of reports (July 23rd, 1863) from Captain Ring, 2nd Battalion, 18th, and Colonel Wyatt, 65th Regiment, of a skirmish which took place between detatchments under their command, and a body of rebels, in the bush near Drury.

Both Colonel Wyatt and Captain Ring appear to have acted with great judgment on this occasion, and the officers and men under their command deserve great credit for their conduct; those under Captain Ring for the firmness with which they held their ground a long time against superior numbers; and those of Colonel Wyatt's detachment (including a small detachment of volunteers, who were for the first time under fire), for their prompt support of the former, and the gallantry with which they attacked and beat off the enemy.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War Office, London.

Camp near Keri Keri, Wairoa Road,
SIR, *July* 23, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to state, for your information, that at noon, the 22nd instant, I received information that two settlers had been fired upon by a body of natives, and that one of the settlers was killed, and hearing firing in the vicinity of Pukekewereke, about two miles from my camp, I immediately proceeded with 100 men of the detachment under my command, and close to the above named place I fell in with natives, who were engaged with 16 volunteers, I opened fire and the natives retreated to my former entrenchment above the wharé, at Keri Keri, the firing of the skirmishers drove them down the side of the hill into the brushwood, the leading skirmishers on the right, under Lieutenant Wray, took possession of the hill and kept up fire on them, I, with another body of skirmishers, proceeded to take that on the right flank, but found that the natives who mustered a strong force nearly surrounded me, here I lost one man killed, whose rifle and bayonet was taken possession of by the natives, though not without serious loss to them. I then concentrated my men on the entrenchment, and having heard from an Artillery Officer who rode up to my position that the 65th Regiment was in my immediate vicinity, I requested that he would inform the Officer Commanding 65th Regiment that there was a track in the enemy's rear, and if an attack were made in that direction it would be of great service. As

* 1 Subaltern, 2 Serjeants, 47 Rank and File.

it was quite impossible for me to follow so strong a force of the enemy into the bush with my so small a force, I remained in the entrenched position until close on sunset, keeping a steady fire on the enemy, who were endeavouring to obtain the body and ammunition of the private who was killed, and who I would not leave. I repeatedly tried to obtain possession of the body by sending out volunteers of the man's company, but desisted, finding that it would entail greater loss. I was about retiring, leaving a rear-guard in the entrenchment, when the Mounted Artillery arrived. Immediately after I saw the 65th appear. The natives then drew off their right flanking movement, and retreating into the bush enabled me to obtain the body of the man of my detachment. This accomplished the whole force withdrew.

I beg to annex the following list of casualties:

No. 1 Company, No. 925, Private John Ewins, killed.

No. 1 Company, No. 805, Private John Hamilton, wounded severely.

No. 7 Company, No. 324, Private Thomas Dunbar, wounded slightly.

No. 7 Company, ——— Conway, wounded slightly.

The Officers engaged on this occasion were Lieutenant Wray, Ensign J. B. Jackson, and Ensign Butts, whose assistance, coupled with the steadiness of my men, merits unqualified approbation.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) JAMES RING, Captain Royal Irish, Commanding Detachment.

The Officer Commanding Troops,
Drury.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT.

I BEG to enclose the enclosed list just received from Captain Clear of the Auckland Militia, who at first were engaged with the enemy, and these joined my force, and rendered every possible assistance, and behaved in a most creditable manner.

I have &c.,
(Signed) J. RING, Captain.

Camp Drury,
July 23, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to request you will inform the Lieutenant-General that yesterday forenoon, having been informed by a Mounted Volunteer that a man had been shot by the Natives on Mr. Hayes' Grounds, and that his house was threatened. I immediately got my available force under arms (as per margin*) and proceeded in that direction, directing as I went along, the detachment of the Militia to crown a small knoll, and thus protect the approaches to Drury, and also ordering Lieutenant Raitt, R.A., and his troopers to proceed in the direction of the Wairoa Valley, for the purpose of calling off any marauding parties. On arriving at Mr. Hayes's, his son Ensign James B. Hayes of the Militia volunteered to act as guide to my party, and I scoured all the bush in that vicinity with 30 men, having previously directed Lieutenant and Adjutant Lewis, with 40 men to remain outside, and thus cut off any natives attempting to escape. On reaching the native settlement of Keri Keri, I heard some desultory firing on my left, and was led to understand by some militiamen, that they had fired at some natives towards the Wairoa escaping into the bush.

Being satisfied with this explanation, I returned towards Drury, having previously picked up the body of the murdered man, and sent it there.

When within one and a half mile of that settlement, I was overtaken by Veterinary Surgeon Anderson, R.A., who informed me that a detachment of the 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, was in a very precarious position near Wairoa, and required a reinforcement, as they could not do more than hold their position.

On this I retraced my steps towards Keri Keri, and just before sunset, entered the main bush under the guidance of Ensign Hayes.

As my party advanced, firing and shouting were more distinctly heard, and after proceeding about half-a-mile, a turn of the road brought me suddenly upon the combatants, the 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, upon an entrenched knoll, and the natives on the lower ground, but pressing them hard on three sides, when the detachment, 65th Regiment, cut off in their turn the immediate rear of two of them. Lieutenant Pennefather, who commanded the rear-guard, finding himself exposed to a cross fire from both the 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, and natives, directed the bugler to sound the regimental "call," and the "fire," and with a loud cheer, which was answered by the 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, a rapid and continuous fusilade was opened on the natives ensconced in the gullies, and sheltered by trees from the fire of the 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment.

Being completely taken by surprise, they, after a smart action of about ten minutes, fled towards the denser bush, but the darkness which had now began to set in, rendered all attempts at searching for their dead and wounded perfectly futile.

The enemy's fire being now completely silenced, I directed both parties to move off to their respective camps, and while so doing a few desultory shots were fired high over their heads.

I must bring to the Lieutenant-General's notice the cool and intrepid gallantry evinced on this occasion by Lieutenant Raitt, Royal Artillery; Captain Gresson, Lieutenant and Adjutant Lewis (who commanded No. 1 Company, the officers being both sick), and Lieutenant Pennefather, who commanded the advanced guard; and I trust you will recommend Ensign James B. Hayes, of the Militia, to the favourable consideration of His Excellency the Governor, for his coolness and cleverness in guiding the party under my command so rapidly into the scene of this brief but smart action.

With a proud heart I must bring to the Lieutenant-General's notice the cool and quiet order and gallantry displayed by all ranks of the force under my command, and the unflinching patience with which the men bore the harassing and toilsome march to and from the scene of action.

I am happy to say that the casualties of my party were limited to one Private killed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) ALFRED F. W. WYATT, Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding 65th Regiment and Troops at Drury.

The Military Secretary,
Head Quarters, Drury.

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* Royal Artillery—1 Subaltern, 1 Staff, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 26 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 3 Subalterns, 1 Staff, 6 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 72 Rank and File; Volunteer Militia—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 33 Rank and File.—Total—1 Field Officer, 2 Captains, 5 Subalterns, 2 Staff, 8 Serjeants, 4 Drummers, 131 Rank and File.

NOMINAL RETURN of Killed and Wounded at Kiri Kiri, on the 22nd of July, 1863.

Regimental Number.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Date of Death.	Place of Death.	Nature of Injury.
					1863.		
935	Private J. Evans ...	2–18	24	4	July 22	Kiri Kiri	Shot through the chest; fatal.
2951	„ Thomas Made	65	31	11	July 22	Kiri Kiri	Shot through the head; fatal.
805	„ J. Hamilton ...	2–18	23	5	...	...	Severe gunshot wound through upper part of right thigh.
1192	„ W. Conroy ...	„	21	4	...	...	Slight graze of right temple
1014	„ J. Fitzpatrick	„	23	4	...	...	Slight graze of left shoulder
	„ T. Dunbar ...	„	...	...	...	...	Slight contusion.

(Signed) J. MOUAT,
Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

Whitehall, October 23, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint Major-General Burke Cuppage to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Jersey, in the room of Major-General Sir Robert Percy Douglas, Bart., resigned.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the "tenth and fifteenth years of the reign of His "present Majesty as authorizes the Speaker "of the House of Commons to issue his warrant "to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of George William Hope, Esq., late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Windsor, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this twenty-second day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

Crown Office, October 21, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Barnstaple.

Thomas Lloyd, of Spark Hill, near Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Esq., in the room of George Potts, Esq., deceased.

Whitehall, October 13, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto John Buck, of Agecroft Hall, in the parish of Eccles, in the county palatine of Lancaster, and of Harcourt-buildings, Temple, in the city of London, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, only surviving son and heir of Richard Buck, late of Agecroft Hall aforesaid, Clerk, Master of Arts, by Margaret, his wife, daughter of Richard Hull, late of Chorley, in the aforesaid county palatine of Lancaster, Surgeon, all deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of his maternal aunt Elizabeth Hull, late of Agecroft Hall aforesaid, Spinster, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Dauntesey, in lieu and instead of that of Buck, and that he and they may bear the arms of Dauntesey; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

India Office, 23rd October, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Charles Baldwin. Dated 10th July, 1863.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant George Cadogan Thomson. Dated 19th July, 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign John Andrias Davidson Gordon to be Lieutenant, in succession to Ingram, late 1st European Regiment (Staff Corps), promoted. Dated 10th June, 1863.

Ensign Douglas Cowslade Hennessey to be Lieutenant, in succession to Combe, 10th Native Infantry, promoted. Dated 2nd July, 1863.

Ensign Edward Neal Digges La Touche to be Lieutenant, in succession to Cattermole, General List, deceased. Dated 7th July, 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Lieutenant George Waterhouse to take rank from 10th May, 1863.

Lieutenant Benjamin Hill Russell to take rank from 6th June, 1863.

ARMY RANK.

Lieutenant William Wilson Clark, late 36th Native Infantry, having completed fifteen years' service, to be Captain by Brevet. Dated 30th August, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon John Hilliard, M.D., to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 19th June, 1863.

Surgeon William Craddock, M.D., to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 24th July, 1863.

Surgeon Frederick Morrison Clifford to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 9th August, 1863.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Hugh Watson. Dated 13th June, 1863.

MADRAS ARMY.

31st Native Infantry.

Lieutenant George Nesbitt Stephens to be Captain, in succession to Revell, retired. Dated 15th April, 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

31st Native Infantry.

Captain Hugh Christian Menzies to take rank from 10th December, 1862.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Lieutenant Robert Hunter to take rank from 5th January, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Elliott Dashwood Bayley to take rank from 12th January, 1863.

Lieutenant John Henry Gaussen to take rank from 14th January, 1863.

Lieutenant John Leigh Goldie Silver to take rank from 12th March, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Thomas Harris Baber to take rank from 13th April, 1863.

Lieutenant Shelley Leigh Hunt to take rank from 15th April, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon Robert Pilkington Linton to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 14th July, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Duncan Mackenzie to be Surgeon, vice Sanderson, retired. Dated 2nd May, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon George Baillie, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Colebrook, retired. Dated 12th May, 1863.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

To be Majors.

Captain George Charles Evezard. Dated 26th August, 1863.

Captain William Chase Parr. Dated 1st September, 1863.

BOMBAY ARMY.

23rd Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Claudius James Turnbull to be Captain, in succession to Shewell (Staff Corps), deceased. Dated 27th July, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Hugh Heugh Maclure to be Captain, vice Ronald Johnstone, promoted. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Todd Stewart to be Captain, vice Alexander Kennedy, resigned. Dated 16th October, 1863.

John Baird, Gent., to be First Lieutenant, vice David Watson, resigned. Dated 15th October, 1863.

William Brown Torrance, Gent., to be First Lieutenant, vice H. H. Maclure, promoted. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Alexander Campbell Hunter, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 17th October, 1863.

James Johnstone, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Henry Herbertson, resigned. Dated 15th October, 1863.

William Tarber Provand, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice J. T. Stewart, promoted Dated 16th October, 1863.

Honorary Assistant-Surgeon James Stark to be Surgeon. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Donald Patrick Stewart, Gent., to be Assistant Surgeon. Dated 15th October, 1863.

3rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

David Dreghorn, Esq., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 21st September, 1863.

95th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry McCall, Esq., to be Captain, vice James Wiseman, resigned. Dated 9th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The 2nd and 3rd Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps, and also the 97th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps have been incorporated in the 1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps, and the combatant Commissioned Officers of the last-

mentioned Corps are considered to have received Commissions of the same rank and date in the 1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commissions:

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain William Brand Field. Dated 22nd September, 1863.

1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Captain Thomas Kennedy. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Charles MacArthur. Dated 15th October, 1863.

3rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant-Colonel David Dreghorn. Dated 19th September, 1863.

Captain Charles O'Neil. Dated 19th October, 1863.

4th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Allan Houston. Dated 19th September, 1863.

38th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain William Bowstead. Dated 21st September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

7th Lincolnshire Rifle Volunteers.

Ensign John Wilby Preston to be Lieutenant, vice Mackinder, resigned. Dated 16th October, 1863.

George Walker, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Preston, promoted. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Argyll.

11th (Mid Lorn) Argyllshire Rifle Volunteers.

Donald McCallum, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 19th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

1st Northamptonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Beasley to be Captain, vice the Right Honourable John Poyntz, Earl Spencer, who resigned his appointment as Captain of this Company, but retains his appointment as Major of the 1st Northamptonshire Administrative Battalion of Rifle Volunteers. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Horace Alfred Damer Seymour, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice John Beasley, promoted. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Frederick Land Robinson, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 17th October, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 6th instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

6th Northamptonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Thomas James Walker, Esq., M.D., to be Lieutenant, vice Leonard Deacon, resigned. Dated 21st September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

3rd Middlesex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Second Lieutenant Henry Frederick Twynam.

Queen's (Westminster) Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Captain and Adjutant Frederick Morris.

46th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to dispense with the services of Assistant-Surgeon Henry Bedwell in this Corps.

9th Cornwall Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by First Lieutenant Samuel Sampson.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY CROMPTON, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the township of Crompton, in the county of Lancaster.

And notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named township of Crompton; and that the said Act has the force of law within such township.

Given under my hand this 20th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

Wells Union.—Saint John the Baptist, and Saint Benedict (Glastonbury) United Parishes.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the united parishes of Saint John the Baptist, and Saint Benedict (Glastonbury), in the county of Somerset:—

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said parishes are situate;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty, King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "uniting into one parish the parishes of Saint John "the Baptist and Saint Benedict, in the town of "Glastonbury, in the county of Somerset," after reciting that the town of Glastonbury, in the county of Somerset, consisted of two distinct Parishes, known respectively by the names of Saint John the Baptist and Saint Benedict, it was (among other things) enacted and declared that from and after the passing of the said Act the said Parishes should become and be united into one parish for all purposes whatsoever (except as therein-after mentioned or provided), and should be called, known, and distinguished by the name of "The United Parishes of Saint John the Baptist "and Saint Benedict, in the town of Glastonbury, "in the county of Somerset."

And whereas the population of the said united parishes, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas at a meeting of the Vestry of the said united parishes, held in the Vestry Room, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the nineteenth day of February last, it was resolved,—

"That the Churchwardens be and they are "hereby authorized to make application to the "Poor Law Commissioners to make an "Order to put the Statute 13th & 14th "Victoria, c. 57., in force in the said united "parishes, and to authorize the Churchwar- "dens and Overseers of the said united "parishes, with the sanction of a majority of "the Vestry, to purchase land or buildings, "and if necessary to erect a suitable building "for the purpose of Vestry and other "meetings for the transaction of the business "of the said United Parishes."

And whereas at another meeting of the Vestry of the said united parishes, held at the Vestry Room, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the sixteenth day of July last, it was resolved,—

"That the Churchwardens and Overseers of "the said United Parishes be and they are "hereby authorized, with the sanction of the "Poor Law Commisioners, to purchase the "present Vestry Room at the price of eighty "pounds, and to pay all expenses attending "the transaction."

And whereas application in writing has been made to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the before-recited resolutions.

Now, therefore, We, the said Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct, that so much of the Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to prevent the holding of "Vestry or other Meetings in Churches, and for "regulating the Appointment of Vestry Clerks," as relates to the providing of a room or buildings for the purpose of holding Vestry or other meetings for the transaction of any business of, or relating to the said united parishes shall forthwith be applied to, and be put in force within, the said united parishes.

And we hereby order and direct, that a copy of this order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of Office, this thirteenth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862; and in the Matter of the Haytor Granite Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company, by the Court of Chancery, was, on the 3rd day of October, 1863, presented to the Master of the Rolls, by Eleanor Nicholson, of Castle House, Whittlesea, in the county of Cambridge, Widow, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Master of the Rolls, on the 7th day of November next (1863); and any creditor or contributory of the said Company, desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company, under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company, requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Harrison, Beal, and *Harrison*, of No. 19, Bedford-row, Holborn, W.C., in the county of Middlesex, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 21st day of October, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	28,577,245	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	13,927,245
		Silver Bullion	—
	£28,577,245		£28,577,245

Dated the 22nd day of October, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	10,945,363
Rest	3,140,525	Other Securities	19,986,456
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	4,437,835	Notes	6,499,880
		Gold and Silver Coin	718,024
Other Deposits	15,271,262		
Seven days and other Bills ...	747,101		
	£38,149,723		£38,149,723

Dated the 22nd day of October, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

Numb. 22783.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1863.

Foreign Office, October 27, 1863.

NOTIFICATION OF BLOCKADE.

IT is hereby notified, that Earl Russell, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Her Majesty's Vice Consul at Vera Cruz, a notification, addressed to him by the Commander-in-Chief of the French Naval Forces in the Gulf of Mexico, and dated the 5th of September, 1863, of the Blockade by the French naval forces, on and from the 6th September, 1863, of the Coast of the Gulf of Mexico, with the *exception* of Tampico, Vera Cruz, Alvarado, Goatzacoalcos, Tabasco, and Carmen. The following is the official communication received by Earl Russell :—

NOTIFICATION DE BLOCUS.

NOUS soussigné Contre-Amiral Commandant-en-Chef les forces navales de Sa Majesté l'Empereur des Français dans le Golfe du Mexique,

Vu l'état de guerre existant entre la France et le Gouvernement de Juarez, agissant en vertu des pouvoirs qui nous appartiennent:

Declarons,

Qu'à partir du 6 Septembre courant les ports et leurs issues, les rivières, havres, rades, criques, &c., des côtes du Mexique qui ne sont point occupés par nos troupes, et qui reconnaissent encore le pouvoir de Juarez, depuis la lagune à 10 lieues au sud de Matamoros, jusqu'à et y compris Campêche,

entre 25° 22′ Nd.—99° 54′ Ot.
et 19° 52′ Nd.—92° 50′ Ot.
(Méridien de Paris)

seront tenus en état de blocus effectif, par les forces navales placées sous notre Commandement, et que les bâtiments amis ou neutres auront un délai de 25 jours pour achever leur chargement et quitter les lieux bloqués.

(Les points à excepter du blocus sont Tampico, Vera-Cruz, Alvarado, Goatzacoalcos, Tabasco et Carmen).

Il sera procédé contre tout bâtiment qui tenterait de violer le dit blocus, conformément aux lois internationales et aux traités en vigueur avec les puissances neutres.

A Bord de la Frégate mixte la Bellone, de Sa Majesté l'Empereur des Français, mouillée en rade de Sacrificios, le 5 Septembre, 1863.

(Signé) A. BOSSE.

(L.S.)

(Translation)

NOTIFICATION OF BLOCKADE.

WE, the Undersigned Rear-Admiral Commanding-in-Chief the Naval Forces of His Majesty the Emperor of the French in the Gulf of Mexico,

In view of the state of war existing between France and the Government of Juarez, acting by virtue of the powers which belong to us,

Declare,

That from the 6th of September instant the ports and their outlets, the rivers, harbours, roadsteads, creeks, &c., of the coasts of Mexico which are not in the occupation of our troops, and which still acknowledge the power of Juarez, from the lagoon, 10 leagues to the South of Matamoros, up to and including Campêche :

Between 25° 22′ N., 99° 54′ W.
and 19° 52′ N., 92° 50′ W.
(Meridian of Paris)

shall be held in a state of effective Blockade by the Naval Forces under our command, and that friendly or neutral vessels shall have a delay of twenty-five days to complete their cargoes, and to quit the places blockaded.

The points excepted from the Blockade are Tampico, Vera Cruz, Alvarado, Goatzacoalcos, Tabasco, and Carmen.

Proceedings in conformity with International Law and the Treaties in force with Neutral Powers will be taken against all vessels which shall attempt to violate the said Blockade.

On board of the frigate "Bellona," of His Majesty the Emperor of the French, anchored in the roadstead of Sacrificios, the fifth of September, 1863.

(Signed) A. BOSSE.

War Office, October 27, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for War has received a Despatch from Lieutenant-General Cameron, C.B, Commanding the Troops in New Zealand, of which the following is a copy :

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
MY LORD, *August* 4, 1863.

WITH reference to the reports I have forwarded to your Lordship, relative to the operations in which the troops in this province have

been engaged during the past month, I beg to state that their success has been owing in great measure to the valuable assistance rendered by Captain Sullivan, Senior Naval Officer at this station, and by the officers and men under his command.

A large party of seamen and marines of Her Majesty's ship Harrier have been encamped on the bank of the Mangatwhiri river since the 11th ultimo, and their services have been of the greatest advantage to the force under my command, all the boats employed in conveying troops and supplies across to the Koheroa having been entirely manned by them.

At my request Captain Sullivan has superintended the construction of six large flat bottomed boats, especially adapted for the transport of troops up the Waikato. Two of these have been brought overland from Auckland, a distance of thirty-five miles, to the Mangatawhiri, where they have been extremely useful.

Without the aid of such boats, operations up the Waikato could not be carried on, as there is no road on either bank of the river.

For these services I am much indebted to Captain Sullivan, as well as for his cordial co-operation on all other occasions since the commencement of hostilities.

I have also to acquaint your Lordship that the small colonial steamer Avon, was brought into the Waikato from the Manukau by Commander Mayne, of Her Majesty's ship Eclipse, and is now at anchor off the Bluff Stockade, at Havelock. In reporting to Captain Sullivan the performance of this important and hazardous duty, Commander Mayne speaks highly of the assistance he received from Captain Greaves, Acting Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, by whom the lower part of the river was surveyed last summer.

In justice to Captain Greaves, who is a most zealous and talented officer, I beg to forward Captain Sullivan's letter regarding his services on this occasion.

The Avon is the first steamer that has ever been brought into the Waikato, as it was supposed, previous to the survey made by Captain Greaves, that the numerous shoals in the lower part of its course rendered the passage of a steamer impossible.

The Avon can carry 200 men; her bulwarks have been made bullet-proof, and she is armed with a 12-pounder Armstrong gun.

I have no doubt that she will be of great service in our operations up the Waikato.

I have, &c.,
D. A. CAMERON, Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War Office, London.

Banks of Mangatawhiri,
July 27, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you that the Colonial steam vessel Avon has this day arrived at Havelock, and is now ready for any service in which she can assist you.

2. Commander Mayne to whom I had confided the task of bringing the Avon from the Manukau into the Waikato, a river hitherto considered navigable only for canoes, in his report to me, thus speaks of the valuable assistance rendered by Captain Greaves, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General: — "Captain Greaves, Deputy-As-"sistant Quartermaster-General, accompanied the "vessel, and it is owing to his knowledge of the "river and unflagging energy that the service was "accomplished so successfully; he preceded the "vessel the whole way sounding and shewing the "channel;" and it is with pleasure I seize this opportunity of tendering him, through you, my hearty thanks for his valuable aid.

I have, &c.,
J. W. SULLIVAN, Commander,
and Senior Naval Officer in New Zealand.

Lieutenant-General
D. A. Cameron, C.B., &c., &c.,
Commanding the Forces in New Zealand,
Queen's Redoubt.

Foreign Office, October 24, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Edmond Pictet as Vice-Consul at Liverpool for the Swiss Confederation.

Downing Street, October 24, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Humphry Evatt, Esq., to be Colonial Surveyor for the colony of Sierra Leone.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the "tenth and fifteenth years of the reign of His "present Majesty as authorizes the Speaker "of the House of Commons to issue his warrant "to the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define the "time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of James Haughton Langston, Esq., late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the city of Oxford, hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said city, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this twenty-fifth day of October, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

Crown Office, October 27, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

County of Worcester.
Western Division.

The Honourable Frederick Lygon, of Madresfield Court, in the county of Worcester, in the room of Henry Lygon (commonly called Viscount Elmley), now a Peer of the United Kingdom.

ORDER REGULATING THE USE OF LOCOMOTIVES ON THE ROADS OF THE ARRINGTON TRUST, IN THE COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGE.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the road from Cambridge to the Old North Road near Arrington Bridge, in the county of Cambridge, and highways adjacent thereto, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public:

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this order under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever propelled by steam or any other than animal power on the above road and highways, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 24th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

Admiralty, 27th October, 1863.

NAVAL KNIGHTS OF WINDSOR.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby give notice to such Lieutenants in Her Majesty's Navy, as are desirous of being recommended for the appointment of Naval Knights of Windsor, under the will of the late Samuel Travers, Esq., that they must apply at this office on or before Tuesday, the 8th of December next, when they will be informed of the nature of the certificates and testimonials which are required, to show that they come within the meaning of the said will, which expresses that they "are to be superannuated or disabled Lieutenants of English men of war," and shall be single men, without children, inclined to lead a virtuous, studious, and devout life, to be removed if they give occasion for scandal. Lieutenants, who may be appointed Naval Knights of Windsor, are allowed to hold the rank of Retired Commander, in the event of its coming to their turn by Seniority.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Brigade of Anglesey Artillery Volunteers.

John Hornigold Hall to be Adjutant, from the 24th September, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Berwickshire Rifle Volunteers.

George Renny to be Adjutant, from the 3rd October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

Leicestershire Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant John Henry Bryan to be Captain, vice Mathew, resigned. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Richard Worsley Worswick to be Captain, vice Bryan, deceased. Dated 20th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

Northumberland Regiment of Militia Light Infantry.

Thomas Watson Brown, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 20th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

1st London Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant John Schwartz to be Captain. Dated 21st October, 1863.

London Rifle Volunteer Brigade.

Lieutenant William Wrench Towse to be Captain. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Serjeant Henry Coxwell to be Ensign. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Mr. Charles Cameron Price to be Ensign. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Mr. Christopher Lethbridge to be Ensign. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Mr. James Rogers to be Ensign. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Mr. James Miller to be Ensign. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

22nd Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Thomas Lyon Thurlow to be Captain, vice Evelyn, resigned. Dated 15th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

6th Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign George Cotton to be Lieutenant. Dated 20th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant George William Suter. Dated 7th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of the Borough and Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed.

1st Berwick-upon-Tweed Rifle Volunteer Corps.

David Francis Sitwell Cahill to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Robert Kay to be Ensign. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sutherland.

1st Sutherland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Donald Taylor to be Lieutenant, vice Mackenzie, resigned. Dated 22nd October, 1863.

Thomas Barclay, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Taylor, promoted. Dated 22nd October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Major Philip Thornton in the 14th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 17th October, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign James Craik in the 2nd Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant David Waddell in the 8th Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been pleased to direct that Ensign A. W. Bolton who was absent without leave from the training of the 2nd Royal Cheshire Militia, be removed from the strength of the Regiment. Dated 19th October, 1863.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 46.)—ENGLAND—WEST COAST.

Revolving Red Light near Morecambe Bay.

THE Corporation of the Trinity House, London, has given Notice, that a light vessel has been placed in the vicinity of Morecambe Bay, on the west coast of England.

The light is a *revolving red* light, showing a *flash* every *half minute.* It is elevated 38 feet above the level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The light vessel has her "name" painted on her sides, a globe at the mast head, and is moored in 9½ fathoms at low water springs, with St. Bees Head lighthouse bearing N. by E., distant 38 miles; Walney lighthouse N.E. by E. ¾ E., 12½ miles; Foot of Wyre lighthouse E. ¾ S., 14 miles; Blackpool church S.E. ¼ E., 13¼ miles; Skerries lighthouse W. ¾ S., 51½ miles; Calf of Man lighthouse N.W. by W., 51½ miles.

The vessel is in lat. 53° 53′ 30″ N., long. 3° 24′ 30″ west of Greenwich.

[All bearings are Magnetic. Variation 23° 35′ West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,

W. V. Read, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
15th October, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Irish Channel, No. 1824*a*; England, West Coast, Sheet 11, No. 1826.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

JARROW, IN THE COUNTY OF DURHAM.

WHEREAS appeals under the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, have been duly made to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by certain owners and ratepayers within the district of Jarrow, in the county of Durham, setting forth grounds on which they dispute the validity of a vote for the adoption of the said Act within the said district. And whereas inquiry has been duly directed into the circumstances of the case, and such inquiry has been duly made, and the result thereof reported to me:

Now, therefore, I do issue the following order, and do determine the questions arising on such appeals as follows:

That the Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted within the said district of Jarrow, and that the said appeals be dismissed; and that the said Act shall come into force within the aforesaid district on the 31st day of October, 1863.

Given under my hand this 24th day of October, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 22, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave bounty of the "Manuella," captured on the 10th August, 1860, by Her Majesty's ship "Brisk."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 23, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounty and proceeds of a barque, name unknown, supposed to be the "Famosa Estrella," captured by Her Majesty's ship "Persian," on the 1st January, 1861, will commence on Monday, the 2nd proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or

of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	95	18	8
Commander	227	16	10
Third class	60	6	11
Fourth class	38	15	11
Fifth class	21	11	0
Sixth class	19	8	0
Seventh class	12	18	7
Eighth class	6	9	4
Ninth class	4	6	2
Tenth class	2	3	1

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Primitive Methodist Chapel, situated at Mount-street, in the borough of Penzance, in the county of Cornwall, in the district of Penzance, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 17th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 21st day of October, 1863.

E. H. Rodd, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Great George's-street Chapel, situated at Great George's-street, in the parish of Leeds, in the county of York, in the district of Leeds, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 20th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 22nd day of October, 1863.

Henry Lampen, Superintendent Registrar.

Winchester Registration District.

I HEREBY give notice that the Registry of the New Jerusalem Church, situate in the parish of Saint Thomas, Winchester, in the county of Southampton, as a place of public worship in which marriages may be solemnized has this day been cancelled by the Registrar-General.—Dated this 21st day of October, 1863.

Edwd. Wms. Faithfull, Superintendent Registrar of the said District.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Old Roman Catholic Chapel, Madeley, Salop, being disused, the Registry thereof is a building in which marriages might be solemnized, was on the 21st October, 1863, cancelled by the Registrar-General.

Edwin R. Evans, Superintendent Registrar of Madeley Union.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Sanctuary Star of Hope (No. 3057) Ancient Order of Shepherds, held at the Yew Tree Inn, Longhope, in the county of Gloucester, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 22nd day of October, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 22nd day of October, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a Court of the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, held in the Inner Chamber of the Guildhall, this 20th day of October, 1863, the following bye-laws, rules, orders and regulations were made by the said court for the said city, under the provisions of "The City of London Traffic Regulation Act, 1863."

Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders, and Regulations, made the 20th day of October, 1863, by the Court of the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London, for the said city, under the provisions of "The City of London Traffic Regulation Act, 1863."

Certain Omnibuses, &c., to use Cannon-street.

1. Every omnibus, metropolitan stage carriage, van or other carriage, licensed for the conveyance of passengers at separate fares passing eastwards through St. Paul's-churchyard, and proceeding to or whose destination as stated on such vehicle or in its license shall be London-bridge, or to any place over London-bridge, shall, when it reaches the south-east corner of St. Paul's Cathedral, pass down Cannon-street, and thence over London-bridge, and every such carriage making the reverse journey shall traverse the like route, and the driver of every such omnibus, metropolitan stage carriage, van or other carriage, licensed for the conveyance of passengers at separate fares, shall drive the same pursuant to this regulation.

No loads with more than Four horses between nine A.M. *and six* P.M.

2. No person shall drive any vehicle through the streets between the hours of nine in the morning and six in the evening laden with goods, materials, articles, or things whatsoever, which shall be of a nature so heavy as to require more than 4 horses to draw it.

No Locomotives between six A.M. *and ten* P.M.

3. No person shall drive or conduct any kind of locomotive propelled by steam (except a steam fire-engine actually going to or returning from a fire) within any street between the hours of six in the morning and ten at night.

Limiting height and width of loads between nine A.M. *and six* P.M.

4. No person shall drive any cart, waggon, dray, or other vehicle for the conveyance of goods, wares, and merchandize, through the streets, between the hours of nine in the morning and six in the evening, laden to a greater height than 16 feet, measuring from the ground or laden to a greater width than 7 feet, or the breadth between the outside of the wheels of which vehicle (except it shall have been in use before or on the 28th day of July, 1863) shall be greater than 7 feet.

No Timber, &c., exceeding a certain size, between nine A.M. *and six* P.M.

5. No person shall drive any cart, waggon, or other vehicle wholly or partially laden with timber, scaffolding, or other poles, logs of wood, masts, spars, or other articles or things, whether consisting of wood, metal, or any other material exceeding 25 feet in length, or 8 feet 6 inches in breadth, through any street between the hours of nine in the morning and six in the evening.

No Coals, &c. to be delivered in certain streets between the hours of nine A.M. *and five* P.M.

6. No person shall, between the hours of nine o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the evening, deliver any coals, beer, wine, or other liquid

in casks, conveyed by means of any waggon, cart, van, carriage, or other vehicle, in the following streets, viz., Gracechurch-street, Bishopsgate-street Within, Threadneedle-street, Cornhill, Lombard-street, Leadenall-street, Fenchurch-street, Tower-street, Eastcheap, Cannon-street, King William-street, Upper or Lower Thames-street, Fleet-street, Ludgate-hill, Ludgate-street, Newgate-street, Cheapside, The Poultry, Gresham-street, Prince's-street, Lothbury, Throgmorton-street, or Old Broad-street.

Drivers to keep the near side in meeting, and take the off side in passing.

7. Every driver of any waggon, cart, carriage, or other vehicle, shall, in meeting any other vehicle, keep his waggon, cart, carriage, or vehicle to the left, or near side of the street; and every such driver, in passing any other vehicle, shall keep his waggon, cart, carriage, or vehicle on the right or off side of the street (except in cases of actual necessity or some sufficient reason for deviation).

Persons not to hinder others passing them.

8. No person shall in any manner wilfully prevent any other person from passing him, or any waggon, cart, or other carriage, or horse, mule, or other beast of burthen under his care, in any street, nor by negligence or misbehaviour prevent, hinder, or interrupt the free passage of any person, waggon, cart, or other carriage, or horse, mule, or other beast of burthen in any street.

Prohibiting certain obstructions.

9. No person shall slide upon any footway, nor stand, loiter, or remain together with other persons on any street or footway without reasonable cause, nor hawk or expose for sale any shell or other fish, bird, game, fruit, greengrocery, meat, toy, or other article or thing of any kind, in any street, or on or near any footway, so as in either of such cases to obstruct or incommode the free passage of any such street or footway.

No wilful obstructions.

10. No person shall by any other means than herein provided, wilfully obstruct the free passage of any street or footway, nor insult, jostle, or annoy any person passing along any street or footway.

Obstructions of Footways by goods, &c.

11. No person shall suffer any goods or merchandize, empty hampers, cases, or barrels, or any coal or fuel intended for any warehouse or house, to remain in the street or on the footway, for a longer period than shall be necessary for the housing or removing thereof.

Vegetables, Fruits, &c., not to be sold on Trucks in certain Streets between nine A.M. *and six* P.M.

12. No person shall expose for sale any vegetables, fruit, fish, or other article carried upon any truck, barrow, cart, or other vehicle in any of the following streets, viz.:—London Bridge, Blackfriars Bridge, Gracechurch-street, Bishopsgate-street Within, Threadneedle-street, Cornhill, Lombard-street, Leadenhall-street, Fenchurch-street, Tower-street, Eastcheap, Cannon-street, King William-street, Upper or Lower Thames-street, Fleet-street, Ludgate-hill, Ludgate-street, Newgate-street, Cheapside, The Poultry, Gresham-street, Princes-street, Lothbury, Throgmorton-street, or Old Broad-street, between the hours of nine in the morning and six in the evening.

Vehicles to stand parallel to the Pavement.

13. The driver of every dray, cart, van, waggon, carriage, or other vehicle whatsoever shall cause the same to stand with the side thereof parallel to the foot pavement when loading or unloading, or stopping for any other purpose.

Persons to obey Directions of Police in certain Cases.

14. Every driver of any waggon, cart, carriage, or other vehicle, and the rider of every horse or other animal, shall obey the direction of the constable on duty in any street with regard to the street or portion of street to be used by him, or the direction or route he must take through any street in any case when an obstruction is in any way wholly or partially caused, or likely to be caused, to the free passage of any street, or whenever the diversion of the traffic is necessary by reason of its amount or nature, or on account of any accident, fire, the passing of artillery-waggons or troops, the repairs of streets or pavements, or other emergency or occasion.

Standings for Shoeblacks.

15. The streets or places mentioned in the first column of the schedule hereto shall be and are hereby appointed places at which street shoeblacks may stand to exercise their calling, and the number of such shoeblacks who may stand at each of such places shall not exceed the number specified in the second column of such schedule, provided that the Commissioner of the City Police shall, and he is hereby empowered, from time to time, and as often as he shall think necessary, or the public convenience may require, to alter the standing places in any street, or to increase the number of standings in the same, or to allot standing places in other streets, and to fix, alter, or increase the number of shoeblacks at any standing place, so that the number of standing places do not exceed 150, and the number of shoeblacks do not in the whole exceed 300.

Obstructions at standings prohibited.

16. No shoeblack, other than those authorized by the Commissioner of Police, shall be permitted to occupy the appointed standings nor remain there after being required by a constable on duty to leave, nor shall any person or persons, other than those requiring and using the services of a shoeblack, assemble or remain at such standings or in the immediate proximity thereof after being requested by any constable on duty to leave, nor shall any person or persons molest or obstruct any authorized shoeblack in the exercise of his calling.

Interpretation Clause.

17. In the interpretation of these bye-laws the word "street" shall include any street, lane, road, square, court, alley, passage, place, bridge, or other public way.

The schedule above referred to.

Station.	No. of Shoeblacks.
Adelaide-place	1
Aldgate, by church	1
Aldermanbury, by church	1
Aldersgate-street, by Edmunds-place	1
Basinghall-street, Church-passage ...	1
Billingsgate-market	1
Bishopsgate Church-yard, west end ...	1
Bishopsgate Church-yard, east end ...	1

Station.	No. of Shoeblacks.
Bishopsgate-street, by Artillery-lane...	1
Bishopsgate-street, by Alderman's-walk	1
Blackfriars-bridge, north end	1
Blackwall Railway	2
Cannon-street, by St. Swithin's Church	1
Cheap-side, west end	1
Cornhill, by Royal Exchange	2
Crosby-square, west end	1
Farringdon-street, by Fleet-wall ...	1
Fenchurch-street, by No. 65	1
Finsbury-pavement, by South-place ...	1
Fish-street-hill, by Monument ...	1
Fleet-street, by Clifford's-inn	1
Fore-street, by Cripplegate Church ...	1
General Post Office, by east side ...	1
Gracechurch-street, by Ship Tavern-passage	1
Great Tower-street, north-east corner	1
Great Saint Helen's, west end ...	1
Gresham-street, in Church-passage ...	1
Holborn-bridge	2
Holborn-bars, north side	1
Holborn-bars, south side	1
Holborn-hill, by Horse and Groom public-house...	1
Honey-lane Market	1
King William-street, by Crooked-lane	2
King William-street, by Fishmongers'-hall	1
Lime-street, north end	1
Lothbury, by Founder's-court ...	1
London-wall, by Albion Chapel ...	1
London-wall, by Circus-place... ...	1
Long-lane	1
Lower Thames-street (bridge) ...	2
Ludgate-hill, by St. Martin's-court ...	1
Ludgate-hill, by Stationers'-hall-court	1
Mansion-house, south-west corner of ...	1
Mansion-house-place	1
Minories, by Hammet-street	1
Minories, by John-street	1
Moorgate-street, in Coleman-street-buildings	1
New London-street, by steps	1
Red Cross-street, north-west corner ...	1
Rood-lane, south end	1
Royal Exchange-buildings, south end...	2
Royal Exchange-buildings, north-end	2
Royal Exchange, by Duke of Wellington's Statue	6
St. Ann's-lane	1
St. Martin's-le-Grand, Post-office steps	4
St. Mary Axe, by St. Andrew Undershaft Church...	1
St. Paul's-churchyard, in Black Swan Alley...	1
St. Paul's-churchyard, by bar ...	1
St. Paul's-school, in front of,... ...	1
Savage-gardens, by railway	1
Skinner-street, by church	1
Skinner-street, by Snow-hill	1
Smithfield, north side	1
Temple-lane	1
Threadneedle-street, by Royal Exchange	2
Threadneedle-street, by church ...	1
Tower-hill, by urinal	1
Tower-hill, by Round-house	1
Upper Thames-street, by London-bridge	2
Whitefriars-dock	1
Wood-street, by church	1
Total	88

And notice is hereby further given, that at the expiration of one month from the date hereof it is intended to apply on behalf of the said Court of Mayor and Aldermen for the approval of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department to such bye-laws, rules, orders, and regulations, and that during the said month printed copies of such intended bye-laws, rules, orders, and regulations, may be obtained at the office of the Town Clerk of the said city, at the price of one penny, by all persons seeking the same.

Guildhall, *Woodthorpe.*
October 20, 1863.

The Vice-Chancellor Wood at Chambers.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts, 1848 and 1849; and the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Amendment Act, 1857; and in the Matter of the English and Irish Church and University Assurance Society.

BY direction of the Vice-Chancellor Sir William Page Wood, the Judge of the High Court of Chancery, to whose Court the winding up of this Company is attached; notice is hereby given, that the said Judge will on Saturday, the 7th day of November, 1863, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at his chambers, No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, proceed to make a call on the several persons included in class A, and who are settled on the list of contributories of the said Company, in addition to any call that may be made on them as contributories on the general list of contributories of the said Society, and that the said Judge purposes that such call shall be for one pound ten shillings per share. All persons interested are entitled to attend at such day, hour, and place, to offer objections to such call.—Dated this 7th day of August, 1863.

The Vice-Chancellor Wood at Chambers.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts, 1848 and 1849; and the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Amendment Act, 1857; and in the Matter of the English and Irish Church and University Assurance Society.

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AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 17th day of October, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11578
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	25988
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	23351
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	5346
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	17635
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	32827
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	16325
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	22847
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	76260
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14587
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	9450
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	24759
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15179
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	21686
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	55792
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	30055
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	24030
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	37086
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	28704
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12475
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	46336
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20750
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12534
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2352
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	12636
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	50868
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	31980
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	20312
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	3461
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	17083
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	30344
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	35837
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3722
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	18188
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	75756
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6678
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9857
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	43905
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	26413
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	7064
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10406
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	68967
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	85484
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	8456
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	Not received.
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	99283
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	53102

Numb. 22784. 5123

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1863.

Whitehall, October 29, 1863.

THE following Address of Congratulation to the Queen, on the Marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, for Presentation, has accordingly been presented by him to Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

WE, your Majesty's loyal subjects, the Provincial Grand Master, Officers, and Brethren of the Ancient and Honorable Fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons of Scotland in Victoria, desire to join on the present occasion in the chorus of congratulation which has ascended to the Throne from all portions of your Majesty's dominions.

Great is the joy felt by all classes of your Majesty's subjects at the happy union of the Heir to the Throne with the Princess Alexandra, and especially is that joy felt by us Freemasons, because His Royal Highness is the descendant and representative of a line whose most illustrious Members have deemed it not inconsistent with their high position to hold office in our body.

That this union may be a source of happiness to your Majesty and a blessing to England, is our earnest and heartfelt prayer.

Dated, at Melbourne, the 29th day of June, 1863.

William C. Haines,
Provincial Grand Master.

W. P. Wilson,
Deputy Prov. Grand Master.

John Edwards,
Provincial Grand Secretary.

Foreign Office, October 29, 1863.

THE following Correspondence has passed between Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires in Japan:

No. 1.

Earl Russell to Lieutenant-Colonel Neale.

Foreign Office,
December 24, 1862.

SIR,

THE barbarous murder of Mr. Richardson, and the murderous assault on two gentlemen and a lady who were in his company, have inspired Her Majesty's Government with great and just indignation.

It was to be hoped that the instant trial and condign punishment of the murderers, together with an offer of further reparation, would have shown, on the part of the Japanese Government, a due sense of the magnitude of the offence which had been committed. But the letter of the Japanese Ministers of Foreign Affairs, dated the 16th of September, dispels this hope. In a tone of helplessness or evasion they say that, in the answer which Saboolo gave to their officer, there is something very improper, and that they will have the whole state of the case more accurately inquired into, and inform you of the result.

There could have been no doubt in the minds of the Ministers of Japan, that a barbarous murder had been committed; no doubt that other murders had, at the same time, been contemplated; and the only course which a Government sensible of its duties, and able to perform them, could have pursued, was to arrest, try, convict, and execute the murderers.

But even the first step of this process does not seem to have been taken.

In fixing the reparation to be required, Her Majesty's Government have had to consider the anomalous state of political rule in Japan. They find two parties who are responsible to the British Government: first, the Government of Yeddo, who, when British subjects are attacked and murdered on the high-road, in full daylight, by persons who are known, nevertheless allow those persons to remain unpunished; secondly, the Daimio Prince of Satsuma, whose relation, Simadzoo Saboolo, permitted, if he did not actually order, his retainers to commit this horrible crime, and who do not punish it,

You are instructed to ask as reparation from the Japanese Government: –

1. An ample and formal apology for the offence of permitting a murderous attack on British subjects passing on a road open by treaty to them.

2. The payment of 100,000*l.*, as a penalty on Japan for this offence.

Next you will demand from the Daimio Prince of Satsuma :—

1. The immediate trial and capital execution, in the presence of one or more of Her Majesty's naval officers, of the chief perpetrators of the murder of Mr. Richardson, and of the murderous assault upon the lady and gentlemen who accompanied him.

2. The payment of 25,000*l.*, to be distributed to the relations of the murdered man, and to those who escaped with their lives the swords of the assassins on that occasion.

If the Japanese Government should refuse the redress you are thus instructed to demand, you will inform thereof the Admiral or Senior Naval Officer on the station, and you will call upon him to adopt such measures of reprisal or blockade, or of both, as he may judge best calculated to attain the end proposed.

You will at the same time communicate the substance of your instructions to the Envoys and Naval Commanders in Japan of other European Powers ; and you will concert with the British Admiral, and the naval officers of those Powers, arrangements for the safety of foreigners during coercive operations.

If the Daimio Satsuma should not immediately agree to and carry into effect the terms demanded of him, the Admiral should go with his own ship, and with such others as he may think fit to take with him, or he should send a sufficient force to the territory of the Prince, which I have been informed is a peninsula on the most southerly point of the island. He has a port, I am told, at the south-west end of the Island of Kiu-siu.

The Admiral or Senior Naval Officer will be better able to judge than Her Majesty's Government can be, whether it will be most expedient to blockade this port, or whether it will be possible or advisable to shell the residence of the Prince.

I have also been informed that the Prince of Satsuma has steam-ships brought from Europe of considerable value ; these might be seized or detained till redress is obtained.

During these operations, whether against the Government of Japan or the Prince of Satsuma, care must be taken by the Admiral to protect the ports where British persons and property may be in jeopardy.

The distinction between the Government and the Daimios is one that must be kept in view.

The Prince of Satsuma is said by one of the Japanese Ministers to be a powerful Daimio, who could not easily be coerced by the Japanese Government. He must not, nor must the other Daimios, escape, on that account, the penalty of their misdeeds.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) RUSSELL.

No. 2.

Lieutenant-Colonel Neale to Earl Russell.—
(*Received August* 27).

(Extract). *Yokohama, June* 24, 1863.

I HASTEN to announce to your Lordship that I have received within the walls of Her Majesty's Legation the whole amount of the indemnities demanded by Her Majesty's Government from the Government at Yeddo, amounting to 110,000*l.* sterling, represented by 440,000 Mexican dollars ; the reparation affixed for the families of the guards murdered at Her Majesty's Legation on the 26th June is comprised in this amount.

No. 3.

Lieutenant-Colonel Neale to Earl Russell.—
(*Received September* 14).

My Lord, *Yokohama, July* 13 1863.

I HAVE the satisfaction of transmitting herewith to your Lordship the letter of apology addressed to me by the Japanese Government, expressive of regret at the murders and outrages committed in this country upon British subjects during the course of last year.

I transmit this paper in original Japanese, accompanied by a literal translation, as well as by a translation of the Dutch version.

Thus the demands I have been instructed to make upon the Government at Yeddo have been happily brought to a satisfactory and successful issue, not, however, without the most persistent efforts on my part to resist all difficulties and obstructions opposed by the distracted Government of this country at so serious a crisis.

In respect to the apology, however expedient I had deemed it to abstain from being over-exacting as to the terms in which it should be expressed,—especially as the payment at last, without comment, of the indemnity was of itself an acknowledgment of the justice of the reparation demanded, —still I was under the necessity of twice declining to accept two other written apologies tendered to me, as in translation they were obscure and undefined.

The third I conceive to be clear and acceptable ; and it remains for me to trust it will be found sufficiently satisfactory by Her Majesty's Government.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) EDWD. ST. JOHN NEALE.

Inclosure in No. 3.

The Japanese Ministers for Foreign Affairs to Lieutenant-Colonel Neale.

(Literal Translation from the Japanese.)

WE communicate with you by a despatch.

Last year at the British Legation in Yeddo a wicked and murderous act took place. Again, on the tokaido a British subject was murdered. Such unfortunate affairs were for us highly to be regretted. Thus we hope that affairs likely to break off the intercourse between the two countries may not again arise. We desire to inform you thus much.

Respectful and humble communication.

(July 3, 1863.)

(Signed)
MATSDAIRA BUZEN NO KAMI.
INOWOOYAY KAWATSI NO KAMI.
OGASAWARA JEWSIO NO KAMI.

(Dutch translation from the Japanese.)

WIJ hebben de eer aan uwe Excellentie het volgende mede te deelen.

Werleden jaar is een gruweldaad en een moord gepleegd geworden in de Britsche Legatie te Jedo; en op nieuw op de tokaïdo, toen een

Britsche onderdaan is vermoord en anderas gekwetst geworden.

Het doet ons ongemeen leed, dat deze betrenrens, waardige voorwallen hebben plaat gegrepen, en hopen dat zulke voowallen nier her haald zullen worden, waardoor de vriendschappelijke betrekkingen tusschen beide Rijken verbroken konden worden.

Met eerbied en achting voorgesteld.

Dan 18den van 5de maand van 3de jaar var Boen-kue.

(W. g.)
MATSDAIRA BUZEN NO KAMI.
INOWOOYAY KAWATSI NO KAMI.
OGASAWARA JEWSIO NO KAMI.

(Translation from the Dutch version.)

WE have the honour to send you the following communication.

Last year an outrage and murder was committed at the British Legation at Yeddo, and again on the tokaido, when a British subject was murdered, and others wounded.

We are extremely sorry for these occurrences, and hope such events may not again occur to interrupt the friendly relations between the two Governments.

With respect and consideration.

18th day of the 5th month of the 3rd year of Bung-kew (July 3, 1863).

(Signed)
MATSDAIRA BUZEN NO KAMI.
INOWOOYAY KAWATSI NO KAMI.
OGASAWARA JEWSIO NO KAMI.

No. 4.

(Extract.) *Yokohama,*
My Lord, *August* 26, 1863.

I HAD the honour to inform your Lordship upon closing the last mail, that I was on the point of embarking on board the flag-ship of Vice-Admiral Kuper, and of proceeding with the squadron under his command to Kagosima, the capital of the Prince of Satsuma. I deemed it right to acquaint the Tycoon's Government of my intentions, and I accordingly addressed them a letter, a copy of which I have the honour to enclose. I promptly received a reply soliciting me at least to postpone the projected expedition. I had hardly received this written communication, a copy of which is likewise enclosed, when a Vice-Minister came down from Yeddo and sought an interview with me on the 5th instant. Far from urging further arguments to dissuade me from the intention of proceeding to the territory of Satsuma, he stated that the Tycoon's Government purposed sending a Japanese steamer with us, having a high official on board. No steamer, however, appeared then or at any subsequent period.

The squadron, consisting of Her Majesty's ships Euryalus, Pearl, Perseus, Argus, Coquette, Racehorse, and Havoc, weighed from its anchorage at Yokohama, on the 6th instant.

I was accompanied by most of the members of Her Majesty's Legation, distributed over Her Majesty's ships—their more or less proficiency in the Japanese language, it was deemed, might be highly useful, and the result has confirmed this expectation.

Under easy steam and sail Her Majesty's squadron reached the entrance of the Bay of Kagosima on the evening of the 11th instant, and anchoring ground was found about ten p.m., after some difficulty, in the extreme depth of water, which was found generally to prevail in that noble bay.

Early in the morning of the ensuing day, the first boat, containing two officials, came off from the shore to the flag-ship. They enquired the nationality of the ships, whether it was our intention to proceed farther into the bay, whether a native pilot was on board, what number of guns the ship carried, and other questions of this nature, which, having been replied to, the boat returned to Kagosima.

Her Majesty's squadron a few hours afterwards weighed and cast anchor off the batteries of the town. A second boat with four other officials came off immediately to the flag-ship, and stated that it was understood to be the intention to deliver a letter addressed to the Prince of Satsuma. My despatch, as originally written, a copy of which I have already had the honcur to transmit to your Lordship, and amended only in respect to the altered dates, together with a supplementary letter announcing the Admiral's arrival with the squadron, and my own presence on board, were delivered to the officials, who undertook to return, with a receipt, copies of both of which, in their amended form, I have the honour to enclose.

This they did in a few hours, and at the same time informed me that the Prince of Satsuma was not at Kagosima, but at a residence inland, about 50 miles distant; the officials again came on board and stated that they were charged by the three members composing the Prince of Satsuma's Council to request that Admiral Kuper and myself would come on shore, where a building for the reception of foreigners had been specially arranged for our interview. Great anxiety was evinced that we should accede to this proposal; and they urged that it would be impossible to commit to writing all that might be discussed. Admiral Kuper fully concurred with me in replying that the only business which had brought us to Kagosima was fully set forth in the despatch I had presented, and which was clearly conveyed in three languages—English, Japanese, and Dutch. We declined to proceed on shore or enter into any discussions. The officials departed much disconcerted that we should not land. Viewed by the light of the occurrences which followed, it may well be assumed that treachery and violence was in store for us, had we unsuspectingly fallen into their designs.

On the 13th instant, several officials, one of whom was stated to be of superior rank, again came alongside the flag-ship, accompanied by numerous two-sworded adherents in several boats. They entered into long parley before coming on board, requested to know whether I would personally receive the high official; of this they were assured. They then requested permission that he should be accompanied on deck by at least 40 of his adherents, which was acceded to by the Admiral, who at the same time directed a guard of Marines to be drawn up, with fixed bayonets, facing the gangway by which they entered. Upon reaching the deck, these armed retainers of Satsuma were disposed of in single file along the line of guns, and at once assumed their natural position of sitting in a kneeling attitude. The high personage referred to, then finally decided upon ascending the ship's side. I received him, the Admiral being present, when he exhibited the utmost agitation and confusion. He was speechless, when one of his attendant officers stated that he was charged to speak for his Chief, and that he had to inform me that he was the bearer of the written reply to my

despatch, but that they had some serious matters to add in connection with it.

No sooner had he proceeded thus far, when it was found that a boat, waving a flag, had reached the ship and communicated something, which, when made known to the chief official, caused him to rise suddenly and leave the cabin, return to it, and leave it again. Finally, I was informed by him that he must return to the shore immediately, as he had received a message to the effect that a mistake had been made in the despatch, which must be rectified; upon which he hurriedly left with the undelivered despatch, if, indeed, he had been the bearer of any such.

During the interval occupied by these communications, the batteries on shore were constantly manned, and the guns diligently trained and pointed at the ships of the squadron, and especially on the flag-ship, the whole of them being within range.

These and other suspicious circumstances induced the Admiral to determine upon shifting the anchorage of the squadron to as convenient a position, though still partially within range, as the extreme depth of the water would admit.

As the Japanese officials were descending the ship's side, the anchors of the squadron were weighing.

Contrary to my expectation, the official last referred to returned late in the evening to the flag-ship at the new anchorage, and delivered into my hands the answer to my despatch preferring the demands. A careful translation of that document I have here the honor to lay before your Lordship. Having no further communication to make to me, the bearer of the letter left the ship.

I deemed the general tone and purport of this reply of Satsuma's counsellors to be utterly unsatisfactory. It raised the question whether according to the laws of Japan, a Daïmio, travelling with his retinue, is not fully justified in beating or thrusting off the road all persons who encounter him on the highway. It raised also the question whether or not the Tycoon was free from blame for not having inserted in the treaty these assumed and extravagant privileges. The indemnity demanded, it is said in the reply, will be an after consideration, when it had been decided whether the Tycoon or the Daïmio was to blame.

Such being the general purport of the reply which I had received, I considered it to be my unavoidable and immediate duty to call upon Admiral Kuper at once to resort to such preliminary measures of coercion, by reprisals or otherwise, as he might deem most expedient and best calculated to arouse the Prince of Satsuma to a sense of the serious nature of our mission.

I have the honour to enclose a copy of my despatch, addressed in that sense to the Admiral.

A relation of what ensued I can best convey to your Lordship, by laying before you the succinct and graphic despatch which Admiral Kuper addressed to me at the close of the operations which were enacted.

It would be unbecoming in me to indulge in expressions of admiration at the able and gallant manner in which the operations, suddenly rendered necessary, were determined upon, and immediately carried out by the ships of Her Majesty's Squadron, under the immediate command and direction of Vice-Admiral Kuper, upon whom it devolves to bring to the knowledge of Her Majesty's Government, the spirited incidents and all sufficient results, which attended the combat at Kagosima. The strength of the batteries, mounting 81 guns, the gale blowing during the action, the comparatively severe loss sustained by us, especially in the untimely fate of those brilliant and deplored Officers, Captains Josling and Wilmot, of the flag-ship, will be duly appreciated by Her Majesty's Government.

I did not hesitate to convey to Admiral Kuper my unqualified opinion that enough had been effected to vindicate the outrage committed upon British subjects by the adherents of Satsuma, at least until I had the honor to receive your Lordship's further instructions.

The chief agent of that outrage is generally understood to have been Shimadzu Saboolo, the father of the Prince: his guards but obeyed his instructions. No power as yet brought to bear upon Japan by Her Majesty's Government is calculated to coerce the Prince of Satsuma to deliver up his father to condign punishment, as the principal perpetrator of the outrage committed.

It was determined upon this to return to Yokohama, when, after a series of severe gales and typhoons prevailing at this season on this dangerous coast, the squadron returned to this anchorage on the 24th instant.

Thus I have the satisfaction to report to your Lordship, that the instructions with which I have been charged, onerous as they were palpably and in fact, and having reference to the outrage of last September, have been carried out in letter and in spirit. The indemnities demanded of the Tycoon's Government are afloat on board Her Majesty's Ships. I have had the honor to transmit to your Lordship the written apology of the Government of Yeddo; and in respect to the Prince of Satsuma having illadvisedly sought to evade the specific demands which Her Majesty's Government deemed it advisable to direct me to make upon him, after due consideration of all the circumstances, and after long forbearance, his capital is in ashes, his foundries destroyed and his steamers burnt.

It remains for me to trust that Her Majesty's Government may deem that my instructions have been thus fulfilled in a manner best adapted to the difficult circumstances with which I have been, and still continue to be, surrounded.

In conclusion, I trust your Lordship will pardon me if I do not resist the natural impulse of desiring to bring under your Lordship's notice the special and unlooked for services rendered on the occasion of the expedition to Satsuma of Messrs. Eusden, Gower, Macdonald, Willis, Fletcher, Von Siebold, and Satow, of this Legation. In their absence all communications with the shore at Kagosima must have failed. Interpreters from the shore were held back and never appeared; an attempt to impede all explanations rendered nugatory by a ready knowledge of their own language, which they found on board, nor shall I have accomplished my duty were I to omit to solicit your Lordships favourable notice to the devotion with which these members of Her Majesty's Civil Service exposed themselves to the anticipated perils of naval combat, unaccompanied by any ostensible prospect of the ordinary honours and rewards attending the exposure of life in the profession of arms.

I have, &c.,

EDWD. ST. JOHN NEALE.

P.S.—I have the honour to annex to this Despatch Memoranda of interviews held on board Her Majesty's ship Euryalus, with the officers of the Prince of Satsuma.

E. ST. JNO. N.

The Right Honourable
The Earl Russell, K.G.,
&c., &c., &c.

(Inclosure 1 in No. 4.)

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward St. John Neale, Her Britannic Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, &c., &c., to the Ministers of Foreign Affairs.

Her Britannic Majesty's Legation.
Yokohama, August 3, 1863.

SO far back as the month of April last, the Undersigned informed the Gorogio that, under all the circumstances attending the peculiar relations between the Tycoon's Government and the Daimio Prince of Satsuma, the Government of Her Britannic Majesty had determined to seek, directly, reparation from that Daimio, in respect to the condign punishment of the actual perpetrators of the murder of Mr. Richardson, on the 14th September last, on the Tokaido, near Kanagawa, and the payment of an indemnity for the benefit of the relations of the persons murdered and injured by his adherents.

The execution of this portion of the instructions which the Undersigned received from his Government has been deferred, chiefly out of consideration for the political difficulties of the Tycoon's Government, which has itself adopted the course of avoiding further reference to the subject.

The Undersigned, moved by the same sentiments of consideration which four months ago induced him to inform the Gorogio of the demands about to be made on the Prince of Satsuma, now also informs your Excellencies that within the period of three days the undersigned will proceed with a large portion of the squadron under the command of Vice-Admiral Kuper to the Prince of Satsuma's territories to prefer the demands, and to adopt coercive measures against this Prince, should he refuse to comply with those demands, or should himself adopt a hostile attitude from the forts and batteries he assumes the independent right to erect.

The immediate settlement of this matter has now become peremptorily necessary.

To mark the friendly disposition which the undersigned entertains on behalf of his Government towards that of the Tycoon, although those relations, on the part of the Tycoon's ministers, the undersigned is bound to add, are involved in mystery and undefined; the Undersigned again writes to the Gorogio to take the commands of His Majesty the Tycoon, in respect to sending a functionary of the Government on board the squadron, to accompany it to the territories of the Prince of Satsuma, should it be so deemed to be expedient.

A serious and urgent communication.

(Signed) EDWD. ST. JOHN NEALE.

(Inclosure 2 in No. 4.)

From the Japanese Ministers for Foreign Affairs to Lieutenant-Colonel Edward St. John Neale, &c. &c. &c.

Yeddo, August 4, 1863.

ON receipt of your Despatch, No. 35, of the 3rd August, we have fully understood that you intend to go, within three days, to the territory of the Prince of Satzuma, with the men-of-war now lying in the Bay of Yokohama, in order to demand satisfaction for the murder of a British merchant on the Tokaido last year. But owing to the present unsettled state of affairs in our empire, which you witness and hear of, we are in great trouble, and intend to carry out several plans. Supposing now something untoward were to happen, then all the trouble and care both you and we have taken would have been in vain and fruitless; therefore we request the said departure may be delayed for the present.

With respect and consideration.

(Signed)
MATSDAIRA BUZENNO KAMI.
MIDDZOONO IDZOOMINO KAMI.
ITAKOORA SOOWONO KAMI.
INOWOO-YAY KAWATSINO KAMI.

Translated by
(Signed) R. EUSDEN.

(Inclosure 3 in No. 4.)

To His Highness Matsudaira Shiuri no Daiboo, the Daimio Prince of Satsuma, or in his absence to the Regent or other High Officer for the time being administering the Government of the Prince of Satsuma, Hiuga Ohosumi, and the Loo Choo Islands.

Her Britannic Majesty's Legation in Japan,
Yokohama,

YOUR HIGHNESS, *August* 1, 1863.

IT is well known to you that a barbarous murder of an unarmed and unoffending British subject and merchant was perpetrated on the 14th of the month of September last (21st day of 8th month of 2nd year of Bung-Kew of Japanese reckoning), upon the Tokaido, near Kanagawa, by persons attending the procession and surrounding the norimon of Shimadzu Saboolo, who, I am informed, is the father of your Highness.

It is equally known to you that a murderous assault was made at the same time by the same retinue upon a lady and two other gentlemen, British subjects, by whom he was accompanied, the two gentlemen having been severely and seriously wounded, and the lady escaping by a miracle.

The names of the British subjects here referred to, are as follows:—

Charles Lenox Richardson, murdered.
Mrs. Borradaile.
Mr. William Clarke, severely wounded.
Mr. William Marshal, severely wounded.

This event filled with great and just indignation the British Government and people, and excited the sympathy of, and produced a painful impression upon, all civilized countries.

Impressed with friendly and considerate feelings towards the Government of the Tycoon, with whom the Queen of Great Britain, my august Sovereign, is in relations by treaty of peace and amity, I acted with proper consideration for the Tycoon's Government by leaving in its hands the legitimate means of speedily arresting and bringing to capital punishment the murderers from among Shimadzu Saboolo's retinue.

This necessary forbearance on my part has been entirely approved of by my Government, and appreciated and acknowledged by the Government of the Tycoon.

A different course proposed at the moment to be adopted in the excitement attending this barbarous outrage might have resulted in the capture, and, perhaps, death, by summary retribution, of Shimadzu Saboolo himself.

Ten months have now elapsed since the perpetration of this unprovoked outrage, during which period my Government has been duly informed by me of the circumstances attending it, while the Tycoon's Ministers have held out to me from time to time assurances and hopes that the murderers would be given up by your Highness, according

to the Tycoon's desire, and sent to Yeddo for trial and execution.

But I have had occasion to report to my Government, that removed in your distant domain from the direct influence of the supreme Government, and shielded also by certain privileges and immunities which belong to Daimios of this Empire, you had utterly disregarded all orders or decrees of the Japanese Government calling upon you to afford justice by sending the real criminals to Yeddo. They have not been arrested nor sent; and no redress has consequently been afforded by the Tycoon's Government, however desirous it may be of doing so.

In the meanwhile, I have received the explicit instructions of my own Government how to act in this matter.

The Tycoon's Government may be impeded by the laws of the country, and more especially by political embarrassments from enforcing its desires upon Daimios of the Empire in regard to criminal acts committed by their adherents; but when British subjects are the victims of those acts, Japan, as a nation, must through its Government pay a penalty and disavow the misdeeds of its subjects, to whatever rank they may belong.

Under instructions from my Government, I demanded from the Tycoon's Government an apology and the payment of a considerable penalty, for permitting the murderous attack made by your retainers on British subjects passing on a road open to them by treaty. Both these demands have been acceded to.

But the British Government has also decided that those circumstances constitute no reason why the real delinquents and actual murderers should be shielded by your Highness, or by any means escape the condign punishment which they merit, and which they would be subjected to for great crimes, such as they have committed, in all other parts of the world.

It has thereupon been determined by my Government, and I am instructed to demand of your Highness, as follows:—First. The immediate trial and execution, in the presence of one or more of Her Majesty's naval officers, of the chief perpetrators of the murder of Mr. Richardson, and of the murderous assault upon the lady and the gentlemen who accompanied him.

Secondly. The payment of twenty-five thousand pounds sterling, to be distributed to the relations of the murdered man, and to those who escaped with their lives the swords of the assassins on that occasion.

These demands are required by Her Majesty's Government to be acceded to by your Highness immediately upon their being made known to you. And upon your refusing, neglecting, or evading to do so, the Admiral commanding the British forces in these seas will adopt such coercive measures, increasing in their severity, as he may deem expedient to obtain the required satisfaction.

The commander of Her Majesty's ship of war charged with the delivery of this letter is made acquainted with the specific demands which I have the honour to communicate to you in this letter, and, according as they are accepted or refused, he has received instructions either to carry out and witness their execution, within a period of days, which will be named, or in the event of a refusal, to commence at once coercive operations pending the arrival of additional forces.

Your Highness is therefore earnestly requested, seriously to consider the course you will adopt upon receipt of this communication, the terms of which it is not in my power to modify, alter, or discuss. I avail myself of this occasion to offer to your Highness the assurance of my respect and consideration.

(Signed) EDWD. ST. JOHN NEALE,
Her Britannic Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires
in Japan.

(Inclosure 4 in No. 4.)

Her Majesty's Ship Euryalus,

YOUR HIGHNESS, *August 12th*, 1863.

THE letter which I have addressed to your Highness, and which accompanies this, has been written some time ago, and its purport communicated to my Government. But it now becomes necessary for me to inform your Highness that I have myself arrived at this anchorage with the British Admiral, and a portion of the squadron under his command, and hope to receive a satisfactory communication in reply to my letter. If within the space of hours no such satisfactory communication is received, I shall be under the necessity of calling upon the Admiral Commanding-in-Chief to adopt such coercive measures as he may deem expedient, until the necessary satisfaction is obtained.

I avail myself of this occasion to offer to your Highness the assurance of my respect and consideration.

(Signed) EDWD. ST. JOHN NEALE,
Her Britannic Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires
in Japan.

To Matsudaira Shiuri no Daiboo,
Prince of Satsuma, &c., &c.

(Inclosure 5 in No. 4.)

Translation of a Despatch in Japanese from Kawakami Tajima, Minister of Matsdaira Shiuri no Daiboo, Prince of Satsuma, &c., &c., to Colonel Neale, Her Britannic Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, &c., &c., &c.

IT is just that a man who has killed another should be arrested and punished by death, as there is nothing more sacred than human life, and although we should like to secure them [the murderers], as we have endeavoured to do since last year, it is impossible for us to do so, owing to the political differences at present existing between the Daimios of Japan; some of whom even hide and protect such people; besides this, the murderers are not one, but several persons, and therefore find easier means of escape.

The journey to Yeddo [undertaken by Shimadzu Saboolo] was not with the object of committing murders, but to conciliate the two Courts of Yeddo and Kioto; and you will easily, therefore, believe that our master [Shimadzu] could not have ordered it [the murder]. Great offenders against the laws of their country (Japan), who escape, are liable to capital punishment. If, therefore, we can detect those in question, and, after examination, find them to be guilty, they shall be punished, and we will then inform the Commanders of your men-of-war at Nagasaki, or at Yokohama, in order that they may come to witness their execution. You must, therefore, consent to the unavoidable delay which is necessary to carry out these measures. If we were to execute criminals condemned for other offences, and told you that they were the offenders [above referred to] you would not be able to recognize them; and this would be deceiving you, and not acting in accordance with the spirit of our ancestors.

The [Provincial] Governments of Japan are subordinate to the Yeddo Government, and, as you are well aware, are subservient to the orders received from it.

We have heard something about a Treaty having been negotiated in which a certain limit was assigned to foreigners to move about in ; but we have not heard of any stipulation by which they are authorized to impede the passage of a road.

Supposing this happened in your country. travelling with a large number of retainers as we do here, would you not chastise (push out of the way and beat) any one thus disregarding and breaking the existing laws of the country? If this were neglected princes could no longer travel. We repeat that we agree with you that the taking of human life is a very grave matter. On the other hand, the insufficiency of the Yeddo Government, who govern and direct everything, is shown by their neglecting to insert in the treaty [with foreigners] the laws of the country [in respect to these matters] which have existed from ancient times. You will, therefore, be able to judge yourself whether the Yeddo Government [for not inserting these laws] or my master [for carrying them out] is to be blamed.

To decide on this important matter, a high official of the Yeddo Government, and one of our Government, ought to discuss it before you, and find out who is in the right.

After the above question has thus been judged and settled, the money indemnity shall be arranged.

We have not received from the Tycoon any orders or communications by steamer that your men-of-war were coming here. Such statements are probably made with the object of representing us in a bad light. If it were not with this object you would certainly have them in writing from the Gorogio ; and if so we request you to let us see them.

In consequence of such mis-statements great misunderstandings are caused.

All this surprises us much. Does it not surprise you ?

Our Government acts in everything according to the orders of the Yeddo Government.

This is our open-hearted reply to the different subjects mentioned in your despatch.

29th day of the 6th month of the 3rd year of Bung-kew.

(13th August, 1863.)

(Signed) KAWAKAMI TAJIMA.
SHISSEI (Minister).

Translated by
(Signed) A. O. J. GOWER.
A. VON SIEBOLD.

Inclosure 6 in No. 4.

Euryalus, off Kagosima,
August 14, 1863.

SIR,

HAVING embarked at Yokohama, as arranged, on the 6th instant, with some of the members of Her Majesty's Legation on board the squadron under your command, we arrived on the 12th instant at this anchorage, and I availed myself of the immediate opportunity offered to me, by some officials of the Prince of Satsuma coming off to your flag-ship, to deliver to them the despatch which I had addressed to the Prince, embodying the demands I had been instructed to make upon him by Her Majesty's Government, and the nature of which I have already had the honour to make known to you.

This has been followed by further verbal communications from the shore ; some for the purpose of soliciting an extension of the term accorded for a reply to my despatch, which I have acceded to ; and some with the object of earnestly engaging yourself and myself, under very suspicious circumstances, to go on shore, and hold an interview with some of Satsuma's officials. This proposal we have rejected, as in all respects unbecoming and inexpedient.

For your more complete information and guidance, I have the honour to annex copies of minutes, taken at the time by the officers of this Legation, of the purport of these several communications and interviews.

But the formal reply of the Prince of Satsuma, through his Principal Minister, has now reached me. A careful translation of this document I have the honour to enclose. I deem this communication to be in every respect evasive of the point at issue, as confirming rather than repudiating the outrage for which redress has been long sought, and in short a virtual refusal and setting aside of the demands.

Under these circumstances, I have the honour to request you to enter upon such measures of coercion, by reprisals or otherwise, as you may deem expedient and best calculated to awaken the Prince of Satsuma to a sense of the serious nature of the determinations which have brought Her Majesty's squadron to this anchorage.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) E. ST. JOHN NEALE.

To Vice-Admiral
Augustus L. Kuper, C.B.,
&c., &c., &c.

(Inclosure 7 in No. 4).

Euryalus, in the Bay of Kagosima,
August 17, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch of the 14th instant, in which you request me to enter upon such measures of coercion as I may deem expedient and best calculated to awaken the Prince of Satsuma to a sense of the serious nature of the determinations which have brought Her Majesty's squadron to this anchorage.

I immediately directed Captain Borlase of the "Pearl" to proceed at daylight on the following morning with a portion of the squadron, to a bay to the northward of Kagosima, for the purpose of seizing and bringing to our anchorage three steamers, the property of the Prince, which had been previously ascertained to be lying there ; Captain Borlase was also desired to avoid, as much as possible, all unnecessary bloodshed or active hostility. This service was executed with much zeal and discretion by Captain Borlase ; and the three steamers, mentioned in the margin,* arrived at the anchorage during the forenoon of the 15th instant, lashed alongside three of Her Majesty's Ships : the object I had in veiw, being the detention of these vessels as reprisals, until such time as the Prince of Satsuma should either comply with the demands made upon him, or should make advances with a view to their settlement.

These considerations were, however, suddenly and unexpectedly set aside by the assumption of hostilities on the part of the Japanese ; for at noon of the same day, the batteries opened fire with shot and shell on the squadron, an act which it became necessary immediately to resent, in vindication of the honour of the flag, and as a

* "England," screw, 759 tons, 125,000 dollars, purchase.
"Sir George Grey" screw, 492 tons, 85,000 dollars, purchase.
"Contest," screw, 350 tons, 95,000 dollars, purchase.

punishment for the outrage; and as it was impossible for the small force at my command to carry out the requisite operations, and at the same time to retain possession of the three steamers in question, I gave orders that they should be set on fire and destroyed, which was accordingly done.

The squadron then, as you are aware, proceeded to engage the batteries on Kagosima, advancing in line of battle (the Euryalus leading) from the northernmost battery, along the whole line, and finally attacking the southernmost or spit battery, after which I deemed it advisable, in order to ensure the safety of Her Majesty's ships to direct them to seek an anchorage; the weather, which had been threatening for a gale, becoming at this time most unfavourable, and as night was approaching, the signal was made to discontinue the action, and the squadron returned to an anchorage under Sakura Sima.

It was impossible to ascertain precisely the extent of the injury inflicted upon the batteries; but considering the heavy fire which was kept up from the ships, at point blank range, the effect must have been considerable, many guns were observed to be dismounted, the batteries were several times cleared, and the explosion of various magazines gave evidence of the destructive effects of our shell; one half of the town was in flames and entirely destroyed, as well as a very extensive arsenal or factory and gun foundry, and five large Loo-Cheu junks, the property of the Prince, in addition to the three steamers already described.

A heavy typhoon blew during the night, and the conflagration increasing in proportion to the height of the storm, illuminated the entire bay.

On the following afternoon, the gale having moderated, and as I deemed it necessary to remove the squadron to a safer anchorage than the great depth of water opposite Kagosima afforded, and having also observed the Japanese at work erecting batteries on the hill immediately above the little bay where the small vessels were at anchor, close to the shore, we weighed, and passing in line between the batteries of Kagosima, steamed out and anchored to the southward of the Island. This opportunity was taken advantage of to shell the batteries on the Sakura Sima side, which had not been previously engaged, and also the palace of the Prince, in Kagosima. These operations were attended with complete success: there is every reason to suppose that the palace has been destroyed, as many shell were seen to burst in it, and the fire, which is still raging, affords reasonable ground for believing that the entire town of Kagosima is now a mass of ruins.

Thus having accomplished every act of retribution and punishment within the scope of operations of a small naval force, and having received from yourself the verbal expression of your satisfaction with the extent of those operations, I purpose returning with the squadron to Yokohama, immediately the partial refit which is now in progress shall admit of our putting to sea.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) AUGUSTUS L. KUPER.

Lieutenant-Colonel
Edward St. Jno. Neale,
&c., &c., &.

(Inclosure 8 in No. 4.)

MEMORANDUM.

ON the 14th August, about nine a.m., two officials came board H.M.S. Euryalus, and said they had been sent for a receipt for the reply from Satsuma's Government, which had been delivered the previous evening, and also to explain, verbally, what the representatives of Satsuma on shore would have told the British Representative had he gone to hold an interview with them, as requested.

They then proceeded to state that when at Kioto, the Stotsbashi (Vice Tycoon), and two members of the Gorogio distinctly ordered Shimadzu Saboolo not to take any steps respecting the murder of foreigners (of Mr. Richardson) by his retainers, as the Tycoon's Government would settle that matter themselves; and that, therefore, as already written in their reply, their Prince must obey these instructions. That all the particulars of the murder on the Tokaido had been duly reported by them to the Gorogio, who understood them perfectly. That they, therefore, supposed, as promised, that the whole question had been settled at Yeddo.

According to Japanese laws they could not settle it themselves, nor could they accept or refuse the demands, as all must be referred to the Yeddo Government.

That since the beginning of this year they had heard nothing from Yeddo on this subject, and that therefore they could not at first imagine the cause which brought our men-of-war to Kagosima. All this they desired to say verbally, as it was too difficult to explain in writing.

The reply made by Colonel Neale to the foregoing was communicated to the officers, and written down by them, for the information of their chief. Verbal communications are of no value in this country. Written communications alone are eventually referred to by the Japanese authorities. The letter sent in last night represents the matter in a totally different light to the statement now verbally made. In the formal written answer to my despatch it is stated that according to the laws of the country Shimadzu Saboolo was in the right to resort to violence to foreign travellers on the road. And we are come to show that no such right can possibly be admitted by British subjects. It is said in the verbal communication now made that the Tycoon's Ministers at Kioto had assured the Prince of Satsuma, or his agents, that they would settle the matter. But the Tycoon's Government have taken no steps to settle the matter, and have informed Colonel Neale that the Prince of Satsuma was not only informed of the demands, but that even every conference held by him with the Tycoon's Envoys upon the subject, had been communicated to the Prince. After long patience, we have been obliged to come here and carry out the instructions of the British Government. If the Tycoon's Government is in fault, or has deceived the Prince, he will have to seek redress at the hands of the Tycoon's Government for whatever disaster may befal him. The Tycoon's ministers have over and over again informed me that the Tycoon had no power to act in this territory, but that they had called upon the Prince to do so. Eleven months have passed, and the British Government has determined to act itself. And this must be done. Satisfaction must here be immediately obtained, or measures of coercion will be resorted to. But even after such measures have been commenced, the Prince will do wisely to make proposals which can be accepted; it is useless to say that nothing can be done here, when after eleven months it has been found nothing can be done in Yeddo. The

Tycoon's Government have been aware of our intention of coming here for five months, and finally had three days' notice of our departure from Yokohama. In writing, the Tycoon's ministers expressed a hope that we should not go to Kagosima, but did not add one word about settling this matter themselves. Immediately following this they verbally communicated to me by a Vice-Minister that the Tycoon's Government desired to send a steamer with the British squadron, with a high officer on board, no longer repeating the request that the squadron should not go to Kagosima; but although the ships proceeded under sail very leisurely no steamer of the Tycoon appeared.

The Tycoon's Government has acknowledged the outrage committed upon British subjects by paying a penalty four times as great in amount as that which is demanded of Satsuma, and they have moreover made an apology for the acts committed. We have thus no more to ask of the Tycoon's Government, and must carry out our instructions with regard to the Prince, who will now understand our position and act accordingly.

These officers more than once stated that the Tycoon's Government did not speak the truth.

They were further told that Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires considered the reply delivered the previous evening, a refusal to our just demands, and that therefore they were to inform their Prince that from that period no further time was allowed, and that we should proceed to enter upon coercive measures whenever the Admiral might deem it convenient to do so. That every moment being of consequence he had better go on shore and explain all this to the authorities, and that if his Prince had proposals to make which could be accepted, he might communicate such, even during hostilities, by a boat flying a white flag, which would not be molested, and that on our side we expected the same.

MEMORANDUM.

ON the 14th August, late in the evening, the same officers came on board the flag-ship to deliver the written reply to the demands.

Having received them *Colonel Neale* said:—Your arrival at this hour is quite unexpected, what is the object of it?

Japanese.—We have brought the reply of the Prince's Government, and come to explain that we misinformed you to day in stating that we were recalled on shore to correct an error in the despatch; we were apparently only required to return immediately after having delivered it.

Colonel Neale.—Do you desire to state anything verbally to me before delivering the despatch?

Japanese.—Nothing.

Colonel Neale.—Why is there no Dutch or English translation? We know you have Interpreters on shore.

Japanese.—We do not know why this is so.

Colonel Neale.—We have the means of translating, but I wish you to state to your Government that if this reply is not satisfactory I shall consider it as a refusal and act accordingly. It is now eleven months since your Prince became aware of what occurred. When lately I told the Tycoon's Government that perhaps your Prince had not been officially informed of the demands to be preferred upon him, they assured me that they had even sent him copies of every conference which had taken place on the subject.

Japanese.—We know nothing about this.

Colonel Neale.—I have come here to settle the question amicably, if possible; we have not therefore entered upon any hostilities, but this matter can no longer be left undetermined.

Japanese.—We will communicate what you now state.

Colonel Neale.—That is what I wish you to do.

Admiral Kuper.—The settlement of this matter can no longer be delayed. Kagosdima is at my mercy; hostilities once commenced, your town would be destroyed, and I shall stop your trade both here and at the Loo-chew Islands.

Colonel Neale.—Such is not our wish; but if you compel us to do so, it will be your own fault.

Japanese.—We will report all this.

Admiral Kuper.—You must remember that we are one of the first nations in the world, who, instead of meeting civilized people as you think yourselves, in reality encounter barbarians.

Japanese.—We cannot discuss these subjects; but we will report all this to our Government.

Colonel Neale.—Evasion or delay can no longer be submitted to.

(Japanese rise to leave.)

Colonel Neale.—You had better listen to what we state for the sake of your Government, that it may be thoroughly informed of our determination.

Japanese.—We know nothing of these matters.

Colonel Neale.—I will then inform you that when this murder was committed, the Tycoon's Government declared to me that they could not arrest anyone in Satsuma's territory, or assure me that any satisfaction could be obtained; at the time, the foreign community wished that Shimadzu Saboolo and his cortege should be attacked, but this was averted by the authorities, with a view that full redress might be obtained through the proper channels. The Gorogio replied that they had written to your Prince, and would write urgently and constantly until your Prince sent the murderers to Yeddo for trial. Your Prince has not done so.

In the meanwhile, instructions have reached me from my Government to the effect that specific demands should be preferred:—

1st. Upon the Tycoon's Government, which has fully satisfied those demands.

2nd. Upon the Prince of Satsuma, whose adherents had actually perpetrated the murder.

The Tycoon has suffered severely by the acts of your Prince's adherents, for the Tycoon's ministers had really nothing to do with Shimadzu Saboolo's orders to murder British subjects.

Japanese.—We know nothing of all these matters.

Colonel Neale.—But I wish to inform you respecting them, that you may report what I say to your Prince.

Admiral Kuper.—Colonel Neale wishes to settle the question with you amicably; but if by to-morrow at ten o'clock A.M. you do not do so, the matter will be handed over into my hands, when I shall commence by not allowing a single boat to pass.

(The Japanese officials rose to leave).

Colonel Neale.—Your reply, which may be a refusal, having been delivered, do you propose further to communicate with us.

Admiral Kuper.—We wish you to communicate with us again to-morrow before ten A.M., your boat flying a white flag.

Japanese.—Perhaps we will send before ten to-morrow morning.

Admiral Kuper.—That would be better.

Colonel Neale.—Your envoys and boats will not be molested whatever may be the nature of your despatch.

(The Japanese then left).

Admiralty, October 29, 1863.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been received from Vice-Admiral Kuper, C.B., the Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels on the East India and China Station :—

EXPEDITION TO KAGOSIMA.

(No. 321.) *Euryalus, Gulf of Yedo,*
SIR, *22nd August*, 1863.

I REQUEST you will acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that having embarked Lieutenant-Colonel Neale, Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, and such of the members of the Legation as he wished to accompany him, I sailed from Yokohama on the 6th instant, with the Euryalus, Pearl, Coquette, Argus, Perseus, Racehorse, and Havoc, for Kagosima, the capital of the Daimio, Prince of Satsuma. As it was desirable to economize coals as much as possible, the greater part of the passage was made under sail, and the squadron did not, in consequence, arrive off Cape Chichakoff until the afternoon of the 11th instant.

2. Having been unable to obtain any correct information respecting the Gulf or Bay of Kagosima, and having only secured as a pilot a Japanese boatman who had been once at that place in the steamer "Fiery Cross," it was necessary to approach with great caution. As we advanced up the gulf, however, it was found that our greatest difficulty was the extreme depth of the water, and as night overtook us when within six or seven miles of the town, we had to feel our way for nearly two hours, seeking for an anchorage ; this was at last found on the western shore, near what are called the Seven Islands, but which proved to be nothing more than seven insignificant rocks close to the beach.

3. I weighed again at seven o'clock on the morning of the 12th instant, sending the Coquette, Racehorse, and Havoc ahead to sound, and by 9 A.M. the squadron was anchored in line, opposite to the town of Kagosima, in 20 fathoms water, and within about 1200 yards of the batteries, which, at intervals, line the whole of the harbour front. The masters of the ships were directed to obtain as many soundings as possible, and succeeded in gaining considerable information.

4. Several Japanese officials having come on board to enquire into the object of our visit, Lieutenant-Colonel Neale delivered to them the despatch addressed to the Prince of Satsuma, embodying the demands made upon him by Her Majesty's Government (this despatch being identical with that of which a copy was forwarded for their Lordships information in my letter of the 14th April last, No. 115). Twenty-four hours were allowed for a reply, and the intervening time was made use of by us in obtaining as much local information as circumstances rendered possible ; and towards the evening Captains Borlase and Josling, Commander Wilmot, and Captain Brine, Royal Engineers, went further up the Gulf in boats, and discovered three steamers of the Prince of Satsuma anchored close to the shore, in a bay about seven or eight miles from our anchorage, but quite out of sight.

5. During the 13th the Japanese officials came on board several times with various excuses for delay in sending a reply to the demands, as well as to endeavour to induce Colonel Neale and myself to go on shore to hold a conference ; which, however, knowing the treacherous nature of these people, we, from prudential motives, thought fit to decline ; offering, nevertheless, to hold the conference on board my flag-ship, or to move the Havoc close in shore for the purpose, which they declined. It was also observed that preparations were being made for hostilities : they had commenced at daylight to assemble large bodies of men in the batteries, and to point the whole of the guns (numbering from 70 to 80) upon the squadron ; and five large junks, belonging to the Prince, and employed in the trade with the Loo Chew Islands, were warped out of the inner harbour and anchored out of the line of fire, between the batteries and the squadron. In consequence of these manifestations, so undoubtedly hostile in character, I considered it expedient to be on my guard against any act of treachery ; and as it had been decided by Lieut.-Colonel Neale and myself that hostilities should not be commenced by us unless we were obliged to take the initiative, and, as from the depth of water and the direction of the wind and tide, it would have been difficult, if not impossible, to keep the ships' broadside on to the batteries, I directed steam to be got up, and the squadron to be ready to weigh at a moment's notice.

6. At about 3 p.m. we observed a number of boats coming out of the inner harbour, and, on approaching the squadron, they were found each to contain a few water melons and eggs, and two or three fowls, intended probably to represent the supplies with which they had promised to furnish us. One of these boats pulled off to each ship of the squadron, but, instead of going alongside to sell the few supplies they contained, they merely pulled round the ships and returned to the shore ; it being evident, from the presence in each boat of a large number of yaconins or soldiers, that their object was simply to obtain, by closer observation, a knowledge of the strength of the various ships, and of their state of preparation for hostilities. This rendered it still more necessary to be on our guard.

7. Shortly following this occurrence, an official, said to be of high rank, and who stipulated for the admission to the ship, of a guard of 40 men, came on board. I offered no objection to the guard accompanying the official, but had a guard of marines to face them on the opposite side of the quarter-deck. This officer, who was the bearer of the reply to Lieutenant-Colonel Neale's despatch, appeared to be in a state of great nervous anxiety, and no sooner had he taken his seat in the cabin than another boat was observed pulling hastily off from the shore, and waving flags as signals to the preceding one. On coming alongside it was ascertained (as stated by the Japanese) that as there was some mistake in the despatch it was to be taken on shore again for alteration ; and the official accordingly left the ship without delivering it. Feeling perfectly convinced that this was a mere ruse to detain the ships in their present position, which would enable the batteries, during slack water, to fire upon us with comparative impunity, I directed the squadron to weigh, and to be prepared to return the fire of the batteries. But finding they did not open fire upon us, which was probably owing to the change in our position having completely thrown them out in the direction and elevation of their guns, I endeavoured to find an anchorage above the town in the channel between the island of Sakura and the main ; but the water proved to be so deep (from 50 to 80 fathoms close to the shore) that after a careful examination of the whole channel I was obliged to return opposite to the town, and anchored in 21 fathoms about 1,000 yards nearer to the Sakura side. After much trouble an anchorage

was found for the small vessels in a bay on the island, but very close to the shore. The letter from the authorities at Kagosima was brought on board in the evening by the same officer as before, who attempted to explain his strange conduct in the afternoon by saying that it was a misunderstanding, and that the letter he then delivered to Colonel Neale was the same he had previously brought on board.

8. In the forenoon of the 14th I proceeded in the Havoc, partly for the purpose of satisfying myself as to the position of the three steamers mentioned above, and also to examine the large bay or lake at the head of the gulf above Sakura Sima; it proved to be everywhere as deep as any part we had yet sounded, there being generally 50 fathoms within 100 yards of the shore. A strong breeze from the eastward had already sprung up, and the rapid falling of the barometer indicating the probable approach of a typhoon or heavy gale, the top-gallant masts were sent on deck.

9. I have now to report to their Lordships the further progress of the events following the receipt, on the evening of this day (14th instant), of a despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, and its enclosures, in which I was requested to enter upon such measures of coercion as I might deem expedient and best calculated to awaken the Prince of Satsuma to a sense of the serious nature of the determinations which had brought Her Majesty's squadron to the Bay of Kagosima.

10. The Pearl, Coquette, Argus, Racehorse, and Havoc, were sent at daylight on the 15th, under the orders of Captain Borlase, to seize the three steamers already referred to, and which may be briefly described as follows:—

England, screw, 1,150 tons, purchased for 125,000 dollars.

Sir George Grey, screw, 492 tons, purchased for 85,000 dollars.

Contest, screw, 350 tons, purchased for 95,000 dollars.

Captain Borlase was further directed to avoid, as much as possible, all unnecessary bloodshed or active hostility:—the steamers were accordingly taken possession of without opposition, and brought down to our anchorage during the forenoon of the 15th, lashed alongside the Coquette, Argus, and Racehorse, which vessels anchored in the same bay as before; the object I had in view being the detention of these steamers as reprisals, until the Prince of Satsuma should either comply with the demands, or make overtures to Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires which might lead to their settlement.

11. The weather still looked threatening.

12. At noon, during a squall, accompanied by much rain, the whole of the batteries on the Kagosima side suddenly opened fire upon the Euryalus, the only ship within range, but although many shot and shell passed over and close around her, no damage was done beyond cutting away a few ropes. Finding that the springs on the cable would not keep the ships' broadside on, and as it was impossible, with the comparatively small force at my command, to engage the batteries underweigh, and at the same time to retain possession of the steamers, I signalled to the Coquette, Argus, and Racehorse, to burn their prizes, and then to the whole squadron to weigh and form the line of battle according to seniority, the Havoc being directed to secure the destruction of the three steamers.

13. Previous to this, the Perseus, having slipped her cable, was directed to fire on the north battery until the signal was made to form line of battle, which service was executed by Commander A. J. Kingston with great promptness.

14. Although the weather was now very dirty, with every indication of a typhoon, I considered it advisable not to postpone, until another day, the return of the fire of the Japanese, to punish the Prince of Satsuma for the outrage, and to vindicate the honour of the flag; and everything being now ready, I proceeded towards the batteries, opening fire upon the northernmost one, with considerable effect, and passed, at slow speed, along the whole line, within point-blank range. Owing probably to the unfavourable state of the weather, the ships astern did not maintain their positions in as close order as I could have wished, and the Euryalus was consequently exposed to a very heavy and well-directed fire from several of the batteries at the same time, and suffered somewhat severely. About this time, also, and whilst in the thickest of the action, I deeply regret to state that I was deprived, at the same moment, of the assistance of Captain Josling and Commander Wilmot, both of whom were killed by the same shot whilst standing by me on the bridge of the Euryalus, directing the fire of the quarters, and setting an example of coolness and gallantry which was emulated throughout the entire ship.

15. In consequence of the dense smoke, and occasional heavy showers, it was difficult to ascertain the extent of the damage done to the earthwork batteries, but by the time the Euryalus got abreast of the last or southernmost battery, I could observe the town to be on fire in several places; and the weather having now assumed a most threatening appearance, I considered it advisable to discontinue the engagement, and to seek a secure anchorage for Her Majesty's ships. The Racehorse, owing to a momentary stoppage of her engines, unfortunately took the ground opposite the northern battery, but by the prompt energy of the Commanders of the Coquette, Argus, and Havoc, which vessels were dispatched to her assistance, she was got off without damage:—the steady fire kept up by Commander Charles R. F. Boxer, prevented the Racehorse receiving any serious injury from the battery, which had already been much disabled by the fire of the other ships. The Havoc was then ordered to set fire to five large junks, belonging to the Prince of Satsuma, which Lieutenant George Poole accomplished in a most satisfactory manner; and these, as well as a very extensive arsenal and foundry, for the manufacture of guns, shot, and shell, together with large storehouses adjoining, were also completely destroyed.

16. During the whole of the succeeding night it blew almost a hurricane, but all the vessels of the squadron rode it out without accident, with the exception of the Perseus, which vessel dragged her anchors off the bank into 60 fathoms water, and was compelled to slip her cable during the following forenoon, when the gale had somewhat moderated. The gale subsided gradually during the 16th, and as I had observed the Japanese at work, apparently erecting batteries on the hill above the anchorage, enveloped in trees and bushes, and which might have inflicted much damage upon the small vessels lying within pistol shot of the shore, I became anxious for their safety, and determined to move the squadron out to the anchorage we had occupied on the night of our arrival in the Gulf, for the purpose of repairing damages, fishing spars and refitting, previous to proceeding to sea.

17. The Squadron accordingly weighed at 3 P.M. of the 16th, and passing in line between the batteries of Kagosima and Sakura Sima, steamed

through the channel and anchored to the southward of the Island, taking advantage of the occasion to shell the batteries on the Sakura side, which had not been previously engaged, and also the palace of the Prince in Kagosima. A feeble fire only was returned from the batteries which had not been closely engaged in the first attack, and this happily without effect upon Her Majesty's ships.

18. The injury inflicted upon the possessions and property of the Prince of Satsuma, during the operations above described, may be briefly summed up as follows, viz : The disabling of many guns, explosion of magazines, and other serious damage to the principal batteries, the destruction by fire of the three steamers and five large junks before-mentioned, the whole of the town of Kagosima and palace of the Prince, together with the large arsenal and gun factory and adjacent storehouses, added to which may be noticed the injury to many of the junks lying in the inner harbour, caused by explosion of shells which may have passed over the batteries. The conflagration thus created continued with unabated ardour up to the time of the departure of the squadron, 48 hours subsequently to the first attack.

19. I have already reported to their Lordships, in a separate despatch, the severe loss the profession has sustained in the melancholy death of Captain John J. S. Josling and Commander Edward Wilmot, both of this ship, who fell whilst gallantly doing their duty in the face of a heavy and destructive fire. With much regret I have to add that the returns received from the various ships, present a list of casualties unusually great, being no less than 13 killed and 50 wounded, the half of which occurred in my flag-ship alone. The particulars of these casualties will be found in an enclosure to this despatch.

20. Having thus accomplished every act of retribution and punishment within the scope of the operations of a small naval force, and having received from Her Majesty's Charge d' Affaires the expression of his satisfaction with the extent and complete result of those operations, and of which I trust Her Majesty's Government may also be pleased to approve, I left the Gulf of Kagosima, in company with the squadron, on the afternoon of the 17th instant, on my return to Yokohama.

21. It now becomes my duty to point out to their Lordships the zealous and efficient assistance I received during the above operations, carried out in a totally unknown port, and under circumstances of considerable difficulty, from stress of weather, &c., from the various officers present at Kagosima. I deemed it proper to convey to the squadron generally (as will be seen by the annexed copy of a memorandum issued on the 16th instant) the sense I entertained of the gallantry and zeal displayed by all classes :—and although the melancholy termination of the gallant career of Captain Josling and Commander Wilmot, has enabled me to reward with immediate promotion a few of the officers engaged, I should be wanting in appreciation of the same high qualities displayed by others, were I not to bring their names prominently to the notice of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for their favourable consideration.

22. The services of Captain John Borlase, C.B., of the Pearl, have been so frequently brought before their Lordships by my predecessor in this command that I feel it will be unnecessary for me to do more than to add my testimony to the valuable assistance I have invariably received from that officer, and particularly during the operations I have here had the honour of describing ; Commander John H. I. Alexander, of the Coquette (since promoted) ; Commander L. J. Moore, of the Argus ; Commander A. J. Kingston, of the Perseus ; and C. R. F. Boxer, of the Racehorse ; were severally and collectively most active and energetic in their co-operation, and in their efforts to carry out my wishes in every respect.

Lieutenant George Poole, commanding the gunboat Havoc, an officer of long standing and high character, rendered most useful and efficient assistance in zealously performing the various duties with which he was entrusted, and merited my warmest acknowledgments.

23. The services of other officers under my command, I would also desire to commend to their Lordships favourable notice ; but those which have been brought more prominently to my knowledge are those of Mr. W. H. Parker, master of my flag-ship, who, with the assistance of the masters of the ships present, succeeded in making a rough survey of the bay of Kagosima, without which the squadron would have been unable to take up the eligible position it subsequently occupied whilst attacking the batteries. The steady and confident manner in which Mr. Parker steered the Euryalus within point blank range deserved my highest commendations.

24. I have also to thank Captain Frederick Brine, Royal Engineers, whose services were placed at my disposal by the Major-General commanding in China, for much useful information as to the strength and position of the batteries, &c.

25. Their Lordship will observe the testimony borne by Mr. Morgan, Surgeon, to the able assistance rendered him by Mr. Charles R. Godfrey, Acting-Surgeon of the Vulcan, who at the time of the engagement was on board this ship waiting a passage to Shanghae.

26. In order to make the nature of the operations described in this despatch, the more intelligible to their Lordships, I have the honour to enclose a chart of the bay of Kagosima and position of the batteries, together with an approximate return of the guns they respectively contained at the time of the attack.

I have, &c.,
AUGUSTUS L. KUPER, Vice-Admiral
and Commander-in-Chief.

To the Secretary of the Admiralty,
London.

Euryalus, at Kagosima,
August 17, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to transmit for the information of the Commander-in-Chief, a detailed statement of the casualties in the squadron engaged with the Forts at Kagosima, on the afternoon of the 15th instant.

I would beg to bring to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief the able assistance rendered me by Mr. Charles R. Godfrey, Acting-Surgeon of Her Majesty's ship Vulcan, who was awaiting passage to that vessel, trusting the Commander-in-Chief will be pleased to bring the same before the favorable notice of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

Mr. Edward A. Birch, Acting Assistant-Surgeon, I would beg also to mention, who was untiring in his attention to the wounded.

I have, &c.,
D. L. MORGAN, Surgeon,

Commander James E. Hunter,
Commanding Officer of Her
Majesty's ship Euryalus.

Euryalus, Kagosima Bay,
August 17, 1863.

LIST of Casualties in the Squadron employed against the Forts at Kagosima, on the 15th of August, 1863 :—

Her Majesty's ship Euryalus.

J. J. S. Josling, captain, age 37, killed ; skull shot away.
Ed. Wilmot, commander, age 30, killed ; back part of skull shot away.
Michael Hegarty, A.B., age 22, killed ; compound fracture of skull and jaws.
Patrick Fleming, private, R.M. light inf., age 23, killed ; fracture of base of skull.
William Lindsey, A.B., age 21, killed ; fracture of base of skull.
John Warren, ordinary, age 19, killed; compound fracture of skull.
John Smith, A.B., age 22, killed ; compound fracture of skull, and compound fracture of pelvis.
William Yardeley, A.B., age 24, killed; compound fracture of skull.
John Hawkins, ordinary, age 19, mortally (died the same evening); compound fracture of pelvis and upper third of femur.
Thomas Harding, boy, 1st class, age 17, mortally (since dead) ; right side of chest torn away by shell, ribs fractured, lungs lacerated, also compound fracture of arm.
Alfred Jephson, lieutenant, age 22, slightly ; contused wound from shell on right shoulder, face burnt by explosion, also various minor contusions.
George W. Jones, assistant-paymaster, 1st class, age 26, slightly ; contused splinter wound, right leg.
James Kennett, ordinary, age 28, slightly ; face and arms burnt by explosion of shell.
John Pittman, ordinary, age 20, slightly; splinter scalp wound, face burnt by explosion of shell.
Silvanus Abbott, A.B., age 22, slightly ; splinter wound in back of both forearms, and contusion of inside of left thigh.
John Skinner, ordinary, age 19, slightly ; face scorched with powder.
W. Mitchell, ordinary, age 22, slightly ; scalp wound (splinter).
George Reader, leading seaman, age 23, slightly ; contusion of right arm (splinter).
Samuel Fox, A.B., age 22, slightly ; contusion of both arms, contusion of right groin and leg.
Henry Oram, ordinary, age 19, slightly ; contused wound of left leg (splinter).
Isaac Newberry, ordinary, age 19, slightly; wound of scalp and left foot by splinters.
William Badcock, wardroom cook, age 40, slightly; contusion of left side and arm (splinter).
William Huggett, ordinary, age 19, slightly ; contusion of right leg (splinter).
W. Howden, private, R.M. light inf., age 26, dangerously ; right side of face shattered by shell, right half of lower jaw excised.
Daniel Leary, private, R.M. light inf., age 21, severely ; shell wound of right thigh, eyes, face and arms scorched by explosion.
William Sale, gunner, R.M.A., age 27, slightly ; contusion of chest from splinter.
Eugene Neil, leading seaman, age 24, slightly ; contusion of left arm, fingers and face scorched by explosion of shell.
John Stiff, A.B., age 23, slightly ; lacerated wound of left foot by splinter,
George Bartlett, ordinary, age 19, slightly ; face burnt by explosion,
George Alexander, ordinary, age 19, slightly ; contusion of right thigh (splinter).
Thomas Mitchell, A.B., age 22, slightly ; splinter wound of foot, face scorched by explosion of shell.

Her Majesty's ship Pearl.

Mr. Armstrong, carpenter 2nd class, age 38, slightly ; splinter wound of forehead and ancle.
James Friend, quartermaster, age 44, dangerous ; splinter wounds of face and left thigh.
William Farrell, drummer, R.M. light inf., age 18, severe ; splinter wounds of buttocks, thighs, and feet.
H. Mercer, A.B., age 26, slight ; splinter wounds of ankles.
George Kimmins, ordinary, age 21, slightly ; splinter wound of calf of leg.
F. Dobson, blacksmith, age 32, slightly ; splinter wound of finger.
James Mitchell, boy, 2nd class, age 16, slightly ; splinter wound of calf of leg.

Her Majesty's ship Coquette.

Thomas Finn, gunner, R.M.A., age 27, killed ; compound fracture of pelvis.
Henry Gale, captain maintop, age 29, mortally (dead) ; compound fracture of upper third of right thigh.
D. A. Denny, lieutenant, age 26, dangerously ; gunshot wound of left knee.
William Harris, gunner, R.M.A., age 30, dangerously ; gunshot wound of left leg.
William Mumford, private, R.M., age 35, severely; contused wound of right thigh.
William Vernon, boy 1st class, age 17, slightly ; contused wound of left side.

Her Majesty's ship Perseus.

George Head, boy 2nd class, age 16, mortally (dead) ; compound fracture of both legs.
Fras. J. Pitt, lieutenant, age 22, slightly ; incised wound on left leg and contusion of right leg.
Robert Gilpin, master, age 33, slightly ; burn of right hand from effects of a shell.
Hy. Cook, acting chief engineer, age 40, slightly; incised wound of the third finger of right hand from splinter.
Jno. R. Aylen, midshipman, age 17, slightly ; contusion and punctured wound under right scapula from splinter.
Thomas Biggs, 2nd captain foretop, age 29, slightly ; lacerated wound of right arm.
William Knight, cooper, 25, slightly ; incised wound of left arm from splinter.
Charles Suitors, A.B., age 27, slightly ; lacerated wound of left ancle from splinter.
Wm. Gibson, ordinary, age 21, severely ; lacerated and contused wound of both arms from splinter.
Charles Gale, private R.M. light inf., age 26, dangerously ; compound fracture of right arm and wound of right thigh from splinter.

Her Majesty's ship Argus.

Wm. Barnes, captain afterguard, age 31, slightly ; splinter wound of leg.
John Fountain, A.B., age 29, slightly ; splinter wound of face.
Jas. Hemett, ordinary, age 20, slightly ; splinter wound of leg.
Thomas Lardner, private R.M.L.I., age 22, slightly ; splinter wound of leg,

George Doyne, gunner's mate, age 30, slightly; splinter wound of arm.
William Cooper, captain forecastle, age 41, slightly; splinter wound of face.

Her Majesty's ship Racehorse.

William Chilton, A.B., age 28, dangerously; amputation of left arm.
James Keenan, 2nd captain foretop, age 28, slightly; laceration of thumb on right hand.
James Purr, boy, 1st class, age 19, slightly; contusion of right arm.

D. L. MORGAN, F.R.C.S.,
Surgeon.

(Approved),
JAMES E. HUNTER,
Commander.

ABSTRACT.

	Killed.	Wounded.	Total.
Euryalus	10	21	31
Pearl	...	7	7
Coquette	2	4	6
Argus	...	6	6
Perseus	1	9	10
Racehorse ...	...	3	3
Totals ...	13	50	63

Her Majesty's ship Euryalus, Kagosima Bay, August 17, 1863

RETURN shewing the Number, Position, and Armament of the Batteries at Kagosima, &c., on the 15*th and* 16*th August*, 1863.

No.	Position.	Armament. Siege.	Field.	Mortars.	Total.	Remarks.
1	Kagosima ...	8	2	1	11	Spit battery, "en barbette," bomb-proof magazine.
2	Ditto ...	3	...	1	4	——— ditto, 3 guard-houses.
3	Ditto ...	11	3	3	17	2 Bomb-proof magazines, "en barbette," 3 guard-houses.
4	Ditto ...	7	2	4	13	——— ditto, 1 ditto.
5	Ditto ...	7	...	1	8	Cliff battery, "en barbette," 7 guard-houses.
6	Sakura Island ...	4	...	...	4	——— 5 traverses.
7	Karasuka Sima or Crow Island ...	...	3	...	3	——— 2 ditto.
8	Sakura Island ...	5	1	...	6	——— "en barbette," bomb-proof magazine.
9	Oko-Sima ...	4	...	1	5	Masked battery.
10	Ditto ...	5	...	1	6	Ditto.
11	Yama-gawa ...	4	...	...	4	——— 3 traverses.
	Totals ...	58	11	12	81	

N.B.—Most of the foregoing guns made of bronze. None rifled. Siege guns, 18, 24, and 32-pounders, and 8-inch guns. Field guns, 3, 6, 9, and 12-pounders. Mortars, 8 and 10-inch.

(Signed) FRED. BRINE,
Captain Royal Engineers.

Euryalus, off Kagosima,
August 16, 1863.

GENERAL MEMORANDUM.

THE Commander-in-Chief desires the several captains and officers commanding Her Majesty's ships undermentioned will convey to the officers and ships' companies of their respective ships, the expression of his thanks for the assistance rendered by them during the engagement, yesterday, with the batteries at Kagosima.

The Commander-in-Chief, whilst deeply regretting the serious losses the squadron has sustained in the recent action, particularly in his flag-ship, has observed with gratification the zeal and gallantry displayed by the officers and men, under circumstances unusually trying, which it will be his duty to represent for the favorable notice of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

(Signed) AUGUSTUS L. KUPER,
Vice-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief.

To the Officers Commanding Her Majesty's ships Euryalus, Pearl, Coquette, Argus, Perseus, Racehorse, and Havoc.

Foreign Office, October 28, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. T. W. Ploos van Amstel as Consul-General at Melbourne for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

Foreign Office, October 30, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Carlos Garcimartin as Vice-Consul at Gibraltar for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

Downing Street, October 29, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Edward Bowdler, Esq., to be Assistant Surveyor-General and Civil Engineer for the Island of Mauritius.

War Office, Pall Mall,
30*th October*, 1863.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General Edward Turnbull, from half-pay, to be Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General, vice Wrentmore, deceased. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Admiralty, 29*th October*, 1863.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant Michael Allen Stapylton Bree to be First Lieutenant, vice Patrick, deceased. Dated 19th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

The Right Honourable Richard William Penn, Earl Howe, one of the Deputy Lieutenants of the said county, to be Vice Lieutenant thereof, as well during the necessary and unavoidable absence as during the sickness or other disability of His Grace the Duke of Rutland, Lord Lieutenant. Dated 27th October, 1863.

Henry Leycester Powys-Keck, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 24th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk, *and of the City and County of the City of* Norwich.

15*th Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Horace Hastings to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Second Lieutenant J. G. Douglas Stewart in the 7th Fifeshire Artillery Volunteer Corps, and Ensign Thomas Goodall in the 8th Fifeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the County of Fife.

8*th Fifeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

John Wright to be Ensign. Dated 20th and 21st October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

1*st Administrative Brigade of Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers.*

Captain Edward Stock Hill, of the 3rd Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers, to be Major. Dated 24th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain the Earl of Durham in the 10th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

1*st Administrative Battalion of Northumberland Rifle Volunteers.*

The Earl of Durham to be Major. Dated 14th October, 1863.

10*th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Henry Gregson to be Captain. Dated 14th October, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Hunt to be Lieutenant. Dated 14th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by the Honourable Adelbert Wellington Cust in the 4th Hertfordshire Rifle Volunteers. Dated 24th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Hertford.

4*th Hertfordshire Rifle Volunteers.*

Benjamin Hamilton, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice the Honourable Adelbert Wellington Cust, resigned. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Edinburgh *or* Midlothian.

1*st Midlothian Coast Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Second Lieutenant John de la Condamine to be First Lieutenant. Dated 7th October, 1863.

James Sanderson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 7th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

5*th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Second Lieutenant Henry Shaw to be Captain. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

22*nd Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Edward Pilkington, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

1*st Manchester or* 6*th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Arthur Edward Holland Grey Grosvenor, Viscount Grey de Wilton, M.P., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 14th October, 1863.

51*st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Joseph Robinson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th October, 1863.

56*th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

William Dabbe, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

Civil Service Corps of Rifle Volunteers.

Francis Knollys to be Ensign. Dated 11th August, 1863.

37*th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

William Isaacs to be Ensign. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

1*st Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

R. Moorsom, late Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel Scots Fusilier Guards, to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 17th October, 1863.

11*th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign John Forbes Hardy to be Lieutenant, vice Blake, resigned. Dated 17th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of Lieutenant Thomas John Poyser in the 2nd Regiment of Derbyshire Militia.

The Queen has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Owen Florance Lewis Ward in the 18th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

NOTICE.—LUCKNOW PRIZE.

India Office, October 30, 1863.

PRIZE ROLLS of the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the A Company 3rd Battalion Madras Artillery, (now A Battery 23rd Brigade Royal Artillery) entitled to Lucknow Prize Money, have been received at this Office.

Payment of these Shares will be made at this Office, on and after Monday, the 2nd proximo, between the hours of eleven and three.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.

FIRST DISTRIBUTION.

Royal Hospital, Chelsea, October 28, 1863.

PRIZE Rolls of the unclaimed shares of Officers and Men of the following Corps have now been received from India, and the shares are in course of distribution at this Hospital; viz.:—2nd Dragoon Guards, 2nd Battalion Military Train, 64th, 78th, 84th, and 93rd Regiments of Foot.

A. J. Moorhead, Secretary to the Commissioners.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 47.)—MEDITERRANEAN—WEST COAST OF ITALY.

Fixed Light at Viareggio.

THE Ministry of Public Works at Turin has given Notice, that on and after the 1st day of November, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Viareggio, on the west coast of Italy.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 46 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric, or by lenses of the fifth order.

The tower is in lat. 43° 51′ 45″ N., long. 10° 14′ 37″ east of Greenwich.

ISLAND OF ELBA.

Port Longone.

Also, that on and after the 1st day of November, 1863, the apparatus of the lighthouse at Fort Focardo, on the south point of entrance to Port Longone, will be of the fourth order, and the light will be visible in clear weather from a distance of 13 miles.

By command of their Lordships,
W. V. Read, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
22nd October, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean General, No. 2158; Mediterranean, No. 2718*b*; Italy, West Coast, Sheets 1 and 2, Nos. 154, 1400; Plan of Port Longone, No. 1719; and Plan of the Road of Viareggio on Sheet, No. 155. Also, Mediterranean Lights List, No. 143.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 22, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave bounty of the "Manuella," captured on the 10th August, 1860, by Her Majesty's ship "Brisk."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 27, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty of a slave barque, name unknown, captured on the 18th April, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Flying Fish."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Numb. 22785.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1863.

TREATY of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the King of Italy.

Signed at Turin, August 6, 1863.

[Ratifications exchanged at London, October 29, 1863.]

In the Name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of Italy, being desirous of extending and facilitating the relations of commerce between their respective dominions and subjects, have resolved to conclude a Treaty for that purpose, and have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c., Sir James Hudson, a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Italy ;

And His Majesty the King of Italy, Giovanni Manna, Senator of the Kingdom, Grand Officer of the Order of Saints Maurice and Lazarus, Minister Secretary of State for Agriculture, Industry, and Commerce ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles :—

ARTICLE I.

There shall be between all the dominions and possessions of the two High Contracting Parties, reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation. The subjects of each of the two Contracting Parties, respectively, shall have liberty freely and securely to come, with their ships and cargoes, to all places, ports, and rivers in the dominions and possessions of the other, to which other foreigners are or may be permitted to come ; and shall, throughout the whole extent of the dominions and possessions of the other, enjoy the same rights, privileges, liberties, favours, immunities, and exemptions in matters of commerce and navigation, which are or may be enjoyed by native subjects generally.

ARTICLE II.

No other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, of any article the produce or manufacture of the dominions and

In Nome della Santissima ed Indivisibile Trinità.

SUA Maestà il Re d'Italia e Sua Maestà la Regina del Regno Unito della Gran Bretagna e d'Irlanda, desiderosi de estendere e facilitare le relazioni di commercio tra i loro rispettivi dominii e sudditi, hanno determinato di conchiudere un Trattato per questo scopo, ed hanno nominato a loro rispettivi Plenipotenziarii, cioè :—

Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia, Giovanni Manna, Senatore del Regno, Grande Ufficiale dell' Ordine dei Santi Maurizio e Lazzaro, Ministro Segretario di Stato per l'Agricoltura, l'Industria, ed il Commercio ;

E Sua Maestà la Regina del Regno Unito della Gran Bretagna e d'Irlanda, Sir James Hudson, Commendatore dell' Onorevolissimo Ordine del Bagno, Suo Inviato Staordinario e Ministro Plenipotenziario presso Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia ;

I quali, dopo essersi reciprocamente comunicati i loro rispettivi pieni poteri, riconosciuti in buona e debita forma, convennero nella stipulazione dei seguenti Articoli :—

ARTICOLO I.

Vi sarà tra tutti gli stati e possessi delle due Alte Parti Contraenti libertà reciproca di commercio e di navigazione. I sudditi di ognuna di esse Parti Contraenti avranno facoltà di entrare liberamente e sicuramente coi loro bastimenti e carichi in tutti i luoghi, porti, e riviere degli stati e possessi dell' altra, la cui entrata è fin d'ora permessa o la sarà nel seguito agli stranieri, e godranno rispettivamente negli stati e possesssi dell' altra, degli stessi diritti, privilegî, libertà, favori, immunità, ed esenzioni in materia di commercio e navigazione di cui godono o godranno i nazionali.

ARTICOLO II.

All' importazione negli stati e possedimenti di Sua Maestà Britannica di qualsiasi mercanzia, prodotta o fabbricata negli stati o possessi di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia, qualunque siane la pro-

possessions of His Majesty the King of Italy, from whatever place arriving, and no other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the King of Italy, of any article the produce or manufacture of Her Britannic Majesty's dominions and possessions, from whatever place arriving, than are or may be payable on the like article, the produce or manufacture of any other foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be maintained or imposed on the importation of any article the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of either of the Contracting Parties into the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the like articles being the produce or manufacture of any other country.

His Majesty the King of Italy further engages that he will not prohibit the importation into his dominions and possessions of any article the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, from whatever place arriving.

venienza, e similmente all' importazione negli stati e possessi di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia di qualsiasi mercanzia, prodotta o fabbricata negli stati di Sua Maestà la Regina d'Inghilterra, qualunque ne sia la provenienza, non saranno riscossi altri o maggiori dazi d'entrata che quelli che si pagano o potranno pagarsi sui consimili articoli prodotti o fabbricati in qualunque altro paese straniero.

Non patrà conservarsi nè imporsi dall' una delle Alte Parti Contraenti alcun divieto all' importazione ne' proprii stati e possessi di qualsiasi mercanzia prodotta o fabbricata negli stati o possessi dell' altra, senza che tal divieto non sia nell' istessa guisa applicato all' importazione di consimili mercanzie prodotte o fabbricate in qualunque siasi altro paese.

Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia s'impegna ancora a non proibire l'importazione ne' suoi dominii e possessioni di qualsiasi mercanzia prodotta o fabbricata nei dominii e possessi di Sua Maestà Britannica, qualunque siane la provenienza.

ARTICLE III.

No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the dominions and possessions of either of the Contracting Parties, on the exportation of any article to the dominions and possessions of the other, than such as are, or may be, payable on the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation of any article from the dominions and possessions of either of the two Contracting Parties to the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the like article to any other country.

ARTICOLO III.

Sull' esportazione di qualsiasi mercanzia dagli stati e possessi d'una delle Parti Contraenti, in destinazione degli stati e possessi dell' altra, non saranno riscossi altri diritti o maggiori di quelli che si riscuoteranno sui simili articoli esportati per qualsivoglia altro paese straniero. Non sarà imposto divieto all' esportazione di qualsiasi mercanzia dagli stati e possessi di una delle Parti Contraenti per gli stati e possessi dell' altra, senza che tal divieto sia applicato, nell' istessa guisa, all' esportazione di consimili articoli per qualsiasi altro paese straniero.

ARTICLE IV.

The subjects of one of the Contracting Parties shall enjoy, in the dominions and possessions of the other, equality of treatment with native subjects in all that relates to the transit trade; and also in regard to warehousing, bounties, facilities, and drawbacks.

ARTICOLO IV.

I sudditi di una delle due Parti Contraenti godranno, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, eguaglianza di trattamento co' nazionali in tutto quanto ha rapporto al commercio di transito, ed anche in quello che concerne magazzinaggio, diritti di rimportazione, favori, e *drawbacks*.

ARTICLE V.

All articles which are or may be legally importable into the ports of the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty in British vessels, may likewise be imported into those ports in Italian vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties or charges, of whatever denomination, than if such articles were imported in British vessels; and reciprocally, all articles which are or may be legally importable into the ports of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the King of Italy in Italian vessels, may likewise be imported into those ports in British vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties or charges, of whatever denomination, than if such articles were imported in Italian vessels. Such reciprocal equality of treatment shall take effect without distinction, whether such articles come directly from the place of origin, or from any other place.

In the same manner there shall be perfect equality of treatment in regard to exportation, so that the same export duties shall be paid, and the same bounties and drawbacks allowed, in the dominions and possessions of either of the Contracting Parties, on the exportation of any article which is or may be legally exportable therefrom, whether such exportation shall take place in Italian

ARTICOLO V.

Qualunque prodotto che può o potrà legalmente importarsi ne' porti degli stati e possessi di Sua Maestà Britannica sopra bastimenti Inglesi, potrà egualmente importarsi negli stessi porti sopra bastimenti Italiani, senza essere sottoposti ad altri o maggiori diritti od oneri di quelli cui lo stesso prodotto andrebbe sottoposto se fosse importato con bastimenti Inglesi; e reciprocamente, tutti i prodotti che possono o potranno legalmente importarsi ne' porti degli stati e possessi di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia sopra bastimenti Italiani, potranno parimente importarsi sopra bastimenti Inglesi, senza essere tenuti ad altri o maggiori diritti ed oneri di quelli cui lo stesso prodotto andrebbe sottoposto, se fosse importato con bastimenti Italiani. Questa eguaglianza di reciproco trattamento sarà sempre dovuta, sia che le mercanzie provengano direttamente dal luogo d'origine, ovvero da qualsiasi altra località.

La stessa perfetta eguaglianza di trattamento sarà dovuta a riguardo della esportazione, in guisa che negli stati e possessi di una e dell' altra delle due Parti Contraenti si pagheranno sull' uscita dei prodotti che possono o potranno legalmente esportarsi, gli stessi diritti di esportazione e si accorderanno gli stessi favori e *drawbacks*, tanto se siano esportati sopra bastimenti Italiani quanto sopra

or in British vessels, and whatever may be the place of destination, whether a port of either of the Contracting Parties or of any third power.

bastimenti Inglesi, e qualunque siasi la loro destinazione, per un porto dell' una o dell' altra delle Parti Contraenti o di una terza Potenza.

ARTICLE VI.

No duties of tonnage, harbour, pilotage, lighthouse, quarantine, or other similar or corresponding duties, of whatever nature, or under whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of Government, public functionaries, private individuals, corporations, or establishments of any kind, shall be imposed in the ports of the dominions and possessions of either country upon the vessels of the other country, which shall not equally and under the same conditions be imposed in the like cases on national vessels in general. Such equality of treatment shall apply reciprocally to the respective vessels, from whatever port or place they may arrive, and whatever may be their place of destination.

ARTICOLO VI.

Nessun diritto di tonnelaggio, di porto, di pilotaggio, di faro, di quarantena, o altro simigliante od equivalente, di qualunque natura o sotto qualsiasi denominazione, potrà essere riscosso a profitto dello Stato, di funzionarî pubblici, d'individui privati, di corporazioni o di stabilimenti di qualsivoglia specie, se tali diritti non siano egualmente riscossi sui bastimenti nazionali. Quest' eguaglianza di trattamento si applicherà reciprocamente ai rispettivi bastimenti, da qualsiasi porto o località arrivino, e qualunque sia la loro destinazione

ARTICLE VII.

In all that regards the stationing, loading, and unloading of vessels in the ports, basins, docks, roadsteads, harbours, or rivers of the dominions and possessions of the two countries, no privilege shall be granted to national vessels which shall not be equally granted to vessels of the other country; the intention of the Contracting Parties being that in this respect also the respective vessels shall be treated on the footing of perfect equality.

ARTICOLO VII.

Per tutto quanto concerne il collocamento, il carico e il discarico dei bastimenti ne' porti, bacini, docks, darsene, rade e riviere degli stati o possessi ne'due paesi, non potrà accordarsi alcun privilegio ai navigli nazionali, il quale non sia parimente concesso ai navigli dell' altro paese, essendo intenzione delle due Parti Contraenti che a tal riguardo i bastimenti dell' una e dell' altra siano trattati sul piede di perfetta eguaglianza.

ARTICLE VIII.

The Contracting Parties agree that, in regard to the coasting trade, the vessels and subjects of each Contracting Party shall enjoy, in the dominions and possessions of the other, the same privileges, and shall be treated in all respects in the same manner, as national vessels and native subjects.

The provisions of this Article shall, however, as respects the Colonial coasting trade, be deemed to extend only to the coasting trade of such of the Colonial Possessions of Her Britannic Majesty as may have petitioned or may hereafter petition Her Majesty, under the provisions of the Act relating thereto, to throw open their coasting trade to foreign vessels.

ARTICOLO VIII.

In ordine al commercio di costa o cabotaggio, le Parti Contraenti pattuiscono che i bastimenti e sudditi dell' una godranno, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, gli stessi privilegî, e saranno trattati nella stessa guisa dei bastimenti e sudditi nazionali.

Questa disposizione, in quanto concerne il cabotaggio Coloniale, s'intenderà ristretta al commercio sulle coste dei possedimenti di quelle Colonie di Sua Maestà la Regina della Gran Bretagna le quali abbiano fatto domanda a Sua Maestà o la faranno perchè, in virtu dell'Atto relativo alle Colonie, permetta il commercio di cabotaggio sulle loro coste ai bastimenti stranieri.

ARTICLE IX.

All vessels which according to British law are to be deemed British vessels, and all vessels which according to Italian law are to be deemed Italian vessels, shall for the purposes of this Treaty be deemed British and Italian vessels respectively.

ARTICOLO IX.

I bastimenti che a norma delle leggi Inglesi sono considerati come bastimenti Inglesi, e quelli che secondo le leggi Italiani sono considerati come bastimenti Italiani, saranno rispettivamente considerati Inglesi e Italiani per gli effetti del presente Trattato.

ARTICLE X.

The Contracting Parties agree that in all matters relating to commerce and navigation, any privilege, favour, or immunity whatever, which either Contracting Party has actually granted, or may hereafter grant, to the subjects or citizens of any other State, shall be extended immediately and unconditionally to the subjects or citizens of the other Contracting Party; it being their intention that the trade and navigation of each country shall be placed, in all respects, by the other on the footing of the most favoured nation.

ARTICOLO X.

Le Parti Contraenti pattuiscono che qualunque privilegio, favore, o esenzione in materia di commercio e di navigazione, sia dall' una di esse concessa, o possa concedersi in avvenire, ai sudditi o cittadini di qualsiasi altro Stato, si estenderà immediatamente e senza condizioni ai sudditi e cittadini dell' altra Parte Contraente, essendo intenzione delle due Parti che il commercio e la navigazione di ciascuno dei due paesi sia collocata, per ogni rispetto, sul piede della nazione più favorita.

ARTICLE XI.

Any import duty levied *ad valorem* in the territories of His Majesty the King of Italy shall be calculated on the value at the place of production

ARTICOLA XI.

I dazi *ad valorem* che si riscuotono all' importazione negli stati di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia saranno calcolati sul valore al luogo della produ-

or fabrication of the object imported, with the addition of the cost of transport, insurance, and commission necessary for the importation into Italy, its dominions and possessions, as far as the port of discharge.

For the levying of these duties, the importer shall make a written declaration at the Custom-house, stating the value and description of the goods imported, with the addition aforesaid. If the Custom-house authorities shall be of opinion that the declared value is insufficient, they shall be at liberty to take the goods on paying to the importer the price declared, with an addition of five per cent.

This payment, together with the restitution of any duty which may have been levied upon such goods, shall be made within the fifteen days following the declaration.

zione o fabbricazione dell'oggetto importato, coll'aggiunta delle spese di trasporto, di assicurazione e di provvigione necessarie per l'introduzione in Italia, e ne' suoi porti o possessi, sino al porto di scarico.

Per far luogo al pagamento di questi dazii l'importatore deve fare alla dogana una dichiarazione scritta, nelle quale siano indicati il valore e la natura degli oggetti importati coll' aggiunta di cui sopra. Se le autorità doganali sono di parere che il valore dichiarato è insufficiente, sarà loro facoltativo di appropriarsi la mercanzia mediante il pagamento all' importatore del prezzo dichiarato, con un compenso del cinque per cento.

Tal pagamento, come pure la restituzione di qualsiasi diritto che fosse stato riscosso sulla mercanzia, sarà fatto ne' quindici giorni successivi alla dichiarazione.

ARTICLE XII.

The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties shall have, in the dominions and possessions of the other, the same rights as native subjects in regard to trade-marks and designs of every description applicable to articles of manufacture.

ARTICOLO XII.

In ordine alle marche di fabbrica ed ai disegni d'ogni specie concernenti articoli di manifattura, i sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti avranno, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, gli stessi diritti dei nazionali.

ARTICLE XIII.

It shall be free for each of the Contracting Parties to appoint Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents, to reside in the towns and ports of the dominions and possessions of the other. Such Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents, however, shall not enter upon their functions until after they shall have been approved and admitted, in the usual form, by the Government to which they are sent. They shall exercise whatever functions, and enjoy whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities are or shall be granted there to Consuls of the most favoured nation.

ARTICOLO XIII.

Sarà in facoltà di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti di nominare Consoli-Generali, Consoli, Vice-Consoli, e Agenti Consolari, con residenza nelle città e porti degli stati e possessi dell' altra. I Consoli-Generali, Consoli, Vice-Consoli, e Agenti Consolari, non potranno però assumere l'esercizio delle loro funzioni sino a che non sono stati approvati e ammessi, secondo le formalità di uso, dal Governo presso cui sono destinati. Essi eserciteranno tutte le funzioni, e godranno di tutti i privilegî, esenzioni, e immunità, d'ogni specie, che siano accordate ai Consoli della nazione più favorita.

ARTICLE XIV.

The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties, conforming themselves to the laws of the country,—

1. Shall have full liberty, with their families, to enter, travel, or reside in any part of the dominions and possessions of the other Contracting Party.

2. They shall be permitted to hire or possess the houses, manufactories, warehouses, shops, and premises, which may be necessary for them.

3. They may carry on their commerce, either in person or by any agents whom they may think fit to employ.

4. They shall not be subject, in respect of their persons or property, or in respect of passports, licenses for residence or establishment, nor in respect of their commerce or industry, to any taxes, whether general or local, nor to imposts or obligations of any kind whatever, other or greater than those which are or may be imposed upon native subjects.

ARTICOLO XIV.

I sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti, uniformandosi alle leggi del paese,—

1. Dovranno avere piena libertà, sia per sè che per le loro famiglie, di entrare, viaggiare, o risiedere in qualunque sia luogho degli stati e possessi dell' altra Parte Contraente.

2. Sarà loro facultativo di affitare o possedere case, manifatture, magazzini, botteghe, e locali, che saranno ad essi necessarii.

3. Potranno esercitare il loro commercio, sia personalmente, sia per mezzo di agenti che credano opportuno adoperarvi.

4. Non saranno, in alcun caso, sottoposti per le loro persone o proprietà, o pei passaporti, permessi di soggiorno, o di stabilimento, o per l'esercizio del loro commercio o industria, ad alcuna tassa generale o locale, ne imposta od obbligazione qualsiasi, che siano differenti o superiori a quelle che s'impongono, o possano imporsi, ai sudditi nazionali.

ARTICLE XV.

The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other shall be exempted from all compulsory military service whatever, whether in the army, navy, or national guard or militia. They shall be equally exempted from all judicial and municipal functions what-

ARTICOLO XV.

I sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti saranno esenti, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, dal servizio militare obbligatorio, sia nell' esercito, nella marina, nella guardia nazionale, sia nella milizia. Saranno parimente esenti da ogni ufficio giudiciario e municipale, come pure da ogni specie di contribuzione, in danaro o in natura, imposta

ever, as well as from all contributions, whether pecuniary or in kind, imposed as a compensation for personal service; and, finally, from forced loans and military exactions or requisitions.

a compenso del servizio personale, e finalmente da qualsiasi prestito forzato, prestazione, o requisizione militare.

ARTICLE XVI.

The subjects of each of the Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other shall be at full liberty to acquire, possess, and dispose of every description of property which the laws of the country may permit any foreigners, of whatsoever nation, to acquire and possess. They may acquire and dispose of the same, whether by purchase, sale, donation, exchange, marriage, testament, succession *ab intestato*, or in any other manner, under the same conditions as are established by the laws of the country for all foreigners. Their heirs and representatives may succeed to and take possession of such property, either in person or by agents acting on their behalf, in the same manner and in the same legal forms as subjects of the country. In the absence of heirs and representatives the property shall be treated in the same manner as the like property belonging to a subject of the country under similar circumstances.

In none of these respects shall they pay upon the value of such property any other or higher impost, duty, or charge, than is payable by subjects of the country. In every case the subjects of the Contracting Parties shall be permitted to export their property, or the proceeds thereof if sold, freely, and without being subjected on such exportation to pay any duty as foreigners, or any other or higher duties than those to which subjects of the country are liable under similar circumstances.

ARTICOLO XVI.

I sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti avranno piena libertà, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, di acquistare, possedere, e disporre di ogni sorta di proprietà che le leggi del paese permettono agli stranieri, di qualsiasi nazione, di acquistare e di possedervi. Essi potranno acquistare e disporre delle loro proprietà per compra, vendita, donazione, permuta, matrimonio, testamento, successione *ab intestato*, o in qualsiasi altra maniera, alle stesse condizioni che sono stabilite dalle leggi locali per tutti gli stranieri. I loro eredi o rappresentanti potranno succedere in queste proprietà e prenderne possesso, sia in persona, sia per mezzo di agenti per loro conto, nella stessa guisa e nelle stesse forme legali richieste pei nazionali. In mancanza di eredi o di rappresentanti, le loro proprietà saranno trattate nell' istessa maniera come se appartenessero ad un suddito del paese posto in eguali condizioni.

In tutti questi casi essi non pagheranno sul valore delle loro proprietà altre o maggiori tasse, diritti, e carichi, di quelli che sarebbero dovuti dai sudditi nazionali. I sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti potranno, in ogni caso, esportare le loro proprietà, od il ricavo della loro vendita, con tutta libertà, e senza essere sottoposti per tale esportazione al pagamento di alcun diritto come stranieri, o di alcun diritto che sia differente da quelli cui andrebbero soggetti in simili casi i sudditi del paese.

ARTICLE XVII.

The dwellings, manufactories, warehouses, and shops of the subjects of each of the Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other, and all premises appertaining thereto, destined for purposes of residence or commerce, shall be respected, If there should be occasion to make a search of, or a domiciliary visit to such dwellings and premises, or to examine or inspect books, papers, or accounts, such measure shall be executed only in conformity with the legal warrant or order in writing of a tribunal, or of the competent authority.

The subjects of each of the two Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other shall have free access to the Courts of Justice for the prosecution and defence of their rights. They shall enjoy in this respect the same rights and privileges as subjects of the country, and shall, like them, be at liberty to employ, in all causes, their advocates, attorneys, or agents from among the persons admitted to the exercise of those professions according to the laws of the country.

ARTICOLO XVII.

Le abitazioni, gli stabilimenti industriali, i magazzini, e le botteghe tenute dai sudditi di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti negli stati e possessi dell' altra, come pure i locali che loro appartengono, destinati al commercio, saranno rispettati. Nel caso di perquisizione, o di visita domiciliare, in tali abitazioni o locali, e nel caso di ricognizione di libre, carte, e conti, non vi si potrà procedere che dietro autorizzazione legale od ordine scritto di un tribunale, o altra autorità competente.

I sudditi di ciascuna della due Parti Contraenti potranno, negli stati e possessi dell' altra, far valere i loro diritti e difenderli avanti i tribunali. Essi in tal caso godranno dei diritti e privilegî de' nazionali, e potranno, al pari di questi, affidare la trattazione delle loro cause ad avvocati, procuratori, e agenti i quali abbiano diritto, secondo le leggi del paese, di esercitare tali professioni.

ARTICLE XVIII.

Any ship of war or merchant-vessel of either of the Contracting Parties which may be compelled by stress of weather, or by accident, to take shelter in a port of the other, shall be at liberty to refit therein, to procure all necessary stores, and to put to sea again, without paying any dues other than such as would be payable in a similar case by a national vessel. In case, however, the master of a merchant-vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his merchandize in order to defray his expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the regulations and tariffs of the place to which he may have come.

ARTICOLO XVIII.

I vascelli da guerra o bastimenti mercantili di una delle Parti Contraenti, i quali per necessità o per accidente trovinsi costretti a rifuggiarsi nei porti dell' altra, vi potranno essere riparati, e avranno facoltà di approvvigionarsi e riprendere il mare, e in tutti questi casi non saranno tenuti a pagare altri o maggiori diritti di quelli che sarebbero dovuti da navi nazionali. Però si il capitano di un bastimento mercantile si trovi nella necessità di disporre di una parte del carico pel pagamento delle sue spese, dovrà uniformarsi in tal caso ai regolamenti e alle tariffe locali.

If any ship of war or merchant-vessel of one of the Contracting Parties should run aground or be wrecked upon the coasts of the other, such ship or vessel, and all parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandize saved therefrom, including any which may have been cast into the sea, or the proceeds thereof if sold, as well as all papers found on board such stranded or wrecked ship or vessel, shall be given up to the owners or their agents when claimed by them. If there are no such owners or agents on the spot, then the same shall be delivered to the British or Italian Consul-General, Consul, or Vice-Consul, in whose district the wreck or stranding may have taken place, upon being claimed by him within the period fixed by the laws of the country; and such Consuls, owners, or agents, shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the salvage or other expenses which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel.

The goods and merchandize saved from the wreck shall be exempt from all duties of Customs, unless cleared for consumption, in which case they shall pay the same rate of duty as if they had been imported in a national vessel.

In the case either of a vessel being driven in by stress of weather, run aground, or wrecked, the respective Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents shall, if the owner or master or other agent of the owner is not present, or is present and requires it, be authorized to interpose in order to afford the necessary assistance to their fellow-countrymen.

Se avvenga che un vascello da guerra o bastimento mercantile dell' una delle Parti Contraenti s'arreni o faccia naufragio sulle coste degli stati o possessi dell' altra, queste navi, le loro parti o rottami, l'alberatura e ogni altro oggetto che vi appartengano, come pure tutte le mercanzie che saranno state salvate, comprese quelle gettate in mare, o il ricavo della loro vendita, e le carte tutte rinvenute a bordo della nave arrenata o naufragata, saranno restituite al proprietario o chi per esso, appena siano reclamate. Nel caso manchi il proprietario o chi per esso, ogni cosa sarà consegnata al Console-Generale, Console, o Vice-Console Britannico o Italiano del distretto ov' ebbe luogho il naufragio o l'arrenamento, dietro domanda che l'interessato dovrà fare nel termine fissato dalle legge locali. I Consoli, i proprietarî, o loro rappresentanti, non saranno tenuti che al pagamento delle spese occorse per la conservazione della proprietà, comprese quelle di salvataggio e simili, che in casi analoghi sarebbero dovute dalle navi nazionali.

Le mercanzie e oggetti salvati dal naufragio non saranno sottoposti ai diritti di dogana, se non in quanto vengano dichiarati per la consumazione, ed in questi casi pagheranno solamente gli stessi diritti che sarebbero dovuti se fossero importati sopra nave nazionale.

Occorrendo che una nave debba per necessità entrare in un porto, sia arrenata o faccia naufragio, i Consoli-Generali, Consoli, e Vice-Consoli, sono autorizzati ad interporsi perchè sia data la necessaria assistenza ai loro connazionali, occorrendo però la richiesta del capitano, padrone, o loro rappresentante, quando trovinsi presenti.

ARTICLE XIX.

The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents of each of the Contracting Parties, residing in the dominions and possessions of the other, shall receive from the local authorities such assistance as can by law be given to them for the recovery of deserters from the vessels of their respective countries.

ARTICOLO XIX.

I Consoli-Generali, Consoli, Vice-Consoli, e Agenti Consolari di ciascuna delle Parti Contraenti, residenti negli stati e possessi dell'altra, riceveranno dalle autorità locali la maggiore assistenza che possa darsi secondo le legge del paese, per l'arresto dei disertori dalle navi della loro nazione.

ARTICLE XX.

The present Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, when ratified, shall be substituted for the Treaties in force between the High Contracting Parties, namely, those concluded on the 5th April, 1847, and 30th December, 1854, between Great Britain and Tuscany; and on the 29th April, 1845, between Great Britain and the Two Sicilies; and on the 27th February, 1851, and 9th August, 1854, between Great Britain and Sardinia; and shall remain in force for ten years from the date of the exchange of the ratifications, and further until the expiration of twelve months after either of the Contracting Parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same; each of the Contracting Parties being at liberty to give such notice to the other at the expiration of the first nine years, or at any time afterwards.

ARTICOLO XX.

Il presente Trattato di Commercio e di Navigazione, allorquando sarà ratificato, surogherà i Trattati vigenti tra le Parti Contraenti, conchiusi il 5 Aprile, 1847, e 30 Dicembre, 1854, fra il Governo della Gran Bretagna e quello della Toscana; il 29 Aprile, 1845, fra il Governo della Gran Bretagna e quello delle Due Sicilie; il 27 Febbrajo, 1851, e il 9 Agosto, 1854, tra il Governo della Gran Bretagna e quello della Sardegna; e sarà in vigore per dieci anni dalla data dello scambio delle ratifiche del presente Trattato, e anche oltre il detto termine sino a che non siano decorsi dodici mesi dall' annunzio che l'una delle Parti Contraenti fosse per dare all'altra della sua intenzione di farlo cessare; ognuna di esse riservandosi la facoltà di fare all' altra simile dichiarazione allo spirare dei primi nove anni, e in ogni tempo ulteriore.

ARTICLE XXI.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London, in six weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Turin, 6 August, 1863.

(L.S.) JAMES HUDSON.
(L.S.) GIOVANNI MANNA.

ARTICOLO XXI.

Il presente Trattato sarà ratificato dalle due Parti Contraenti, e le ratifiche saranno cambiate in Londra nel termine de sei settimane, o prima se far si può.

In fede del che i rispettivi Plenipotenziarii sottoscrissero per doppio il presente Trattato, e vi apposero il sigillo delle loro armi.

Torino, 6 Agosto, 1863.

(L.S.) GIOVANNI MANNA.
(L.S.) JAMES HUDSON.

AT the *Council Chamber, Whitehall*, the 3rd day of *November*, 1863,

PRESENT,

The Lord President.
Earl de Grey and Ripon.
Mr. Milner Gibson.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery, Lord Belhaven and Hamilton, K.T., to be Lord-Lieutenant of the county of Lanark, his Lordship this day took and subscribed the oath appointed to be taken thereupon instead of the oaths of allegiance, supremacy, and abjuration.

Edmund Harrison.

Foreign Office, October 31, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. John Forbes White as Consul at Aberdeen for His Majesty the King of Hanover.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Henry James Duncan Padday as Consul at Penang; and of Mr. J. A. Baesjou as Consul at Albany, Western Australia; for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

Whitehall, October 27, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto Edmund Catt, of York-place, in the borough of Brighthelmstone, in the county of Sussex, Gentleman, Her Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with a clause contained in the last will and testament of his sister Elizabeth Willett Catt, late of Newhaven, in the said county of Sussex, Spinster, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Willett only, and bear the arms of Willett; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And also to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, October 30, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto William Bishton Garnett, of Decker-hill, in the parish of Shiffnal, in the county of Salop, and of Haughton Hall, in the parish of Bunbury, in the county palatine of Chester, Clerk, Master of Arts, son of William Garnett, late of Haughton Hall, aforesaid, Clerk, Rector of Tilston, in the said county palatine of Chester, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that he and his issue may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of William Botfield, late of Decker-hill aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Botfield, in addition to and after that of Garnett, and that he and they may bear the arms of Botfield quarterly with those of Garnett; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

India Office, 3rd November, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces, and of the Bengal Staff Corps:

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Vyvyan Cox, Royal Artillery (Bengal), to be Colonel, Major William Henry Rodes Green, C.B., Bombay Staff Corps, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, Captain St. John O'Neill Muter, Bombay Infantry, to be Major; in succession to Lieutenant-General R. Blackall, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 21st April, 1863.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Majors.

Captain Neil Edmonstone Boileau. Dated 5th July, 1863.
Captain Henry Rawlins Drew. Dated 24th August, 1863.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Francis Atherton Dickens. Dated 1st July, 1863.
Lieutenant William John Ward. Dated 23rd August, 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

6th Native Infantry.

Lieutenant William Frederick Shaw to be Captain, vice Jerdan, transferred to Invalid Pension List. Dated 26th February, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Horace Howell to be Lieutenant, in succession to Gunning, late 14th Native Infantry, deceased. Dated 13th July, 1863.

Alterations of Rank.

Lieutenant James Agnew McNeale to take rank from 26th February, 1863.
Lieutenant Charles Frederick Thomas to take rank from 10th March, 1863.
Lieutenant Thomas Nicholls to take rank from 15th April, 1863.
Lieutenant Caledon Charles Brownlow to take rank from 21st April, 1863.
Lieutenant George Waterhouse to take rank from 30th April, 1863.
Lieutenant Benjamin Hill Russell to take rank from 10th May, 1863.
Lieutenant John Andrias Davidson Gordon to take rank from 6th June, 1863.
Lieutenant Douglas Cowslade Hennessey to take rank from 30th June, 1863.
Lieutenant Everard Neal Digges La Touche to take rank from 2nd July, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon Hugh Martin Macpherson to be Surgeon Major. Dated 18th August, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

Royal Glamorgan Light Infantry Militia.

Herrick Augustus Palmer, Esq., to be Adjutant, from the 1st August, 1863. Dated 1st August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant Herrick Augustus Palmer, of the Royal Glamorgan Light Infantry Militia, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 24th October, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Surrey Rifle Volunteers.

Charles St. George Brownlow to be Adjutant, from the 17th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

1st North Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Wharton Watson and Second Lieutenant Thomas Howard Head in the above Corps.

15th North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant George Roper in the above Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of York.

1st North Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Arthur Henry Turner Newcomen to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

First Lieutenant John Bartholomew Rudd to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

2nd Hants Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Henry Cooksey to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

6th Hants Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Henry Edward Cooke to be Lieutenant. Dated 29th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Davies Smellie, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 17th October, 1863.

James Hamilton, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th October, 1863.

3rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Major William Smith Dixon to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Dreghorn, resigned. Dated 27th October, 1863.

Humphrey Ewing Crum Ewing, Esq., late Captain 86th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps, to be Major, vice Dixon, promoted. Dated 27th October, 1863.

The Reverend David Brown to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Maclaurin, Gent., to be Ensign, vice J. T. Anderson, resigned. Dated 26th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commissions:

5th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign William Laurie Dunn. Dated 19th October, 1863.

86th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Humphrey Ewing Crum Ewing. Dated 26th October, 1863.

88th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been pleased to remove Captain William McWhinnie from the Commission he held in this Corps. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sutherland.

1st Sutherland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Charles Lawson to be Captain, vice Hood, deceased. Dated 30th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Dumfries, Roxburgh, Kirkcudbright, and Selkirk Regiment of Militia.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of the above Regiment bearing the title of "The Scottish Borderers."

4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Regiment by Lieutenant John Augustus Underwood. Accepted 22nd October, 1863.

Northamptonshire Regiment of Militia.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of Lieutenant George Alfred Lawrence.

17th Somersetshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Lieutenant Henry Argent Simmons.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Edward Ferrand Astley in the 1st A Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain James Adam Rae in the 2nd Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant Henry Batt in the 3rd Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon William Parker in the 1st Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 27, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty of a slave barque, name unknown, captured

Numb. 22786. 5237

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1863.

Foreign Office, November 6, 1863.

THE following Despatch has been addressed to Her Majesty's Ambassador at St. Petersburgh.

Foreign Office,

October 20, 1863.

MY LORD,

BARON BRUNNOW has communicated to me a despatch from Prince Gortchakoff, dated August 26, / September 7, in reply to my despatch to your Excellency, No. 178, of the 11th ultimo, of which you were instructed to give a copy to his Excellency.

Her Majesty's Government have no wish to prolong the correspondence on the subject of Poland for the mere purpose of controversy.

Her Majesty's Government receive with satisfaction the assurance that the Emperor of Russia continues to be animated with intentions of benevolence towards Poland, and of conciliation in respect to all Foreign Powers.

Her Majesty's Government acknowledge that the relations of Russia towards European Powers are regulated by Public Law. But the Emperor of Russia has special obligations in regard to Poland.

Her Majesty's Government have in the despatch of the 11th of August, and preceding despatches, shown that, in regard to this particular question, the rights of Poland are contained in the same instrument which constitutes the Emperor of Russia, King of Poland.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) RUSSELL.

P.S. Your Excellency is instructed to give a copy of this despatch to Prince Gortchakoff.

Foreign Office, November 5, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Gustav Schunhoff as Consul at Cape Town for His Majesty the King of Hanover.

India Office, November 5, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Mills, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Crown Office, November 4, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased by letters patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to constitute and appoint:

William Henry Cooke, of the Inner Temple, London, Esq.,

John Gray, of the Middle Temple, London, Esq., and

John Joseph Powell, of the Middle Temple, London, Esq.,

to be of Her Majesty's Council learned in the Law.

Crown Office, November 5, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of New Windsor.

Colonel Richard Henry Richard Howard Vyse, of Stoke Place, in the county of Buckingham, in the room of George William Hope, Esq., deceased.

By virtue of an Act passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to repeal so "much of two Acts made in the tenth and "fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorizes the Speaker of the "House of Commons to issue his warrant to "the Clerk of the Crown for making out writs "for the election of Members to serve in Par-"liament, in the manner therein mentioned, and "for substituting other provisions for the like "purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further limit and define "the time for proceeding to Election during the "Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that the death of William Cubitt, Esq., late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the borough of Andover, hath been certified to me in writing under the hands of two Members serving in this

present Parliament, and that I shall issue my Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this fourth day of November, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

War Office, Pall Mall,
6th November, 1863.

2nd Dragoon Guards, Frank Barrow, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Vincent Stuart Robertson, who retires. Dated 6th November, 1863.

3rd Dragoon Guards, Cornet George Francis Robertson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Don, who retires. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Henry Frederick Twynam, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Robertson. Dated 6th November, 1863.

7th Hussars, Captain Edward M. Palliser, from the 82nd Foot, to be Captain, vice Gore, who exchanges. Dated 4th August, 1863.

Royal Artillery, The resignation of Assistant-Surgeon Joseph Fletcher Lougheed, which appeared in the Gazette of 20th February, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Military Train, Ensign Stephen K. Winkworth has been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of his Commission. Dated 6th November, 1863.

9th Regiment of Foot, The supercession of Lieutenant Francis Russell for being absent without leave, and consequent promotion of Ensign Baskerville, and appointment of Gentleman-Cadet A. A. L. F. Levert, in succession, which appeared in the Gazette of 9th October, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 6th November, 1863.

10th Foot, Jasper Nicolls Anderson, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Brookes, transferred to 89th Foot. Dated 6th November, 1863.

31st Foot, Lieutenant John James Bailey, from 29th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, William Edmund Adams, deceased. Dated 6th November, 1863.

56th Foot, Gentleman Cadet Arthur Adolphus L. F. Levert, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Burnett, deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863, but the antedate not to carry pay prior to the date of Gazette.

63rd Foot, Captain Lloyd Henry Thomas, from the 91st Foot, to be Captain, vice Bruce, who exchanges. Dated 6th November, 1863.

82nd Foot, Captain John Gore, from the 7th Hussars, to be Captain, vice Palliser, who exchanges. Dated 4th August, 1863.

8[illegible]th Foot, Ensign George Cox to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Mackinnon, who resigns that appointment. Dated 6th November, 1863.

89th Foot, Lieutenant Henry Lewis Harvest, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Robert Selby, deceased. Dated 18th August, 1863.

Lieutenant Simpson Hackett Hobbs to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Robert Gibson, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Ensign Charles William Burton to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Harvest. Dated 18th August, 1863.

Ensign Charles Vernon Hassall to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hobbs. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Ensign William Maitland Meacham, from the 4th West India Regiment, to be Ensign, vice Burton. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Ensign George Daniel Hall Brookes, from the 10th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Hassall. Dated 6th November, 1863.

91st Foot, Captain Stewart Hervey Bruce, from the 63rd Foot, to be Captain, vice Thomas, who exchanges. Dated 6th November, 1863.

The Christian names of Ensign Voyle are Francis Ranken Cave, and not as previously stated.

102nd Foot, William Hector McCaskill, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Brydon, transferred to the 101st Foot. Dated 6th November, 1863.

108th Foot, Lieutenant John Hay Shaw to be Adjutant. Dated 26th August, 1863.

4th West India Regiment, William Sloane Elderton, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Meacham, transferred to the 89th Foot. Dated 6th November, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon Joseph Fletcher Lougheed, from the Royal Artillery, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 6th November, 1863.

STAFF.

Major and Brevet-Colonel Henry Hamilton, C.B., 78th Foot, en seconde from Assistant Adjutant-General, Cork, to be Deputy Adjutant-General, in Ceylon, vice Brevet-Colonel H. L. Maydwell, Major, on half-pay, Depôt Battalion, whose period of service on the Staff has expired. Dated 6th November, 1863.

BREVET.

Captain and Brevet-Major Robert Gibson, retired upon full-pay, 89th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 6th November, 1863.

Captain Henry George Austin Vicars, 18th Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 6th November, 1863.

The following promotions to take place in succession to General William Lindsay Darling, Colonel of the 98th Foot, who died on 8th October, 1863 :—

Lieutenant-General William Pattle, C.B., Colonel of the 19th Hussars, to be General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major-General Peter Edwards, on a special rate of pay, to have the rank of Lieutenant-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major-General William Cartwright, Major on half-pay, unattached, to have the rank of Lieutenant-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major-General Arthur Gore, on a special rate of pay, to have the rank of Lieutenant-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major-General David Goodsman, on a special rate of pay, to have the rank of Lieutenant-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major-General Pringle Taylor, Colonel of the 24th Foot, to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Henry Bates, from half-pay, late 98th Foot, serving with the temporary rank of Brigadier-General at Aldershot, to be Major-General. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Charles William Green, on half-pay, unattached, to be Colonel. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Louis H. Hamilton, 87th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Captain William H. Fitzgerald, 68th Foot, to be Major. Dated 9th October, 1863.

The undermentioned officers having completed the qualifying service, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to be Colonels, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 14th October, 1858 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas George Alexander Oakes, 12th Lancers. Dated 1st October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Hume, 55th Foot. Dated 8th October, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

64th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

George Hudson Greaves, Gent., to be Adjutant, from the 11th September, 1863. Dated 24th September, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

The Honourable Charles George Lyttelton to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

1st Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Riddell Brunton, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon, vice Parker, resigned. Dated 31st October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

Hussar Regiment of Yorkshire (West Riding) Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet George Sackville F. Lane Fox to be Lieutenant, vice Croft, who retires. Dated 30th October, 1863.

Right Honourable Josslyn Francis, Lord Muncaster, to be Cornet, vice Fox, promoted. Dated 30th October, 1863.

2nd West Riding of Yorkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

John Wilkinson, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

First Lieutenant Louis Edward Franks to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

6th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Edward Freeman, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

7th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Hinde, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Arthur Greenwood, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Joseph William Harding, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Charles Edward Wurtzburg, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Arthur Wellesley Blackburn, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th October, 1863.

28th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry Thomas Watson, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign John Freeman, jun., in the 6th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain-Commandant Frederick Ximenes Gwynne in the 3rd Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

1st Administrative Battalion of Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Frederick Ximenes Gwynne to be Major. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

1st Monmouthshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Charles Lyne to be Major. Dated 27th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Henshaw Davis to be Captain. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Arthur John Murphy to be Captain. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Edmund Davies Williams to be Captain. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Edward William Willey to be First Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Conyers Kirby to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Charles Simpson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

John Salvage to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon James Christie, Esq., M.D., to be Surgeon. Dated 28th October, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 27th ultimo.]

Commission signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

1st London Engineer Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant John Schwartz to be Captain. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

26th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Leonard Wrightson to be Lieutenant, vice Owens, jun., resigned. Dated 28th October, 1863.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Comber Hooper Hood to be Captain, vice Boosey, resigned. Dated 28th September, 1863.

Ensign Edwin Peter Hood to be Lieutenant, vice W. C. H. Hood, promoted. Dated 28th September, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

1st Middlesex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain David Stevenson. Dated 28th October, 1863.

26th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Owens, jun. Dated 28th October, 1863.

33rd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain George Goss. Dated 28th October, 1863.

45th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Henry Peregrine Birch. Dated 30th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

3rd Argyllshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Charles Mactaggart in the above Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Argyll.

1st Administrative Battalion of Argyllshire Rifle Volunteers.

Charles Mactaggart to be Major. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

3rd Argyllshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Bennett, Esq., to be Captain, vice Mactaggart, promoted.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain and Adjutant Hugh Fitzgerald Mahony in the 2nd Administrative Battalion of Wiltshire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Charles Lamport in the 7th Cumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 30th October, 1863.

4th Forfarshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant James Key Caird in the above Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Major Thomas Mellor in the 23rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps and Assistant-Surgeon Edward Gylles Crooke in the 61st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF PARTS OF ACTS BY CHORLEY, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Chorley Commissioners appointed and acting under the provisions of the Chorley Improvement Act, 1853, have, at a meeting held by them on the 29th day of October, 1863, duly adopted portions of the Public Health Act, 1848, and of the Local Government Act, 1858, that is to say, sections 49, 51, 54, 59, 64, 69, 76, 90, 123, to 132, both inclusive, and the schedule (E) of the said Public Health Act, 1848; and also section 4 and subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 32, and the sections 34, 35, 36, 39, and 51, of the Local Government Act, 1858. And whereas notice of the said adoption has been duly given, in writing, to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as required by the Local Government Act, 1858:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that the herein-before recited portions of the aforementioned Acts, have been duly adopted by the said Chorley Commissioners; and that, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, the said portions of such Acts have now the force of law within the district of Chorley, under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF PARTS OF ACTS BY BURNLEY, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Town Council of the borough of Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, have, at a meeting held by them on the 30th day of October, 1863, duly adopted portions of the Public Health Act, 1848, viz., sections 69, 70, 75, 76, 84, and 143; also portions of the Local Government Act, 1858, viz., sections 38, 40, 51, 52, and 78; and of the Local Government Act (1858) Amendment Act, 1861, viz., sections 11, 16, 17, 19, and 28; and whereas notice of the adoption of the aforesaid portions of the said Acts has been duly given, in writing, to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as required by the Local Government Act, 1858:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the herein-before described portions of the aforementioned Acts have been duly adopted within the said borough of Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, and that, in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, the said portions of such Acts have the force of law within the borough of Burnley aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Bedford, Lancashire.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the township of Bedford, in the county of Lancaster.

And notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named township of Bedford; and that the said Act has the force of law within such township.

Given under my hand this 4th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, October 30, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the naval portion of the booty, captured in Pegu in 1852 and 1853, and that the officers and crews of Her Majesty's ships stated below, are entitled to participate therein: — "Bittern," "Cleopatra," "Contest," "Fox," "Hastings," "Hermes," "Rattler," "Salamander," "Spartan," "Sphinx," "Styx," "Serpent," and "Winchester."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the divisions of Chelmsford, Witham, and Dengie, in the county of Essex, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Shirehall, Chelmsford, on Friday, the 13th day of November, 1863, at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the divisions of Chelmsford, Witham, and Dengie aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon,
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 4, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Estimanor, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Union Jack Inn, Pennal, on Friday, the 13th day of November, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Estimanor aforesaid.

Henry Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 5, 1863.

Record Office,
North-street, Lambeth, Surrey,
October 30*th*, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, under the provisions of the Act 25 and 26 Vict., c. 61, that, at the Court of General Quarter Session, held at Kingston-upon-Thames, in and for the county of Surrey, on the 20th day of October instant, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say:—

"At the General Quarter Session of the Peace, holden at Kingston-upon-Thames, in and for the county of Surrey, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October, 1863:—

"Whereas, in compliance with the provisions of the Act 25 and 26 Vict., c. 61, the Right Honorable Algernon George Percy, commonly Lord Lovaine, M.P., Robert Alfred Cloyne Godwin-Austen, Duncan Macdonald, George Best, and Pitcairn Onslow, Esquires, five of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county of Surrey, have, by writing under their hands, bearing date the 30th day of last September, required the Clerk of the Peace of and for the said county, to add to or send with the notice required by law, to be given of the holding of this present Court of General Quarter Session, a notice that at this present Court a proposal would be made to the Justices of the Peace here assembled, to divide the whole of the said county, except those portions thereof which are under the Metropolis Local Management Act, or within the Kingston Highway District, into the following Highway Districts, for the purposes of the Highway Acts.

"The Chertsey Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Bisley, Byfleet, Chertsey, Chobham, Egham, Horsell, Pyrford, Thorpe, Weybridge, and Windlesham.

"The Croydon Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Addington, Beddington, Chaldon, Carshalton, Coulsdon, Mitcham, Mordon, Sanderstead, Wallington, and Woodmansterne.

"The Dorking Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Abinger. Capel, Dorking, Effingham, Mickleham, Newdigate hamlet and parish, Ockley, and Wootton.

"The Epsom Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Ashtead, Banstead, Great Bookham, Little Bookham, Cheam, Chessington, Cuddington, Ewell, Fetcham, Headley, Leatherhead, Sutton, and Walton-on-the-Hill.

"The Farnham Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Elstead, Frensham, Frimley, Seale and Tongham, and Waverley.

"The Godstone Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Bletchingley, Caterham, Chelsham, Crowhurst, Farleigh, Godstone, Horne, Limpsfield, Lingfield, Oxted, Tandridge, Tatsfield, Titsey, Warlingham, and Woldingham.

"The Guildford Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Ash and Normandy (not including Frimley), Clandon East, Clandon West, Horsley East, Horsley West, Merrow, Ockham, Pirbright, Send and Ripley, that part of Stoke which is without the borough of Guildford, Wanborough, Wisley, Woking, and Worplesdon.

"The Godalming Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: That part of Artington which is without the borough of Guildford, Chiddingfold, Compton, Godalming parish and borough, Hambledon, Haslemere, Peper Harrow, Puttenham, Thursley, and Witley.

"The Blackheath Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Albury, Alfold, Bramley, Cranley, Dunsfold, Ewhurst, Hascomb, such part of Shalford as is not within the borough of Guildford, Shere, St. Martha, and Wonersh.

"The Reigate Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Betchworth, Buckland, Burstow, Charlwood, Chipstead, Gatton, Horley, Kingswood, Leigh, Merstham, and Nutfield.

"And that the following parishes and places in the said county which separately maintain their own highways: Barnes, Mortlake, Merton, and Wimbledon, be added to the said Kingston Highway District.

"And whereas the said five Justices, by the same writing under their hands as above mentioned, did further require the said Clerk of the Peace to send by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the form required by the Act first above mentioned, to the Churchwardens or Overseers of each and every of the said parishes and places abovementioned. And whereas it appears to this Court that such requisitions have been duly complied with. Now it is ordered, under the authority of the said Act first above-mentioned, by this Court, which is the Court of Quarter Session named in the first mentioned notice, that the said proposal be and the same is hereby entertained, and that a Provisional Order be and the same is hereby made, dividing the whole of the said county, except those portions thereof which are under the Metropolis Local Management Act, or within the Kingston Highway District, and except certain other parishes and places, into the Highway Districts hereafter named, for the more convenient management of the Highways therein, that is to say:—

"The Chertsey Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Bisley, Byfleet, Chobham, Egham, Horsell, Pyrford, Thorpe, Weybridge, and Windlesham.

"The Croydon Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Addington, Beddington, Carshalton, Coulsdon, Mitcham, Mordon, Sanderstead, Wallington, and Woodmansterne.

"The Dorking Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Abinger, Bookham Great, Bookham Little, Capel, Effingham, Mickleham, Newdigate hamlet and parish, Ockley, and Wootton.

"The Epsom Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Ashtead, Banstead, Cheam, Chessington, Cuddington, Ewell, Fetcham, Headley, Leatherhead, Sutton, and Walton-on-the-Hill.

"The Farnham Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Ash and Normandy (not including Frimley), Elstead, Frensham, Frimley, Seale and Tongham, and Waverley.

"The Godstone Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Bletchingly, Caterham, Chelsham, Crowhurst, Farleigh, Godstone, Horne, Limpsfield, Lingfield, Oxted, Tandridge, Tatsfield, Titsey, Warlingham, and Woldingham.

"The Guildford Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: That part of Artington which is without the borough of Guildford, Clandon East, Clandon West, Horsley East, Horsley West, Merrow, Ockham, Pirbright, Send and Ripley, that part of Stoke which is without the borough of Guildford, Wisley, Woking, and Worplesdon.

"The Godalming Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Chiddingfold, Compton, that portion of Godalming parish which lies without the limits of the borough of Godalming, Hambledon, Haslemere, Peper Harrow, Puttenham, Thursley, Wanborough, and Witley.

"The Blackheath Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Albury, Alfold, Bramley, Cranley, Dunsfold, Ewhurst, Hascomb, such part of Shalford as is not within the borough of Guildford, Shere, St. Martha, and Wonersh.

"The Reigate Highway District—consisting of the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways: Betchworth, Buckland, Burstow, Chaldon, Charlwood, Chipstead, Gatton, Horley, Kingswood, Leigh, Merstham, and Nutfield.

"And adding the following parishes and places in the said county, which separately maintain their own highways; Barnes, Mortlake, Merton, and

Wimbledon, to the said Kingston Highway District.

"And it is hereby further Provisionally ordered, that the said several districts be, and they hereby are, respectively so provisionally constituted, named, and added to accordingly.

"And it is hereby further Provisionally ordered, that each of the said several parishes and places, except the parishes of Barnes, Mortlake, Merton, and Wimbledon, shall respectively elect the same number of Waywardens, under the said first-mentioned Act, as it is now entitled to elect Guardians of the Poor. And it is hereby lastly Provisionally ordered, that each of the several parishes of Barnes, Mortlake, Merton, and Wimbledon shall respectively elect one Waywarden, under the said Act.

"Finally it is hereby ordered, that the Court of General Quarter Session, to be holden at St. Mary, Newington, in and for the said county of Surrey, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January now next ensuing, being a subsequent Court of General Quarter Session, to be held within a period of not more than six months from the time of holding this present Court, be, and the same is hereby appointed for the taking into consideration the confirmation of the above-mentioned Provisional Order by a Final Order."

And notice is hereby further given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order, by a Final Order, will be taken into consideration by the Justices of the Peace at the Court of General Quarter Session, to be holden at St. Mary, Newington, in and for the said county of Surrey, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January next ensuing.

Woronzow Greig, Clerk of the Peace for the said county of Surrey.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday the 24th day of October, 1863.

The under-mentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Accounts in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 3rd day of November, 1863.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough ...	Harrison and Co. ...	22,109

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, November 5, 1863.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 4th day of November, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	27,844,575	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	13,194,575
		Silver Bullion	—
	£27,844,575		£27,844,575

Dated the 5th day of November, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	10,949,363
Rest	3,144,306	Other Securities	20,009,524
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	5,066,818	Notes	5,803,605
		Gold and Silver Coin	604,853
Other Deposits	13,861,173		
Seven days and other Bills ...	742,048		
	£37,367,345		£37,367,345

Dated the 5th day of November, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

WEEKLY RETURNS of the Quantities and Price of BRITISH CORN, IMPERIAL MEASURE, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise in the following Cities and Towns in ENGLAND and WALES, from which the Prices that govern Duty are calculated conformably to the Act of the 5th Victoria, cap. 14.

Received in the Week ended October 31, 1863.	WHEAT.					BARLEY.					OATS.					RYE.					BEANS.					PEAS.				
MARKETS.	Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.		
	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.
London	2120	0	4644	6	9	1994	0	3448	7	8	89	0	84	4	9	—		—			190	0	329	2	6	255	0	494	4	0
Uxbridge	226	7	518	17	6	25	0	41	0	0	18	0	16	4	0	—		—			—		—			—		—		
Chelmsford	3126	0	6657	10	4	1731	7	2960	19	9	30	0	29	10	0	—		—			210	4	328	12	6	105	4	179	4	6
Colchester	1732	2	3778	8	2	2193	2	3784	2	9	—		—			—		—			130	0	209	10	0	—		—		
Romford	1006	0	2146	9	9	586	0	1028	17	0	—		—			12	0	18	0	0	30	0	52	10	0	21	0	35	19	6
Chipping Ongar	9	0	17	6	6	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Saffron Walden	428	0	791	5	3	1489	4	2573	3	6	20	0	18	0	0	—		—			44	0	75	19	0	—		—		
Braintree	1379	2	2788	4	7	1269	5	2206	14	2	—		—			—		—			50	0	89	7	0	—		—		
Hertford	167	6	333	7	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Royston	263	6	495	0	0	1474	0	2665	8	0	—		—			—		—			5	0	8	8	0	—		—		
Bishop Stortford	514	0	994	5	9	1870	7	3154	8	11	38	3	36	19	9	—		—			60	0	114	10	0	—		—		
St. Albans	82	7	167	17	6	166	0	287	19	6	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Hemel Hempstead	55	2	112	6	6	90	0	145	10	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Hitchin	78	3	159	17	6	1457	0	2604	4	2	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Aylesbury	204	4	410	12	6	235	4	416	8	0	29	0	43	6	0	—		—			6	0	11	11	0	—		—		
Buckingham	—		—			5	0	8	15	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
High Wycombe	86	0	159	0	0	614	4	1146	0	3	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Newport Pagnel	47	0	83	18	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Oxford	286	0	560	10	0	546	4	1012	14	0	60	0	78	0	0	—		—			—		—			21	0	31	10	0
Banbury	1429	4	2749	16	7	441	0	719	5	9	111	0	126	2	0	—		—			75	0	144	5	0	46	0	73	18	0
Henley	166	0	346	17	0	143	0	237	19	6	60	0	54	2	0	—		—			—		—			—		—		
Witney	96	4	189	8	6	169	4	283	7	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Chipping Norton	60	0	117	6	8	303	0	448	16	6	10	0	13	0	0	—		—			15	0	30	5	0	—		—		
Warminster	904	4	1759	8	0	774	0	1430	16	3	—		—			3	4	5	5	0	—		—			11	0	23	18	6
Swindon	445	0	821	0	6	35	0	64	16	6	—		—			—		—			11	0	17	12	0	—		—		
Devizes	778	0	1434	14	0	536	0	849	11	0	30	0	33	0	0	4	0	6	8	0	45	4	100	2	0	18	4	34	14	0
Salisbury	522	4	1036	2	3	288	0	473	4	6	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Troubridge	—		—			—		—			20	0	19	0	0	—		—			3	0	7	1	0	—		—		
Chippenham	86	4	168	7	0	29	0	50	0	0	—		—			—		—			—		—			8	0	13	12	0
Windsor	36	4	83	8	6	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Reading	1081	4	2296	13	0	163	0	249	10	9	20	0	19	0	0	—		—			12	0	22	4	0	10	0	18	0	0
Abingdon	94	0	200	15	0	160	4	315	11	3	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		
Maidenhead	—		—			315	0	599	2	6	—		—			—		—			—		—			—		—		

Numb. 22787. 5303

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1863.

Whitehall, November 10, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give and grant unto John Samuel, of Newton House, in the parish of Llanblethian, and of Trecastle, in the parish of Llanharry, in the county of Glamorgan, Esquire, in the Commission of the Peace for, and some time High Sheriff of, the same county, son and heir of John Samuel, of Great House, in the parish of Bonvilstone, also in that county, Esquire, by Elizabeth, his wife, only daughter of Thomas Williams, of Cowbridge, in the same county, by Elizabeth, his wife, elder daughter of William Gibbon, and sister and co-heir of William Gibbon, of Newton House and Trecastle aforesaid, Esquires, Her Royal license and authority that he may (as sole representative and possessor of the estates of the Gibbon family), take and use the surname of Gibbon, in addition to and after that of Samuel, and also bear the arms of Gibbon; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms, and recorded in the Herald's College, otherwise the said license and permission to be void and of none effect:

And further to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in the College of Arms.

Crown Office, November 9, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

City of Oxford.

Charles Neate, Esq., in the room of James Haughton Langston, Esq., deceased.

(1260.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 10, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at New Granada, the following translation of a Decree recently issued by the President of that Republic, requiring the presentation of certified invoices of all merchandize imported into New Granada:—

ART. 1.—The obligation is hereby imposed upon importers of foreign merchandize, of presenting, together with the manifests, the original invoices, certified by the Colombian Consul at the port from which they are sent.

ART. 2.—At the foreign ports where there are no Colombian Consuls, the certificate shall be obtained from the Consul of a friendly nation. The Consuls of the Republic of Chile are bound to perform this service according to Article 34 of the Treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation with that Republic.

ART. 3.—The certificate spoken of in Article 1st shall express the number of packages mentioned in the invoice, the species of merchandize, the Colombian weight of each package, the name of the vessel in which they are shipped, the Colombian port to which they are directed, and the name of the merchant or commission agent to whom they belong.

ART. 4.—The Consuls shall transmit to the "Oficina General de Cuentas" a legalized copy of the invoices certified by them.

ART. 5.—The Consuls shall be entitled to levy one dollar upon each invoice they certify, in accordance with the 4th Clause, Article 19th, of the Law of the 7th of March, 1856, upon Consular Service.

ART. 6.—The following dates are fixed for the carrying out of this Decree:—

60 days, as regards merchandize imported from ports in the Antilles, Central America, and the Republics on the Pacific.

90 days, as regards merchandize proceeding from the United States and Mexico; and

120 days, as regards merchandise proceeding from other ports.

These dates shall be counted from the date of this Decree.

ART. 7.—The non-presentation of certified invoices subjects every package composing the cargo to examination, and to an additional duty of 10 per cent. over and above the ordinary duties.

Given in Popayan, the 7th day of [illegible] 1863.

(1279).

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 10, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister in China, reporting that the Chinese Government has provided that in cases where due notice is given to export, within twelve months, produce brought down the Great River to Shanghai, the half duty paid thereon shall be refunded if the marks, packages, amounts and weights are found by the Chinese Customs Authorities to correspond with those originally entered in the books, and if such produce is exported within the twelve months now allowed in lieu of the three months hitherto granted.

(1285.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 10, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade, have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Buenos Ayres, enclosing the following translation of a Decree passed by the Argentine Government on the 23rd September last:

ART. I.—All vessels coming from ports where Argentine Consuls have been named, must have their manifesto viséd in proper manner by such Consul, under pain of paying double the Consular Fees, the same to be recoverable at the Custom-house, one half to be devoted to the National Revenue, and the other half given to the proper Consul.

ART. II.—This fine of double fees above mentioned will be put in force four months after date of this Decree, recovering in the meantime only the usual fees ordained by Art. 8, of the law 7th November, 1862.

(1286).

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 10, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Madagascar, reporting that the duties and restrictions applied to articles imported into and exported from that island, during the reign of Queen Ranavalo, have been in force from the 18th of September last, and stating that the following is the scale of customs, &c., duties:

On all Imports except Spirits	10	per cent. in kind
Spirits	$33\frac{1}{3}$	„

On all Exports 20 per cent. *ad valorem*, of which 10 per cent. may be deducted from the vendor of produce, but the whole is recoverable from the shipper.

Tonnage dues are charged according to the measurement of vessels, 6*d.* per ton register, and 1*s.* per foot of draught.

Admiralty, 9th November, 1863.

IN consideration of the valuable assistance rendered by Commander Francis William Sullivan during the recent successful operations of Her Majesty's Troops in New Zealand, as recorded in the London Gazette of the 27th October last, Commander Sullivan has been this day promoted to be Captain.

Also, in consideration of the successful operations against the batteries of Kagosima, as recorded in the London Gazette of the 30th October last, the following promotions have this day taken place:

Commander Lewis James Moore to be Captain.
Lieutenant James Augustus Poland to be Commander.
Lieutenant George Poole to be Commander.
Mr. Charles Richard Godfrey, Assistant-Surgeon, to be Surgeon.

Admiralty, 10th November, 1863.

Vice-Admiral of the White Thomas Bennett has been appointed to receive a pension of £150 a-year, as provided by Her Majesty's Order in Council of 25th June, 1851, vacant by the death of Admiral George Frederick Rich; and the name of Vice-Admiral Bennett has been removed to the Reserved Half-pay List accordingly, and in consequence of this removal the following promotions, to date the 3rd instant, have this day taken place:

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Sir Charles Talbot, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.
Rear-Admiral, on the Reserved List, the Right Honourable Lord John Frederick Gordon Halyburton, G.C.H., to be Vice-Admiral on the same List.
Rear-Admiral of the Red Sir John McDougall, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.
Rear-Admiral of the White George Elliot to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.
Rear-Admiral of the Blue George Goldsmith, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.
Captain Edward Gennys Fanshawe to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Mortimer Hunt to be Ensign. Dated 4th November, 1863.

London Irish Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John O'Connor to be Ensign. Dated 4th November, 1863.

33rd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Edward Bernard Lewin Hill to be Captain, vice Goss, resigned. Dated 28th October, 1863.

40th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Leopold James Yorke Campbell Scarlett to be Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Assistant-Surgeon Edwin Sercombe. Dated 4th November, 1863.

20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to dispense with the services of Captain George Albert Conran in this Corps. Dated 31st October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset.

Dorset Regiment of Militia.

Edwin Burnett, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Bragge, resigned. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

2nd or South Devonshire Regiment of Militia.

Captain John Newcombe Stevenson to be Major, vice Yarde Buller, promoted. Dated 8th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Berkeley Alexander McDonald Macpherson to be Captain, vice Stevenson, promoted. Dated 8th October, 1863.

North Devonshire Mounted Rifles Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet the Honourable Mark George Kerr Rolle to be Lieutenant, vice Fortescue, resigned. Dated 20th October, 1863.

1st Administrative Brigade of Devonshire Artillery Volunteers.

Charles Edward Mansfield, Major Unattached, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 7th October, 1863.

2nd Devonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Edward Jago to be Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant James Liddell in the 26th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.

38th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Edmund John Jenings to be Captain, vice Loyd, resigned. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Ensign Jesse Piper to be Lieutenant, vice Jenings, promoted. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Alexander Herschel, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Piper, promoted. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

1st Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

David Henry Johnston, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Parker, promoted. Dated 27th October, 1863.

8th Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Alexander Black to be Lieutenant, vice Waddell, resigned. Dated 27th October, 1863.

David Bell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Black, promoted. Dated 27th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Ebenezer Thomson in the 13th Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Inverness.

1st Inverness-shire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Alexander Fraser to be First Lieutenant. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant Francis Puckey in the 5th Cornwall Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cornwall.

5th Cornwall Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Jonathan Peter to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 5th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset.

4th Company of Dorsetshire Rifle Volunteers.

Frederick John Butts, Esq., to be Captain, vice Parr, deceased. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Buckingham.

3rd Buckinghamshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Egerton Hubbard, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

4th Administrative Brigade of Lancashire Artillery Volunteers.

Thomas Birchall, Esq., Major of the 21st Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps, to be Major. Dated 26th October, 1863.

1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Walter Vernon to be Captain. Dated 20th October, 1863.

1st Manchester or 6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Richard Long Cooke, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 20th October, 1863.

Ensign James Abraham Wilson Teale to be Lieutenant. Dated 20th October, 1863.

15th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Frederick William Burgoyne Vernon to be Captain. Dated 19th October, 1863.

64th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Edward Bretherton, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Francis John Hore, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

3rd Regiment of Royal Surrey Militia.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Henry Chandos Rivers.

And it is also Her Majesty's pleasure that Lieutenant William Frederick Rogers be removed from the strength of the Regiment.

1st Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign John Marrian.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Henry Earle Bulwer, Lieutenant William Panckridge, and Ensign William Marsden in the 3rd Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

MEMORANDA.

East York Rifle Volunteers.

1st Corps (Hull).

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign John Spencer Galloway. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

5th Corps (Burlington).

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign George Walmsley. Dated 24th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the East Riding of the County of York, *and the Borough of* Kingston-upon-Hull.

East York Rifle Volunteers.

5th Corps (Burlington).

Robert Davison, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Walmsley, resigned. Dated 24th October, 1863.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, November 5, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and proceeds of a barque, name unknown, captured on the 22nd July, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Espoir."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF THE NAVAL PORTION OF THE SATASSEE PRIZE BOOTY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, November 6, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the portion of the Satassee Prize Booty, captured by the Sarun Field Force, on the 11th January, 1858, not paid in India, falling to the share of the Officers, Seamen, Marines, &c., of Her Majesty's ship "Pearl's" Naval Brigade, will commence on Monday, the 23rd instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House," according to the scale set forth in the Royal Warrant, dated 2nd October, 1862, published in the London Gazette of the 28th of that month.

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, belonging to the Brigade, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Primitive Methodist Chapel, situated in Kedleston-street, in the parish of Saint Alkmund, Derby, in the county of Derby, in the district of Derby, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 4th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 7th day of November, 1863.

Thos. Newbold, Superintendent Registrar.

India Office, November 6, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following notice of Order made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11th Victoria, cap. 21.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the Matter of Hajee Ismael Goolmahomed, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 1st day of August instant, it was ordered that the Petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic. cap. 21, be dismissed.—Carapiet, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, August 8, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held at Nether Knutsford, in and for the county of Chester, on Monday, the 19th day of October, 1863, an Order was made, of which the following is a copy:—

"This Court doth hereby make a Provisional "Order that the highway district for the hun- "dred of Northwich be altered, by the addition "thereto of the townships of Mooresbarrow- "cum-Parme and Radnor, both situate in the said "hundred, and that one Waywarden be appointed "for each of the said townships, and that the con- "firmation of this Order, by a Final Order, be "taken into consideration at the next Court of "General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be "held at the Castle of Chester, on the 4th day of "January next."

Charles William Potts, Clerk of the Peace.

Chester, 7th November, 1863.

A RETURN shewing the Amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks, in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the Four Weeks ending the 7th November, 1863.

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commissioners.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	61,649 3 11	73,479 14 10
To Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	124 3 6	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	.....	11,610 19 6
Total	£61,773 7 5	£85,090 14 4
POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	159,472 3 7	30,799 19 4
To Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	11,610 19 6	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	.....	124 3 6
Total	£171,083 3 1	30,924 2 10

Total Amounts on the 7th November, 1863, at the credit of—

The Fund for the Banks for Savings	£40,242,020 4 5
The Post Office Savings' Banks Fund	2,880,414 11 11
Total	£43,122,434 16 4
Ditto—by last Monthly Account	£43,005,593 3 0

M. FASCUTT, Check Officer,
National Debt Office, 9th November, 1863.

A. Y. SPEARMAN,
Comptroller-General.

BUCKS AND OXON UNION BANK.

MONTHLY RETURN UNDER ACT 7 & 8 VIC., CAP. 113, SEC. 4.

ACCOUNT of ASSETS and LIABILITIES of the BUCKS and OXON UNION BANK, on Monday, the 2nd November, 1863.

Liabilities.	£ s. d.	*Assets.*	£ s. d.
Paid up Capital	55,000 0 0	Cash in Hand and in other Banking Houses, Bills of Exchange, Loans, and Notes of Hand, Balance of Bank Premises, and Preliminary Expenses	483,336 4 6
Current Accounts, Deposits, and other Liabilities	428,185 12 5		
Undivided Profits	150 12 1		
	£483,336 4 6		£483,336 4 6

Bucks and Oxon Union Bank,
Buckingham, November 5, 1863.

(Signed) *Richd. Carter*, Secretary.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 31st day of October, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11769
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	24568
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	22724
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	5567
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	16322
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	30481
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14800
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23787
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	70983
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14730
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8974
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	24826
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15432
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20221
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	54429
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	29885
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	23697
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	36982
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	28096
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12340
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	45791
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20630
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12017
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2441
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	14367
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	48803
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	30000
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	20502
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	3142
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	17333
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	29731
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	33717
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3687
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	17231
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	75010
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	8104
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9879
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	42363
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	27269
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6680
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10158
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	69221
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	87707
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	8030
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	38652
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	101546
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	51161

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	40370
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	23018
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	6928
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	5181
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	4541
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	11618
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	28714
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	19971
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	40571
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	5208
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	31254
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	22148
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	59506
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	18750
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	21497
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	21238
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	45513
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	4845
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	52482
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	37200
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	30993
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	27307
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	98791
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	29672
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	6630
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3343
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	36175
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	13426
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	14136
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5881
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	7969
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	19216
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	26779
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	6854
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	28211
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	48843
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	12862
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	20282
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	49284
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	92868
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	8291
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	22505
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	7500
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	25991

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	Croxon and Co.	10282
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	Parsons and Co.	36144
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	H., S., A. H., T., and A. T. Beeching	9522
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	J. W. Clinch and Sons	10566
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank	Hull	Peases and Co.	47934
Penzance Bank	Penzance	Batten and Co.	9024
Pembrokeshire Bank	Haverfordwest	J. and W. Walters	12754
Reading Bank	Reading	Simonds and Co.	23928
Reading Bank	Reading	Stephens, Blandy, and Co.	28341
Richmond Bank	Richmond	Roper and Co.	6592
Rochdale Bank	Rochdale	Clement, Royds, and Co.	2362
Rochester, Chatham, and Strood Bank	Rochester	Day, Nicholson, and Co.	6809
Royston Bank	Royston	Fordham and Sons	10141
Rugby Bank	Rugby	A. Butlin and Son	10720
Rye Bank	Rye	R. C. Pomfret and Co.	12369
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden	Gibson, Tuke, and Co.	22810
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury	Burton, Lloyd, and Co.	11160
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough	Woodall and Co.	23552
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrewsbury and Ludlow Bank	Shrewsbury	Rocke, Eytons, and Co.	31977
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	Sittingbourne	Vallance and Co.	4312
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton	Maddison, Pearce, and Co.	9064
Southwell Bank	Southwell	Wylde and Co.	9416
Southampton and Hampshire Bank	Southampton	Atherley and Co.	2367
Stafford Old Bank	Stafford	Stevenson and Co.	13007
Stamford and Rutland Bank	Stamford	Eaton, Cayley, and Co.	22144
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	Shrewsbury	Beck, Downward, and Co.	21530
Taunton Bank.	Taunton	H., R. and H. J. Badcock	28351
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock	Gill, Sons, and Co.	12490
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury	Harwood and Co.	8731
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	Tiverton	Dunsford and Co.	10805
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, Northamptonshire	Thrapston	Eland and Eland	11272
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank	Tring	Butcher and Sons	12734
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester	Percival and Co.	6350
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston	Vivian and Co.	14339
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge	Hull, Smith, and Co.	8451
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford	Hedges, Wells, and Co.	6485
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	Warwick	Greenway and Co.	19383
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington	Fox, Brothers, and Co.	4423
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and Pontefract Bank	Wakefield	Leatham, Tew, and Co.	46022
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby	Simpson, Chapman, and Co	14045
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester	Bulpett and Co.	16575
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank	Weymouth	Eliot, Pearce, and Co.	17723
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derbyshire Bank	Wirksworth	Arkwright and Co.	36457
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	Wisbech	Gurneys and Co.	47085
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe	P. and W. Hancock	7310
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkesbury Old Bank	Worcester	Berwick, Lechmere, & Co.	65846
Wolverhampton Bank	Wolverhampton	R. and W. F. Fryer	10835
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and Halesworth and Suffolk Bank	Yarmouth	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co.	45810
Yarmouth, Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co	11412
York Bank	York	Swann, Clough and Co.	39839

Numb. 22788.

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1863.

CONVENTION between the Governments of Great Britain and of Tunis, relative to the holding of real property by British Subjects in Tunis.

Signed in the English and Arabic Languages, at Tunis, October 10, 1863.

In the Name of God All-Powerful.

CONVENTION concluded between the Government of Her Majesty, the Descendant of Glorious Sovereigns, the Crown of the Illustrious Great, who holds at her command the sword and the pen, the Great and August Princess, the fame of whose virtues are spread over the universe, Our Friend the Lady Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Government of His Most Serene Highness Mohamed Essadok Bey, Lord of the Regency of Tunis, relative to the permission granted to British subjects to hold real property in the Regency of Tunis.

Whereas, by Article XI of the organic laws of the Regency of Tunis, foreigners have acquired the right to possess immoveable property so soon as their respective governments shall enter into an arrangement with the Government of Tunis, establishing the conditions which shall entitle them to exercise the right conceded to them; and whereas it is expedient to prevent in future the abuses, contentions, and confusion that have arisen in consequence of the means to which foreigners have had recourse, in order to evade the regulations and customs which prohibited them from holding immoveable property in their own names, the following stipulations have been entered into and concluded between His Most Serene Highness Mohamed Essadok Bey, Lord of the Regency of Tunis, and Richard Wood, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Agent and Consul-General at Tunis, duly authorized to that effect :—

ARTICLE I.

It being henceforward lawful for British subjects to purchase and possess immoveable property of every description in the Regency of Tunis, the Ecclesiastical and other legal Courts and authorities shall be empowered, upon the application of the purchaser, to proceed to the verification of the title-deeds, and to transfer the same in his name, according to the usages of the country, in order to give them the validity required by law.

ARTICLE II.

British subjects possessing immoveable property shall pay the same municipal and fiscal taxes which are paid by natives, and shall discharge in general the obligations which are by law attached to, and are discharged by, the like property held by natives.

ARTICLE III.

Every proprietor of houses, magazines, or other tenements, shall conform to the municipal regulations now existing, or which shall hereafter exist.

ARTICLE IV.

All cases of litigation respecting immoveable property, and relating to the ownership or occupation of houses or lands, between a British and a Tunisian subject, shall be referred for adjudication to the competent legal tribunals, whose summons for the appearance of the British subject shall be transmitted through the British Consul-General, or, in his absence, through his deputy, in order that he or his deputy may be present at the trial. And the condemned party shall have the right to appeal to the Courts constituted for that purpose, until the appeal shall have reached the Meglis Elakbar (Legislative Assembly), and whatever decision might be given by the last tribunal, the authority of the condemned party shall carry it out. But in cases where the dispute is between British subjects, it shall be optional for them, or either of them, to have their difference heard and determined by their Consul-General, or his deputy, whose decision, however, shall be governed by the laws and usages of the country, so far as they can be ascertained, and so far as the conditions expressed in the contract will permit.

ARTICLE V.

British subjects holding immoveable property shall be free to sell, dispose of, and convey their property to natives; but they shall not sell, transfer, or convey their property to foreigners, except to subjects of such friendly Governments as have, by convention or other agreement with His Highness the Bey, acquired for their subjects the right to purchase and hold immoveable property in the Regency of Tunis; and, in order to guard against any infraction of the prese... as well as to avoid any dispute or litig...

ONE PENNY NEWSPAPER

may arise therefrom, it is agreed that in all cases of a sale or conveyance of immoveable property from a British to a foreign subject, the instrument of transfer shall have affixed to it the seals of the Ecclesiastical Court, or those of the competent native authorities, to render the sale valid and lawful.

ARTICLE VI.

If a British proprietor die, either wholly intestate or intestate as to his immoveable property, the succession to his immoveable property shall be governed by the same law as the succession, *ab intestato*, to his moveable property, without any let or hindrance on the part of the Tunisian Authorities.

ARTICLE VII.

It being established at all times that the Consul-General, or in his absence, his deputy, do administer the estate of a British subject dying in- t estate in the Regency of Tunis, it is further established and agreed that the same right of administration shall extend to the lands, houses, and tenements of a British subject so dying. And it is, moreover, established that, upon the written declaration of Her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General, or, in his absence, of his deputy, given under the seal of his office, that he has sold, disposed of, or conveyed the immoveable property belonging to the deceased, the courts and legal authorities shall recognize such sale; and shall, upon the testimony of two notaries that the sale was made in due and legal form, furnish the purchaser, being a native or a foreigner coming within the provision of Article V of the present Convention, with such legal instruments or deeds as will enable the said purchaser, in case of contention, sale, conveyance, or mortgage to prove his right over the said property.

ARTICLE VIII.

The stipulations of the foregoing Article, and the rights therein reserved, shall also apply to, and shall be exercised by, the Consul-General, or his deputy in his absence, with regard to the immoveable property of a British subject who has become involved in pecuniary difficulties, or who has declared himself insolvent, in order to the payment of his debts and liabilities.

ARTICLE IX.

The written declaration of Her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General, or in his absence, of his deputy, that he has disposed of the immoveable property of a British subject, for the reasons and for the purposes specified in Articles VII and VIII, shall be held to free from responsibility the legal authorities and courts recognizing and confirming the transfer of such property; and for the satisfaction of the courts that the transaction has been made in due form, it shall be optional for them to depute their own notaries to assist at such sales and conveyances.

ARTICLE X.

In all transactions relating to immoveable property, British subjects shall pay the notarial and other fees which are fixed by law and are paid by natives.

ARTICLE XI.

No British subject shall be forced to dispose of his immoveable property, except for objects of public utility, but, in all cases of expropriation, Articles XI and XII of the Municipal Law of Tunis, shall be the rule for effecting the compulsory expropriation for any public purpose in a lawful manner, and for fixing the amount of the indemnity to be paid, and such indemnity shall be paid in full, and to the satisfaction of the proprietor, before the act of expropriation can be carried out.

ARTICLE XII.

As a further protection, however, to proprietors, the Decree declaring the public object for which the expropriation has been rendered necessary shall emanate from His Highness the Bey. The Consul-General or, in his absence, his deputy shall have due information thereof, so that he may have it in his power to watch over the execution of the provisions of Article XI of the Municipal Law heretofore established and agreed upon with reference to the mode of ascertaining and fixing the amount of the indemnity.

ARTICLE XIII.

With a view to prevent complaints, abuses, or a misconstruction being put upon an act of expropriation, it is agreed that, should the Bey's Decree, specifying the object of public utility for which the expropriation has been made, be not executed at the expiration of one year after its date, the owner of the immoveable property shall have the right to recover the same by re-imbursing in full the amount of the indemnity.

ARTICLE XIV.

Whenever a British subject shall desire to introduce machinery or establish a manufactory in the Regency of Tunis, he shall be bound to apply for and obtain the permission of the Bey for that purpose, and His Highness, in according such permission, shall specify in the body of the Decree or Concession the conditions upon which it has been granted, in order that the Decree shall serve, in case of litigation or of an infraction of any of the conditions, as a rule and a guidance for the equitable adjustment of the point or points at issue.

ARTICLE XV.

The building and appurtenances of manufactories being immoveable property, are subject to the conditions and stipulations relating to such property in general. But as a further security to the local government and to the public revenue, it is moreover established and agreed that, upon the written requisition of the Minister for Foreign Affairs, or of the President of the Municipal Council, to the Consul-General, or, in his absence, to his deputy, the fiscal officers shall have the right to ascertain, by personal inspection, that the manufactory has not been diverted from the purpose for which permission was given, and that the internal taxes and imposts levied upon raw materials, either previously to or after their being manufactured, are duly paid.

ARTICLE XVI.

British subjects holding, or hereafter becoming possessed of, property called "anzal" (leasehold), shall continue to enjoy the conditions which constitute and are attached to that description of property, and which conditions are hereby established and confirmed.

ARTICLE XVII.

British subjects holding immoveable property in the Regency of Tunis shall, in conforming to the local laws and regulations, exercise and enjoy the

same immunities, privileges, and rights, that are accorded to Tunisian proprietors; and for that purpose the right of British subjects to hold immoveable property being derived from the enactments founded upon the organic laws ("Aad-el-Aman"), the said enactments are hereby confirmed; and their observance being considered necessary for the more efficient protection of the immoveable property held as aforestated, it has been further agreed that they shall be maintained, as a greater security for the due performance of the conditions of the present Convention. And they shall be furthermore entitled to all the immunities, privileges, and exemptions accorded, or to be hereafter accorded, to the subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation.

This Convention has been written in triplicate, consisting in seventeen Articles, besides the introduction, and contained in the preceding nineteen pages, to be signed by both parties, and to be executed in the manner explained and clearly set forth in its several provisions, having for object the duration, confirmation, and maintenance of amity between them. Dated on Saturday, the twenty-sixth day of Rabi-el-Thany, one thousand two hundred and eighty of the Hedjira, corresponding to the tenth of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, at the Palace of the Goletta.

(Signed)

(L.S.) RICHARD WOOD.

(Signed in the Arabic)

(L.S.) MOHAMED ESSADOK BEY.

(Countersigned by the Bey's Prime Minister.)

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council at the Exchequer on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of Queen Victoria, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three:

ENGLAND

(excepting Cornwall and Lancashire).

Bedfordshire,	Robert Henry Lindsell, of Biggleswade, Esq. Lionel Ames, of East Hyde, Esq. Charles Livius Grimshawe, of Aspley Guise, Esq.
Berkshire,	Richard Hall Say, of Oakley Court, near Windsor, Esq. Benjamin Buck Green, of Midgham House, Esq. John Blandy Jenkins, of Kingston House, Esq.
Bucks,	The Honourable Percy Barrington, of Westbury Manor. Nathaniel Grace Lambert, of Denham Court, Esq. Charles Pascoe Grenfell, of Taplow Court, Esq.
Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire,	George Onslow Newton, of Croxton Park, Esq. Stanlake Ricketts Batson, of Horseheath, Esq. Richard Archer Houblon, of Batlow, Esq.
Cheshire,	John Ralph Shaw, of Arrow Park, Birkenhead, Esq. Wilbraham Spencer Tollemache, of Dorfold Hall, Esq. Robert Barbour, of Bolesworth Castle, Esq.
Cumberland,	Thomas Brocklebank, of Greenlands, Esq. William Postlethwaite, of the Oaks, Esq. Sir Frederick Ulric Graham, of Netherby, Bart.
Derbyshire,	Sir Henry Des Vœux, of Drakelow, Bart. Charles Robert Colvile, of Lullington, Esq. Sir William Fitzherbert, of Fissington, Bart.
Devonshire,	The Honourable Mark George Kerr Rolle, of Stevenstone. Baldwin John Pollexfen Bastard, of Kitley, Esq. Sir John Kennaway, of Escot, Bart.
Dorsetshire,	Charles Wriothesley Digby, of Studland, Esq. John Brymer, of Melcombe Regis, Esq. Sir John Michel, of Dewlish, K.C.B.
Durham,	William Standish Carr Standish, of Cocken Hall, Esq. John Harrison Aylmer, of Walworth Castle, Esq. William Peareth, of Usworth House, Esq.
Essex,	Sir William Bowyer Smijth, of Hill Hall, Epping, Bart. Sir Richard Digby Neave, of Dagenham Park, Dagenham, Bart. Edgar Disney, of The Hyde, Ingatestone, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Goodwin Charles Colquitt Craven, of Brockhampton Park, near Cheltenham, Esq. Sir John Maxwell Steele Graves, of Mickleton Manor, near Broadway, Bart. James Hutchinson, of Cowley Manor, near Cheltenham, Esq.
Herefordshire,	Thomas Reaveley, of Kinnersley Castle, near Kington, Esq. Colonel Robert Feilden, of Dulas Court. Sir Henry Geers Cotterell, of Garnons, Bart.
Hertfordshire,	Money Wigram, of Much Hadham, Esq. Sir Astley Paston Cooper, of Gadebridge, Hemel Hempstead, Bart. Forster Alleyne McGeachy, of Shenley Hill, Barnet, Esq.
Kent,	George Field, of Ashurst Park near Tonbridge Wells, Esq. Robert Rodger, of Hadlow Castle, Esq. Alexander James Beresford Beresford Hope, of Bedgbury Park, Esq.

Leicestershire,	Edwyn Burnaby, of Baggrave Hall, Esq. Frederick Palmer, of Withcote, Esq. Ambrose Lisle March Phillipps de Lisle, of Garendon Park, Esq.
Lincolnshire,	Henry Robert Boucherett, of North Willingham, Esq. John Lewis Fytche, of Thorpe Hall, Esq. William Parker, of Hanthorpe, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	Henry Charles Bird, of Goytrey House, Esq. Arthur Davies Berrington, of Panty-Goitre, Esq. John Allen Rolls, of the Hendre, Esq.
Norfolk,	Henry James Lee Warner, of Little Walsingham, Esq. William Henry Trafford, of Wroxham, Esq. Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, of Northrepps, Bart.
Northamptonshire,	Alfred Rush, of Farthinghoe, Esq. Richard Aubrey Cartwright, of Edgcott, Esq. The Honourable George Fitzwilliam, of Milton, near Peterborough.
Northumberland,	Henry Ames, of Linden, Esq. John Errington, of High Warden, Esq. Sir John Swinburn, of Capheaton, Bart.
Nottinghamshire,	John Chaworth Musters, of Annesley, Esq. Sir Edward Samuel Walker, of Berry Hill, Knt. William Frederick Webb, of Newstead Abbey, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	George Glen, of Stratton Audley Park, Esq. Sir Henry William Dashwood, of Kirtlington Park, Bart. Robert Dashwood Fowler, of Walliscote House, Esq.
Rutland,	Charles Ormston Eaton, of Tixover, Esq. William Gilford, of North Luffenham, Esq. William Wing, of Market Overton, Esq.
Shropshire,	David Francis Atcherley, of Marton Hall, near Shrewsbury, Esq. Francis Harries, of Cruckton, Esq. Thomas Hugh Sandford, of Sandford, Esq.
Somersetshire,	Sir John Henry Greville Smyth, of Ashton Court, Bart. William Henry Powell Gore Langton, of Hatch Beauchamp, Esq. Sir Edward Strachey, of Sutton Court, Bart.
County of Southampton,	James Winter Scott, of Rotherfield Park, Alton, Esq. Sir Archibald Keppel Macdonald, of Woolmer Lodge, Bart. The Honourable John Thomas Dutton, of Hinton House, near Alresford.
Staffordshire,	Ralph Thomas Adderley, of Barlaston, Esq. George Briscoe, of Wolverhampton, Esq. Smith Child, of Stallington, Esq.
Suffolk,	Sir George Nathaniel Broke Middleton, of Nacton, Bart. Francis Capper Brooke, of Ufford-place, Esq. John Page Reade, of Stutton, Esq.
Surrey,	Henry Willis, of Epsom, Esq. Thomas Price Heywood, of Cobham, Esq. John Bradshaw, of Knowle, Guildford, Esq.
Sussex,	William Leyland Woods, of Chilgrove, Chichester, Esq. Herbert Mascall Curteis, of Windmill Hill, Wartling, Esq. Sir Percy Florence Shelley, of Field-place, Horsham, Bart.
Warwickshire,	James Beech, of Brandon, Esq. Henry Townshend Boultbee, of Springfield, Esq. Sir Robert North Collie Hamilton, of Alveston, Bart., K.C.B.
Westmoreland,	Matthew Thompson, of Kirkby Stephen, Esq. Arthur Shepherd, of Shaw End, near Kendal, Esq. Joseph Gibson, of Whelprigg, Esq.
Wiltshire,	John Lewis Phipps, of Leighton House, Westbury, Esq. Thomas Henry Allen Poynder, of Hartham Park, Esq. Ambrose Denis Hussey, of the Hall, Salisbury, Esq.
Worcestershire,	Harman Grisewood, of Daylesford House, Esq. John Vincent Hornyold, of Blackmore Park, Great Malvern, Esq. Albert Hudson Royds, of Crown East, near Worcester, Esq.
Yorkshire,	Frederick Charles Tench Gascoigne, of Parlington Park, Aberford, Milford Junction, Esq. Francis Watt, of Bishop Burton Hall, near Beverley, Esq. Edward Acroyd, of Bankfield, Esq.

WALES.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

Anglesey,	William Massey, of Cornelyn, Esq. The Honourable Henry Warrender Fitzmaurice, of Trergof. George Higgins, of Red Hill, Esq.
Breconshire,	Sir Joseph Russell Bailey, of Glanusk Park, Bart. Howel Morgan, of Gilvach-yr-haidd, Esq. Henry Gwynne Vaughan, of Ysceifechan, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	John George Parry Hughes, of Alltlwyd, Esq. John Lewes, of Llanllear, Esq. John Richard Howell, of Blaendyffryn, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	Henry Lavallin Puxley, of Llwyndrussy, Esq. Edward Morris Davies, of Upland, near Carmarthen, Esq. Sir James Williams Drummond, of Edwinsford, Bart.
Carnarvonshire,	Abram Jones Williams, of Gelliwig, Esq. Griffith Humphrey Owen, of Ymwlch, Esq. Charles Millar, of Penrhos, Esq.
Denbighshire,	Boscawen Trevor Griffith, of Trevallyn Hall, Wrexham, Esq. John Lloyd Wynne, of Coed coch, Abergele, Esq. Robert Bamford Hesketh, of Gwrych Castle, Abergele, Esq.
Flintshire,	William Barber Buddicom, of Penbedw Hall, Esq. Sir Richard Price Puleston, of Emral, Bart. Bryan George Davies Cooke, of Colomendy, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Robert Francis Lascelles Jenner, of Wenvoe Castle, Esq. Arthur Vandigaid Davies Berrington, of Cefngorwydd, Esq. Thomas William Booker, of Velindra, Esq.
Merionethshire,	Lewis Williams, of Vronwnion, Esq. John Vaughan, of Nannan, Esq. William Robert Maurice Wynne, of Peniarth, Esq.
Montgomeryshire,	Major-General William George Gold, of Garthmyl Hall. Robert Davies Pryce, of Cyffronydd, Esq. Robert Simcox Perrott, of Bronhyddon, Esq.
Pembrokeshire,	Thomas Harcourt Powell, of Hook, Esq. Thomas Henry Davis, of Clareston, Esq. William Walters, of Haverfordwest, Esq.
Radnorshire,	James Oliver, of Llanbadarnfynidd, Esq. George Augustus Haig, of Llanbadarnfynidd, Esq. Thomas Williams Higgins, of Cwm, Llanyre, Esq.

India Office, November 11, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint

His Highness Seramudi Rajahye, Hindostan Raj-Rajender Sree Maharajah Dheeraj Sewaee Ram Sing, Bahadoor of Jyepore, and

His Highness Furzund Dilbund Rasekool Itahqad Dowlut-i-Englishia Rajah Suroop Sing, Bahadoor of Jheend,

to be Knights of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

War Office, Pall Mall,
13th November, 1863

78th Regiment of Foot.

Lieutenant-General Sir Patrick Grant, G.C.B., from the 104th Foot, to be Colonel, vice General Roderick Macneil, deceased. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

104th Regiment of Foot.

Major-General George Bell, C.B., to be Colonel, vice Lieutenant-General Sir Patrick Grant, G.C.B., transferred to the 78th Foot. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

War Office, Pall Mall,
13th November, 1863.

Royal Regiment of Artillery, Captain Hickman Thomas Molesworth to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Henry Charles Wade, retired upon full-pay. Dated 16th July, 1863.

Second Captain Marmaduke Charles Lawson to be Captain, vice Molesworth. Dated 16th July, 1863.

Second Captain Walter Chidiock Nangle to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Edmund Palmer, placed upon temporary half-pay. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Joseph McMahon to be Second Captain, vice Lawson. Dated 16th July, 1863.

Lieutenant Stuart James Nicholson to be Second Captain, vice Nangle. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Arthur Augustus Saunders to be Lieutenant, vice Lawson. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Harrison Ross Lewin Morgan to be Lieutenant, vice Nicholson. Dated 3rd October, 1860.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant John Thomas Twigge to be Second Captain, vice O'Grady, deceased. Dated 9th October, 1863.

Serjeant-Major James Steel to be Quartermaster, vice Young. Dated 1st October, 1863.

BREVET.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Charles Wade, on retired full-pay, Royal Artillery, to be Colonel, the rank being honorary only. Dated 16th July, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxfordshire Regiment of Militia.

Conrad Adderly Dillon, Esq., to be Supernumerary Lieutenant, vice Auldjo, promoted. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

2nd Warwickshire Regiment of Militia.

William Vincent Bowen Hewett, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Freeman, resigned. Dated 29th October, 1863.

1st Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Francis Wrightson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Marrian, resigned. Dated 5th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

West Essex Militia.

Lieutenant John Barker to be Captain, vice Fisher, resigned. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Harry Charrington Fisher and Lieutenant Frederick Peto in the West Essex Militia; also of the Commission held by Captain George Corby in the 5th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The 2nd Essex Artillery Volunteer Corps has been attached to the 14th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps, and the 1st Essex Engineer Volunteer Corps has been attached to the 1st Middlesex Engineer Volunteer Corps, in accordance with the provisions of Articles 95 and 96 of the Volunteer Regulations 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

1st Administrative Brigade Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteers.

James Adam Rae, Esq., to be Major. Dated 7th November, 1863.

1st A Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Percy Simpson Court to be Captain, vice Astley, resigned. Dated 7th November, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Stilwell to be First Lieutenant, vice Court, promoted. Dated 7th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

2nd Lincolnshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend Robert Price Williams to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 6th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant John McLean in the 18th Perthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Perth.

18th Perthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Allen Allen, Esq., to be Lieutenant.
Robert Butler Malcom, Gent., to be Ensign.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

14th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend William Henry Joyce to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 7th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

James Martin, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Alexander Ross, resigned. Dated 9th November, 1863.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Sebastian Herman Schwabe, Gent., to be Ensign, vice J. C. McEwan, resigned. Dated 9th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

1st Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers.

John Richardson Francis, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice George Straker Richardson, resigned. Dated 7th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign David Lloyd in the 1st Montgomeryshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Montgomery.

1st Montgomeryshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Buckley Williames the younger, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Lloyd, resigned. Dated 7th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Frederick Perkins in the 2nd Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

1st Hampshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Edmund Porter Burmingham to be Second Lieutenant, vice Widdington, resigned. Dated 11th November, 1863.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Hants Rifle Volunteers.

Major Henry Ford to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Vallancey, resigned. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

London Irish Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Godfrey to be Lieutenant. Dated 4th November, 1863.

40th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Rowles Pattison to be Lieutenant. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Frederick Albert Hooper to be Ensign. Dated 28th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

40th Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Tym Middleton, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Bromley, promoted. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

12th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Robertson Fernie to be Captain. Dated 5th November, 1863.

Samuel Septimus Sudlow, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 5th November, 1863.

15th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Cayzer, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

19th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Francis Preston to be Major. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

7th Administrative Battalion of Lancashire Rifle Volunteers.

Thomas Mellor, Esq., to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

8th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain William Hardman Price to be Major. Dated 29th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Richard Kay to be Captain. Dated 29th October, 1863.

Ensign William Hartley to be Lieutenant. Dated 29th October, 1863.

Edmund Atkinson Grundy, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 29th October, 1863.

47th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain John Crossley to be Major. Dated 29th October, 1863.

By Order of the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry) Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Hugh Hilton Hornby. Dated 29th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The 9th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps having been incorporated in the 12th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps, will henceforth cease to hold any number or place in the Volunteer Force of the county of Lancaster.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cumberland Rifle Volunteers.

Major William Brougham to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 5th November, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 3rd instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sutherland.

1st Sutherland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant George Lawson to be Captain, vice Hood, deceased. Dated 30th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain William Jacob Geoghegan in the Royal Denbigh Rifle Militia. Dated 12th October, 1863.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 48.)—ENGLAND—SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Light Vessel in the Downs.

THE Corporation of the Trinity House, London, has given Notice, that a Light Vessel has been moored a cable's length south of a sunken vessel near the South Brake buoy.

The vessel shows a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 12 feet above the level of the sea, with an occasional flare up, and lies in $7\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms at low water springs, with Northbourne mill in line with the first mill north of Deal terrace, bearing W. by N.; Upper Deal mill, its breadth to the northward of the cupola of Deal hospital, W. by S. $\frac{1}{4}$ S.; South Foreland high lighthouse, on which the centre of Old Stairs bay, S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W.; South Sand head light S. by W. westerly; South Brake buoy N. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., distant 6 cables; Gull light vessel N.E. northerly, $2\frac{3}{10}$ miles; Bunt Head buoy E. $\frac{1}{2}$ S., half a mile.

Mariners are recommended to pass eastward of the light vessel, which has "Wreck" painted on her sides, and carries a flag during the day, in lieu of the customary ball.

[*All bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 20° 20′ *West in* 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,
W. V. Read, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
28th October, 1863.

See Admiralty Chart of the Downs, No. 1828.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 49.)—FRANCE—NORTH COAST.

Light Vessels in Passe de L'Ouest, Dunkerque Road.

The Minister of Public Works in France has given Notice, that on and after the 15th day of November, 1863, two light vessels will be placed in the "Passe de L'Ouest" or entrance to Dunkerque-road; one in the outer, and the other in the inner part of the Passe.

The outer light vessel, named Ruytingen, in the Notice, will exhibit a *revolving red* light, attaining its greatest brilliancy every *half minute*. The light will be placed at an elevation of 33 feet above the level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles. The vessel will be moored in $4\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms water, with Gravelines lighthouse bearing S.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ S., distance 3 miles, in lat. 51° 3′ 19″ N., long. 2° 7′ 51″ East of Greenwich.

The inner light vessel, named Mardyck in the Notice, will exhibit a *fixed red* light, at an elevation of 33 feet above the level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 6 miles. The vessel will be moored in 5 fathoms water, with Mardyck church tower bearing S. $\frac{3}{4}$ W., distant 2·4 miles, in lat. 51° 3′ 37″ N., long. 2° 14′ 12″ East of Greenwich.

Directions.—Vessels bound to Dunkerque road from the northward should bring the Gravelines high fixed white light and the Ruytingen revolving

red light in line, bearing S.W. ¾ S., which will lead between the In Ruytingen and the eastern flats of the Out Ruytingen banks, and westward of the shallow parts of the Middle Dyck and Breedt banks to the Ruytingen light vessel. From the westward the Ruytingen and Mardyck floating lights in line lead to Dunkerque road. The Ruytingen floating revolving red light and Dunkerque revolving white light in one, lead just to the southward of the tail of the West Dyck.

[*All bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 20° 0′ *West in* 1863].

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
3rd November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—North Sea, General, No. 2339; North Sea, Sheet 1, No. 1406; France, North Coast, Sheet 14, No. 2610; England, South Coast, Sheet 7, No. 1895; and English Channel, Sheet 1, No. 2675*a*. Also North Sea Pilot, Part 4, p. 64; and Channel Pilot, Part 2, p. 167.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 50.)—MEDITERRANEAN—COAST OF SYRIA.

Lights at Beirút.

WITH reference to the lights intended to be established at Beirút, on the coast of Syria, referred to in the Notice to Mariners from this office, No. 35, dated the 27th July, 1863, and which it was therein said (as reported by the Turkish Government), would take place during 1864, Her Majesty's Consul at Beirút has stated, in a letter dated the 21st ult., that the lighthouses at that place have been lighted since the 1st day of October of the present year.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
7th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean Sea, No. 2718; and Beirût, No. 1563.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, November 5, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the tonnage bounty and proceeds of a barque, name unknown, captured on the 22nd July, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Espoir."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Llanidloes Lower, in the county of Montgomery, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Mermaid Inn, in the village of Llandinam, on Saturday, the 12th day of December, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Llanidloes Lower aforesaid.

H. Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 12, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Mowddwy, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Peniarth Arms Hotel, Mallwyd, on Saturday, the 21st day of November, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Mowddwy aforesaid.

H. Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 12, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Congregational Church, situated at Cheadle Bulkeley, in the county of Chester, in the district of Stockport Union, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 29th day of October, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 4th day of November, 1863.

Henry Coppock, Superintendent Registrar.

Numb. 22789. 5439

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1863.

Whitehall, November 14, 1863.

THE following Address of Congratulation to the Queen, on the Marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, for Presentation, has accordingly been presented by him to Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously:

To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

The Congratulatory Address of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Victoria, Australasia, affiliated with the United Grand Lodge of England, on the marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the Princess Alexandra of Denmark.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, the members of a society which dates its origin from the remotest times of antiquity, and whose loyalty to their Sovereign is one of the leading characteristics of the Order, desire to offer to your Majesty our assurances of loyalty to your Throne, regard for your august person, and deep solicitude for your happiness.

We therefore tender to your Majesty our congratulations upon the auspicious occasion of the marriage of your illustrious son, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, to the Princess Alexandra of Denmark, an event which has diffused universal joy amongst the Freemasons of Victoria.

We are deeply grateful for the blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's beneficent reign, and for the high example you have afforded to your illustrious family in every relation of life. We ardently hope that their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales will enjoy every earthly felicity, and, whilst augmenting your domestic happiness, may, like your Majesty, endear themselves to your faithful and loving subjects.

It remains for us fervently to invoke the Great Architect of the Universe to bestow upon your Majesty and the Royal Family His choicest blessings; and may your Majesty continue to be supported, as heretofore, by the united affections of a free and loyal people.

Signed on behalf of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Victoria, in regular meeting assembled, this 15th day of June, 1863.

Fredk. C. Standish, Provincial Grand Master for the District of Victoria.

T. H. Lempriere, Provincial Grand Secretary.

Foreign Office, November 10, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the following Gentlemen, now Attachés at the undermentioned places, to be Third Secretaries in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service:

The Honourable Power Henry Le Poer Trench, Munich.
Audley Charles Gosling, Esq., Stockholm.
Henry Nevill Dering, Esq., Berne.

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24 and 25 Vic., cap. 109, sec. 18.

WHEREAS application has been made to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by the Justices in Quarter Sessions assembled of the county of Cornwall, to vary the time during which it is prohibited to take Salmon in the rivers Fowey and Camel and their tributaries, in the said county of Cornwall;

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of the Act, 24 and 25 Vic., cap. 109, by Order under my hand, extend the time during which it is prohibited to take Salmon in the said rivers Fowey and Camel and their tributaries, in the county of Cornwall, from the first day of February to the first day of April following, both inclusive.

Given under my hand, at Whitehall, this 13th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

LONDON GAZETTE NEWSPAPER

War Office, Pall Mall,
17th November, 1863.

1*st Regiment of Life Guards*, Lieutenant Eustace J. Wilson Patten to be Captain, by purchase, vice Henry, Earl Beauchamp, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant Algernon William Fulke Greville to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Patten. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Charles Needham, Gent., to be Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Greville. Dated 17th November, 1863.

4*th Dragoon Guards*, James Cunningham Douglas, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Downie, transferred to the 18th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

6*th Dragoon Guards*, Lieutenant Arthur George Smith to be Captain, by purchase, vice W. O. Bird, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Cornet Percy Hughes Hewitt to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smith. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Cornet George Schwabe, from the 16th Lancers, to be Cornet, vice Hewitt. Dated 17th November, 1863.

1*st Dragoons*, Cornet Egerton Leigh to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Tottenham, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet George Brown Russell, from the Royal Military College, to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Leigh. Dated 17th November, 1863.

2*nd Dragoons*, Cornet John Wallace Hozier, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice C. Hill, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Patrick Sanderson, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Hozier. Dated 17th November, 1863.

9*th Lancers*, Henry William Edwards, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Watkins, transferred to the 18th Hussars. Dated 17th November, 1863.

13*th Hussars*, Henry Stephen Walker, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Ford, promoted. Dated 17th November, 1863.

16*th Lancers*, John Daye Barker, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Baldwin, transferred to the 5th Lancers. Dated 17th November, 1863.

18*th Hussars*, Major and Brevet-Colonel Sir Frederick Leopold Arthur, Bart., from half-pay, Unattached, to be Major, vice Henry Brett, who retires upon temporary half-pay, receiving the former difference between the value of a Majority of Cavalry and Infantry. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Captain William Wedderburn Arbuthnot to be Major, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Sir F. L. Arthur, Bart., who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Arthur Tisdall to be Captain, by purchase, vice Arbuthnot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Cornet Frederick John George Murray to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Tisdall. Dated 17th November, 1863.

James Poynter, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Murray. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Royal Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Delamain to be Colonel, vice William Barr, retired upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Kinnaird Worster to be Colonel, vice Bladen West Black, retired upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Prince Sealy to be Colonel, vice Robert Croft Wormald, retired upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arnold Burrows Kemball, C.B., to be Colonel, vice John Pottinger, C.B., retired upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Walker King Fooks to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Delamain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Robert George Hunter Grant to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Worster. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Hill Wallace to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Sealy. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major George Gleig Brown to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Kemball. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Augustus Frederick Francis Lennox, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Charles Wright Younghusband, removed to the Supernumerary List. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Second Captain William Dixon to be Captain, vice Fooks. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain John Frederick Adolphus McNair to be Captain, vice Grant. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Charles Shaw de Neufville Lucas to be Captain, vice Wallace. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain John Henry Porter Malcolmson to be Captain, vice Brown. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain and Brevet-Major Henry Strover to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Lennox. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Archibald Mallock to be Second Captain, vice Dixon. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Watson to be Second Captain, vice McNair. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Christopher Edward Newport to be Second Captain, vice Frederick Alexander Whish, resigned. Dated 1st July, 1863.

Lieutenant John Vibart to be Second Captain, vice Lucas. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Tanfield Vachell to be Second Captain, vice Malcolmson. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant William Smith to be Second Captain, vice Brevet-Major Strover. Dated 10th October, 1863.

The undermentioned Gentlemen Cadets to be Lieutenants :—

Richard Thomas Roberts, vice Newport. Dated 11th September, 1863.

John William Buckle, vice Mallock. Dated 20th September, 1863.

William Bucke, vice Watson. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

William Villeneuve Gregory, vice Vibart. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Richard Corbett, vice Smith. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Charles Senhouse Graham, vice Vachell. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Arthur James Pearson, vice Archibald William Frederick Campbell, deceased. Dated 13th November, 1863.

The dates of promotion of the undermentioned Officers to be altered to 5th January, 1863 :

Colonel B. W. Black.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Purvis.
Captain H. W. Lumsden.
Second Captain B. L. Gordon.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Cornwallis Johnston to be Colonel, vice Birdwood, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald John Maddy Boileau to be Colonel, vice Ludlow, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Charles Frederick North to be Colonel, vice Margary, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Henry Burke to be Colonel, vice Munbee, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander David Turnbull to be Colonel, vice Ommanney, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred George Goodwyn to be Colonel, vice Young, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Charles Erskine Ford to be Colonel, vice Crawley, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 11th October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Driscoll Gosset, from the Supernumerary List, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel C. E. Ford. Dated 11th October, 1863.

Captain Edward Archibald Foord to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Johnston. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Osborne William Samuel Chambers to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Boileau. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain James George Fife to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel North. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Jenkin Jones to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Burke. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain Charles Waterloo Hutchinson to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Turnbull. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Taylor, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Goodwyn. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Henry Thomas Rogers to be Captain, vice Foord. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Richard Francis Oakes to be Captain, vice Chambers. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Edward Davidson to be Captain, vice Hutchinson. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Lindsay Russell to be Captain, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain and Brevet-Major Robert Preston Malcolm to be Captain, vice Fife. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Second Captain Alexander Urquhart Hamilton Finch to be Captain, vice Jones. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant William Henry Burton, to be Second Captain, vice Rogers. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Harvey Rhodes Faber to be Second Captain, vice Oakes. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant John Lidstone Watts to be Second Captain, vice Davidson. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant John Underwood Champain to be Second Captain, vice Russell. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant John Hills to be Second Captain, vice Brevet-Major Malcolm. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Brodie Forman Penny to be Second Captain, vice Finch. Dated 1st September, 1863.

The appointment of Quartermaster Steel to bear date 14*th October*, 1863, and not 1*st ultimo*, as stated in the Gazette of 13th instant.

Military Train, Lieutenant Robert Warner Stone to be Captain, by purchase, vice Fletcher, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Samuel Masters Davies to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Stone. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign William Sloane Elderton, from the 4th West India Regiment, to be Ensign, vice Kennedy, transferred to the 99th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Robert Menzies to be Surgeon, vice O'Connor D'Arcey, M.D., placed upon half-pay. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Robert Watson to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Coldstream Guards, Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable Richard Monck to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice the Honourable H. W. J. Byng, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign and Lieutenant Reginald A. E. Cathcart to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice the Honourable R. Monck. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant and Captain Hugh Granville Fortescue to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant and Captain Seymour, who resigns the appointment. Dated 17th November, 1863.

2*nd Regiment of Foot*, Lieutenant John Fenton Boughey to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Haldane, who has taken up the duties of Lieutenant Instructor of Musketry at Fleetwood. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Edward Gregg Noott to be Surgeon, vice Fitz Gerald, appointed to the Staff. Dated 17th November, 1863.

6*th Foot*, Quartermaster Robert Smith, from Depôt Battalion, to be Quartermaster, vice Maloney, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

7*th Foot* Lieutenant Charles Errol Hope to be Captain, with purchase, vice R. Barter, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Morris James Fawcett, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hope. Dated 17th November, 1863.

John Hosack, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Fawcett. Dated 17th November, 1863.

8*th Foot*, Captain Horace Durrant, from late 5th Bengal European Light Cavalry, to be Captain, vice E. N. Sandilands, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

12*th Foot*, Ensign Simon Bagge Triphook to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice T. G. Gun, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Henry Skey, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase. vice Triphook. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Gilbert de Lacy Lacy to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Richardson, promoted. Dated 21st August, 1863.

13*th Foot*, Staff-Surgeon John Small to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major W. G. Trousdell, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

18*th Foot*, Captain William O'Bryen Taylor to be Major, by purchase, vice John Borrow, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Malcolm John Robert Macgregor to be Captain, by purchase, vice Taylor. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Octavius Ridley Lawson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Macgregor. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Cornet John Downie, from the 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Ensign, vice Lawson. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff-Surgeon William Stewart, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice J. A. Fraser, M.D., promoted on the Staff. Dated 17th November, 1863.

20*th Foot*, Lieutenant Conroy Fahie to be Captain without purchase, vice H. E. Quin, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Frederick Dawson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Fahie. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Philip Albert Robinson, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Dawson. Dated 17th November, 1863.

21*st Foot*, John F. A. Hartle, Esq., late Captain, Unattached, to be Paymaster, vice George Thompson, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 17th November, 1863.

24*th Foot*, Lieutenant Alfred William Adcock to be Captain, without purchase, vice H. H. Godwin-Austen, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

29*th Foot*, Lieutenant John Nicholas, from half-pay, late 95th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Bailey, appointed Paymaster 31st Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign William Sydney Hilton Jolliffe to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Nicholas, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

The Honourable Henry Edward Dormer to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Jolliffe. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant William Winn to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Bailey, appointed Paymaster 31st Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

39*th Foot*, Lieutenant James Gibbons Smyth to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant Colonel A. C. Snodgrass, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Hugh Stewart to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Smyth. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Edmund Henry Berkeley, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Stewart. Dated 17th November, 1863.

43*rd Foot*, Ensign Arthur Campbell Money to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Thomas McGoun, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Frederic Simon Armfelt, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Money. Dated 17th November, 1863.

46*th Foot*, Ensign Edward Gambier Serle, from the Bengal General List, to be Ensign, vice A. C. Hennessy, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

47*th Foot*, Ensign William Wooldridge Dunlop, from the 65th Foot, to be Ensign, vice C. F. Surplice, who retires Dated 17th November, 1863.

51*st Foot*, Captain and Brevet-Major Lachlan Forbes, from the Bengal Staff Corps, to be Captain, vice T. G. Souter, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

53*rd Foot*, Ensign William Norman Leslie to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice C. F. Massingberd-Mundy, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Thomas Burnett Hitchcock, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Leslie. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Henry Bonney to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Eyre, who has resigned the appointment. Dated 30th September, 1863.

55*th Foot*, Lieutenant James Francis Morton to be Captain, by purchase, vice F. F. T. Hobbs, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Sidney Cargill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Morton. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign John Eastlake Lee to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice W. F. Le Poer Trench, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Robert Patch, from 99th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Cargill. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Alfred Jobling, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Lee. Dated 17th November, 1863.

56*th Foot*, Lieutenant Albert Greenland, from the Bombay General List, to be Lieutenant, vice R. Bythell, transferred to the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

58*th Foot*, Captain Edward Daubeny, from 67th Foot, to be Captain, vice Jones, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

60*th Foot*, Lieutenant Augustus Morgan to be Captain, without purchase, vice F. Dawson, transferred to the Madras Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Richard Fleming St. Andrew St. John, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Morgan. Dated 17th November, 1863.

65*th Foot*, William Gervase de la Poer, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Dunlop, transferred to the 47th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

67*th Foot*, Captain Thomas Egerton Jones, from the 58th Foot, to be Captain, vice E. Daubeny, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

69*th Foot*, Ensign William F. Butler to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice J. Whiteford, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet John Borton, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Butler. Dated 17th November, 1863.

74*th Foot*, Lieutenant William Shapter Hunt to be Captain, without purchase, vice F. J. B. Priestley, transferred to the Madras Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Oliver Wingate to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Hunt. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Frederick Henry Bridgman, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Wingate. Dated 17th November, 1863.

77*th Foot*, Lieutenant William M. Dixwell Alderson to be Captain, by purchase, vice William Joseph Carden, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Philip Secklemore Dauncey to be Captain, by purchase, vice Matthew William Dickson, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign William Samuel Henderson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Alderson. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign George Cook to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Dauncey. Dated 17th November, 1863.

James Colebrooke Carter, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Henderson. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Henry Jervis White, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cooke. Dated 18th November, 1863.

78*th Foot*, Ensign Robert Lockhart Dalglish to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice R. Clay, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

George John Pitt Taylor, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Dalglish. Dated 17th November, 1863.

81*st Foot*, Serjeant-Major Peter Curry to be Ensign, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant FitzRoy, deceased. Dated 17th November, 1863.

82*nd Foot*, Lieutenant Cecil James East to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major H. T. Macpherson, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Charles Worthy to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice East. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Robert Robertson Reyne, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Worthy. Dated 17th November, 1863.

83*rd Foot*, Lieutenant James N. Colthurst to be Captain, without purchase, vice T. M. Baumgartner, transferred to the Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

86*th Foot*, Captain Robert Lewis G. M'Grigor, from the 92nd Foot, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major Stewart, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

87*th Foot*, Benjamin George Humfrey, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice C. T. Osborne, deceased. Dated 6th November, 1863, such antedate not to carry pay prior to date of this Gazette.

88*th Foot*, Captain Sir Morison Barlow, Bart., from the late 4th Bengal European Light Cavalry, to be Captain, vice A. R. Bayly, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign John Beveridge Gladwin Jebb to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice W. H. Brewer, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

John William Maffett, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Jebb. Dated 17th November, 1863.

89*th Foot*, Acheson William Smyth, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice James King, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

The second Christian name of Paymaster Anderson is "Gore."

90*th Foot*, Captain Alexander Charles Grant, from the Bengal Staff Corps, to be Captain, vice W. T. McGrigor, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

92*nd Foot*, Captain and Brevet-Major Duncan Stewart, from the 86th Foot, to be Captain, vice M'Grigor, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

93*rd Foot*, Ensign Thomas Cockburn Hood, from the 3rd West India Regiment, to be Ensign, in succession to Lieutenant Butler, deceased. Dated 17th November, 1863.

94*th Foot*, Captain Honourable Francis Algernon James Chichester, from late 5th Bengal European Light Cavalry, to be Captain, vice J. T. Tovey, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Poltimore Ridgway to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major J. B. Thelwall, C.B., transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign William Alexander Symes to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Ridgway. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Robert Edward Wallace, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Symes. Dated 17th November, 1863.

95*th Foot*, Herbert Llywelyn Parry, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice L. T. K. Gustavinski, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

97*th Foot*, Lieutenant Robert Arthur N. Gould to be Captain, without purchase, vice J. Hudson, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign William Patrick Oliphant Boulderson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gould. Dated 17th November, 1863.

99*th Foot*, Lieutenant Thomas Lowrie Grenville to be Captain, without purchase, vice George Clayton, deceased. Dated 20th August, 1863.

Ensign Joseph Arthur Stanford to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Grenville. Dated 20th August, 1863.

Ensign Charles Henry Scott Kennedy, from the Military Train to be Ensign, vice Stanford. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Francis Hincks, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Patch, transferred to 55th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

101*st Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Barlow Hannah, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon William Pile, M.B., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

102*nd Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon William James Tyrrell, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Gough Ashton, M.B., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

103*rd Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Edward Fannin to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Richard Hall, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

104*th Foot*, Lieutenant Lionel Smith to be Captain, vice Joseph Hind, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Henry J. Woodward to be Lieutenant, vice Smith. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Frederick Sherman Buchanan, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Woodward. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Emil Becher, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Parker Smith, M.B., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

105*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Cecil Morgan to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Langdon to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

106*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Stephen Flood, M.B., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon William Folliott to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

107*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Ross Murray, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Dunstan to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

108*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Dodd Milburn to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Ignatius McDonogh O'Farrell to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

109*th Foot*, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Alexander Ferrier Churchill, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Nicol Carter to be Assistant Surgeon. Dated 17th November, 1863.

3rd West India Regiment, Ensign Henry Graves to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice R. K. Little, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Brownlow Villiers Layard to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice D. F. Murray, who retires. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Thomas Cockburn Hood, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Layard. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Alwin Shutt Bell, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hood, transferred to 93rd Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

4th West India Regiment, William Cairnes, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Elderton, transferred to the Military Train. Dated 17th November, 1863.

DEPOT BATTALION.

Quartermaster William Maloney, from 6th Foot, to be Quartermaster, vice Smith, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Thomas Ross Jameson, M.D., to be Inspector-General of Hospitals, vice Williams, placed upon half-pay. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Surgeon-Major James Alexander Fraser, M.D., from the 18th Foot, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, vice Jameson. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Surgeon-Major William Green Trousdell, M.D., from 13th Foot, to be Staff Surgeon-Major, vice Surgeon J. Small, who exchanges. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Staff Surgeons John Mullins and Vere Webb, having completed 20 years' full-pay Service, to be Staff Surgeons-Major, under the Royal Warrant of 1st October, 1858. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Surgeon Francis Lewis FitzGerald, from 2nd Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice W. Stewart, M.D., appointed to the 18th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

To be Staff Assistant-Surgeons.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon David Ogilvie Hoile, M.D. from half-pay, vice W. H. Jenkins, placed on half-pay. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon John Macartney, from half-pay, late 76th Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Patrick Kilgour, from 79th Foot, vice Mackay, cashiered by sentence of a General Court Martial. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon William Henry Muschamp, from the 82nd Foot, vice Robert Menzies, promoted in the Military Train. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Richard William Berkeley, from half-pay, late 23rd Foot, vice Noott, promoted in 2nd Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Edwin Granville Ley, M.D., from 21st Foot. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon Henry Lamb, from 50th Foot, vice William Ligertwood, M.D., deceased. Dated 17th November, 1863.

BREVET.

Captain Andrew Clarke, Royal Engineers, to have the local rank of Major while employed on the West Coast of Africa. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Paymaster Richard Rodd Robinson, 11th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 26th March, 1863.

The promotion of the late Quartermaster William Young, Royal Engineers, to the honorary rank of Captain, which appeared in the Gazette of 16th ultimo, has been cancelled.

The following promotions to take place consequent on the decease of General Roderick Macneil, Colonel of the 78th Foot, on 22nd October, 1863 :—

Lieutenant-General Henry, Duke of Cleveland, K.G., on half-pay as Lieutenant-Colonel Unattached, to have the rank of General. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Augustus Wetherall, K.C.B., Colonel 84th Foot, Commanding the Troops in the Northern District, to be General. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel John Mac Duff, C.B., half-pay, late 74th Foot, serving on the Staff in the East Indies, with the local rank of Major-General, to be Major-General. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Peyton, 98th Foot, to be Colonel. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Charles Edward Conyers, half-pay 97th Foot, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

Captain Millington Henry Synge, Royal Engineers, to be Major. Dated 23rd October, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers who have retired upon full-pay, Royal Artillery, to be Major-Generals, the rank being honorary only :—

Colonel Vincent Eyre, C.B. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel John Maxwell Glasse. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Robert Croft Wormald. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel John Pottinger, C.B. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Edward William Smyth Scott. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel William Barr. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Bladen West Black. Dated 1st September, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers who have retired upon full-pay, Royal Engineers, to be Major-Generals, the rank being honorary only :—

Colonel Edward Lacon Ommanney. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Henry Joshua Margary. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Gore Boland Munbee. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel William Ilbert Birdwood. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Charles Becher Young. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Samuel Edgar Owen Ludlow. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Colonel Henry Owen Crawley. Dated 11th October, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant :—

Assistant Commissary George Warder, Ordnance Depôt, Madras. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Riding Master George Butfoy, Madras Establishment. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Deputy-Assistant Commissary Thomas Bingham, Ordnance Depôt, Bombay. Dated 17th November, 1863.

The undermentioned Medical Officers, who have retired upon full-pay, from Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces, to have a step of honorary rank, as follows :—

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals John Balfour to be Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Surgeon-Major William Henry Bradley to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Surgeon-Major James Sanderson to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

7th Administrative Battalion of Middlesex Rifle Volunteers.

John Augustus Underwood, late of the 4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia, and formerly of the 49th Regiment Madras Infantry, to be Adjutant, from the 23rd October, 1863, vice Kirby, resigned.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Bedford.

Francis Charles Hastings Russell, Esq., M.P., to be Vice Lieutenant. Dated 9th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

2nd or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

David Spink to be Lieutenant. Dated 5th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.

26th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Walter Keeble to be Captain, vice Butters, resigned. Dated 12th November, 1863.

Ensign Henry Baden Pritchard to be Lieutenant, vice Liddell, resigned. Dated 12th November, 1863.

Henry Crutchley, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Pritchard, promoted. Dated 12th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain James Pearce King in the 6th Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Henry William Francis Greatwood in the 8th Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteers.

James Pearce King, Esq., to be Major. Dated 9th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Berwick.

4th Berwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant (Major) John Hutchison Ferguson Home to be Captain. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Ensign James Wood to be Lieutenant. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

1st Administrative Battalion of Shropshire Rifle Volunteers.

Henry Fenton, Esq, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 7th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Ernest Edwards in the 3rd Isle of Wight Rifle Volunteers.

Commission signed by the Governor of the Isle of Wight.

3rd Isle of Wight Rifle Volunteers.

James Dashwood to be Lieutenant. Dated 9th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

4th Forfarshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant James Stewart Lithgow to be First Lieutenant, vice James, removed. Dated 12th November, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Robert Balfour to be First Lieutenant, vice Ramsay, resigned. Dated 12th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign John Cobb in the 2nd Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk, *and of the City and County of the City of* Norwich.

24th Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend James Murray to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 12th November, 1863.

Edward Meade, M.D., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 12th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cornwall.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Cornwall Rifle Volunteers.

Edward William Brydges Willyams to be Major. Dated 31st October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Ensign C. A. Morris and Honorary Assistant-Surgeon J. B. Christie in the 2nd Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

2nd Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Joseph D'Aquilar Samuda to be Major. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Thomas Beatts Christie to be Captain. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Ensign Richard Moates Soulter to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th November, 1863.

James De la Mare to be Ensign. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

1st B Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Jeffrey to be First Lieutenant, vice Clark, appointed to the 1st Administrative Brigade Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteers. Dated 13th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

1st Administrative Battalion of Warwickshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain John Machen, late Captain South Devon Militia, to be Major. Dated 14th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Captain Machen retains the command of the 10th Warwickshire (Leamington) Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the East Riding of the County of York, *and the Borough of* Kingston-upon-Hull.

East York Rifle Volunteers.

1st Corps (Hull).

Thomas Palmer, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 13th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

West Suffolk Militia.

The Secretary of State for War approves of Captain William Windsor Parker, of the West Suffolk Militia, being appointed to act as Musketry Instructor, under the provisions of the Circular dated 30th April, 1862. Dated 16th October, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of Captain John Hotchkis bearing the designation of Captain Commandant of the 3rd Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Nicholas Kenrick Marsh in the 1st Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps;

First Lieutenant Henry Browne Kelly and Second Lieutenant William Johnson in the 4th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps;

Lieutenant James Hardcastle Knowles in the 27th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Lieutenant John Higson Johnston in the 80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage payable by law on the tranmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant.

And whereas further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office."

And whereas certain powers are also given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the stamp duties on newspapers, and to provide for the transmission by post of printed periodical publications."

And whereas it is expedient that regulations should be made for the transmission by the post of the letters and packets hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us

in and by the said hereinbefore-recited Acts, and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us, the said Commissioners (by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided), order, direct, and declare as follows :—

1. On every letter not exceeding one quarter of an ounce in weight, transmitted from Malta to Corfu, or from Corfu to Malta, in closed mails, viâ Italy (the sea conveyance being by Italian mail-packet boats), there shall be charged and taken a combined British and foreign rate of postage of four pence, if such postage be paid either in money or by postage stamps, at the time of the letter being posted, and, if not, a combined British and foreign rate of postage of sixpence.

2. On every letter transmitted as is hereinbefore in this Warrant mentioned, exceeding one quarter of an ounce in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid progressive and additional rates of postage, according to the scale of weight and number of rates following ; that is to say :—

On every letter so transmitted exceeding one quarter of an ounce and not exceeding one half of an ounce in weight, two rates of postage.

On every letter so transmitted exceeding one half of an ounce and not exceeding three quarters of an ounce in weight, three rates of postage.

And on every letter so transmitted exceeding three quarters of an ounce and not exceeding one ounce in weight, four rates of postage.

And for every additional quarter of an ounce in weight of any letter so transmitted above the weight of one ounce, there shall be charged, taken, and paid one additional rate of postage, and every fractional part of such additional quarter of an ounce shall be charged as an additional quarter of an ounce in weight; and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such letter would be charged with under this Warrant if not exceeding one quarter of an ounce in weight.

3. Registered letters may be transmitted by the post, under the authority of this Warrant, upon the payment of such additional charge or rates of postage, or otherwise, as the Postmaster-General may from time to time direct or appoint. Provided that all rates of postage and additional charges or rates from time to time payable thereupon shall be prepaid, and that no payment shall be made thereupon on the delivery of any such registered letters.

4. Nothing herein contained shall be construed in anywise to annul, prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by or under the said hereinbefore recited Acts, or either of them, or by or under any other Acts of Parliament relating to the Post Office, or any of the privileges which officers, seamen, and soldiers employed in Her Majesty's Service are by law entitled to, of sending and receiving letters by the post, subject to the regulations and restrictions in respect of the same.

5. On every packet consisting of printed newspapers, whether British, colonial, or foreign, or consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, not exceeding two ounces in weight, transmitted from Malta to Corfu in closed mails, viâ Italy (the sea conveyance being by Italian mail packet boats), there shall be charged and taken a combined British and foreign rate of postage of two pence.

6. On every packet transmitted as is hereinbefore in the fifth clause of this Warrant mentioned, exceeding two ounces in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid, progressive and additional rates of postage according to the scale of weight and number of rates following ; that is to say :—

On every such packet exceeding two ounces, and not exceeding four ounces in weight, two rates of postage.

On every such packet exceeding four ounces, and not exceeding one half of a pound in weight, four rates of postage.

On every such packet exceeding one half of a pound, and not exceeding one pound in weight, eight rates of postage.

On every such packet exceeding one pound, and not exceeding one pound and the half of another pound in weight, twelve rates of postage.

And on every such packet if exceeding one pound and the half of another pound, and not exceeding two pounds in weight, sixteen rates of postage.

And for every additional half of a pound in weight of any such packet above the weight of two pounds, there shall be charged, taken, and paid, four additional rates of postage, and every fractional part of such additional half of a pound in weight shall be charged as an additional half of a pound in weight ; and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such packet would be charged with under this Warrant, if not exceeding two ounces in weight.

7. Every packet which shall be transmitted by the post under the 5th and 6th clauses of this Warrant, shall be so transmitted in conformity with, and under, and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinafter contained ; that is to say :—

No packet which in length, or breadth, or width, shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be forwarded by the post under the provisions aforesaid.

The terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art," in this Warrant used, shall, for the purposes of this Warrant, mean and comprise all such articles as in their general character are either literary, or consist of printed, engraved, or lithographed matter (although not strictly literary), including printed books, printed publications or compilations, almanacks, printed or lithographed letters, and such artistic productions, as prints, printed maps (whether on paper or canvas or cloth), and photographs when not on glass or in frames containing glass, together with any binding, mounting, or covering of, or upon, or belonging to any such article or production or any portion thereof, and including also any cases or rollers of prints or maps, book markers (whether of paper or otherwise), pencils, pens, or other thing usually appertaining to any such article or production, or necessary for its safe transmission which shall be sent in the same packet with any such article or production to which they or it shall belong. A
letters, notices, and other comm
(whether upon paper, parchment,
partly printed or partly lithograp

partly written, which if wholly written would not be considered letters or communications in the nature of letters. Provided, nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the sending by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, of any patterns or books of patterns or papers of patterns of any article or thing whatsoever, unless such patterns consist merely of paper, nor of any letter, notice, or other communication (whether upon paper, parchment, or vellum), partly printed or partly lithographed, and partly written, which if wholly written would be considered a letter or a communication in the nature of a letter, nor of any packet consisting of or containing any photographs, drawings, prints, or other contents which may be obviously of an obscene character.

Every packet shall be sent open at the ends or sides, and either without a cover or in a cover or envelope, open at the ends or sides, and there shall be no written letter either closed or open, nor any written communication, in the nature of a letter, either closed or open, (whether such letter or communication be addressed to, or intended for, the person to whom the packet shall be directed, or any other person,) nor any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor any other enclosure, not authorized by this Warrant, sent in or with any such packet, nor shall there be any writing or marks of any description upon any such packet, or on the cover or envelope thereof, except the name and address of the person to whom the same is sent, but the name or title of any newspaper, and the name and address of the publisher, newsvendor, or agent by whom the same is sent, may be printed on the cover thereof, and any other packet, not being a newspaper, may have any matter or thing printed on the cover thereof.

Upon every packet transmitted by the post under the fifth and sixth clauses of this Warrant, the postage thereof shall be paid at the time of the same being posted, either in money or by being duly stamped with the proper postage stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall, in every case be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage duty payable thereon under or by virtue of this Warrant.

8. If any packet transmitted by the post, under the fifth and sixth clauses of this Warrant, be sent by the post otherwise than in conformity with the conditions and regulations established by or under the authority of this Warrant, the same shall and may be detained and opened, and at the option of the Postmaster-General shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom the same shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination, and any such packet, on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with any rates of postage the Postmaster-General may think fit, not exceeding the rates that would be chargeable on such packet as an unpaid letter.

9. The respective letters and packets transmitted by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be subject to the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage respectively contained in a certain Warrant of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, under the hands of two of the said Commissioners, bearing date the 19th day of February, 1855, relating to redirected rates of postage upon letters and packets which shall be redirected and again forwarded by the post.

10. The several terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

11. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time hereafter alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

12. This Warrant shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1864.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the 11th day of November, 1863.

Wm. Dunbar.
E. H. Knatchbull Hugessen.

Whitehall, November 9, 1863.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed George Roger Longden, of No. 1, Bennett's-hill, Doctors'-commons, City, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Michaelmas Term, 27th Victoria,
17th November, 1863.

This Court will, on Thursday, the 26th, and and Friday, the 27th, days of November instant, hold sittings, and will proceed in disposing of the cases in the new trial, special, and Crown papers, and any other matters then pending, and will also give judgment in cases then standing for judgment.

By the Court.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 51.)—England—East Coast.

Lights at Dovercourt, Harwich.

THE Corporation of the Trinity House, London, has given Notice, that on and after the 2nd day of November, 1863, lights would be exhibited from two lighthouses recently erected at Dovercourt, on the west side of entrance to Harwich Harbour.

The lights are *fixed* white lights. The high light is placed at an elevation of 45 feet above the level of high water, and should be seen when bearing from N. by E. northerly, round by north to W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N.

The low light is placed at an elevation of 27 feet above the level of high water, and should be seen between the bearings of N.W. $\frac{2}{3}$ W. and W.N.W.

The two lights seen in line one above the other bearing N.W. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. lead between the inner Ridge and the Andrews buoys.

The light at Landguard point changes, as heretofore, from red to white at the beach end buoy;

and a narrow strip of *red* light strikes the North Shelf buoy on the bearing of N. by W.

The former lights at Harwich are discontinued.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 20° 30′ West in 1863.]

By command of their Lordships,

A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
9th November, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Harwich Harbour, No. 1491; Approaches to Harwich, No. 2052; England, East Coast, Sheet 2, No. 1610; Orwell and Stour Rivers, No. 2693; North Sea, Sheet 1, No. 1406; North Sea, General, No. 2339; and English Channel, Sheet 1, No. 2675. Also North Sea Pilot, Part 3, p. 175; and British Islands Lights Lists, Nos. 90, 91, and 92.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the hundred of Freebridge Marshland, in the county of Norfolk, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the King William Inn, Terrington St. Clements, on Friday, the 20th day of November, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the hundred of Freebridge Marshland aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 16, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Penllyn, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the County Hall, in Bala, on Saturday, the 28th day of November, 1863, at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Penllyn aforesaid.

Alex. Duff Gordon.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 16, 1863.

Windsor Union.—New Windsor Parish.

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of New Windsor, in the county of Berks;—

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said parish is situate;—

And to all others whom it may concern;—

WHEREAS the population of the parish of New Windsor, in the county of Berks, according to the last census exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas, at a meeting of the Vestry of the said parish, held at the Vestry Room in the said parish, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the 3rd day of September last, it was resolved—

"That the Poor Law Board be requested to "issue an Order, under their Seal of Office, "directing that the Act passed on the 5th "August, 1850 (13 and 14 Vict., c. 57), "entitled 'An Act to prevent the holding of "'Vestry or other meetings in Churches, "'and for regulating the Appointment of "'Vestry Clerks,' shall be applied to and "put in force within this parish, as regards "that portion of it only which relates to the "appointment of a Vestry Clerk."

And whereas the Churchwardens of the said parish have made their application, in writing, to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the above resolution,

Now, therefore, we, the Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct,—

ARTICLE I.—That so much of the said Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to prevent the holding "of Vestry or other Meetings in Churches, and "for regulating the Appointment of Vestry "Clerks," as relates to the appointment of a Vestry Clerk shall forthwith be applied to, and be put in force within the said parish of New Windsor.

ARTICLE II.—That a salary of sixty pounds per annum shall be paid to the Vestry Clerk for the time being, appointed under the authority of the statutes in such behalf and this Order, by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the poor of the said parish.

ARTICLE III.—That the salary of such Vestry Clerk shall be payable up to the day on which he ceases to hold such office, and no longer, and shall be paid by quarterly payments at the several quarters ending at the usual Feast Days in the year, namely, Christmas Day, Lady Day, Midsummer Day, and Michaelmas Day, with a proportionate sum to be paid to his executors and administrators, in case he shall die while holding such office.

ARTICLE IV.—That every person appointed to the office of Vestry Clerk in the said parish, shall give to the Guardians of the Poor of the Windsor Union, in the counties of Berks and Surrey, a bond in the penal sum of two hundred pounds, in the names of himself and two sufficient sureties, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the duties of the office; and every such officer shall give immediate notice to the said Guardians of the death, insolvency, or bankruptcy of either of such sureties, and shall, when required by the said Guardians, produce a certificate, signed by two householders, that his sureties are alive and believed by them to

be solvent, and shall supply a fresh surety in the place of any such surety who may die, or become bankrupt or insolvent;

Provided that the Guardians may, if they think fit, take the security of any Society or Company expressly authorised by statute to guarantee or secure the faithful discharge of the duties of any Poor Law Officer.

ARTICLE V.—That the Auditor of the District comprising the said Windsor Union shall, in the statement required by the General Order of the Poor Law Commissioners, dated the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, to be transmitted to the Poor Law Commissioners of the securities of the officers of the said Union, include the name of the Vestry Clerk for the said parish of New Windsor for the time being, appointed under the authority aforesaid, together with the particulars in the said General Order required, and shall report thereon to the Board of Guardians of the said Union, in like manner as therein set forth, with reference to the securities of other officers.

ARTICLE VI.—That a copy of this Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of office, this third day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

C. Gilpin, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Friendly Union Society, established by the officers of, and held at, the Middlesex House of Detention, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 13th day of November, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 13th day of November, 1863.

County of Somerset.

WHEREAS at a Court of General or Quarter Sessions, held at the city of Wells, in and for the county of Somerset, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following (that is to say):—

Somerset, to wit.

At the General Quarter Session of the Peace of our Lady the Queen, held at the city of Wells, in and for the county of Somerset, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October, in the 27th year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, and in the year of our Lord 1863, before Sir William Miles, Baronet, Charles Aaron Moody, Esquire, Chairmen, and others, their Companions, Justices of our said Lady the Queen, assigned to keep the Peace of our said Lady the Queen, in and for the county of Somerset aforesaid, and also to hear and determine divers felonies, trespasses, and other misdemeanours, committed in the same county.

In pursuance of an Act passed in the session holden in the 25th and 26th years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 61, intituled "An Act for the better management of Highways in England," and of a requisition thereunder duly made by writing under the hands of five Justices of the Peace of this county to the Clerk of the Peace, requiring him to add to or send with the notice required by law to be given of the holding of this present Court of General or Quarter Session, a notice in the form prescribed by the said Act, that a proposal would be made at these Quarter Sessions either to combine the several tythings, hamlets, or places following into which the parish of Wellow, in the said county, which separately maintains its own poor, is divided, and each of which tythings, hamlets, or places separately maintains its own highways (that is to say): Wellow (ordinarily called the parish of Wellow), Baggridge, Shorscombe, Stoney Littleton, Twinney, Woodborough, and Whiteoxmead; or else to attach all the said tythings, hamlets, or places (with the exception of that of Wellow, which is already so attached), to the Weston Highway District in this county as separate parishes, or to make such other order in connection with the several tythings, hamlets, or places, as to the Justices at these Sessions shall seem fit; and also requiring the Clerk of the Peace to send by post in a prepaid letter, in the aforesaid form, notices to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the said parish of Wellow.

And in pursuance of another requisition under the said Act, duly made by writing under the hands of five Justices of the Peace of this county to the said Clerk of the Peace, requiring him to add or send with the notice required by law to be given of the holding of this present Court of General or Quarter Session, a notice in pursuance of the said Act that a proposal would be made at these Quarter Sessions to alter the Clutton Highway District in this county by the addition of the tything or highway parish of Woodborough, situate in the Poor Law parishes of Camerton and Wellow, in this county, to the said Clutton Highway District, and also requiring the said Clerk of the Peace to send by post in a prepaid letter notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens or Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice:

All which notices have been duly given, added, and sent by the said Clerk of the Peace, as by law required:

The Justices assembled at this Court of General Quarter Sessions do entertain the said proposals, and do provisionally order that the said several tythings, hamlets, or places of Wellow (ordinarily called the parish of Wellow), Baggridge, Shorscombe, Stoney Littleton, Twinney, and Whiteoxmead, each of which separately maintains its own highways, be combined for the purposes of the said Act, with the said parish of Wellow, which separately maintains its own poor, and is now united into and forms part of the highway district of Weston in this county:—And that after the date of the confirmation of this Order separate Waywardens shall not be elected for the said tythings, hamlets, or places of Wellow, Baggridge, Shorscombe, Stoney Littleton, Twinney, and Whiteoxmead, and that after such date as aforesaid the said parish of Wellow shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all the highways within it, which were before maintained by the said hamlets, tythings, or places of Wellow, Baggridge, Shorscombe, Stoney Littleton, Twinney, and Whiteoxmead, separately, as if their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish of Wellow aforesaid. And the said Justices do further provisionally order that the said hamlet, tything, or place of Woodborough, subject to the restrictions and provisions mentioned in the said Act, be united into and form part of the said Clutton Highway District, in this county, and that

one Waywarden be elected for such hamlet, tything, or place.

Lastly,—This Court doth appoint the next Court of General or Quarter Sessions to be held in and for this county, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1864, for the taking in consideration the confirmation of this Provisional Order by a Final Order.

By the Court,

Lovell, Clerk of the Peace.

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General or Quarter Sessions, to be held at the Shirehall, at Taunton, in and for the said county, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January next.

Edwin Lovell, Clerk of the Peace.

Wells, Somerset, November 10th, 1863.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1625. Josiah George Jennings, of Palace-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, Sanitary Engineer, and Manuel Leopold Jones Lavater, of Bath-street, Newgate-street, in the city of London, India rubber Manufacturer, have given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of their intention to proceed with their application for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in stoppers and lids, or covers for jars, bottles, and other vessels, also in closing and fastening other articles."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 30th day of June, 1863.

1653. And Henry Broadhead, Captain R.N., and George Murdoch, Inspector of Machinery in the Royal Navy, both of Portsmouth, in the county of Hants, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in breech loading ordnance and gun carriages."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of July, 1863.

1665. And Josiah Gimson, of the town and county of Leicester, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in shuttles for weaving narrow fabrics, and in mounting and fitting them to the battens."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of July, 1863.

1676. And John McGrigor Croft, of No. 8, Abbey-road, Saint John's-wood, in the county of Middlesex, Doctor of Medicine, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in propellers for propelling vessels."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of July, 1863.

1683. And William Squire Bruce, of Great St. Helen's, Bishopsgate-street, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lucifer matches, fusees, and other similar lights, and in the boxes or holders for containing the same."—A communication to him from abroad by Thomas Jordery, of Paris, in the Empire of France.

1684. And Eliezer Edwards, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in instruments or apparatus to be used in the manufactnre of glass finger plates and other articles made of glass, and in kilns for annealing articles made of glass."

1687. And William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of seats, chairs, sofas, lounges, and other similar articles of furniture."—A communication to him from abroad by François Carré, of the Rue du Faubourg, Saint Martin, Paris, France.

1688. And William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for milking."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Grasset, of No. 15, Passage des Petites Ecuries, Paris, France, Tinman.

1689. And Samuel Robinson, of No. 129, Great Brunswick-street, in the city of Dublin, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in spring hinges for swing doors."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 7th day of July.

1696. And John Gibson, of 31, Ormond-quay, Samuel Trulock, of Essex-quay, Richard Trulock, of Essex-quay, and William Trulock, of Essex-quay, all of the city of Dublin, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms."

1697. And Peter Armand Lecomte de Fontaine Moreau, of 10, Rue de la Fidélité, Paris, and 4, South-street, Finsbury, London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new mode of roofing houses, buildings, and other structures."—A communication to him from abroad by Messieurs Gaduel Boisserane and Garnier, of Paris, France.

1698. And Thomas Preece, of Leominster, in the county of Hereford, Implement Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved corn and seed drill."

1703. And Henry Duncan Preston Cunningham, of Bury, in the county of Hants, Esquire, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in working guns and in matters relating thereto."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 8th day of July, 1863.

1706. And James Smith, of Barkeley House, Seaforth, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and Sydney Arthur Chease, of Egremont, in the county of Chester, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new description of hydraulic engine for raising water and other fluids above their common level, the fluids so raised to be used as a motive power."

1714. And Robert Agate, of Hornsey, in the county of Middlesex, Plumber and Builder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of sky lights and roof lights for railway stations, conservatories, and other similar structures."

1715. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in barometers or gauges for measuring the pressure of fluids."—A communication to him from abroad by Felix Richard, of Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.

1718. And William Tasker the younger, of the Waterloo Iron Works, near Andover, in the county of Hants, Agricultural Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in thrashing machines."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 9th day of July, 1863.

1722. And James John Shedlock, of No. 12, Abingdon-street, in the city of Westminster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of soil pits, and in the mode of emptying the same."—A communicatian to him from abroad by Adolphe Kolb and Théodore de Lévenhagen, persons resident at No. 24, Rue de Dunkerque, Paris, in the Empire of France.

1728. And William Henderson, of Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, Chemist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in treating ores and other substances containing iron, in the manufacture of iron, steel, and alloys of iron, and of a purifying and deoxidizing agent therefrom, also in the construction of retorts or kilns for treating the said ores and substances."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 10th day of July, 1863.

1737. And John Barnes, of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Mechanic, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new machine for clipping off connecting threads in the manufacture of lace."

1738. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in cartridges for breech-loading arms."—A communication to him from abroad by Alfred Isidore Honoré Parent, of Paris, France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 11th day of July, 1863.

1741. And Robert Doyne Dwyer, of Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of vents for casks and other vessels."

1749. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for suspending chandeliers, gaseliers, and other weights."—A communication to him from abroad by Eugene Frederic Piat and Theodore Auguste Baudrit, both of Paris, France.

1750. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in sizing or gumming warp and weft threads."—A communication to him from abroad by Stanislas Vigoureux, of Paris, France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 13th day of July, 1863.

1771. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved process for making paper transparent and transferring designs."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Loewenberg, of New York City, and Henry Schoonmaker, of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of July, 1863.

1786. And George Rand, of Stoneham, in the county of Hants, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the means of and apparatus for boiling and and cooking."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 16th day of July, 1863.

1818. And Robert Weare, of Northwood, Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in water closets, commodes, slop pails, and other like apparatus or utensils."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of July, 1863.

1820. And Fredrich Ludwig Hahn Danchell, of Red Lion-square, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in apparatus for purifying water."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of July, 1863.

1858. And John Boyd, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved mechanism for torming imitation selvages or longitudinal cords in weaving."

1859. And Frederick Tolhausen, of 17, Faubourg Montmartre, Paris, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of gun-barrels."—A communication from Maurice Mondon, a person resident at St. Etienne, Loire, France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of July, 1863.

1871. And Alexander Hector, of Montrose, in the county of Forfar, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for facilitating the catching of fish."

1872. And Alphonse Anthelme Antoine Baron de Rostaing, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of manufacturing iron and steel with cast iron taken in a subdivided state."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 28th day of July, 1863.

1924. And Eugéne Alphonse Cotelle, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, Empire of France, Distiller, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new method of manufacturing gas alcohol by means of diluted acids acting indefinitely without reconcentration."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of August, 1863.

1981. And Jacob Geohegan Willans, of Westbourne-grove-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of August, 1863.

2022. And George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in furnaces for heating flattening and annealing glass."—A communication to him from abroad by Andrew Kesler Hay, of Winslow, New Jersey, United States of America.

2031. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for printing." — A communication to him from abroad by Benjamin Livermore, of Hartland, in the State of Vermont, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 15th day of August, 1863.

2077. And Robert Thompson, of New Charlton, in the county of Kent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for planing curved, curvilinear, irregular, and other forms, in iron, steel, and other metals."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of August, 1863.

2168. And Elizabeth Collier, of High-street, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Milliner and Crinoline Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of her inveution of "improvements in crinolines, and crinoline fastenings."

As set forth in her petition, recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of September, 1863.

2319. And Edmund François Rattier, of 82, Boulevard Sebastopol, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in crinolines."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of September, 1863.

2442. And Edwin Whitehouse, of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in the manufacture of wrought iron shackles."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of October, 1863.

2448. And Edward Jones, of Gorton, near the city of Manchester, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used for pumping water out of mines and other places."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of October, 1863.

2522. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Office, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved apparatus for cleaning ships' hulls."—A communication from François Capponi, a person resident at Constantinople, in Turkey.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of October, 1863.

2577. And Thomas Restell, of Water-lane, Tower-street, in the city of London, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved construction of walking-stick umbrella."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of October, 1863.

2592. And George Cutler, junior, of No. 8, Wharf, Wenlock-road, City-road, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in boilers and apparatus used for the generation of steam."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of October, 1863.

2640. And Samuel James Healey, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in water gauges, applicable to steam boilers and other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 26th day of October, 1863.

2655. And Patrick Benignus O'Neill, of Warwick-street, Regent-street, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved salinometer, which is applicable also as a hydrometer, and for other similar or analogous purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of October, 1863.

2674. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in instruments for taking astronomical and other observations."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Emmanuel, of Levallois, France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of October, 1863.

2683. And Henry Cochrane, of Ormesby Ironworks, Middlesborough-on-Tees, in the county of York, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in surface condensers, also applicable to the refrigeration or cooling of fluids."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 30th day of October, 1863.

2728. And Joseph Tangye, of the firm of Tangye, Brothers, and Price, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturers, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in portable hydraulic shearing and rivetting machines."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of November, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Errata in Gazette of November 10, 1863.

Notices to proceed, Nos. 1625, 1653, and 2728, were advertized prematurely in the above Gazette.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862; and in the Matter of the Haytor Granite Company.

BY an order, made by the Master of the Rolls in the above matter, dated the 7th day of November, 1863, on the petition of Eleanor Nicholson, of Castle House, Whittlesea, in the county of Cambridge, Widow, a Member and contributory of the above-named Company; it was ordered that the said Haytor Granite Company be wound up by the Court, under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1862.—Dated this 16th day of November, 1863.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 7th day of November, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11915
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	24852
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	22261
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	5210
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	15758
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	30340
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14544
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	22670
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	72845
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14910
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8659
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	24502
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	13921
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20388
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	52574
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	29655
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	22294
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	35948
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	26679
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12393
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	45552
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20895
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12237
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2555
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	13442
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	48682
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	29865
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	21277
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2873
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	16351
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	28360
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	34845
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3951
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	16806
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	75967
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	8178
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	10161
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	39525
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	26714
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6313
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	9860
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	70164
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	85857
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7941
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	37970
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	100312
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	52298

Numb. 22790. 5555

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1863.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, November 18, 1863.

ORDERS for the Court's going into Mourning on Sunday next, the 22nd instant, for His late Majesty The King of Denmark; viz.:

The Ladies to wear black Dresses, white Gloves, black or white Shoes, Feathers, and Fans, Pearls, Diamonds, or plain Gold or Silver Ornaments.

The Gentlemen to wear black Court Dress, with black Swords and Buckles.

The Court to change the Mourning on Sunday, the 6th of December next; viz.:

The Ladies to wear black Dresses, with coloured Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, and Ornaments, or grey or white Dresses, with black Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, and Ornaments.

The Gentlemen to continue the same Mourning.

And on Sunday, the 13th of December next, the Court to go out of Mourning.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Parliament which now stands prorogued to Tuesday, the first day of December next, be further prorogued to Wednesday, the thirteenth day of January next, and that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain do cause a Commission to be prepared and issued in the usual manner for proroguing the Parliament accordingly.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Convocations of the Provinces of Canterbury and York be prorogued from the day to which the same now stand prorogued to Thursday, the fourteenth day of January next, and the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain is to cause writs to be prepared and issued in the usual manner for proroguing the Convocations accordingly.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint the Reverend Capel Sewell, M.A., of Brasenose College, Oxford, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the rules and practice observed for the purpose of preventing collisions at sea, which were formerly adopted by maritime nations, have proved insufficient to satisfy the requirements of modern navigation; and whereas various alterations in such rules and practice have from time to time been made by different nations, but the rules so altered have been found to be in some cases inconsistent with each other, and in other cases to have the force of municipal law only; and whereas certain regulations for the purpose aforesaid have been sanctioned by "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," and are contained in the table C, in the schedule to that Act; and whereas for the purpose of correcting certain clerical errors, the said regulations have, in pursuance of the provisions in the said Act contained, been modified by an Order in Council, bearing date the 9th day of January, 1

and the said regulation, so modified, are appended to the said Order, and to this Order; And whereas, by virtue of the said Act, and of the said Order, the said regulations, so appended as aforesaid, so far as relates to British and French ships, and also so far as relates to certain other foreign ships when within British Jurisdiction, came into operation on the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; And whereas it is provided by the same Act, that, whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the Government of any foreign country is willing that the regulations for preventing collisions contained in Table C in the schedule to the said Act, or such other regulations for preventing collisions as are for the time being in force under the said Act should apply to the ships of such country when beyond the limits of British Jurisdiction, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that such regulations shall apply to the ships of the said foreign country, whether within British Jurisdiction or not. And it is further provided by the said Act, that whenever an Order in Council has been issued applying any regulation made by or in pursuance of the said Act to the ships of any foreign country, such ships shall, in all cases arising in any British Court, be deemed to be subject to such regulation, and shall for the purpose of such regulation be treated as if they were British ships: And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the following Governments, that is to say:—

The Government of His Majesty the Sultan,
The Government of His Holiness the Pope, and
The Government of the Republic of Chile,

are willing that the said Regulations appended to the said Order and to this Order should apply to ships belonging to their respective countries when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct,

That the said regulations appended to the said Order in Council, bearing date the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and to this Order, shall from the date of this Order apply to ships belonging to the following countries, that is to say:—

Turkey,
Roman States,
Chile,

whether within British jurisdiction or not.

Arthur Helps.

REGULATIONS REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER.

Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea.

Contents.

Article 1. Preliminary.

Rules Concerning Lights.

2. Lights to be carried as follows:—
3. Lights for Steam Ships.
4. Lights for Steam Tugs.
5. Lights for Sailing Ships.
6. Exceptional Lights for small Sailing Vessels.
7. Lights for Ships at Anchor.
8. Lights for Pilot Vessels.
9. Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.

Rules Concerning Fog Signals.

10. Fog Signals.

Steering and Sailing Rules.

11. Two Sailing Ships meeting.
12. Two Sailing Ships crossing.
13. Two Ships under steam meeting.
14. Two Ships under steam crossing.
15. Sailing Ship and Ship under steam.
16. Ships under steam to slacken speed.
17. Vessels overtaking other vessels.
18. Construction of Articles 12, 14, 15 and 17.
19. Proviso to save special cases.
20. No Ship under any circumstances to neglect proper precautions.

Preliminary.

Art. 1. In the following Rules every Steam Ship which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a Sailing Ship; and every Steam ship which is under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a ship under steam.

Rules Concerning Lights.

Lights.

Art. 2. The Lights mentioned in the following Articles, numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise.

Lights for Steam Ships.

Art. 3. Sea-going Steam-ships when under weigh shall carry:

(*a.*) *At the Foremast Head*, a bright White Light, so fixed as to show an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the ship, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least five miles:

(*b.*) *On the Starboard Side*, a Green Light so constructed as to show an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the starboard side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles:

(*c.*) *On the Port Side*, a Red Light, so constructed as to show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side; and of such a character, as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles:

(*d.*) The said Green and Red Side Lights shall be fitted with inboard screens, projecting at least three feet forward from the Light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

Lights for Steam Tugs.

Art. 4. Steam Ships, when towing other ships, shall carry two bright White Mast-head Lights vertically, in addition to their side lights, so as to distinguish them from other Steam Ships. Each of these Mast-head Lights shall be of the same construction and character as the Mast-head Lights which other Steam-Ships are required to carry.

Lights for Sailing Ships.

Art. 5. Sailing Ships under weigh, or being towed, shall carry the same lights as Steam Ships under weigh, with the exception of the White Mast-head Lights, which they shall never carry.

Exceptional Lights for small Sailing Vessels.

Art. 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the Green and Red lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept on deck, on their respective sides of the vessel, ready for instant exhibition; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the Red light on the starboard side.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with suitable screens.

Lights for Ships at Anchor.

Art. 7. Ships, whether steam ships or sailing ships, when at anchor in roadsteads or fairways, shall exhibit, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a White Light, in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon, and at a distance of at least one mile.

Lights for Pilot Vessels.

Art. 8. Sailing Pilot Vessels shall not carry the lights required for other sailing vessels, but shall carry a White Light at the mast head, visible all round the horizon,—and shall also exhibit a Flare-up Light every fifteen minutes.

Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.

Art. 9. Open Fishing Boats and other open boats shall not be required to carry the side lights required for other vessels; but shall if they do not carry such lights, carry a lantern having a Green Slide on the one side and a Red Slide on the other side; and on the approach of or to other vessels, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the Red light on the starboard side.

Fishing Vessels and open boats when at anchor, or attached to their nets and stationary, shall exhibit a bright White Light.

Fishing Vessels and open boats shall, however, not be prevented from using a Flare-up in addition, if considered expedient.

RULES CONCERNING FOG SIGNALS.

Fog Signals.

Art. 10. Whenever there is fog, whether by day or night, the Fog Signals described below shall be carried and used, and shall be sounded at least every five minutes, viz.:—

(*a.*) Steam Ships under weigh shall use a Steam Whistle placed before the funnel, not less than eight feet from the deck:

(*b.*) Sailing ships under weigh shall use a Fog Horn:

(*c.*) Steam Ships and Sailing Ships when not under weigh shall use a Bell.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

Two Sailing Ships meeting.

Art. 11. If Two Sailing Ships are meeting end on or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

Two Sailing Ships crossing.

Art. 12. When two sailing ships are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, then, if they have the wind on different sides, the ship with the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the ship with the wind on the starboard side; except in the case in which the ship with the wind on the port side is close hauled and the other ship free, in which case the latter ship shall keep out of the way; but if they have the wind on the same side, or if one of them has the wind aft, the ship which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the ship which is to leeward.

Two Ships under Steam Meeting.

Art. 13. If two ships under steam are meeting end on or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

Two Ships under Steam Crossing.

Art. 14. If two ships under steam are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the ship which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

Sailing Ship and Ship under Steam.

Art. 15. If two ships, one of which is a sailing ship, and the other a steam ship, are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam ship shall keep out of the way of the sailing ship.

Ships under Steam to slacken Speed.

Art. 16. Every steam ship, when approaching another ship so as to involve risk of collision, shall slacken her speed, or, if necessary, stop and reverse; and every steam ship shall, when in a fog, go at a moderate speed.

Vessels overtaking other Vessels.

Art. 17. Every vessel overtaking any other vessel shall keep out of the way of the said last-mentioned vessel.

Construction of Articles 12, 14, 15, *and* 17.

Art. 18. Where by the above rules one of two ships is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course, subject to the qualifications contained in the following Article.

Proviso to save special cases.

Art. 19. In obeying and construing these rules, due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation; and due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

No Ship, under any circumstances, to neglect proper precautions.

Art. 20. Nothing in these Rules shall exonerate any ship, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Act of the session of Parliament of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty's reign (chapter 94), "to remove "doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdic- "tion by Her Majesty within divers countries "and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and "to render the same more effectual," hereinafter called the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, it was enacted (among other things) that it was and should be lawful for Her Majesty to hold, exercise, and enjoy any power or jurisdiction which Her Majesty then had or might at any time thereafter have within any country or place out of Her Majesty's dominions, in the same and as ample a manner as if Her Majesty had acquired such power or jurisdiction by the cession or conquest of territory:

And whereas Her Majesty has had and now has power and jurisdiction in the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased on the 9th day of January, 1863, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to make, by Order in Council dated that day, provision for the exercise of Her power and jurisdiction as aforesaid:

And whereas by the 62nd clause of the aforesaid Order of Her Majesty in Council, it is ordered that "every British subject resident in the Ottoman dominions, being of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, or being married or a widower or widow, though under that age, shall, in the year 1863, in the month of March, and in every subsequent year in the month of January, register himself or herself in a register to be kept at the Consulate of the Consular district within which he or she resides.

"Every such British subject not so resident arriving at any place within the Ottoman dominions where a Consular Office is maintained, unless borne on the muster-roll of a British vessel there arriving, shall, within one month after his or her arrival, register himself or herself in a register to be kept at the Consular Office,—but so that no person shall be required to register himself or herself more than once in any year, reckoned from any 1st day of January.

"Every such British subject shall, on every such registration of himself or herself, pay a fee of five shillings.

"Any such British subject failing so to register himself or herself, and not excusing his or her failure to the satisfaction of the Consular Officer, shall not be entitled to be recognized or protected as a British subject in the Ottoman dominions, and shall be liable to a fine of not more than forty shillings for each instance of such failure; in the case of a married woman (not living apart from her husband) such fine to be levied on her husband's property.

"The Consular Officer shall issue to every British subject so registered, a certificate of registration under his hand and Consular seal."

And whereas it is expedient to modify the provisions of the said clause:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act or otherwise in Her vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered:—

That for the purposes of the registration provided for in the above recited 62nd clause of the Order of Her Majesty in Council of the 9th of January, 1863, it shall be deemed sufficient if the head of the family, whether male or female, alone takes out a certificate of registration, on which certificate shall be endorsed the names and description of the females who, at the time when such certificate is granted, shall be living under the same roof with the head of the family, whatever degree of relationship they may bear to the head of the family; but that all male children or male relatives of the head of the family, being of full age, although living under the same roof with the head of the family, shall be bound to take out separate certificates of registration.

And it is further ordered that, except in so far as the above recited clause in the Order of Her Majesty in Council of the 9th of January, 1863, is modified by the present Order, such clause shall continue to have full force and effect.

And the Right Honourable the Earl Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

HER MAJESTY, under, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the twenty-first and twenty-second years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to Regulate "the Qualifications of Practitioners in Medicine "and Surgery," was this day pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to nominate and appoint

Edmund Alexander Parkes, Esq., Doctor of Medicine, Professor in the Army Medical School, Netley;
Richard Quain, Esq., Doctor of Medicine, of Harley-street, London; and
Henry Wyldbore Rumsey, Esq., Surgeon, of Cheltenham,

to be members of "The General Council of Me- "dical Education and Registration of the United "Kingdom," for England, in the place and stead of Sir Charles Hastings, Knight, Doctor of Medicine, William Lawrence, Esq., Surgeon, and Thomas Pridgen Teale, Esq., Surgeon, who having been respectively, for five years, on Her Majesty's nomination, members of the said General Council, have, by lapse of time, ceased to be members thereof.

Her Majesty was further pleased, by the advice aforesaid, again to nominate and appoint

Professor Robert Christison, Doctor of Medicine, of the city of Edinburgh,

to be a member of the said General Council for Scotland: and Her Majesty was further pleased, by the advice aforesaid, again to nominate and appoint

William Stokes, Esq., Doctor of Medicine, of Merrion-square, in the city of Dublin,

to be a member of the said General Council for Ireland: the said Professor Robert Christison and William Stokes, Esq., having been respectively

for five years, on Her Majesty's nomination, members of the said "General Council of Medical "Education and Registration of the United King-"dom," and having, by lapse of time, ceased to be members thereof.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the eleventh and twelfth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prohibit the importation of sheep, "cattle, or other animals, for the purpose of pre-"venting the introduction of contagious or in-"fectious disorders," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Order in Council, to make such regulations with respect to the Importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals, as Her Majesty may consider to be necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of any contagious or infectious disorder. And Whereas it is considered by Her Majesty to be necessary, in order to prevent the introduction into this country of contagious or infectious disorders, that the following regulations should be made with respect to the importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and under the authority of the said Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, in addition to all other regulations for the time being in force under the said Act, the following Regulations be from henceforth observed and obeyed by all persons engaged in the importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals into any part of the United Kingdom (that is to say):

I. If the carcases of any sheep, cattle, horses, or animals, taken on board any ship or vessel for the purpose of importation into the United Kingdom, which may have died during their passage or voyage, shall remain on board such ship or vessel at the time of her arrival in any port of the United Kingdom, it shall be the duty of the Master of such vessel to report the fact of such carcases being on board to the Collector or Principal Officer of Her Majesty's Customs for such port, immediately upon the arrival of such ship or vessel; and no such carcase shall be discharged or landed from such ship or vessel without the permission in writing of such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs; and it shall be the duty of the Master of such vessel, if such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs shall so require, again to proceed to sea, and to discharge and throw overboard into the sea all such carcases within such time, and at such place, or at such distance from the nearest coast or shore, and at such a state of the tide, as such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs shall direct.

II. The importation of any sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals on board any ship or vessel the Master of which shall not comply with these regulations, is hereby prohibited; and all sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals, which shall be brought into any port of the United Kingdom on board any such ship or vessel, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all, or any part of the provisions of the said Act, or any of the rules to be made in pursuance thereof, shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales; and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions and rules, respectively, shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered or annulled. And whereas by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, it is also enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of that Act, or of the rules to be made in pursuance thereof, shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales; and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions and rules, respectively, shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered or annulled. And that in and by any such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the same Act, or the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such court or courts, and may make any Orders or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such court or courts the provisions so applied.

And whereas by the "Summary Procedure on "Bills of Exchange Act, 1855," it is also enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any of the provisions of that Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales; and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner, from time to time, altered or annulled, and that in and by such order Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the same Act shall or may be exercised with respect to matters in such court or courts, and may make any Orders or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such court or courts the provisions so applied.

And whereas by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1860, it is also enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of that Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions and rules, respectively, shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered and annulled, and that in and by any such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under that Act shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such court or courts, and may make any Order or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for

carrying into operation in such court or courts the provisions so applied.

And whereas by the "Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of any Act, for the amendment of the law then passed or thereafter to be passed, and also all or any of the rules and regulations made in pursuance thereof shall extend to and apply to the Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the city of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions and rules, respectively, or parts thereof (and the forms necessary in respect thereof), shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner altered and annulled, and that in and by any such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any such powers or duties incident to the said provisions applied under the several Acts and rules in respect thereof shall and may be exercised with respect to the matters in such court, and may make any Order, Regulation, or Form which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such court the provisions so applied.

And whereas it has seemed fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, that such of the provisions of the said several hereinbefore-mentioned Acts, as are hereinafter, respectively, in that behalf mentioned shall be extended and applied to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the city of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that within one month after this order shall have been published in the London Gazette such of the provisions of the said Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, with respect to writs for the commencement of personal actions, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 3, 7, 16, and 17, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act with respect to the appearance of the defendant, and proceedings of the plaintiff, in default of appearance, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 32 and 33, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act with respect to the joinder of parties to actions as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and the provisions of the same Act with respect to the joinder of causes of action contained in the section numbered 41 in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the determination of questions raised by the consent of the parties, without pleading, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, and 48, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the language and form of pleadings in general, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, and 57, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, shall extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, and that all the said sections hereinbefore mentioned shall be read as if the word "plaint" had been used therein, instead of the words "writ of summons" or "writ." And that such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the time and manner of declaring, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 60 and 61, in the copy of the same Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to pleas and subsequent pleadings, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 87, 88, and 89, in the copy of the same Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act with respect to the statement of causes of action and forms of pleading contained in the 91st section, and the schedules A and B of the copy of the same Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, (except the forms numbered respectively 1, 2, 3. 4, and 5, in the said schedule A,) shall also extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, and that the said section numbered 69, shall be read as if the words "and such plea" may "when necessary be pleaded at Nisi Prius "between the 10th day of August and 24th "of October," had not been inserted therein. And that such of the provisions of the same Act with respect to judgment by default and the mode of ascertaining the amount to be recovered thereupon, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 94, 95, and 96, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the admission of documents, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 117, 118, and 119, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to execution, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 123, 124, 125, and 126. in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to proceedings for the revival of judgments and other preceedings by and against persons not parties on the record, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, and 134, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the effect of death, marriage, and bankruptcy, upon the proceedings in an action, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and all the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the proceedings upon motions in arrest of judgment, and for judgment non obstante veredicto, which are contained in the sections numbered respectively 143, 144, and 145, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer (except such part of the said section numbered 143, as relates to a motion in arrest of judgment, pursuant to the statute of the first year of the reign of King William the Fourth, chapter seven), and all the provisions of the same Act, contained in the sections numbered respectively 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, and 167, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; and such of the provisions of the same Act, with respect to actions of ejectment, as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 218, 219,

220, and 221, in the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer; so far as such provisions extend, or are or may be applicable to an action of ejectment between landlord and tenant, shall also extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London; and that the provisions of the same Act, with respect to the power to make rules and regulations, and to frame writs and proceedings for the purpose of carrying the same Act into effect, which are contained in the sections numbered respectively 223, 224, and 225, in the said copy of the Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, shall also extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London; and the powers thereby conferred shall and may be exercised, so far as may apply to the said Court, by the Judge thereof. And that the provision of the same Act, with respect to the effect of injunctions and orders to stay proceedings contained in the 226th section of the copy of the said Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, shall also extend and apply to injunctions, rules, and orders of the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, or the Judge thereof.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that all the provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854 (save only and except such as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 2, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 76, 77, 95, 99, 100, 101, 102, 104, 105, 106, and 107, in the copy of that Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer), shall extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that all the provisions of the Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855 (save only and except such as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 8, 9, and 10, in the copy of that Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer), shall extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London. And that the said several sections and the schedules to the said last-mentioned Act shall be read as if the word "plaint" had been used therein, instead of the words "writ of summons" or "writ," and that all the powers and duties exerciseable by "the Court," or "a Judge" shall, as regards matters and proceedings in the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, be exerciseable and exercised by the said Court or the Judge thereof; and that all the powers and duties exerciseable by the Masters of the Superior Courts, or any three of them, under the first section of the said last-mentioned Act, shall, as regards matters and proceedings in the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, be exerciseable and exercised by the Registrar of the said Court, subject to the approval of the Judge thereof.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that all the powers and povisionsr of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1860 (save and except such as are contained in the sections numbered respectively 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, and 46, in the copy of that Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, shall extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that the powers and provisions of the Act of Parliament, passed in the session of Parliament, holden in the 8th and 9th years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the better securing the payment of small debts," contained in the section of the same Act, numbered one in the copy thereof, printed by Her Majesty's Printer (so far only as relates to summoning, hearing, and making any order, or committing, as therein specified), and also the powers and provisions contained in the sections of the same Act, numbered 3 and 18 in the copy thereof, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, and the powers and duties incident to such provisions respectively shall be exercised by the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, as the said Court is constituted or allowed to be holden under the said "Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857," and that the forms to be used thereunder shall be the same as those which are contained in the schedules A, B, and C respectively in the said "Mayor's Court of London Procedure Act, 1857."

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that the provisions of the Act of Parliament made and passed in the second year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for uniformity of process in personal actions in His Majesty's Courts of Law at Westminster," which are contained in the section numbered one of the copy thereof, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, so far as such provisions relate to the process of the said Courts being served within two hundred yards of the border of any county, shall extend and apply to the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that all the powers and provisions of the Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Session of Parliament, holden in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to afford facilities for better ascertaining the law of Foreign Countries, when pleaded in Courts within Her Majesty's Dominions," which are contained in the sections numbered 1 and 2 respectively, in the copy of that Act, printed by Her Majesty's Printer, shall extend and apply to the Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby further ordered, that all the powers and duties exerciseable by the "Court," or a "Judge," or any number of Judges, under any of the sections of the several hereinbefore mentioned Acts, which are hereinbefore directed to apply to the said Court of

Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, shall, as regards matters and proceedings in the said last-mentioned Court, be exercised or exerciseable by the Court, as directed to be held by the "Mayor's Court of London Procedure "Act, 1857" and that all the powers and duties exerciseable by the Master of the Superior Courts, or any number of them, under any of the aforesaid sections of the said several Acts, shall, as regards matters and proceedings in the said Court of Record of Her Majesty, holden before the Mayor and Aldermen, in the Chamber of the Guildhall of the City of London, commonly called the Mayor's Court of London, be exercised and exerciseable by the Registrar, or his Deputy, of the said Court, subject to the approval of the said Court, and that the duties exerciseable by the Sheriff or Bailiff, shall, as regards matters and proceedings in the said last-mentioned Court of London, be exercised and exerciseable by the Serjeant-at-Mace of the same Court, or his Deputy.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the 410th Section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," it is enacted that upon the completion of any new lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, fix such dues in respect thereof to be paid by the master or owner of any ship which passes the same or derives benefit therefrom as Her Majesty may deem reasonable, and may from time to time alter the amount thereof, and that such dues shall be paid and collected in the same manner, by the same means, and subject to the same conditions, in, by, and subject to which the light dues authorized to be levied by the said Act are paid and collected. And whereas the Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond has placed a new light vessel off the entrance to Morecambe Bay, and a light is already exhibited therein.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct that there shall be paid in respect of the said light vessel, for every vessel whether British or Foreign, which in one voyage shall cross any one or more of the following imaginary lines, namely, a line drawn from the Calf of Man to Tarn Point, a line drawn from the Calf of Man to Formby Point, a line drawn from Tarn Point to Rossal Point, and a line drawn from Stameer Point to Formby Point, or which in one voyage shall cross both of the following imaginary lines, namely, a line drawn from the Calf of Man to Great Orme's Head, and a line drawn from the Calf of Man to Saint John's Point, Dundrum Bay, the toll of four sixteenths of a penny per ton of the burthen of every such vessel, for each such voyage as aforesaid, if on an oversea voyage, and one sixteenth of a penny per ton for each such voyage as aforesaid, if on a coasting voyage.

Provided always, that for any such vessel as aforesaid, which in any one voyage shall cross more than one of the six above mentioned imaginary lines, only a single toll, at the rates aforesaid, shall be payable. And the said tolls, in respect of the said light vessel, shall be levied by the Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond, subject to the gross abatement or discount of sixty per cent., mentioned in an Order in Council, made under the authority of the said recited Act, and dated the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and subject also to the regulations and exemptions contained in the consolidated tables of light duties, sanctioned by an Order in Council, dated the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and to the further exemption sanctioned by an Order in Council, dated the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the precentorship of the Cathedral Church of Salisbury, and now vested in us.

"Whereas on the vacancy of the said precentorship, which occurred in or about the month of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, by the decease of the Reverend Philip Fisher, Clerk, Doctor in Divinity, the then precentor, all the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, theretofore belonging to the said precentorship (except rights of patronage), became by virtue of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, absolutely vested in us for the purposes, and subject to the provisions, applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas our estate in the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments aforesaid, consists of a reversion expectant upon the determination of a beneficial lease, and such lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, produce, during the subsistence of such lease, only a small annual revenue, and partly on that account and partly on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tithes, tenements,

hereditaments and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, or such part or parts thereof, as we shall at any time, and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the holder or holders thereof (if any), to be testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, theretofore belonging to the said Precentorship of Salisbury, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto, and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration, as shall upon due calculation and inquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained, shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Salisbury.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

"We humbly recommend and propose that there shall be paid by us, out of the common fund in the said Acts mentioned, in each and every year to the incumbent for the time being of each of the benefices described in the first schedule, hereunto annexed, the annual sum set opposite to the name of each such benefice in the last column of the same schedule, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each year: Provided always that the grants so recommended to be made by us to the benefices of Aylesbury and Shadforth shall be paid only upon the production to us, on or before the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, of a certificate under the hand of the Bishop of the diocese, that a curate duly licensed by such bishop, has in each instance been employed within the parish or district during the preceding half-year; and provided also that with regard to the grant so recommended to be made by us to the benefice of Hampton Bishop, a like certificate be required that a curate has been duly employed at Tupsley, within the said parish of Hampton Bishop, and that with regard to the payment of portions amounting in each instance to one hundred pounds of the grants so recommended to be made by us to the benefices of Landkey with Swimbridge and Market Weighton with Shipton and Sawley with Long Eaton, a like certificate be required that a curate has been duly employed within each such parish or district; and provided furthermore that the grant so recommended to be made by us to the benefice of Holy Trinity, Southwark, shall cease and determine upon and from the avoidance of the rectory of Saint Mary, Newington, in the county of Surrey, next ensuing after the date of this scheme.

"And we further recommend and propose that the messuages lands and premises, tithes, or rent charges in lieu of tithes, moduses, and other hereditaments particularly described in the second and ten following schedules, hereunto annexed, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein, shall, without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the several spiritual persons hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, that the lands and hereditaments described in the second schedule, hereunto annexed, situate within the parish of Barmby Moor, in the county and diocese of York, formerly belonging to the deanery of the cathedral and metropolitical church of Saint Peter, at York, and now vested in us, which said lands and hereditaments were lately held and occupied by John Singleton, Esquire, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Barmby Moor, that the lands and hereditaments described in the third schedule, hereunto annexed, together with the messuage and buildings thereon, situate within the parish of Bothenhampton, in the county of Dorset and diocese of Salisbury, and also the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes, arising upon such lands and hereditaments, all which were conveyed to us by a deed bearing date the fifteenth day of July, the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time be

of the vicarage of the said parish of Bothenhampton, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the fourth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the townships of Bonwm, Carwg, Mwstwr, and Tir Llanerch, in the parish of Corwen, in the county of Merioneth, and diocese of Saint Asaph, formerly belonging to the sinecure rectory of Corwen, and now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of Saint Thomas, Glyndyfrdwy, in the same county and diocese, that all our estate and interest in the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the fifth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the parish of Llangar, in the said county of Merioneth and diocese of Saint Asaph, one moiety of which formerly belonged to the said sinecure rectory of Corwen, and is now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the rector or incumbent for the time being of the rectory of said parish of Llangar, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the sixth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the townships of Morfydd, Bodolas, and Ragatt, in the said parish of Corwen, and in the said county of Merioneth and diocese of Saint Asaph, formerly belonging to the said sinecure rectory of Corwen, and now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the rector or incumbent for the time being of the rectory of the parish of Llansantffraid-Glyndyfrdwy, in the same county and diocese, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the seventh schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the township of Gwerni Hywel, in the said parish of Corwen, and in the county of Denbigh and said diocese of Saint Asaph, formerly belonging to the said sinecure rectory of Corwen, and now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Yspytty Ivan, in the same county and diocese, that the messuage, lands, hereditaments, and premises described in the eighth schedule, hereunto annexed, situate within the parish of Kirton-in-Lindsey, in the county and diocese of Lincoln, now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Kirton-in-Lindsey, that the modus, or tithe, or rent charge in lieu of tithe described in the ninth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the township of Monk Heselden, in the parish of Monk Heselden, in the county and diocese of Durham, formerly belonging to the First Canonry in the Cathedral Church of Durham, and now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Kyloe, in the county of Northumberland, and the said diocese of Durham, that the lands and hereditaments described in the tenth schedule, hereunto annexed, situate within the parish of Oxenhall, in the county of Gloucester and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, which were conveyed to us by a deed, bearing date the seventeenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Oxenhall, that all our leasehold estate and interest in the messuage, lands, hereditaments, and premises described in the eleventh schedule, hereunto annexed, situate within the parish of Thurlby, in the said county and diocese of Lincoln, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Thurlby, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the twelfth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the parish of Dymerchion otherwise Tremerchion, in the county of Flint and said diocese of Saint Asaph, now vested in us, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Dymerchion otherwise Tremerchion.

"And we further recommend and propose that all our estate and interest in the lands and hereditaments, situate within the parish of Burton Dassett, in the county of Warwick, and diocese of Worcester, and comprising seven acres three roods and one perch, or thereabouts, together with the cottages, barn, and buildings thereon, formerly belonging to the prebend of Dassett, otherwise Dorset Parva, in the cathedral church of Lichfield, shall be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Burton Dassett; and that all our estate and interest in the money payment, tithes, or rent charges, in lieu of tithes arising out of or upon lands situate within the parish of Moughtrey otherwise Mochtre, in the county of Montgomery, and said diocese of Saint Asaph, and formerly belonging to the prebend of Mochtre, in the collegiate church of Brecon, shall, subject to any provisions affecting the same which are contained in the Act of the sixteenth and seventeenth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Moughtrey otherwise Mochtre.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend James Gram Brine, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of All Saints, Chardstock, in the counties of Devon and Dorset, and diocese of Salisbury, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the lands and hereditaments described in the thirteenth schedule, hereunto annexed, situate at Chardstock aforesaid, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein shall in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the said perpetual curacy of All Saints, Chardstock: Provided always that the annual sums or stipends, amounting together to thirty-five pounds, payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent, under the provisions of certain Orders of your Majesty in Council, bearing date respectively the twenty-seventh day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; the seventeenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four; and the fourteenth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty, shall be reduced to an annual sum or stipend of twenty-five pounds thirteen shillings and six pence, as from the first day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and shall be further reduced to an annual sum or stipend of seventeen pounds twelve shillings and two pence, as from the thirteenth day of November in the same year.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Brabazon Hallowes, Clerk, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of Cilcen, in the said county

of Flint, and diocese of Saint Asaph, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme that the tithes or rent charges, in lieu of tithes, described in the fourteenth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the said parish of Cilcen, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Cilcen, in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of fifty pounds, heretofore payable by us to the said vicar or incumbent under the provisions of the said Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the seventeenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Aris Henry Nourse, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of Cogges, in the county and diocese of Oxford, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the lands and hereditaments described in the fifteenth schedule, hereunto annexed, situate at Cogges aforesaid, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the said perpetual curacy of Cogges: Provided always, that the annual sum or stipend of nineteen pounds payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent under the provisions of an order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, shall be reduced to an annual sum or stipend of seven pounds and twelve shillings, as from the first day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and shall be further reduced to an annual sum or stipend of six pounds and sixteen shillings, as from the first day of November in the same year.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Arthur Thomas Gregory, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Flixton, in the county of Lancaster, and diocese of Manchester, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the sixteenth schedule, hereunto annexed, and therein numbered I, arising out of or upon lands situate within the townships of Flixton and Urmston, in the said parish of Flixton, with their appurtenances; and also the lands and hereditaments described in the same schedule, and therein numbered II, situate within the said township and parish of Flixton, together with the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes arising thereon with their appurtenances, all which formerly belonged to the prebend of Offley and Flixton annexed to the fifth canonry in the cathedral church of Lichfield, and are now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Flixton, in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of thirty pounds, heretofore payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent in respect of the estates formerly belonging to the said prebend or canonry, and also in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of thirty-three pounds, heretofore payable by us to the same perpetual curate or incumbent under the provisions of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and also of the annual sum or stipend of one hundred and fifty-eight pounds now payable by us to the same perpetual curate or incumbent under the provisions of another Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Denis Kelly, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of Holy Trinity, Gough Square, in the county of Middlesex, and diocese of London, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the messuages, lands, hereditaments, and premises described in the seventeenth schedule, hereunto annexed, situate at Holloway, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the same county and diocese, with their appurtenances, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, subject nevertheless to the several indentures of lease, the dates of which with the names of the lessees to whom the same are respectively granted, the term for which the same are respectively held and the reserved rents to which the same are respectively subject, are in the said seventeenth schedule, hereunto annexed, set opposite to the description of the said hereditaments which are demised by such leases respectively, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the said perpetual curacy of Holy Trinity, Gough Square: Provided always that the annual sum or stipend of forty-one pounds, heretofore payable by us to the same perpetual curate or incumbent under the provisions of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, shall be reduced to an annual sum or stipend of seven pounds fifteen shillings and eight pence, as from the fourteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Thomas Alfred Bangham, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of Christ Church, Lichfield, in the county of Stafford, and diocese of Lichfield, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the lands and hereditaments described in the eighteenth schedule hereunto annexed, situate at Lichfield aforesaid, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the said perpetual curacy of Christ Church, Lichfield: Provided always that the annual sum or stipend of thirty pounds, payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent, under the provisions of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the fifteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, shall be reduced to an annual sum or stipend of twenty-four pounds sixteen shillings and four pence, as from the fifth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Thomas Roberts Ellis, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Gyffin, in the county of Carnarvon, and diocese of Bangor, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the nineteenth schedule, hereunto annexed,

arising out of or upon lands situate within the said parish of Gyffin, with their appurtenances, formerly belonging to the deanery of the cathedral church of Bangor, and now vested in us, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Gyffin, in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of thirty pounds, heretofore payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent in respect of the estates formerly belonging to the said deanery of Bangor.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Richard Parry Jones, Clerk, the perpetual curate or incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Llanvihangel Ysceiviog, with the chapelry of Llanfinnan annexed, in the county of Anglesey, and diocese of Bangor, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the tithes or rent charges in lieu of tithes described in the twentieth schedule, hereunto annexed, arising out of or upon lands situate within the said parish of Llanvihangel Ysceiviog, with their appurtenances, formerly belonging to the deanery of the cathedral church of Bangor aforesaid, and now vested in us, shall, in like manner, and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the perpetual curate or incumbent for the time being of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Llanvihangel Ysceiviog, with the said chapelry of Llanfinnan annexed, in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of seventy-two pounds and ten shillings, heretofore payable by us to the said perpetual curate or incumbent, in respect of the estates formerly belonging to the said deanery of Bangor, and also in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of sixteen pounds, heretofore payable by us to the same perpetual curate or incumbent, under the provisions of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the seventeenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the Reverend Henry Everard Bullivant, Clerk, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, in the county of Leicester, and diocese of Peterborough, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, that the lands and hereditaments described in the twenty-first schedule, hereunto annexed, situate within the said parish of Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, with their appurtenances, now vested in us, and all our estate and interest therein, shall, in like manner and by the authority aforesaid, be transferred to and become absolutely vested in the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, in lieu of and in full substitution for and discharge of the annual sum or stipend of ten pounds, payable by us to the said vicar or incumbent, under the provisions of an Order of Your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twelfth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

"And whereas it appears to us, after duly considering the circumstances of the several cases undermentioned to be expedient that the grants respectively recommended to be made by us to the benefices or churches of Barmby Moor, Bothenhampton, Burton Dassett, Cogges, Eighton Banks, Saint Thomas, Glyndyfrdwy, Holy Trinity, Gough-square, Gyffin, Saint Nicholas, Hereford, Kirton-in-Lindsey, Christ Church, Lichfield, Llangar, Llansantffraid-Glyndyfrdwy, Llanvihangel-Ysceiviog, Saint Michael, Louth, Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, Moughtrey, otherwise Mochtre, Oxenhall, Thurlby, and Yspytty Ivan, should commence and take effect from the several dates hereinafter mentioned respectively, that is to say, in the case of the vicarage of Barmby Moor, from the twenty-fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty three; in the case of the vicarage of Bothenhampton, from the fifteenth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, in the case of the vicarage of Burton Dasset, from the second day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty two; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Cogges, from the fifth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Eighton Banks, from the twelfth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Saint Thomas, Glyndyfrdwy, from the first day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Holy Trinity, Gough-square, from the twenty-fifth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Gyffin, from the twenty-eighth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; in the case of the rectory of Saint Nicholas, Hereford, from the twenty-eighth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty; in the case of the vicarage of Kirton-in-Lindsey, from the twenty-first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Christ Church, Lichfield, from the fourth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; in the case of the rectory of Llangar, from the twelfth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; in the case of the rectory of Llansantffraid-Glyndyfrdwy, from the twelfth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Llanvihangel-Ysceiviog, from the twenty-eighth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Saint Michael, Louth, as from the twenty-eighth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the vicarage of Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, from the eleventh day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Moughtrey, otherwise Mochtre, from the eighth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the vicarage of Oxenhall, from the seventeenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; in the case of the perpetual curacy of Thurlby, from the sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; and in the case of the perpetual curacy of Yspytty Ivan, from the twelfth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that the several grants hereinbefore recommended by us to be made to the said last-mentioned benefices or churches respectively, shall commence and take effect from the said dates hereinbefore in that behalf mentioned respectively.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"FIRST SCHEDULE.

Name and Quality of Benefice or Church.	County.	Diocese.	Annual Grant by Commissioners.
			£
Acklam, East, V.	York	York	63
Ashted, Saint James, P.C.	Warwick ...	Worcester ...	128
Aylesbury, V.	Buckingham ...	Oxford ...	160
Bermondsey, Saint James, P.C.	Surrey	Winchester ...	124
Birmingham, Saint Matthias, P.C.	Warwick ...	Worcester ...	165
Bradford, Saint John the Evangelist, P.C. ...	York	Ripon	65
Bratton, P.C.	Wilts	Salisbury ...	300
Breaston, P.C., with Risley, P.C.	Derby	Lichfield ...	156
Brightside, P.C.	York	York	73
Brookthorpe, V., with Whaddon, P.C. ...	Gloucester ...	Gloucester and Bristol	19
Burntwood, Christ Church, P.C.	Stafford ...	Lichfield ...	162
Caddington, V.	Bedford and Hertford	Ely	56
Camden Town, P.C.	Middlesex ...	London ...	67
Compton Dundon, V.	Somerset ...	Bath and Wells	80
Corringham, V.	Lincoln... ...	Lincoln ...	56
Cropwell, Bishop, V.	Nottingham ...	Lincoln ...	129
Devonport, Saint Paul, P.C.	Devon	Exeter ...	115
Dilton's Marsh, P.C.	Wilts	Salisbury ...	160
Ealing, Saint George, or Old Brentford, P.C. ...	Middlesex ...	London ...	150
Eighton Banks, Saint Thomas, P.C.	Durham ...	Durham ...	150
Elswick, High, Saint Paul, P.C.	Northumberland	Durham ...	70
Hampton Bishop, R.	Hereford ...	Hereford ...	100
Hartlepool, West, Christchurch, P.C.	Durham ...	Durham ...	55
Hereford, Saint Nicholas, R.	Hereford ..	Hereford ...	16
Islington, Saint Andrew, Thornhill-square, P.C.	Middlesex ...	London ...	68
Kentish Town, Saint John the Baptist, P.C. ...	Middlesex ...	London ...	67
Lambeth, Saint Mary the Less, P.C.	Surrey	Winchester ...	44
Landkey, P.C., cum Swimbridge, P.C. ...	Devon	Exeter ...	140
Liverpool, Saint Mary Magdalene, P.C. ...	Lancaster ...	Chester ...	232
Liverpool, Saint Matthias, P.C.	Lancaster ...	Chester ...	144
Liverpool, Saint Stephen, P.C.	Lancaster ...	Chester ...	168
Llangyfelach, V.	Glamorgan ...	Saint David's ...	142
Louth, Saint Michael, P.C.	Lincoln ...	Lincoln ...	200
Market Weighton, V., with Shipton, C. ...	York	York	140
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, All Saints, P.C. ...	Northumberland	Durham ...	115
Oxton, V.	Nottingham ...	Lincoln ...	126
Poplar, Christ Church, P.C.	Middlesex ...	London ...	122
Sandiacre, P.C.	Derby	Lichfield ...	200
Sawley, V., with Long Eaton, C.	Derby	Lichfield ...	204
Shadforth, P.C.	Durham ...	Durham ...	80
Sheffield, Saint George, P C.	York	York	5
Southwark, Holy Trinity, P.C.	Surrey	Winchester ...	111
Thruxton, R., with Kingstone, V.	Hereford ...	Hereford ...	17
Wednesbury, V.	Stafford... ...	Lichfield ...	55
Whitechapel, Saint Mary, R.	Middlesex ...	London ...	130
Wilne, P.C.	Derby	Lichfield ...	217
York, Saint Michael le Belfrey, P.C.	York	York	105

"SECOND SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Award for inclosing certain lands situate within the Parish of Barmby Moor, dated 20th September, 1783.

"We do set out, allot, and award unto the Reverend John Fountayne, D.D., Dean of York, and his successors, for the time being, thirty-nine acres of land, more or less, parcel of the common or great pasture of Barmby upon the Moor aforesaid, bounded by lands last herein awarded to the said John Clough, towards the north; by lands awarded to Jane Wilner, and by a priva e road, towards the east; by lands herein awarded to Robert Smith, towards the south; and by the Stamford-bridge-road, towards the west. And we do order and direct that the said John Fountayne and his successors shall, for ever hereafter, sufficiently maintain the ditches and fences on the north side, west end of this allotment, and the east end thereof against the private road.

"THIRD SCHEDULE.

No. on Tithe Map of the Parish of Bothenhampton.	Occupier.	Description.	Quality.	Quantity. A.	R.	P.
211	William Spiller...	Tithing plot	Arable ...	0	3	19
214	Ditto	Farmhouse, barn, buildings, and orchard	Orchard ...	1	2	5
256	Ditto	Rolls plot	Arable ...	1	1	38
257	Ditto	Batthays	Arable ...	4	0	36
				8	0	18

"FOURTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the Townships of Bonwm, Carwg, Mwstwr, and Tir Llanerch, in the Parish of Corwen, in the County of Merioneth.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities. A.	R.	P.	Total Rent Charge payable to Rector. £	s.	d.
Griffith Howell Vaughan, Esq. ...	Powell Jones	147	3	22	5	5	0
	John Clarke	221	2	11	7	0	0
	Richard Jones	3	1	37	0	2	0
	Elizabeth Roberts	111	0	21	5	10	0
	Edward Jones	176	3	31	1	19	0
	Morris Roberts	287	3	4	2	16	0
	Humphrey Parry	40	1	36	1	8	6
		14	1	2	0	9	6
	John Jones	18	1	24	0	14	0
	Richard Jones	28	2	34	1	12	0
		65	3	21	2	1	6
	David Jones	49	1	13	1	16	6
	John Jones	28	3	39	2	7	0
		60	3	13	2	12	0
	John Jones	7	1	4	0	2	6
	William Hughes	4	2	37	0	5	0
	John Jones	6	0	24	0	7	0
	Thomas Jones	9	0	5	0	18	0
		33	0	35	1	19	0
	Evan Evans	67	1	12	2	12	0
	Richard Jones	121	3	7		...	
		11	2	38	0	11	6
	David Jones	21	0	30	1	9	6
	Richard Jones	21	0	24	1	4	0
	Thomas Lloyd	20	1	20	0	19	0
	John Jones	82	1	32	2	13	6
	Thomas Phillips	39	0	22	2	18	0
	Thomas Jones	40	3	11	3	17	6
	Griffith Howell Vaughan, Esquire	146	0	2	0	16	0
John Jones, of Pen-y-bout ...	Samuel Davies	96	3	12	2	10	6
	Evan Evans	7	3	28	0	14	0
Edward Jones	William Jones	16	3	17	2	4	6
Edward Parry	Peter Jones	63	3	2	4	5	0
Richard Venables Kirke, Esquire	Hugh Hughes	137	0	4	8	5	6
	Robert Roberts	10	3	10	0	16	0
	Edward Roberts	36	1	19	2	15	0
	Robert Roberts	25	0	9	0	17	6
Edward Roberts	Edward Roberts	38	3	22	1	19	0
Richard Edwards	Edward Evans	57	0	5	2	19	0
Edward Jones	David Roberts	81	3	9	4	2	0
Edward Jones	Edward Jones	61	2	33	2	14	0
Thomas Jones	John Lloyd	25	1	38	0	18	0
John Jones, of Llansilio	William Jones	32	0	35	1	17	6
Edward Hughes	Thomas Jones	70	2	1	4	7	0
David Jones	Edward Edwards	59	1	4	2	19	0
	Edward Lloyd	2	1	8	0	2	0
John Jones	John Morris	1	3	36	0	1	0

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge payable to Rector.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Lord Robert Ponsonby Soltentown	Thomas Hughes	10	3	3	0	13	0
Reverend William Lewis	Robert Roberts	45	1	28	1	5	0
John Humphreys	William Lloyd	103	3	24	2	9	6
John Jones, of Killanerch ...	Thomas Evans	8	2	18	0	6	6
	Thomas Jones	118	3	30	3	1	0
	William Jones	58	2	19	1	11	6
	Thomas Jones	18	2	32	1	7	0
David Davies	John William	13	0	1	0	15	0
	Humphrey Jones	27	2	9	1	1	6
					£113	2	0

"FIFTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the Parish of Llangar, in the County of Merioneth.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge payable to Rector and Vicar of Corwen in equal moieties.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Reverend Robert Townsend Passingham...	John Jones... ...	14	1	21	2	1	6
	Morris Thomas ...	125	2	19	10	19	0
	David Humphreys...	83	2	13	8	0	0
Griffith Howell Vaughan, Esquire ...	John Humphreys ...	58	3	38	10	4	2
	John Roberts ...	24	3	8	1	11	6
	John Jones... ...	51	1	34	2	3	10
					£35	0	0

"SIXTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the Townships of Morfydd Bodolas and Ragatt, in the Parish of Corwen, in the County of Merioneth.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge payable to Rector.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Griffith Howell Vaughan, Esquire	Ann Evans	1	0	10	0	1	0
	David Walmsley ...	59	1	32	2	11	6
	Hugh Hughes	128	0	39	3	2	0
	John Jones	70	3	30	2	14	6
	Thomas Price	34	0	4	2	13	0
	Thomas Jones	46	1	14	2	12	0
	Jane Jones	25	3	24	1	17	6
	Ellis Lloyd	13	3	1	0	19	6
	Richard Williams ...	29	3	2	3	0	0
	John Jones	31	0	5	2	10	0
	Hugh Price	14	1	10	1	6	6
	Anne Jones	148	3	3	5	7	0
John Jones, of Pen-y-bout	Robert Jones	29	1	25	1	2	6
The Representatives of the late Sarah Hughes	David Edwards ...	47	2	9	2	3	6
John Jones, of Killanerch	Edward Edwards ...	37	3	1	1	10	6
David Davies	David Davies	54	3	23	2	18	0
William Evans, Esquire	Thomas Davies... ...	40	0	26	2	0	0
John Davies, Esquire...	David Davies	161	1	20	6	6	6
	John Evans	100	2	27	2	18	6
John Lloyd Salisbury, Esquire	Morris Roberts... ...	7	2	0	0	3	6
Edward Lloyd, Esquire	Edward Lloyd, Esquire	317	2	14	4	14	0
					£52	11	6

"SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the Township of Gwerni Hywell, in the Parish of Corwen, in the County of Denbigh.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.	Total Rent Charge payable to Rector.
		A. R. P.	£ s. d.
John Jones, Esquire	Thomas Jones	237 3 24	12 4 0
	Robert Jones	85 1 24	5 5 0
	Evan Lloyd	44 1 5	1 15 0
David Davies	William and Henry Jones	144 1 17	6 6 0
Reverend Rees Evans	Peter Lloyd	95 1 8	6 3 0
Reverend John Evans	John Lloyd	97 3 17	3 4 0
Price Jones, Esquire	Evan Jones	4 0 0	0 2 0
Sir William Wynn, Knight	Alice Pierce	1 2 24	0 3 0
Reverend John Parry Jones Parry ...	Elizabeth Jones	10 0 10	0 18 0
			£36 0 0

"EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

"All that close or parcel of meadow or pasture land situate and being in the parish of Kirton-in-Lindsey aforesaid, commonly called or known by the name of the Willow Close, together with the messuage and buildings thereon, formerly said to contain, by estima ion, two acres and two roods more or less, but by admeasurement found to contain two acres and twenty-two perches, which said lands and hereditaments are bounded by public highways on the east, west, and south sides, and by the churchyard of the said parish of Kirton-in-Lindsey on the north side, and were conveyed to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England by a certain deed bearing date the twenty-first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and made between Thomas Skinner and the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, save and except so much of the said close comprising seven hundred and twenty square yards, or thereabouts, as has since been sold as an addition to the churchyard of the said parish; and also save and except a certain barn standing on the west side of the same close, and recently conveyed by the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England to the Reverend John Francis Stuart, Clerk, his heirs and assigns.

"NINTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the Township of Monk Heselden, in the Parish of Monk Heselden, in the County of Durham.

Landowners.	Quantities in Statute Measure.	Rent Charge payable to the Lord Bishop of Chester, as Prebendary of the First Prebend or Canonry in the Cathedral of Durham.
	A. R. P.	£ s. d.
Cleveland, the Duke of	682 2 26	2 0 0

"TENTH SCHEDULE.

"All that piece of land containing three acres, two roods, and sixteen perches or thereabouts, situate at the Three Ashes, in the parish of Oxenhall, in the county of Gloucester, being parcel of a close there called Corvells, and numbered 384 on the tithe commutation map, of the same parish, which said piece or parcel of land is bounded on the north-west by the parsonage garden and glebe belonging to the incumbent of the said parish, on the west and south by land belonging to the representatives of the late Thomas Cadle, deceased, on the east by land belonging to Mrs. Cow-meadow, and on the north by land belonging to John Tranter.

"ELEVENTH SCHEDULE.

No. on Tithe Map of the parish of Thurlby.	Description.	Quantity. A.	R.	P.
321	Garden	0	1	26
322	House and Paddock	1	1	39
		1	3	25

"TWELFTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the Parish of Dymerchion, otherwise Tremerchion, in the County of Flint.

Landowners.	Total Quantities. A.	R.	P.	Total Rent Charge payable to Appropriator. £	s.	d.
Chambers, Thomas	35	1	17	3	1	8
Clough, Richard Butler, Esquire, and Janet Williams ...	28	3	7	0	17	2
Harrison, Thomas, Esquire	30	2	2	3	5	5
Hilditch, William	1	3	27	0	3	5
Jones, Mr. Edward	3	2	34	0	5	10
Jones, Edward	0	1	37	0	0	3
Jones, Miss Mary	34	0	7	2	15	7
Jones, Miss Mary, Mrs. Brown, and the Reverend Edward Roberts	30	0	3	3	3	10
Lythgoe, Reverend Francis	66	2	33	3	2	1
Mostyn, Robert John, Esquire	77	0	27	5	14	4
Oldfield, Edward, Esquire	21	0	14	1	0	1
Parry, Thomas Parry Jones, Esquire	83	2	29	7	4	0
Poor of Saint Asaph	6	1	22	0	11	2
Salusbury, Mrs. Sarah	90	0	12	6	3	6
Saint Asaph, the Lord Bishop of	0	1	10	0	0	3
Trustees of Denbigh Charity School	36	2	5	0	0	6
Vaughan, William	31	2	8	2	10	2
Williams, Mr. John	45	2	1	4	19	11
Williams, Mrs. Elizabeth	1	3	31	0	6	4
Williams, Thomas	1	1	0	0	4	0
Wynne, John Lloyd, Esquire, and the Reverend John Boulger	301	3	22	20	5	10
Sir John Salusbury Piozzi, Salusbury Rectorial Glebe ...	3	0	30	0	19	6
				£66	14	10

"THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"All those five pieces or parcels of land situate at Chardstock aforesaid, which are delineated on the plan annexed to a certain deed of conveyance bearing date the thirty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and made between the Reverend James Gram Brine, Clerk, and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and which said pieces or parcels of land are set out and described in the schedule to the same deed, as follows; videlicet:

No. on Plan.	Description.	Quantity. A.	R.	P.
48, 49	East Field	1	3	8
		1	3	13
52, 53	West Field	1	2	32
		1	2	30
59	Home Meadow Corner	0	1	8
		7	1	11

"All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement three acres and three roods, situate in the parish of Chardstock aforesaid, bounded on the north by the road leading from Alston to Smallbridge, on the east by a road or lane leading from the last-named road to , on the west in part by an old inclosure numbered on the tithe apportionment map of the said parish of Chardstock, and on other part by a piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement two roods and sixteen perches, belonging to Thomas Clarke or his assigns, and on the south by an old inclosure numbered on the said tithe apportionment map, which said pieces or parcels of land are delineated in the plan to a certain deed of conveyance, bearing date the eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and made between William Rawlins and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.

"FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the Parish of Cilcen, in the County of Flint.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge formerly payable to Vicar.			Total Rent Charge payable to Sinecure Rector.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Edwards, Frances Mostyn, Spinster	Ezekiel Lloyd ...	143	0	7	7	10	2	13	6	4
	William Williams	84	1	35	4	15	6	8	9	0
Potts, Charles, Esquire...	Peter Jones ...	82	0	8	4	0	0	7	2	0
Parry, Price, Gentleman	William Griffiths	113	1	7	...		...	9	5	3
Potts, Charles, Esquire...	Robert Ellis ...	3	2	7	...		...	0	3	5
Roberts, Gabriel, Esquire	William Jones ...	0	3	11	...		...	0	0	6
Witter, Samuel	Margaret Jones ...	10	2	26	...		...	1	11	0
Williams, Thomas Molyneux, Esquire ...	Robert Goodwin	15	1	39	...		...	1	12	6
	John Davies ...	9	2	32	...		...	0	19	9
	Mary Powell ...	86	1	38	...		...	6	4	4
	John Simon ...	6	1	32	...		...	0	17	3
	Robert Williams	3	2	7	...		...	0	5	7
	Peter Lloyd ...	38	0	33	...		...	4	13	2
	Thomas Griffiths	94	1	19	...		...	6	1	3
					£16	5	8	£60	1	4

"FIFTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"All that plot of land containing three acres and fifteen perches, situate in the parish of C in the county of Oxford, bounded on the north-west partly by land belonging to John Early, Esquire, and partly by land belonging to Mr. Williams, on the north-east or north in part by the high road from Witney to Oxford, and in other parts by land belonging to Mr. Williams and to Mr. Basson, on the south-east partly by a brook known as the north field watercourse, and partly by land of the late George Grenville Harcourt, Esquire, and on the south or south-west by land of John Taylor, Esquire, which said plot of land is delineated in the plan to a certain deed of conveyance, bearing date the fifth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and made between George Brown and others and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.

"SIXTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"PART I.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the Township of Flixton, in the parish of Flixton, in the county of Lancaster.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Atkinson, Joseph, Executors of	Warburton, Thomas	67	1	19	9	15	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Armitt, William and James ...	Gilbody, Peter, and others ...	0	1	10	0	0	$8\frac{3}{4}$
Barlow, Neddy	Himself and others	11	3	32	1	14	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Barlow, John	Himself	43	0	5	6	2	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Bent, Henry	Himself	6	1	22	0	17	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Bent, Henry, jun.	Himself	2	1	38	0	7	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Bentley, Paul	Himself and another	0	1	23	0	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Booth, James	Himself and others	3	3	16	0	10	$8\frac{1}{2}$
Brundrett, Robert	Barlow, Samuel, and others ...	20	2	1	2	17	9
Burton's, William, Executors	Garside, James	26	3	10	3	17	$7\frac{3}{4}$

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Collier, Josiah	Himself	50	0	15	7	5	0¾
Coupe, Edmund	Himself and others	97	2	39	14	0	8¾
Coupe, James	Himself	8	3	10	1	5	6¼
Coupe, Richard	Upton, John	26	2	9	3	16	10¾
Cave, The Rev. Astley Cave Brown	Himself	3	3	0	0	10	10¼
Clark, The Reverend	Whitehead, John, and another ...	6	1	30	0	18	7¾
Daine, Peter	Daine, Strethell	28	1	35	4	0	4¾
Derbyshire, Thomas	Himself	33	0	1	4	14	2
Fogg, William	Watmough, W., and others... ...	59	2	17	8	10	8½
Fogg, Lawrence	Himself and others	9	3	33	1	8	10
Greaves, John	Royle, James	23	2	28	3	8	6¾
Harper, James	Himself and others	6	3	39	0	19	7½
Hall, Henry	Lowe, Peter...	2	0	10	0	5	11½
Haywood's, Peter, Executors...	Barlow, Richard	30	0	10	4	7	0½
Irwell Navigation Company ...	Booth, Thomas, and others	52	2	10	4	13	3¾
Johnson, John...	Himself and another	3	1	9	0	8	10½
Johnson, Betty and John ...	Themselves	3	0	0	0	8	8¼
Jones, William	Himself and others	3	0	34	0	8	3¾
Kidd, The Rev. Joseph John ...	Barlow, Richard	22	0	25	3	4	1¾
Knowles, John, jun.	Kay, James	0	2	27	0	1	11¼
Ligo, William	Lowe Ann	6	2	25	0	19	3¼
Lord, Robert	Hill, James, and others	5	3	23	0	15	10¾
Morton, Ann and Mary ...	Bennett, George, and others ...	0	1	16	0	0	8¾
Mason, Joseph	Aldred's, Thomas, Executors ...	18	0	39	2	12	9¾
Morreys, Robert J. Jackson ...	Himself	15	2	0	2	4	10¾
Norbury, Bradford, Esq. ...	Himself	25	1	14	3	12	2½
Peers, John	White, James, and others	3	3	18	0	11	2¼
Pass, William	Pennington, Joseph, and another ...	0	1	2	0	0	6¾
Ridehalgh, G. L., Esq. ...	Booth, James, and others	192	1	37	27	15	0½
Rogers, William	Coupe, Richard, and Taylor, William	33	2	10	4	16	4¾
Royle, Charles...	Himself and another	1	0	8	0	3	0½
Royle, Thomas, Executors ...	Royle, Charles	6	1	2	0	18	1¾
Royle, John	Himself	0	1	4	0	0	9½
Reed, Sir John	Himself	1	0	14	0	3	1¾
Reed, William...	Royle, George	11	2	15	1	13	6¾
Rogers, Thomas	Upton, John, and others	51	0	28	7	8	2¼
Shawcross, James	Himself	43	0	39	6	3	10½
Shawcross, Betty	Herself	1	1	17	0	3	11¼
Stott, John	Jones, William, and others ...	0	2	1	0	1	1¼
Taylor, James	Himself	17	3	10	2	11	6¾
Taylor, John	Himself and another	0	1	2	0	0	8¾
Taylor, Robert	Wood, John	7	0	34	1	0	7½
Taylor, Samuel	Hixon, Ephraim	4	1	28	0	12	9¾
Taylor, James	John Johnson and others	22	1	9	3	4	0¾
Taylor, Thomas	Himself and others	46	0	36	6	12	10¾
Turner, James	Himself	7	0	15	1	0	6½
Trafford, Sir Thomas De ...	Valentine, George	2	3	9	0	8	1½
Valentine, Joseph	Carter, Thomas, and another ...	0	1	12	0	0	8¾
Union of the Sick Societies ...	Howarth, George, and others ...	0	1	28	0	0	8¾
Walker, Josiah	Stott, John	46	3	4	6	14	11¾
Warburton, Christiana ...	Clarke, William, and others ...	8	0	0	1	1	7½
Warburton's, William, Executors	Upton, David	25	2	22	3	14	0¼
Whitehead, John	Himself	9	2	15	1	7	9¼
Wood, Samuel	Himself and others	13	2	17	1	18	6½
Wood, John	Himself	14	3	36	2	3	4¼
Williamson's, Thomas, Executors	Themselves and others	0	3	16	0	2	5½
Wright Lee Wright	Himself and others	53	1	36	7	13	11
Wright, Ralph	Taylor, Thomas, and another ...	25	1	32	3	13	8½
Wright, Richard	Barlow, Samuel, and another ...	11	1	31	1	13	1½
Walkden, Peter John	Barlow, Richard, and another ...	81	0	22	11	14	2½
Walkden, Ellen	Herself and others	2	2	13	0	7	2¼
Wishaw, Thomas	Himself and others	0	1	19	0	0	10¾
Warrington, Earl of Stamford	Unsworth, Thomas	1	2	28	0	4	10¼
Parish of Flixton	Cave, the Rev. A. C. B.	1	1	36	0	1	10¼
					£209	12	

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the township of Urmston, in the parish of Flixton, in the county of Lancaster.

Landowners.	Total Quantities. A.	R.	P.	Total Rent Charge payable to Appropriator. £	s.	d.
Ridehalgh, George, Esq.	156	1	31	15	18	6
Smith, Thomas	42	2	37	4	14	4¾
Stevenson, William, Trustees of	68	3	7	6	17	11¼
Stringer, John	1	1	24	0	3	1½
Taylor, James	4	0	13	0	9	0
Trustees of the Stretford Chapel	2	1	2	0	4	6¼
Trustees of Carrington Chapel	7	2	1	0	16	4¾
Trafford, Sir Thomas Joseph, Baronet	15	0	31	1	6	7½
Taylor, Samuel	115	3	8	11	17	3
Walkden, John, Executors	47	3	9	4	15	5¾
Walker, Josiah	4	3	20	0	10	5¾
Earl of Stamford and Warrington	0	2	0	0	1	2
Low, Alfred	4	2	0	0	9	6¾
				£48	4	5¼

"SIXTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"PART II.

"EXTRACT from the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the township of Flixton, in the parish of Flixton, in the county of Lancaster.

No. on Tithe Map.	Name and Description of Lands and Premises.	State of Cultivation.	Quantities in Statute Measure. A.	R.	P.	Rent Charge payable to Appropriator. £	s.	d.
	The Rev. Spencer Mader, Owner. A. C. Brown, Occupier.							
270	Brook meadow	Meadow ...	1	1	20	0	3	11¾
271	Cow hey	Arable ...	2	2	18	0	7	6¾
			3	3	38	£0	11	6½

"SEVENTEENTH SCHEDULE.

Description of Premises.	Date of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Term.	Rent. £	s.	d.
All that piece or parcel of land situate on the southern side of Blenheim-road, and on the western side of Cottenham-road, being at the corner of Blenheim-road and Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front next Blenheim-road twenty-three feet nine inches, and in depth along Cottenham-road seventy-four feet ten inches, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the corner house of the roads called Cottenham-road and Blenheim-road aforesaid, and being known as No. 1, Blenheim-road	19th August, 1856	James Hunt ...	99 years from 25th December, 1855	4	10	0

Description of Premises.	Date of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Term.	Rent.
				£ s. d.
All that piece of land situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and also at the back, sixteen feet, and in depth seventy-five feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the third house from the south-western corner or commencement of the Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, and being known as No. 6, Upper Cottenham-road	29th December, 1856	James Hunt ...	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 0 0
All that piece of land situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and also at the back, sixteen feet, and in depth seventy-five feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the fourth house from the south-western corner or commencement of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, being known as No. 8, Upper Cottenham-road	30th December, 1856	James Hunt ...	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 0 0
All that piece of land situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and also at the back, sixteen feet, and in depth seventy-five feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the seventh house from the south-western corner or commencement of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, and being known as No. 14, Upper Cottenham-road	5th March, 1857	James Hunt ...	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 0 0
All that piece of land situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and also at the back, sixteen feet, and in depth seventy-five feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the eighth house from the south-western corner or commencement of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, and being known as No. 16, Upper Cottenham-road	6th March, 1857	James Hunt ...	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 0 0
All that piece of ground situate on the northern side of a new road called or intended to be called Hanley-road West, Upper Holloway, in the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, containing in front, along the said road, twenty-three feet six inches, and at the back forty-six feet, and in depth, on the eastern side, eleven feet six inches, and in depth, on the western side, one hundred and ten feet, together with the messuage or tenement erected thereon, being the tenth house eastward from Upper Cottenham-road (the corner house inclusive), and known as No. 1, Hanley-road West	20th March, 1860	Robert Corrick...	99 years from 25th December, 1859	6 10 0

Description of Premises.	Date of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Term.	Rent.
				£ s. d.
All that piece of ground situate on the northern side of Hanley-road West aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and at the back, seventeen feet six inches, and in depth one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the ninth house eastward from Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid (the corner house inclusive), and known as No. 3, Hanley-road West	21st March, 1860	Robert Corrick	99 years from 25th December, 1859	6 6 0
All that piece of ground situate on the northern side of Hanley-road West aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, and at the back, seventeen feet ten inches, and in depth one hundred and ten feet or thereabouts, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the eighth house eastward from Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid (the corner house inclusive), and known as No. 5, Hanley-road West	22nd March, 1860	Robert Corrick	99 years from 25th December, 1859	6 6 0
All that piece of ground situate on the western side of Uppen Cottenham-road aforesaid, bounded on the north by a messuage demised by the said above named James Peachey to Samuel Lansdale, and on the south, by other land of the said James Peachey, and containing in front, along Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, and in the rear, nineteen feet (including half of each party wall), and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, and known as No. 42, Upper Cottenham-road	25th June, 1861	Sarah Briers ...	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	5 15 0
All that piece of ground situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, eighteen feet from and to the middle of each party wall, and at the back eighteen feet, and in depth seventy feet and four inches on the north side, and seventy feet nine inches on the south side, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the second house from the north-western corner, or commencement of the said road, and known as No. 44, Upper Cottenham-road	14th January, 1859	Samuel Lansdale	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 14 0
All that piece of ground situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, eighteen feet five inches (including one moiety of the southern party wall), and at the back eighteen feet, and in depth seventy feet on the north side, and seventy feet four inches on the south side, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the first house from the north-western corner of the said road, and being known as No. 46, Upper Cottenham-road	14th January, 1859	Samuel Lansdale	99 years from 25th December, 1855	5 14 0

Description of Premises.	Date of Lease.	Name of Lessee.	Term.	Rent.
				£ s. d.
All that piece of ground situate on the western side of Upper Cottenham-road aforesaid, containing in front thereof, along the said road, from and to the middle of each party wall seventeen feet six inches, and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the ninth house from a road called Blenheim-road (the corner house exclusive), and being known as No. 9, Upper Cottenham-road	20th September, 1861	Henry Leonard Hutchinson	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	5 10 0
All that piece of ground situate on the eastern side of a road called Ellenborough-road, containing in front, along Ellenborough-road aforesaid (including one-half of the southern party fence-walls), twenty-five feet four-and-a-half inches at the back, also including one-half of the said party fence-wall twenty-five feet, and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage and coach-house and stable, with workshop over the said messuage thereon erected, being the first house on the eastern side of Ellenborough-road aforesaid, from Blenheim-road aforesaid, and being known as No. 1, Ellenborough-road	26th August, 1862	Henry Leonard Hutchinson	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	7 0 0
All that piece of ground situate on the eastern side of Ellenborough-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, from and to the middle of each party wall seventeen feet, and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, and known as No. 3, Ellenborough-road	26th August, 1862	Henry Leonard Hutchinson	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	5 0 0
All that piece of ground situate on the eastern side of Ellenborough-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, from and to the middle of each party wall seventeen feet, and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the third house from Blenheim-road aforesaid (the corner house exclusive), and being known as No. 5, Ellenborough-road	29th August, 1862	Henry Leonard Hutchinson	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	5 0 0
All that piece of ground situate on the eastern side of Ellenborough-road aforesaid, containing in front, along the said road, from and to the middle of each party wall seventeen feet, and in depth seventy-three feet, together with the messuage erected thereon, being the fourth house from Blenheim-road aforesaid (the corner house exclusive), and being known as No. 7, Ellenborough-road	31st August, 1862	Henry Leonard Hutchinson	96½ years from 25th December, 1860	5 0 0

"EIGHTEENTH SCHEDULE.

"ALL those pieces or parcels of land and hereditaments situate within the parish of Saint Michael, in the city of Lichfield, which are delineated on the plan annexed to a certain deed of conveyance, bearing date the fourth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and made between the Reverend Robert Cowpland, Clerk, the Perpetual Curate of Weeford, in the said county of Stafford, and diocese of Lichfield, and others; and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England; and which said pieces or parcels of land are set out and described in the Schedule to the same deed, videlicet:—

No. on Tithe Map of the parish of St. Michael, Lichfield, and on Plan to Conveyance.	Name of Close.	State of Cultivation.	Quantity.		
			A.	R.	P.
647	Close in Poolfield	Arable ...	0	1	23
674	Ditto	Arable ...	0	2	1
583	Close in Townfield	Arable ...	0	2	19
583*a*	Part of ditto	Arable ...	1	1	1
			2	3	4

"NINETEENTH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the parish of Gyffin, in the county of Carnarvon.

Landowners.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge payable to Rector.		
	A.	R.	P.	£	*s.*	*d.*
Bulkeley, Sir Richard Williams Bulkeley, Baronet	701	1	12	123	0	0
Conway, the Corporation of	10	2	30	2	0	10
Cartwright, Mary Sophia	5	3	16	1	8	0
Dinorben, the Lord	19	0	19	3	2	10
Elias, William, Esq.	4	0	0	0	18	2
Evans, Williams, Esq.	20	2	28	4	16	0
Ellis, Humphrey	18	3	20	3	7	10
Ellis, Jane	9	2	32	2	18	9
Gyffin Parish	4	1	5	0	8	0
Jones, Ann Jane	13	3	0	2	15	6
Jones, John	20	3	37	4	0	0
Jones, Thomas	3	1	32	0	6	6
Jones, Thomas	9	1	4	3	8	4
Jones, Evans	5	3	26	0	8	7
Jones, Robert	4	3	17	1	14	6
Llanbedr Parish	12	3	23	4	5	0
Massey, Mary	96	2	22	24	0	0
Newborough, the Lord	76	1	13	19	10	6
Owens, Colonel	2	0	8	0	11	7
Owens, John	3	3	22	1	5	0
Owens, Reverend Thomas Cæsar	14	0	35	3	14	6
Richard, Mrs.	11	3	27	2	18	6
Roberts, Hugh	1	2	10	0	3	4
Roberts, Robert	10	3	25	3	15	9
Smith, Thomas Assheton, Esq.	8	2	21	2	9	4
Williams, Thomas, Esq.	73	1	18	15	12	0
Williams, John Lloyd, Esq.	15	1	19	3	8	9
Williams, John	48	1	14	8	9	6
Williams, Evan	32	2	13	3	18	9
Williams, John	8	0	15	0	16	2
Williams, William	1	2	15	0	2	0
				£249	14	6

"EXTRACT from the apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the Parish of Gyffin, in the County of Carnarvon.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Nos.	Name and Description of Land and Premises.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge payable to Rector.		
				A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Erskine, Lady Jane Silence	Edward Williams...	107	Cae Garregag	7	2	9	2	12	6
	William Owen ...	109	Caean, Sir Robert ...	7	1	37	2	10	6
		22	Cae mwca	3	0	0	1	3	0
	Thomas Jones ...	101	Bryn bychan	23	5	17	7	16	0
		114	Part of ditto	5	2	27	1	18	0
		110	Part of ditto	7	3	5	2	13	0
	Robert Roberts ...	97	Hendre fawr	1	0	26	0	3	4
		130	Part of ditto	27	2	0	6	0	0
		131	Part of ditto	5	1	12	0	15	9
		113	Part of Hendre fawr ...	5	2	9	2	0	0
	Ann Roberts ...	96	Hendre fawr	3	2	36	1	1	6
		98	Part of ditto	3	1	30	1	0	6
		134	Part of Hendre fawr ...	20	2	8	4	12	0
		116	Part of ditto	7	2	18	2	4	0
							£36	10	1

"TWENTIETH SCHEDULE.

"EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes, in the Parish of Llanvihangel Ysceiviog, in the County of Anglesey.

Landowners.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent Charge.		
	A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Anglesey, The Most Noble the Marquis of	1387	1	28	194	19	7
Griffith, Richard Trygarn, Esquire	996	1	9	120	2	4
Jones, F. Walker, Esquire	26	3	31	4	7	9
Jones, John	22	3	18	2	4	9
Massey, Mary	5	0	36	0	3	11
Pierce, Pierce Morgan	32	0	35	3	18	11
Pritchard, Hugh	12	2	0	1	4	8
Pritchard, Reverend Richard	81	0	14	7	16	3
				£334	18	2

"TWENTY-FIRST SCHEDULE.

"All that close of land called Little or North Meadow, containing by estimation four acres three roods and thirty-six perches, situate within the said parish of Lubnam, otherwise Lubenham, in the county of Leicester, and numbered 229 upon the map of the said parish, which close is bounded on part of the north by land of Mrs. Knight, on the remaining part of the north, and on the east, by land of Thomas Tertius Paget, Esquire, on the south by land of Mrs. Chapman, and on the west by land of the Reverend Henry Kebbell, Clerk, which said close of land is delineated in the plan drawn in the margin of a certain deed of conveyance, bearing date the eleventh day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and made between Charlotte Rebecca Humfrey and another, and the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the several dioceses of York, London, Durham, Winchester, Saint Asaph, Bangor, Bath and Wells, Chester, Saint David's, Ely, Exeter, Gloucester and Bristol, Hereford, Lichfield, Lincoln, Manchester, Oxford, Peterborough, Ripon and Worcester.

Arthur

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twelfth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Emmanuel, situate at Holcombe, in the parish of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Emmanuel, situate at Holcombe aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Bury described in the schedule hereunto annexed, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto also annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Holcombe.'

"And, with the like consent of the said James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect thereof, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Holcombe, being:—

"All that part of the township of Tottington-lower-end, in the parish of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, which is not comprised within the limits either of the new parish of Saint Anne, Tottington, or of the new parish of Ramsbottom, severally situate within the county and diocese aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Manchester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the fifth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, chapter one hundred and three; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the fifth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, chapter one hundred and three; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the parish of Clifton, in the city and county of the city of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

"Whereas it has been represented to us that the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the said parish of Clifton, was built by subscription under and by virtue of the powers or authorities for such purpose contained in the secondly hereinbefore mentioned Act, and that such church was duly consecrated on or about the tenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty.

"And whereas it has been further represented to us that the several persons whose individual subscriptions to the fund raised for the erection of such church amounted to fifty pounds and upwards, did, in accordance with the powers or authorities contained in the Act lastly referred to, elect from among themselves three trustees as the life trustees of the same church for the several purposes contemplated by the same Act.

"And whereas it has been further represented to us, that the Reverend John Hensman, the incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the said parish of Clifton, Clerk, John Scandred Harford, of Blaise Castle, near Bristol, Esquire, Abraham Hilhouse, of Sion Hill, in the said parish of

Clifton, Esquire, and Daniel Burges, of Clifton-park, in the said parish of Clifton, Esquire, are now the majority of the surviving subscribers entitled to elect the trustees of the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the parish of Clifton, under the provisions of the Act lastly referred to.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the parish of Clifton aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consents of the Right Reverend Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol (the bishop of the said diocese); of the Reverend William Marsh, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Beddington, in the county of Surrey, Doctor in Divinity; of the Reverend William Carus, Canon Residentiary of the cathedral church of Winchester; of the Reverend John Venn, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of Saint Peter, in the city of Hereford; of the Reverend Edward Auriol, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Saint Dunstan-in-the-West, in the city of London; and of the Reverend Edmund Hollond, of Hyde Park Gardens, in the county of Middlesex, Clerk, the patrons of the perpetual curacy of the parish of Clifton aforesaid; of the said John Hensman, John Scandred Harford, Abraham Hilhouse, and Daniel Burges, and of the Reverend Humphrey Allen, the minister or incumbent of the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the said parish of Clifton, (testified by their having respectively signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Clifton which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate in the parish of Clifton aforesaid, and should be named 'The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Clifton.'

"And with the like consents of the said Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, of the said William Marsh, William Carus, John Venn, Edward Auriol, Edmund Hollond, John Hensman, John Scandred Harford, Abraham Hilhouse, Daniel Burges, and Humphrey Allen, (testified as aforesaid,) we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings and burials should be solemnized or performed at the church of the Holy Trinity aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect thereof should be paid and belong to the minister or incumbent of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the said John Hensman shall remain the incumbent of the said perpetual curacy of the parish of Clifton aforesaid, all the fees to be received in respect of the solemnization or performance of the said offices at the said church of the Holy Trinity, shall be paid by the minister or incumbent thereof to the said John Hensman.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto, as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Clifton, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Clifton, in the city and county of the city of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, which is comprised within and bounded by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary dividing such parish from the district parish of Saint Paul, Bedminster, in the county of Somerset, and in the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, at a point in the middle of Cumberland-road, and extending thence first north-westward and then northward along the middle of such road, passing in front of Avon-crescent, to the middle of the southern end of the swing bridge over the locks which connect Cumberland Basin with the Floating Harbour; and extending thence northward along the middle of such bridge to its northern extremity, and continuing thence first northward and then north-westward along the middle of the road which passes round the eastern and northern sides of the said Cumberland Basin, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of the road which passes between the Bonding Yard and Dowry-place upon the one side, and Grenville-place and Caroline-place, and Brunswick-place upon the other side; and extending thence still north-westward to and along the middle of the last-described road, to its junction with the Hotwell-road, at the south-western end of Dowry-parade; and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-named road, as far as the southern corner of Dowry-square; and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the road which forms the southern side of the said Dowry-square, and along the middle of Power-street, and of the road passing in front of Providence-place, and along the middle of the road commonly called 'Hope Chapel-hill,' to the junction of the last named road with the road called 'Granby-hill;' and extending thence northward along the middle of the last-named road as far as a point opposite to the middle of the western end of the road which leads past Cornwallis-crescent, and past the top of Clifton-vale, (otherwise called 'Mead-lane,') to Clifton Parish Church; and extending thence eastward to and along the middle of the last-described road passing Cornwallis-crescent and the top of Clifton-vale, otherwise called Mead-lane as aforesaid, as far as the point where the footpath leading from Saville-place to Clifton-vale, otherwise Mead-lane, crosses the said road, and opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'C.H.T.D.C., 1863, No. 1,' and placed upon the southern side of the same road; and extending thence in a direct line south-eastward to such boundary stone; and continuing thence in the same direction and in a straight line across the close numbered 39 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Clifton, and upon the map hereunto annexed, to another boundary stone inscribed 'C.H.T.D.C., 1863, No. 2,' and placed on the western side of the footpath leading from Clifton Parish Church aforesaid, to the before mentioned Hotwell-road, at the intersection of such footpath by the stone stile dividing the said close numbered 39, from the close numbered 38 upon the said maps; and continuing thence, still south-eastward, to a point in the middle of the said footpath; and extending thence southward along the middle of the same footpath to the swing gate which divides the last-mentioned close from Ambrose-lane, at a point opposite to the middle of the western extremity of the wall which forms the southern boundary of the close and premises known as 'Ambrose House,' and numbered 37 upon the said maps; and extending thence eastward to and along the middle of the last described wall passing at the back of the houses and premises in Crosby-row, which are numbered respectively 1 and 2 to the junction of such wall with the wall which divides the close numbered 44 upon the same maps from the eastern side of the last-mentioned house and premises numbered 2 as aforesaid, and extending thence southward along the middle of the last-described wall to the gates at the entrance of the

last-mentioned close; and extending thence eastward along the said gates, and then north-eastward along the middle of the wall which divides the said close numbered 44 as aforesaid from the close at the rear of the houses in Crosby-row aforesaid, to the eastern extremity of such wall where it is joined by the wall which divides Crosby-row from the premises known as 'Clifton Wood-terrace,' and numbered 45 upon the said maps; and extending thence southward along the middle of the last described wall, and along the gates at the entrance to the said Clifton Wood-terrace to the wall which forms the southern boundary of the road which passes in front of the said Crosby-row; and extending thence westward along the middle of the last described wall for a distance of three yards or thereabouts to its junction with the wall which forms the back of the houses on the eastern side of Rees's-court; and extending thence southward along the middle of the last described wall to its southern extremity, and continuing thence still southward to and along the middle of the passage which forms the entry to the said Rees's-court, to a point in the middle of the Hotwell-road aforesaid, opposite to the middle of the southern end of such passage; and extending thence south eastward along the middle of the last-named road as far as the boundary dividing the said parish of Clifton from the district chapelry of Saint Peter, Clifton Wood, in the city and county of the city of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol aforesaid; and extending thence first eastward along the last described boundary, and then south-eastward along the same boundary to its junction with the boundary dividing the said parish of Clifton, from the district parish of Saint Paul, Bedminster aforesaid, in the middle of the Floating Harbour aforesaid; and extending thence south-westward along the last-described boundary, as far as the point in the middle of Cumberland-road, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the two several registries of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, at Bristol and at Gloucester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorising the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Fourth Canonry in the Cathedral Church of Durham, and now vested in us.

"Whereas on the vacancy of the said Canonry, which occurred on or about the tenth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, by the decease of the Venerable Charles Thorp, Doctor in Divinity, Archdeacon of Durham, the then holder of the said fourth Canonry, all the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments theretofore belonging to the said Canonry (except rights of patronage) became by virtue of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, so vested in us as aforesaid, are not subject to any outstanding beneficial lease or grant, but are now in possession, but some portions thereof, on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable, under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the same, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time, and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorised and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act, all or any of the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they, shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall upon due calculation and inquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Prebends of Ruiton, otherwise Ryton and Prees, otherwise Pipe Minor, in the Cathedral Church of Lichfield, annexed to the fourth Canonry in the said Church, and now vested in us.

"Whereas it was by the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen enacted that the whole of the separate estates and endowments belonging to the said Prebends of Ruiton, otherwise Ryton and Prees, otherwise Pipe Minor (excepting any right of Ecclesiastical patronage) should, upon the then next avoidance of the said prebends become absolutely vested in us for the purposes, and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas, under, and by virtue of an Indenture bearing date the eleventh day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and made, or expressed to be made between the Reverend Henry Dudley Ryder, Clerk, Master of Arts, Prebendary of the said Prebends by Thomas Dudley Ryder, of Gray's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, and Richard Calthorpe Whitmore Ryder, of Lincoln's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, his Attorneys duly appointed by a deed poll or instrument under the hand and seal of the said Henry Dudley Ryder, dated the twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, of the one part; and us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England of the other part; and of another Indenture bearing date the thirteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and made or expressed to be made between the same Henry Dudley Ryder by his said Attorneys, the said Thomas Dudley Ryder, and the said Richard Calthorpe Whitmore Ryder, of the first part; the said Thomas Dudley Ryder and the said Richard Calthorpe Whitmore Ryder of the second part; and us, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, of the third part; all the estate and interest of him, the said Henry Dudley Ryder, as such prebendary as aforesaid, in all the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, then belonging to the said prebends respectively, became vested in us for the consideration, and subject to the covenants contained in the said indentures.

"And whereas some portions of the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments aforesaid, are subject to beneficial leases thereof, and produce during the subsistence of such leases, only a small annual revenue, and partly on that account, and partly on account of their character or situation, are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable, under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions, or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, or such part or parts thereof, as we shall at any time, and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the holder or holders thereof (if any) to be testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments heretofore belonging to the said prebends of Ruiton, otherwise Ryton and Prees, otherwise Pipe Minor, or either of them, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council, now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Lichfield.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's

reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the "laws concerning the burial of the dead in "England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit;

And whereas certain Orders in Council have been made, directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards hereinafter mentioned, from the time specified in such Orders respectively; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in the said churchyards be postponed;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discontinuance of burials in such churchyards be postponed, as follows; viz.:

In the churchyard of CUMBERWORTH, Yorkshire, fron the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

In the churchyard of EGREMONT, Cumberland, from the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

In the churchyard of DALSTON, Cumberland, from the thirty-first of October to the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the Burial Acts," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time to order such acts to be done by or under the directions of the churchwardens or such other persons as may have the care of any vaults or places of burial, for preventing them from becoming or continuing dangerous or injurious to the public health; and that every such Order in Council shall be published in the London Gazette, and that such churchwardens or other persons shall do or cause to be done all acts ordered as aforesaid, and the expenses incurred in and about the doing thereof shall be paid out of the poor rates of the parish: provided always, that no such representation shall be made until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the churchwardens or other persons, or one of the churchwardens, or other persons having the care of the vaults or places of burial to which the representation relates;

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation having been duly given to the churchwardens or other persons having the care of the burial-ground of Bethel Chapel, in the parish of Dowlais, Merthyr Tydfil, has made a representation, stating that he is of opinion that, for the purpose of preventing the vaults and graves in the said burial-ground from becoming injurious to the public health, an Order should be made for the adoption of the measures which are hereinafter set forth;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the churchwardens or such other persons as may have the care of the said burial-ground, do adopt, or cause to be adopted, the following measures, viz.:—

That the burial-ground of Bethel Chapel, in the parish of Dowlais, Merthyr Tydfil, be levelled, without disturbing the remains of the dead, and the part not covered with stones be covered with concrete or asphalte.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Vestry Clerk of the parish hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has, under the provisions of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the fifteenth and sixteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the "burial of the dead in the metropolis," made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, burials should be discontinued from and after the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in the churchyard of Holy Trinity, Mile End, in the parish of Stepney, except in now existing family graves, which shall be used in accordance with the Official Regulations for New Burial-grounds.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the thirtieth day of December next:

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of the said parish, or on some conspicuous places within the part or parts of the metropolis affected by such representation, one calendar month, at the least, before the said thirtieth day of December.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representations, has, under the provisions of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws con- "cerning the burial of the dead in England "beyond the limits of the metropolis, and to "amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead "in the metropolis," made representations stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial-ground should be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and that interments in the same should be discontinued, with the following modifications; viz.:

BROADWATER, SUSSEX.—Forthwith in the churchyard, within four feet of the boundary wall on the north side.

HOGSTHORPE, LINCOLNSHIRE.—Forthwith in the parish church, and from and after the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, in the churchyard, with the exception of now existing vaults and grave spaces reserved for the use of survivors,—widowers and widows,—which are free from water and can be opened without the exposure of human remains.

LUTON, BEDFORDSHIRE.—From and after the first of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the Friends' Burial-ground, in Castle-street.

AMLWCH, NORTH WALES.—Forthwith in the parish church and in the Salem Chapel, and from and after the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in the parish churchyard of Amlwch, and also in the chapelyard of Salem, with the exception of vaults and walled graves existing on the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and separately enclosed by concrete or by stone or brick-work properly cemented.

CHEADLE.—Forthwith in the church and in the old part of the parish churchyard, except in now existing vaults and walled graves in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and separately enclosed by concrete or by stone or brickwork properly cemented.

GREAT MALVERN.—Forthwith in the churchyard, except in now existing vaults and walled graves in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal and enclosed by concrete or masonry or brickwork properly cemented.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representations, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the thirtieth day of December next:

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of or on some conspicuous places within the parishes affected by such representations. one month before the said thirtieth day of December.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the "burial of the dead in England, beyond the limits of "the metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning "the burial of the dead in the metropolis;" it is enacted that, in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, the opening of any new burial-ground in any city or town, or within any other limits, save with the previous approval of one of such Secretaries of State, should be prohibited, or that burials in any city or town, or within any other limits, or in any burial-ground or places of burial, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that no new burial-ground shall be opened in any city or town, or within such limits, without such previous approval, or (as the case may require), that after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such city or town, or within such limits, or in such burial-grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time, as circumstances may require; provided always, that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some other conspicuous places within the parishes affected by such representation, one month before such representation is so considered; provided also, that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial-ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk or Churchwardens of such parish;

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Churchwardens of the parish hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has made a representation, stating that, for the protection of the public health, burials shall be discontinued, except under certain conditions, in the cemetery at Wotton, near Gloucester;

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the twelfth day of September last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-sixth day of October last, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and

copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that burials in the parish of Barton St. Mary shall be discontinued as follows; viz.:

BARTON, SAINT MARY, GLOUCESTER.—Forthwith in the cemetery at Wotton, near Gloucester, except for the interment of husbands, wives, parents, children, brothers, or sisters of those buried therein before the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and that the regulations for new burial grounds be observed therein.

Edmund Harrison.

Admiralty, 20th November, 1863.

The following promotions, dated the 14th instant, have this day been made in consequence of the death on the 13th instant, of Admiral of the White Sir John Gordon Sinclair, Bart.:—

Admiral of the Blue Sir Houston Stewart, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the White.

Vice-Admiral James Ryder Burton, K.H., on the Reserved List, to be Admiral on the same list.

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir William Fanshawe Martin, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Sir James Scott, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Thomas Wren Carter, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admirals:

James Brasier,
Robert Contart McCrea,

on the Reserved List, to be Vice-Admirals on the same list.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Michael Quin to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Sydney Colpoys Dacres, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Charles Frederick to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Claude Henry Mason Buckle, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admirals:

William Henry Smyth,
Richard Saumarez,

to have the rank and title of Retired Admirals, and

Retired Rear-Admirals:

William Slaughter, K.H.,
Thomas Gill,
William Allan Herringham,
Robert Gordon,

to have the rank and title of Retired Vice-Admirals, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the City and County of the City of Edinburgh, *and Liberties thereof.*

Edinburgh Artillery Militia.

Alexander Moncrieff, Gent., to be Captain, vice Finlay, resigned. Dated 9th November, 1863.

James Webster Winchester, Gent., to be Captain, vice Cockburn, resigned. Dated 13th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

7th Somersetshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Henry Hopkins to be Captain, vice Anstey, resigned. Dated 16th November, 1863.

Frederick Toller, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Hopkins, promoted. Dated 16th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Assistant-Surgeon Robert Shackleford Cross in the 12th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 14th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

3rd Hampshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Edgar Besant to be Second Lieutenant, vice Dowse, resigned. Dated 16th November, 1863.

12th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign William Henry Chalcraft to be Lieutenant, vice Seward, resigned. Dated 16th November, 1863.

Richard George Peon Minty to be Ensign, vice Chalcraft, promoted. Dated 16th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant George Renny, of the 1st Administrative Battalion of Berwickshire Rifle Volunteers, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Berwick.

1st Administrative Battalion of Berwickshire Rifle Volunteers.

Thomas Broomfield to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cornwall.

21st Cornwall Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Simmons Williams to be Ensign. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

1st Administrative Battalion of Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Francis Robertson Reid to be Major. Dated 14th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cumberland Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Joseph Fletcher to be Major. Dated 13th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

11th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Richard Hunt to be Lieutenant. Dated 7th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain James Bowers in the 46th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Crown Office, November 18, 1863.

Days appointed for holding Special Commissions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, for the undermentioned places:

Berkshire, Thursday, November 26, at Reading.

Cambridgeshire, Tuesday, December 15, at the County Courts.

Cheshire, Thursday, December 3, at Chester.

Derbyshire, Wednesday, December 9, at Derby.

Devonshire, Monday, December 7, at the Castle of Exeter.

City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Durham, Wednesday, December 2, at Durham.

Essex, Tuesday, December 22, at Chelmsford.

Glamorganshire, Monday, December 21, at Cardiff.

Hertfordshire, Thursday, December 3, at Hertford.

Kent, Wednesday, December 16, at Maidstone.

Leicestershire, Monday, December 7, at Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

Montgomeryshire, Thursday, December 17, at Welshpool.

Norfolk, Friday, December 18, at the Castle of Norwich.

City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Northumberland, Saturday, November 28, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said Town.

Nottinghamshire, Saturday, December 12, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Oxfordshire, Saturday, November 28, at Oxford.

Salop, Monday, December 14, at Shrewsbury.

Somersetshire, Friday, December 11, at Taunton.

Southampton, Monday, November 30, at the Castle of Winchester.

Staffordshire, Saturday, December 5, at Stafford.

Surrey, Wednesday, December 23, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

Sussex, Monday, December 21, at Lewes.

Warwickshire, Wednesday, December 2, at Warwick.

Worcestershire, Wednesday, December 2, at Worcester.

City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.

Yorkshire, Saturday, December 5, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY DROYLSDEN AND FAILSWORTH, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the Local Government Act District of Droylsden and by the township of Failsworth (Manchester), both in the county of Lancaster.

And notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named district of Droylsden and township of Failsworth; and that the said Act has the force of law within such district and township.

Given under my hand this 17th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY BURTON-UPON-TRENT.

WHEREAS the Burton-upon-Trent Commissioners acting in that town under the provisions of "The Town of Burton-upon-Trent Act, 1863," adopted on the 23rd day of September, 1858, the Local Government Act, 1858, within the said town, under their jurisdiction. And whereas notice of such adoption has been duly given to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that the said Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted by the aforesaid Commissioners, and that in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act, 1858, the said Act will at the expiration of two months from the date of the passing of the resolution, adopting such Act, have the force of law within the said town, under the jurisdiction of the said Commissioners.

Given under my hand this 16th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, November 14, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of the slave schooner "Concepcio," captured on the 25th June, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Wye," will commence on Thursday, the 26th instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the

Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	70	1	10
Master Commanding .	166	9	6
Fourth class . . .	48	4	7
Fifth class . . .	26	15	11
Sixth class . . .	24	2	3
Seventh class . . .	16	1	7
Eighth class . . .	8	0	9
Ninth class . . .	5	7	1
Tenth class . . .	2	13	6

NOTICE is hereby given, that the registry of Zion Chapel, Lansdown-hill, in the town and county of Southampton, in the Superintendent Registrar's district of Southampton, as a place wherein marriages might lawfully be solemnized under the provisions of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85, was, on the 5th day of November, 1863, cancelled by the Registrar-General.

W. H. Mackey, Superintendent Registrar.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to William Sparks Thomson, therein described as of New York, in the United States of America, but now of Saint Martin's-le-Grand, London, Skirt Manufacturer, and at present carrying on business at No. 97, Cheapside. London aforesaid, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of hooped skirts."—Partly a communication from abroad by William Wilmot, of New York, in the United States of America, bearing date the 13th day of May, 1859.—No. 1204.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the patentee of the said letters patent has applied by Petition to Her Majesty's Solicitor-General for leave, certified by his fiat and signature, to enter with the Clerk of the Patents of England a Disclaimer and Memorandum of alteration of certain parts of the specification of the said letters patent; and any person intending to oppose such application must give notice thereof at the office of the Solicitor-General, No. 1, Mitre-court-buildings, Temple, within ten days from the date hereof.—Dated this 18th day of November, 1863.

H. Wickens, No. 4, Tokenhouse-yard, Bank, in the city of London, Solicitor for the Petitioner.

India Office, November 18, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that he has received Calcutta Gazettes, containing the following notices of Orders made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11th Victoria, cap. 21.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the Matter of Kassinauth Paulit, an Insolvent.

In the Matter of Nilmoney Sein, an Insolvent.

In the Matter of Margaret Lee, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, it was ordered that the hearing of each of these matters do severally stand adjourned sine die.—Insolvent in person. Strong, Attorney. Downing, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the Matter of Gourgopaul Bysack, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, by an order of this Court, the said insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively, except as to the debt of Bissonauth Shaw for Rupees 141–8, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing.—Shircore, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the Matter of Mathew Steel Templeton, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court day in September, 1864, and that the order made in this matter for the ad interim protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first Court day in September, 1864, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.—Insolvent in person. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the Matter of Thomas Roxbrough Gordon, an Insolvent.

In the Matter of Gabriel Robert Martindell, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, it was ordered that the several petitions of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, be severally dismissed.—Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the Matter of Henry George Hailes, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, it was ordered that the hearing of the matters of the petition of the said insolvent be adjourned to the first Court day in the month of March next, and that the said insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.—Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the Matter of George Frederick Abich, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, by an order of this Court, the said insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 22, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively.—Date of Gazette containing notice, September 9, 1863.

In the several Matters of Robert Burkinyoung, Seekurchund Busraj, Doorgapersaud Goolzarymull, Kessreechund, Issreechund, and Woomeschunder Ghose, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 5th day of September instant, it was ordered, upon the application of the

Official Assignee, that an account of unclaimed dividends in the above matter be received and filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk.—Date of Gazette containing notice, September 12, 1863.

In the Matter of Henry Diendone Rodrigues, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, be dismissed.—Date of Gazette containing notice, October 7, 1863.

India Office, November 18, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received Calcutta Gazettes, containing the following notices that the under-mentioned Insolvents filed their Petitions in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11th Victoria, cap. 21:

Petitions filed praying for relief.

In the matter of Rookeeneebullub Mookerjee, of Sobha Bazar, in Calcutta, an Assistant in the Office of the Official Assignee, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11. Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 7th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 12, 1863.

In the matter of Mohendrololl Bose, of Simlah, in Calcutta, late a Cashier at Jamalpore, in the service of the East India Railway Company, now a Prisoner in the Common Jail of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 14th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 12, 1863.

In the matter of Charles Emil Falke, late of Rajmehal, Agent for the Emigration of Coolies to Tea Districts, but at present a Prisoner in the Great Jail of Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 12th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 16, 1863.

In the Matter of Promothonauth Bacooley, late of Goozarpore, in the district of Hooghly, then of Simlah, in Calcutta, and now a Prisoner in the Great Jail of Calcutta, a Talookdar, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 14th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. —Moses, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 16, 1863.

In the matter of Megrauj and Heeraloll, both of Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, who lately carried on trade and business as Shop-keepers at Burra Bazar, in Calcutta aforesaid, in copartnership with Ramchund Karanee, since deceased, and Bonomally Doss, under two different styles and firm of Megrauj, Heraloll, and Ramchund Bonomally Doss, Insolvents.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 17th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 19, 1863.

In the matter of Richard Monack Crow, of No. 13, Chandney, in Calcutta, Architect and Builder, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk, on the 15th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 19, 1863.

In the Matter of James Archer, Junior, formerly of Lucknow, and then of Seetapore, in Oude, and at present residing at No. 1, Wellesley 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, holding an appointment as Clerk in the Seetapore Commissioner's Office, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk, on the 15th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Insolvent in Person. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 19, 1863.

In the Matter of Jules Perrot, formerly carrying on business as a Railway Contractor and Lime Burner, at No. 5, Kyd-street, in Calcutta, in co-partnership with Joseph Julius Maximilian Kaas, under the firm of Kaas, Perrot and Company, then of Allahabad, in the north-western provinces of India, and at present of No. 9, Hastings'-street, in Calcutta, in the service of Messieurs Warning Brothers, Hunt, and Company, Railway Contractors, of Allahabad aforesaid, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 18th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 19, 1863.

In the Matter of Megrauj and Heeraloll, both of Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, who lately carried on trade and business as Shop-keepers, at Burra Bazar, in Calcutta aforesaid, in copartnership with Ramchund Karanee, since deceased, and Bonomally Doss, under two different styles and firm of Megrauj, Heeraloll, and Ramchund Bonomally Doss, Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic, cap. 21., was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 17th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 23, 1863.

In the Matter of James Archer, junior, formerly of Lucklow, and then of Seetapore, in Oude, and at present residing at No. 1, Wellesley, Second-lane, in Calcutta, holding an appointment as Clerk, in the Seetapore Commissioner's Office, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 15th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Insolvent in Person. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 23, 1863.

In the Matter of Jules Perrot, formerly carrying on business as a Railway Contractor and Lime Burner, at No. 5, Kyd-street, in Calcutta, in copartnership with Joseph Julius Maximlian Kaas, under the firm of Kaas, Perrot, and Company, then of Allahabad, in the north-western provinces of India, and at present of No. 9, Hastings'-street, in Calcutta, in the service of Messieurs Warning Brother, Hunt and Company, Railway Contractors, of Allahabad aforesaid, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 18th day of September instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 23, 1863.

In the Matter of Lorenzo Bartolomeo Oliva, of No. 1-1, Mission-row, in Calcutta, Merchant and Agent, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 30th day of September last, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 30, 1863.

In the Matter of Edward Montgomery Hamilton, of No. 11-1, Waterloo-street, in Calcutta, Hotel-keeper, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11, Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 2nd day of October instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 30, 1863.

In the Matter of Takoordoss Mitter, formerly carried on business at No. 3, Chowringhee-road, as a Money Lender, and now a Prisoner for Debt in the Calcutta Jail, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 5th day of October instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate aud effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Goodall, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 7, 1863.

In the Matter of Paul Harvey D'Mello, of No. 62, Collinga Bazar-street, in Calcutta, late of Fyzabad, Head Assistant in the Commissariat Office of Accounts there, and at present employed in the Commissariat Examiner's Office, at Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 2nd day of October instant, and by an order of the same date, the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Shircore, Attorney. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 7, 1863.

WHEREAS, at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say:—

Whereas, on the 4th day of April last, six of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said county to add to or send with the notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county, a notice in the form marked (A), in the Schedule to the Act 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that, at this Sessions, a proposal would be made to the Justices to constitute the parishes of Ashbury, Beaworthy, Belstone, Broadwoodkelly, Exbourne, Hatherleigh, Highampton, Honeychurch, Iddesleigh, Inwardleigh, Jacobstow, Meeth, Monkoakhampton, Northlew, Okehampton, and Hamlet of Kigbeare, within the said parish of Okehampton, Sampford Courtenay, and Sheepwash, a Highway District; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send, by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

And whereas, the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said six Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed Highway District) made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this county, on the 5th day of January next,) that the parishes and places undermentioned be constituted a Highway District, and that the same shall be known by the name of "The Hatherleigh Highway District."

And this Court doth also order (subject, as aforesaid,) that the number of Waywardens, which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz.:

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Ashbury	1
Beaworthy	1
Belstone	1
Broadwoodkelly	1
Exbourne	1
Hatherleigh	1
Highampton	1
Honeychurch	1
Iddesleigh	1
Inwardleigh	1
Jacobstow	1
Meeth	1
Monkoakhampton	1
Northlew	1
Okehampton (including the Hamlet of Kigbeare)	1
Sampford Courtenay	1
Sheepwash	1

And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own High-

ways, the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate, and that where the same are situate in more than one parish they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same, and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

And this Court doth lastly order, that, should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned, or any part or parts thereof be comprehended in the terms of the restrictions imposed with respect to the formation of Highway Districts, by Section vii. of the said Act, 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, such parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said Highway District, and this Order, so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect.

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 5th day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

WHEREAS, at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say :—

"Whereas, on the 5th day of August last, five of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said county to add to or send with the notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county, a notice in the form marked (A), in the Schedule to the Act 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that, at this Sessions, a proposal would be made to the Justices to constitute the parishes of Ashford, Atherington, Bishopstawton, Braunton, Fremington, Georgeham, Heanton Punchardon, Horwood, Instow, Landkey, Morthoe, Newton Tracey, Swymbridge, Tawstock, and West Down, a Highway District; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send, by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

And whereas, the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said five Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed Highway District) made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this county, on the fifth day of January next,) that the parishes and places undermentioned be constituted a Highway District, and that the same shall be known by the name of "The Barnstaple Highway District."

And this Court doth also order (subject, as aforesaid,) that the number of Waywardens, which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz. :

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Ashford	1
Atherington	1
Bishopstawton	1
Braunton	2
Fremington	1
Georgeham	1
Heanton Punchardon	1
Horwood	1
Instow	1
Landkey	1
Morthoe	1
Newton Tracey	1
Swymbridge	2
Tawstock	2
West Down	1

And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own highways, the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate, and that where the same are situate in more than one parish they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same, and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

And this Court doth lastly order, that, should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned, or any part or parts thereof be comprehended in the terms of the restrictions imposed with respect to the formation of Highway Districts, by section 7 of the said Act, 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, such parishes, or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said Highway District, and this Order so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect."

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the fifth day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

WHEREAS, at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say :—

"Whereas, on the 5th day of August last, six of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said county, to add to, or send with the notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county, a notice in the form marked A, in the schedule to the Act 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that, at this sessions, a proposal would be

made to the Justices to constitute the parishes of Arlington, Berrynarbor, Bittadon, Bratton Fleming, Brendon, Challacombe, Combmartin, Countisbury, East Down, Goodleigh, Highbray, Kentisbury, Linton, Loxhore, Martinhoe, Marwood, Parracombe, Pilton, Sherwill, Stoke Rivers, and Trentishoe, a highway district; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send, by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

"And whereas, the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said six Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed highway district) made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

"This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this county, on the 5th day of January next,) that the parishes and places undermentioned be constituted a highway district, and that the same shall be known by the name of "The Ilfracombe Highway District."

"And this Court doth also order (subject, as aforesaid,) that the number of Waywardens which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz.:—

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Arlington	1
Berrynarbor	1
Bittadon	1
Bratton Fleming	1
Brendon	1
Challacombe	1
Combmartin	1
Countisbury	1
East Down	1
Goodleigh	1
Highbray	1
Kentisbury	1
Lynton	1
Loxhore	1
Martinhoe	1
Marwood	1
Parracombe	1
Pilton (such part as is not in the borough of Barnstaple) ...	1
Sherwill	1
Stoke Rivers	1
Trentishoe	1

"And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own highways; the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate; and that where the same are situate in more than one parish, they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same; and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden, or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

"And this Court doth lastly order, that should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned, or any part or parts thereof, be compre-hended in the terms of the restrictions imposed, with respect to the formation of highway districts, by section 7 of the said Act, 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61; such parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said highway district; and this Order, so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect."

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order, by a final Order, will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 5th day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

WHEREAS, at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a provisional order was made in the words following, that is to say:—

"Whereas, on the 8th day of September last, five of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said county to add to or send with the notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county, a notice in the form marked A, in the schedule to the Act 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that at this Sessions, a proposal would be made to the Justices to constitute the parishes of Ashburton, Bickington, Buckland in the Moor, Holne, Ilsington, Manaton, Widdicombe in the Moor, Staverton, Woodland, and Broadhempstone, a Highway District; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send, by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

And whereas, the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said five Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed Highway District) made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this county, on the 5th day of January next,) that the parishes and places undermentioned be constituted a Highway District, and that the same shall be known by the name of "The Ashburton Highway District."

And this Court doth also order (subject, as aforesaid,) that the number of Waywardens, which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz.:

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Ashburton	2
Bickington	1
Buckland in the Moor	1
Holne	1
Ilsington	2
Manaton	1
Widdicombe in the Moor ...	2
Staverton	2
Woodland	1
Broadhempstone	1

And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own highways the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or

places, shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate, and that where the same are situate in more than one parish they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same, and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

And this Court doth lastly order, that, should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned or any part or parts thereof be comprehended in the terms of the restrictions imposed with respect to the formation of Highway Districts, by section 7 of the said Act, 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, such parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said Highway District, and this order so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect."

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 5th day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the county of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say :—

"Whereas, on the 28th day of September last, six of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said county to add to or send with the notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county, a notice in the Form marked (A), in the Schedule to the Act 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that, at this Sessions, a proposal would be made to the Justices to constitute the parishes of Ashprington, Buckfastleigh, Cornworthy, Dittisham, Dean Prior, Dartington, Halwell, Harberton, Morleigh, North Huish, Rattery, South Brent, Townstall, and Diptford, a Highway District; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

And whereas the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said six Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed Highway District), made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this county, on the 5th day of January next), that the parishes and places under-mentioned be constituted a Highway District, and that the same shall be known by the name of the Totnes Highway District.

And this Court doth also order (subject as aforesaid), that the number of Waywardens, which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz:

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Ashprington	1
Buckfastleigh	1
Cornworthy	1
Dittisham	1
Dean Prior	1
Dartington	1
Halwell	1
Harberton	1
Morleigh	1
North Huish	1
Rattery	1
South Brent	2
Townstall	1
Diptford	1

And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own highways, the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or places shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate, and that where the same are situate in more than one parish they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same, and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

And this Court doth lastly order, that, should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned, or any part or parts thereof be comprehended in the terms of the restrictions imposed with respect to the formation of Highway Districts, by section 7 of the said Act, 25 and 26 Victoria, c. 61, such parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said Highway District, and this Order so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect."

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said county of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 5th day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

WHEREAS, at a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Devon, held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a Provisional Order was made in the words following, that is to say :

"Whereas, on the 8th day of September last, five of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Devon did, by writing, under their hands, require the Clerk of the Peace for the said County to add to or send with the Notice for holding this Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, a Notice in the Form marked A, in the Schedule to the Act 25 & 26 Victoria, c. 61, or as near thereto as circumstances would admit, that, at this Sessions, a proposal would be made to the Justices to constitute the Parishes of Bovey Tracey, Abbotskerswell,

Bishopsteignton, Coffinswell, Coombinteignhead, Dawlish, Denbury, East Ogwell, Haccombe, Ideford, Ipplepen, Kingsteignton, Kingskerswell, St. Nicholas, Stokeinteignhead, Torbryan, West Ogwell, Wolborough, Highweek, Chudleigh, Hennock, Teigngrace, and Trusham, a Highway District; and did also require the said Clerk of the Peace to send, by post, in a prepaid letter, notices in the aforesaid form, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of every parish mentioned in the said notice.

"And whereas, the Clerk of the Peace having complied with the said requisition, the said five Justices (two, at least, of whom were resident within the proposed Highway District) made the said proposal to this Court, and the same having been entertained by the Justices here assembled.

"This Court doth order (subject to the same being confirmed at the next Quarter Sessions to be held for this County, on the 5th day of January next,) that the parishes and places undermentioned be constituted a Highway District, and that the same shall be known by the name of "The Newton Abbott Highway District."

"And this Court doth also order (subject, as aforesaid,) that the number of Waywardens, which each parish shall elect, shall be the number set against the name of each parish respectively, viz.:—

Parish.	No. of Waywardens.
Bovey Tracey	1
Abbotskerswell	1
Bishopsteignton	1
Coffinswell	1
Coombinteignhead	1
Dawlish	1
Denbury	1
East Ogwell	1
Haccombe	1
Ideford	1
Ipplepen	1
Kingsteignton	1
Kingskerswell	1
St. Nicholas	1
Stokeinteignhead	1
Torbryan	1
West Ogwell	1
Wolborough	1
Highweek	1
Chudleigh	2
Hennock	2
Teigngrace	1
Trusham	1

"And this Court doth further order, that should any parish hereinbefore mentioned, separately maintaining its own poor, be divided into townships, tithings, hamlets, or places, each of which has hitherto separately maintained its own highways, the said townships, tithings, hamlets, or places shall be combined with the parish wherein the same are respectively situate, and that where the same are situate in more than one parish they shall be combined with the parish in which they shall have the largest boundary line, and no separate Waywardens shall be elected for the same, and that such parish shall be subject to the same liabilities in respect of all highways within it which were before maintained by such townships, tithings, hamlets, and places separately, as if all their several liabilities had attached to the whole parish, and that a Waywarden or two Waywardens, if two Waywardens shall have been hereinbefore ordered, shall be elected for such parish as a whole.

"And this Court doth lastly order, that, should any of the parishes or places hereinbefore mentioned, or any part or parts thereof be comprehended in the terms of the restrictions imposed with respect to the formation of Highway Districts, by section 7 of the said Act, 25 & 26 Victoria, c. 61, such parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall not be included in the said Highway District, and this Order so far only as regards the said parishes or places, or part or parts thereof, shall be of no effect."

Notice is hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order by a Final Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County of Devon, to be held at the Castle of Exeter, on the 5th day of January next.

H. Ford, Clerk of the Peace.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

2806.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Walter Davis Richards, of the city of Boston, in the United States of America, but now of Morley's Hotel, Charing Cross, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in caloric or heated air engines."—A communication to him from Henry Messer, of Roxbury, in the county of Norfolk and State of Massachusetts and United States of America, was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said Office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

2818.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Ellis Rowland, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, praying for letters patent for the invention of "certain improvements in apparatus for weighing solid bodies and for measuring fluids, parts of which improvements are also applicable to the opening and closing of dampers," was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said Office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

2093. To Louis Guillemot, of 42, Rue du Moulin a Vent à Poitiers, Departement de la Vienne, France, for the invention of "an improved machine for obtaining perpetual motion."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2362. To Clémence de Wailly, Widow of Leon de Wailly, (an Author), living at No. 1a, Florence-street, Upper-street, Islington, N, for the invention of "an improved slipper or clog principally intended for bath rooms."

On her petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 25th day of September, 1863.

Numb. 22791. 5743

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1863.

Foreign Office, November 17, 1863.

THE following is an Extract of a Despatch addressed to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, in Japan, dated, Yokohama, September 11th, 1863.

The enclosed returns of British trade, furnished to me by Mr. Consul Winchester, are of themselves descriptive of the astonishing degree of progress which that trade has reached during the very period (the half-year ended the 30th of June last), when the situation of affairs has been more menacing and alarming than at any previous period.

Your Lordship will observe that the value of the export trade in British vessels has increased during the period referred to from £253,337, of the corresponding period last year, to £561,120 for the first six months of this year; and yet, during those same six months the succession of events which have transpired of an alarming and exciting character were calculated in an unparalleled degree altogether to paralyze and arrest any trading operations whatever.

In imports we have in the first six months of this year £111,470, against £68,981, for the same period of last year, being an excess of £42,489.

I beg leave also to draw your Lordship's attention to the fact that in this year's returns raw cotton figures for the first time as an article of export to the extent of 795,207 lbs.

In respect to the foreign trade in general of Yokohama, engaged in by the subjects of all the treaty powers, I enclose for your Lordship's information an excellent and very accurate report, extracted from a local paper.

Inclosure 1.

A RETURN of British and Foreign Vessels arrived at, and departed from, the Port of Kanagawa, during the Half-year ended 30th June, 1863, compared with the movements of 1862, during the same period.

ARRIVALS.

1863.			1862.	
Number.	Flag.	Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.
40	British	12938	14	4391
19	American...	7347	12	9135
7	Dutch	1919	5	1023
2	French	653	2	295
5	Prussian	1252	...	...
1	Russian	286	...	...
74	Total	24395	33	14844

DEPARTURES.

1863.			1862.	
Number.	Flag.	Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.
39	British	12153	15	4803
26	American...	9455	12	9135
8	Dutch	1969	4	763
2	French	653	1	149
3	Prussian	772	...	...
1	Russian	286	...	...
79	Total	25288	32	14850

British Consulate, Kanagawa, August 31st, 1863.

CHARLES A. WINCHESTER, Consul.

Inclosure 2.

A RETURN of the Import Trade in Forty British Vessels at the Port of Kanagawa during the Half-year ended 30th June, 1863, compared with that of 1862, during the same period.

Articles.		1863.		1862.	
		Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.
			Dollars.		Dollars.
Grey shirtings	Bales	385	54,750	1,394	95,662
White „	„	140	16,000	208	16,050
Dyed „	„	153	19,875	106	12,462
Camlets	„	1,009	160,330	477	75,712
Cottons	„	76	6,006	131	13,969
Chintzes	„	153	16,275	128	12,594
Tafachelass	„	1	300	41	9,916
Velvets	„	111	22,116	66	5,986
Woollens	„	116	16,965	63	8,610
Cotton yarns	Peculs	4	255	...	...
Vermillion	„	59	4,175	...	...
Tin, lead, and spelter ...	„	13,358	182,931	1,759	53,579
Medicine	...	...	11,861	...	570
Provisions	...	...	1,662	...	900
Miscellaneous	...	...	21,597	...	25,000
Total ...		...	$535,098	...	$331,010

In sterling @ 4*s.* 2*d.* £111,470 17*s.* 6*d.* ... ... £68,960 3*s.* 4*d.*

British Consulate, Kanagawa, August 31st, 1861.

CHARLES A. WINCHESTER, Consul.

Inclosure 3.

A RETURN of the Export Trade in Thirty-nine British Vessels, at the Port of Kanagawa, during the Half-year ended 30th June, 1863, compared with that of 1862, during the same period.

Articles.	1863.		1862.	
	Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.
		Dollars.		Dollars.
Raw silk ... ... Peculs	7,179	2,281,773	3,617	984,732
Tea ... ... „	18,280	253,540	15,231	168,392
Oil ... ... „	569	4,260	790	3,557
Seaweed ... ... „	4,053	7,243	3,560	5,140
Wax ... ... „	95	857	38	395
Isinglass ... ... „	10	100	61	913
Gensing ... ... „	124	20,029	6	837
Mushrooms ... ... „	158	2,164	209	3,270
Dried fish ... ... „	2,297	17,853	1,364	8,500
Raw cotton ... ... „	5,979	70,404	...	...
Gallnuts ... ... „	213	1,155	46	184
Medicine	...	1,685	...	168
Paper	...	1,171	...	1,705
Lacquered ware, &c.	...	10,029	...	6,245
Timber	...	17,737	...	1,730
Miscellaneous	...	13,378	...	30,253
Total ...	...	$2,703,378	...	$1,216,021
In sterling @ 4*s.* 2*d.*	£563,203 15*s.*		... ...	£253,337

British Consulate, Kanagawa, August 31st, 1863.

CHARLES A. WINCHESTER, Consul.

Inclosure 4.

Having in our last completed a short and hurried *revue* of the past twelve months' political doings of Japan, we now proceed, according to promise, concisely to gather together, at this appropriate season, a few of the leading facts and statistics in reference to commercial matters. The sketch will of necessity be but short and imperfect, but we shall return to the different heads of the subject as time and opportunity may afford.

Imports—The month of July (1862) opened with a pretty brisk market in this branch, several large transactions in 6½ cattie grey shirtings, and considerable business in camlets reported. The demand for tin had been good, and recent arrivals to the extent of about 2,000 piculs disposed of. This general activity continued, with slight variations, to the end of the year. Tin and lead advanced, and good business was done at prices ranging from 38 dollars to 42 dollars for No. 1, and 25 dollars to 32 dollars for No. 2 of the former, and 8 dollars to ten dollars for the latter. The estimated settlements, of lead about 37,000 piculs, of tin, say 36; camlets, 29,000, and grey shirtings, 141,000 pieces. At the commencement of the year 1863 this branch of trade began to slacken, and the transactions in most of the above principal articles were, comparatively with the preceding months, very trivial. An improvement was looked for after the turn of the Japanese holidays, and in April more business was done, cotton and woollen goods showing a slight advance. Tin greatly declined and became unsaleable. At the end of May, owing to the disturbed aspect of political affairs, business came almost to a standstill, and so continued until the settlement of the money-portion of the demands of Great Britain, when disposition for business was early evinced by the Japanese merchants, though but few transactions in cotton goods are reported, business in camlets only to some extent being noticeable.

SILK.

We now proceed to take a retrospective view of this, our principal staple, for the season just ended. At this time last year the markets in Europe were extremely buoyant; the demand for Japan silk had since the beginning of 1862 assumed a remarkable activity, owing probably to a peculiarity of its nature which offered for certain purposes considerable advantages to manufacturers, and gave it on that account a decided superiority over most of the other descriptions of silk known hitherto. We refer especially to the property which Japan silk possesses in an eminent degree of imbibing a large proportion of dye stuff, and which renders it invaluable for the manufacture of black goods, which were the prevailing fashion in Europe throughout the last year, under the French term "trame Japon."

The market for the season 1862–63 opened with a slight rise on the prices that had been ruling for the latter part of the season 1861–62; there was still a margin left on the rates that were current in Europe, and this margin, in connection with the increasing favour with which Japan silk was received, resulted in large orders being sent to this market. They met with a supply fully equal to the demand, the crop of 1862–63 having

been since known to be nearly double that of 1861-62: indeed, from the end of August to the middle of November, prices had given way 5 to 10 per cent. below those of July. When it was ascertained in China, towards the latter end of 1862, that the produce of that country for the season 1862-63 would fall short of the preceding campaign, the merchants of Shanghai and Europe turned their attention to Japan, the growing capabilities of which were becoming more and more apparent. From the month of December the demand assumed a fresh start, and for three or four months continued unabated, so that prices rose gradually to an unprecedented point. The political events of April did not materially check the activity of the market. Money was then tolerably abundant, and the chance of impending hostilities induced the foreign houses to convert as much as they could of their goods and property in exportable articles; on their own side the Japanese dealers were not slow to avail themselves of this new turn of affairs, and, so long as they did not consider themselves in danger, sustained firmly the prices of their commodities.

In the begining of May a panic set in among them; all at once they became eager sellers, and large quantities of silk were disposed of at a reduction of 70 dollars, and in some instances even 100 dollars. This state of things, however, did not last beyond a few days. Reassured as well by their own authorities, as by the readiness with which the foreign houses met their offers, the native dealers very soon showed more firmness and prices returned to their former point. But, from that moment to the end of the season, the arrivals from the interior became very limited, possibly from the gradual exhaustion of the stock in the country, perhaps also from natural apprehensions so long as political affairs remained threatening and unsettled.

Fortunately the fears which had at one time been seriously entertained about the maintenance of peace have passed away, at least as far as this place is concerned, and from the reports of the Japanese dealers themselves, we are led to believe that they are encouraged by their own authorities to continue and extend their transactions with the foreign community of Yokohama.

The present season (of 1863-64) has just opened under very auspicious circumstances. The new crop was favoured with fine weather, and there is every reason to believe, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding, that the result has been most satisfactory. Indeed the large profits which the Japanese dealers and growers have realised, especially throughout the last year in this staple, must have acted as a powerful incentive to a largely increased cultivation of the mulberry-tree, and there is no doubt, in our mind, that anticipations in that respect will be fully borne out by facts hereafter. If, after the above sketch, we pass from the purely commercial to moral considerations, we cannot but be powerfully struck with the following remarks.

It is now just four years since Japan was opened by treaty to the foreign trade. Centuries had elapsed during which no intercourse had taken place with the "hated barbarians," except upon the smallest scale at Nagasaki; and that with one European nation only. When it was ascertained that silk was grown in this country (a fact put beyond doubt by the first importation of that article into England towards the middle of 1859), the attention of consumers was awakened to it, and experiments made which convinced them at once that this new produce would soon prove highly interesting. We need not remind our readers that for some few years before the opening of Japan, the production of France and of Italy had been considerably curtailed by a new disease of the Silkworm, which has lasted since without intermission. The diminution of the European crop had mainly induced the continental manufacturers to use China silk, to which they had previously shown a material reluctance. It cannot therefore be considered surprising that when the first bales of Japan silk appeared on the London market, a general curiosity arose with regard to a produce at once so new to the manufacturing world, and so much wanted. When it was ascertained that this new article possessed intrinsic qualities far superior, not only to Bengal and China silk, but even to anything until then known in Europe, a gradual demand sprung up for it, which has hitherto led to astonishing results, and promises to go much further still. To speak in round numbers the exportation of Japan silk amounted in 1859–60 to 6000 bales, in 1860–61 to 10,000 bales, in 1861–62 to 12,000 bales, and in the season 1862–63, just ended, to 26,000 bales.

The lowest average value here of a bale of Japan silk of 85 catties, including export duty, commission, and other charges, may be estimated for the last season at 370 dollars, which gives for 26,000 bales, 9,620,000 dollars,—or, at 5s. for the dollar, upwards of £2,400,000.

We read with wonder some months ago in the columns of a London contemporary, that "the trade with Japan is barely sufficient to pay the expenses of the agencies established here by the great China houses!"

We, on the contrary, believe that there are few examples in the commercial world of so rapid a development of trade: and this is the more startling as Japan had been isolated for centuries from intercourse with all outsiders. But when we come to consider that the staple upon which we are now remarking, is the most costly of all commodities, with the exception of gems and precious metals, we cannot refrain from enlarging upon the growing importance of a country which has, in so short a time, increased its capabilities more than fourfold, with every appearance of further progress. Nay, if we compare Japan to China for silk only, we have it on the most undoubted authority that the latter country, within the space of 4 years after the conclusion of the Treaty of Nankin, remained a good deal behind what Japan has achieved with regard to the quantity and value of silk exported; and yet China had at that time enjoyed for 100 years or more, constant relations with foreigners at Canton, whereas our connexion with Japan is yet in its infancy.

It is also worthy of notice that the production of silk in China has been getting gradually less for the last two or three years. Should this decrease continue the deficiency will most fortunately be filled up by the produce of this country; and in the contrary case we are content to leave the commerce of Yokohama to its natural development, stimulated as it will be by the self-interest of all parties concerned.

Japan silk has now taken a firm hold in the markets of Europe; the demand for it goes on increasing yearly, owing to its own peculiar and intrinsic merit, which renders it independent of all competition, and we are fully assured, as far as all human foresight can go, that ere many years are over, the silk trade of this place will stand second to none other.

Tea.

The season of this staple opened with a brisk market, and with quotations 1 to 2 dollars in advance of preceding rates for medium description. Quotations standing thus: Medium (old), 16 to 22 dollars, ditto (new), 20 to 24 dollars: Good to Fine (old), 24 to 29 dollars, ditto (new), 25 to 31 dollars. For some weeks these prices were fully maintained, but in the month of September there was some falling off in sales owing to the extreme rates asked by the teamen. The few sales made were at a further advance of 1 to 2 dollars for the medium kinds. In the following month there was a still further advance for the same kinds of from 2 to 3 dollars. Business during the months of November and December was very fluctuating, tending, in consequence of the extreme rates demanded by the teamen, towards dullness, but at the end of the year the prices became somewhat easier and a considerable number of settlements were made. In the month of January a further advance of 1 to 2 dollars was submitted to; prices then standing about thus—Common 14 to 20 dollars; Medium 21 to 28 dollars; Fine 29 to 33 dollars. Business then began to fall away, and notwithstanding that the teamen showed some inclination to submit to some decline, no great demand existing, but little was done. In the months of February and March a small business only was done, that principally for the American market. In the month of April, in consequence of the disturbed aspect of political affairs, the Japanese merchants took alarm, and eager to work off their stocks previous to their intended departure, consented to very considerable reduction, indeed at this period the changes were so great and so frequent that quotations were not obtainable. At the end of the season there was a slight improvement in business, stocks light and appearing likely so to continue until confidence in political matters be restored.

The new season, however, considering the unsettled state of affairs opened with tolerable activity, the new crop of medium coming in pretty freely, but none of a really fine quality. The promise of the incoming season is said to be of fair average quality and amount. We refer to our standing Tables for information as to the details of the past season's campaign. The grand total showing 5,796,388 lbs., against 5,847,133 in season 1861–62.

General Exports.

In other produce the business of the same period seems to have been very small; the market continuing bare and few transactions reported until the commencement of October, when a new staple—cotton—began to be brought in pretty freely,—say to the extent of about 3000 piculs, which found a ready market at about 14 dollars 50 cents to 16 dollars 50 cents per picul for the superior qualities. Since that time but little was done in it until towards the end of March, when some revival took place. The exports in the new staple up to the end of June was 8,648 bales. It is matter for great astonishment, when we consider that so very recently this article was grown in quantities barely sufficient for the wants of home consumption, and that the knowledge of the foreign demand could only have transpired just before the last year's crop was reaped, that we should be able to quote the above figure of its export. Surely this is great and conclusive evidence of the elasticity with which this country's produce could be extended towards the bearing its fair share in the supply of the wants of that world, from the rest of which it has hitherto been so secluded. Before closing our remarks on this article we may say, generally as to quality, that there have been various kinds brought in, which although all good, have differed slightly in value. All its several kinds have been well appreciated at home, and have sold at prices considerably over China cotton. The period closed with a good demand.

Timber—at the commencement of the year, was in pretty brisk demand, and was exported, principally to Shanghae, in considerable quantities. It has since this been much neglected.

In copper there has been very little done during the year, owing to the extreme prices demanded.

War Office, November 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for War has received Despatches from Lieutenant-General Cameron, C.B., Commanding the Troops in New Zealand, of which the following are copies:

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,

My Lord, *August* 31, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report that I have not been able to undertake any operation of importance since the date of my last despatch.

Having received intelligence that a body of insurgents had collected at the villages of Paparoa and Paparata, about 14 miles to the east of our position on the Koheroa, I marched a force of about 700 men there on the night of the 1st August, with the intention of surprising them; but on reaching the villages we found them deserted, the natives having retired into the dense bush behind them, which is of such vast extent that it would have been useless to have followed them into it.

I herewith enclose a report which I made of this movement to his Excellency Sir George Grey.

On the 14th August I advanced the headquarters of the 14th Regiment from our first position on the Koheroa to one about four miles higher up the Waikato, close to the Whangamarino, a small tributary of the former river.

About two miles higher up the Waikato, and on the same bank, at a place called Meri-meri, the Waikato tribes and their allies are assembled in considerable numbers, under William Thompson, one of their principal Chiefs, and have posted themselves on a height commanding the river, which they have fortified with much skill and care.

This position is one of great natural strength, as a force attacking it by land must advance along a narrow strip of scrub and bush, until it reaches the foot of the position; or, if the attack be made by water, the force must be landed out of boats immediately under the fire of several lines of rifle-pits. There is no point on the bank of the river from which the position can be shelled with effect.

I consider it would not be prudent to attack under these disadvantages without the aid of artillery, and I have therefore ordered four cargo boats to be fitted to carry an Armstrong gun in each; and I intend to defer the attack until they are ready, when I hope the iron steamer will also have arrived from Sydney.

Working parties of civilians and soldiers have been employed for some time past, at the expense of the Colonial Government, in clearing the bush on each side of our line of communication, in order that our convoys may pass with greater safety. When finished I hope to be enabled to reduce the strength of the escorts, and of the posts

along the road, which entail very severe duties upon the troops, and diminish the force available for active operations.

On the 26th instant one of these working parties, which, contrary to orders, had no covering party for its protection, was surprised by a large body of natives, and lost two men killed, and twenty-one stand of arms, five of which were afterwards found in the bush. The report of this occurrence, which I forwarded to his Excellency Sir George Grey, is enclosed.

Nothing of consequence has taken place in the other provinces of the Northern Island.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War, &c., &c.
London.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *3rd August*, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Excellency, that on the night of the 1st instant, I left the Queen's Redoubt with a force of about 700 men, including a party of seamen and marines of H.M.S. Harrier, for the purpose of reconnoitring the villages of Paparoa and Paparata, where I had reason to believe that a large body of rebels had collected, Captain Sullivan, commanding H.M.S. Harrier, accompanied the force.

After a fatiguing night march, the last mile of which was through very high and thick scrub, we reached Paparoa at daybreak, and found it entirely deserted, though it had evidently been recently occupied, and I have little doubt that the natives had received some notice of our movements.

After searching this village we proceeded along a bush track, which I was afterwards informed led to Hanrake, having missed the track to Paparata. Some natives, concealed so far within the bush on our right as to be perfectly invisible, opened fire on the leading files, and wounded a soldier of the 12th Regiment. We replied to their fire for some time, but as from the character of the bush and scrub near it, it was impossible to get within reach of them, and I did not consider it advisable to lose time in searching for a track, I withdrew the force leisurely without any attempt on the part of the natives to follow us.

When we had reached the open ground, a large body of natives came down from the ranges, and joining the party in the bush, commenced a rapid and continuous fire of musketry in the most absurd manner, as though they had been closely engaged with an enemy, although at that time we must have been fully a mile and a half from them.

The troops returned to the Queen's Redoubt about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, having been under arms since half-past 7 the previous evening, and having marched nearly 30 miles

I have every reason to be satisfied with the cheerful manner in which this arduous duty was performed by the troops, and with the conduct of all the officers and men composing the force, particularly of the detachment of the 12th Regiment, under Major Miller, for the bold and intelligent manner in which they covered the advance over difficult ground.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General,

His Excellency Sir George Grey, K.C.B.
&c. &c. &c.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
MY LORD, *September* 6, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward the copy of a Despatch to His Excellency the Governor, enclosing reports from Captain the Honourable F. Le Poer Trench, 40th Regiment, and Ensign Dawson, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, relative to an attack upon a patrol in the village of Pokeno, on the 2nd instant, about a mile and a half from this post. Nothing else of any importance has occurred since the date of my last despatch. Two detachments, 12th and 40th Regiments, have arrived from Sydney and Tasmania, amounting to about 160 men.

I have, &c.
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War, &c., &c.,
London.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 4, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward, for your Excellency's information, the copy of a report from Ensign Dawson, 2nd Battalion Royal Irish of an attack made upon the patrol under his command, near the village of Pokeno, on the morning of the 2nd instant, with one from Captain the Honourable F. Le Poer Trench, 40th Regiment, whom, on hearing the firing, I ordered to proceed in support with the inlying picquet from the Queen's Redoubt.

The gallantry of Ensign Dawson and his patrol, in charging the enemy without hesitation when fired upon suddenly from the bush, their steadiness when they found themselves nearly surrounded by superior numbers, and the manner in which Captain Trench brought up his support and assisted in putting the enemy to flight, reflect great credit upon those two officers and the detachments under their command, which consisted of parties of the 2nd Battalion 18th, 40th, and 65th Regiments.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON.

His Excellency Sir George Grey, K.C.B.
&c. &c. &c.

Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 4, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that on the morning of the 2nd September, I was Subaltern in charge of the Pokeno picquet, consisting of two Serjeants and sixty rank and file, leaving Queen's Redoubt at about seven o'clock, A.M., when within about half a mile of the village I was attacked in my rear by a body of Maories. I ordered my men to face about and charge them. We drove them down a gully towards the swamp into the bush on the right of Pokeno village. I followed them for about half a mile along the track towards Paparoa. Hearing yells in the direction of the village, I returned along the track to the open ground where I was first fired on.

On arriving there I was received with a volley from the enemy, who were extended across the whole of the clearing, then between me and the village, and also from the bush on the right. I cannot too highly praise the steady conduct of the men at this moment, the enemy appearing in great force, I ordered the men to remain in skirmishing order, and to keep a steady fire, taking advantage of any cover the ground afforded. From the

commotion I occasionally perceived, I conclude that our fire was effectual, and that the Maories were removing their wounded. I remained in the position I had taken up until reinforced by Captain the Hon. F. Le P. Trench, 40th Regiment, who then assumed the command, and by his order I advanced with the skirmishers.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) CHARLTON DAWSON,
Ensign, 2nd Battalion, 18th Royal Irish.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c. &c. &c.
Head Quarters.

Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 4, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that at about half-past seven o'clock on the morning of the 2nd, I was ordered to march the inlying picquet to the support of the patrol at Pokeno village. When within about half a mile from the village I found the patrol, under command of Ensign Dawson, 2nd Battalion, 18th Royal Irish, engaged with a body of Maories, who at that time occupied the bush on the right of the village and the clearing on this side of it, which is covered with fallen timber. I immediately reinforced the skirmishers, who advanced, driving the Maories from the clearing, and out of the village into the bush. After scouring the bush on the right of the village, the enemy having made their retreat in that direction, and deeming that further pursuit was useless, I returned to the Queen's Redoubt. In the meantime the force under my command had been augmented by the arrival of the escort under the command of Captain Noblett, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment. I am happy to be able to state that there were no casualties on our side, and that both officers and men behaved with the greatest steadiness. I am unable to compute the loss on the part of the Maories. Two flint guns and some ammunition fell into our hands.

I beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the services of Ensign Spiller, 65th Regiment, Ensign Gomez, 40th Regiment, Lieutenant Croft, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, who accompanied the inlying picquet, and more especially the conduct of Ensign Dawson, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, who had to contend against a force of Maories far superior in numbers to the patrol under his command.

I have, &c.
(Signed) F. LE P. TRENCH,
Captain 40th Regiment.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.
Head Quarters.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *August* 26, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward, for your Excellency's information, the copy of a report which I have received from Captain Cook, 40th Regiment, relative to a sudden attack made by a large body of rebel natives upon a party of twenty-five men of the 40th Regiment, employed under Mr. Martyn in felling bush on the Great South-road, near Williamson's clearing.

I regret to state that two men were killed, and nearly the whole of the arms belonging to the party were taken possession of by the enemy, and more lives must have been lost but for the timely assistance rendered by the escort under the command of Captain Cook, whose conduct on the occasion was most praiseworthy.

The officers mentioned in Captain Cook's report, who commanded the different posts along the road, deserve great credit for the promptitude with which they hastened in support.

Your Excellency will observe that we had only one man hit after the arrival of the escort, although the enemy continued firing for upwards of an hour.

Had the men employed in felling the bush been protected by a covering party, according to my directions, this occurrence in all probability would not have taken place.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency Sir George Grey, K.C.B.
&c. &c. &c.

NOMINAL RETURN of Killed and Wounded at the Fifth Bridge, on the 25th August, 1863.

Regimental Number.	Rank and Names.	Corps.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Date of Death.	Place of Death.	Nature of Injury.
296	Private John Gidney	40th	31	3	1863. Aug. 25	Fifth Bridge	Bullet wound in left side; fatal
3118	„ Brien Flannory	„	35	16	Ditto	Ditto	Bullet wound in left breast, and bullet wound through right thigh; fatal.
346	„ Laurence Plover	2-18th	29	5			Bullet wound in right leg

JOHN E. CARTE, A.M.,
Surgeon-Major 2nd Battalion 14th Regiment,
Senior Medical Officer, for Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

Queen's Redoubt,
August 25, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that when returning from Baird's Farm, in command of the escort with the convoy from Drury, this day, on arriving at Williamson's clearing, I heard firing in my front, and, on proceeding to the spot, found that my advanced guard was engaged, in the immediate vicinity of the road, with a party of Maories. The main body of my escort rushed up, and we quickly drove the enemy into the bush. It appears that a party, consisting of twenty-five men of the 40th Regiment, under a non-commissioned officer were employed in felling bush near the road; they had left their arms piled on the edge of the road under charge of a sentry. Suddenly a number of Maories rushed upon the arms and took possession of them, the sentry firing at them. The Maories had surrounded the men in the bush, and had shot two men dead when my advance guard came up and engaged them. Reinforcements from Williamson's Clearing, Martyn's Farm, Kerr's Farm, and Razor's Back, as well as a party of thirty men of the escort proceeding to Drury under the command of Captain Bishopp, Transport Corps, with Assistant-Surgeon Carberry, 2nd Battalion 14th Regiment, joined me shortly after the firing commenced; and we skirmished with the enemy for about an hour and a quarter, driving them into the bush, and following them in for a short way. A party of the 65th Regiment, under Captain Ord, endeavoured to get behind the Maories and cut off their retreat, but were unsuccessful. The casualties of the troops under my command consisted of one man 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, wounded. The loss of the Maories appears to have been one man killed and left on the field, and five men wounded and carried away. Two rifles, a few muskets, some tomahawks, ammunition, &c., fell into our hands.

I beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, the services of Captain Ord, 65th Regiment, Captain Bishopp, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, Lieutenant Warren, 65th Regiment, commanding at Kerr's Farm, Lieutenant Thacker, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, commanding at Williamson's Clearing, Lieutenant Clarke, Madras Cavalry, attached to Transport Corps, and Lieutenant Pagan, 65th Regiment, and Ensign Haines, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, who were with the escort under my command.

The whole of the officers and men behaved extremely well.

Judging from the enemy's fire, I should say there were at least 200 of them.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. COOK,
Captain 40th Regiment.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 17th day of *November*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the eleventh and twelfth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to prohibit the importation of sheep, "cattle, or other animals, for the purpose of pre- "venting the introduction of contagious or in- "fectious disorders," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Order in Council, to make such regulations with respect to the Importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals, as Her Majesty may consider to be necessary, in order to prevent the introduction of any contagious or infectious disorder. And Whereas it is considered by Her Majesty to be necessary, in order to prevent the introduction into this country of contagious or infectious disorders, that the following regulations should be made with respect to the importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and under the authority of the said Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, in addition to all other regulations for the time being in force under the said Act, the following Regulations be from henceforth observed and obeyed by all persons engaged in the importation of sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals into any part of the United Kingdom (that is to say):

I. If the carcases of any sheep, cattle, horses, or animals, taken on board any ship or vessel for the purpose of importation into the United Kingdom, which may have died during their passage or voyage, shall remain on board such ship or vessel at the time of her arrival in any port of the United Kingdom, it shall be the duty of the Master of such vessel to report the fact of such carcases being on board to the Collector or Principal Officer of Her Majesty's Customs for such port, immediately upon the arrival of such ship or vessel; and no such carcase shall be discharged or landed from such ship or vessel without the permission in writing of such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs; and it shall be the duty of the Master of such vessel, if such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs shall so require, again to proceed to sea, and to discharge and throw overboard into the sea all such carcases within such time, and at such place, or at such distance from the nearest coast or shore, and at such a state of the tide, as such Collector or Principal Officer of Customs shall direct.

II. The importation of any sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals on board any ship or vessel the Master of which shall not comply with these regulations, is hereby prohibited; and all sheep, cattle, horses, or other animals, which shall be brought into any port of the United Kingdom on board any such ship or vessel, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Arthur Helps.

Whitehall, November 23, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Neil John MacQuarrie to the church at Trumisgarry, in the parish of North Uist, in the presbytery and Island of Uist, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Donald Macdonald, to the church and parish of Sleat, in the presbytery of Skye.

Whitehall, November 18, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto Horace Townsend, of Derry, in the county of

Cork, of Edstaston House, in the parish of Wem, in the county of Salop, Esquire, and of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law, and unto Mary Susanna, his wife, eldest of the two daughters, and co-heirs of Thomas Cox Kirby, sometime a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, and Knight of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority, that they may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of Thomas Payne, late of Edstaston House aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Payne, in addition to and before that of Townsend; and that such surname may in like manner be taken, borne and used by the issue of their marriage:

And also to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Crown Office, November 24, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Andover.

William Henry Humphery, of Penton Lodge, near Andover, in the county of Southampton, Esq., in the room of William Cubitt, Esq., deceased.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 23, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Madrid, enclosing the following translation of a Spanish Royal Decree, effecting certain alterations in the gold and silver coinage of Spain:—

ART. 1.—The piece of money called "*centén*" (the piece of 100 reals) shall be coined henceforth with the new reverse, approved on this date, and the legend on the border, *Rey, Patria, Ley* (King, Country, Law), established by the Law of December 1, 1836, instead of with the rim closed and grooved, in accordance with the 6th Article of the Royal Decree of the 15th April, 1848.

ART. 2.—In the gold pieces of the value of 40 and 20 reals, the same reverse, *reduced*, shall be adopted, with the modifications that may be necessary; but these pieces shall continue to be coined with the same description of rim as heretofore.

ART. 3.—The Minister of Finance shall order the necessary measures to be taken for the conversion into the new coinage of the gold pieces at present in circulation, beginning by calling in the 100-real pieces anterior to the year 1854, and for securing that a portion of the new work shall be executed on pieces of 40 and 20 reals, in order to remedy the scarcity of large silver coinage at present experienced throughout the Kingdom.

ART. 4.—This reform shall be carried out in such manner as may be compatible with the demands upon the public treasury, and the amount of the credits set apart in the ordinary estimates for the expense of recoining defective money.

Madrid, 19th August, 1863.

War Office, Pall Mall, 24th November, 1863.

1*st Regiment of Dragoon Guards*, John Robert Burlton Bennett, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Henry Mitchell Jones, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

6*th Dragoon Guards*, Lieutenant George Clayton Swiney, from the 8th Hussars, to be Lieutenant, vice Gair, promoted to an Unattached Company. Dated 24th November, 1863.

8*th Hussars*, Lieutenant George Clayton Swiney, from the late 5th Bengal European Light Cavalry, to be Lieutenant, vice Herbert Cromwell Collier, transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Royal Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Charles James Wright to be Colonel, vice Edmund Neal Wilford, retired upon full-pay. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Colonel Charles Stuart Henry to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel Wright. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Second Captain Campbell Hardy to be Captain, vice Brevet-Colonel Henry. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Lieutenant Walter Newman to be Second Captain, vice Hardy. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet William Taylor to be Lieutenant, vice Newman. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet George Will to be Lieutenant, vice Henry Metcalfe, deceased. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

The dates of Commission of the undermentioned Officers to be altered as follows:—

Lieutenant T. Walker, to 10th June, 1859.
Lieutenant G. E. Hancock, to 10th June, 1859.
Lieutenant H. C. Seton, to 8th June, 1860.
Lieutenant S. G. D. Turner, to 8th June, 1860.
Lieutenant E. Montefiore, to 8th June, 1860.
Lieutenant H. E. Yorke, to 2nd October, 1860.
Lieutenant E. H. H. Collen, to 1st July, 1863.
Lieutenant G. F. D. Sutton, to 5th July, 1863.
Lieutenant W. F. de H. Curtis, to 6th July, 1863.
Lieutenant H. E. Dolphin, to 15th July, 1863.
Lieutenant H. A. Graves, to 16th July, 1863.
Lieutenant R. L. Price, to 16th July, 1863.
Lieutenant H. A. Denny, to 21st July, 1863.
Lieutenant F. F. Ditmas, to 1st September, 1863.
Lieutenant H. R. L. Morgan, to 1st September, 1863.
Lieutenant A. A. Saunders, to 1st September, 1863.
Lieutenant R. Corbett, to 1st September, 1863.
Lieutenant A. J. Pearson, to 11th September, 1863.
Lieutenant Buckle, to 19th September, 1863.
Lieutenant W. Bucke, to 20th September, 1863.
Lieutenant W. V. Gregory, to 3rd October, 1863.
Lieutenant C. S. Graham, to 10th October, 1863.

The surname of the Lieutenant appointed with the date of 1st July, 1861, is "Carlile," and not "Carlisle," as previously stated.

Military Train, Ensign Benjamin Simner to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice George Edward Fursdon, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Andrew George Saunders, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Davies, promoted. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Grenadier Guards, Captain H. B. H. Blundell, from the Rifle Brigade, to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice the Honourable A. Annesley, who exchanges. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Coldstream Guards, Major and Brevet-Colonel William Mark Wood to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Thomas Montague Steele, C.B., who retires upon half-pay. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Arthur St. George Herbert Stepney, C.B., to be Major, vice Brevet-Colonel Wood. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Lieutenant and Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable William George Boyle to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Stepney, C.B. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign and Lieutenant Charles Walter Lee-Mainwaring to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable W. G. Boyle. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Richard Spencer Hall, from 7th Foot, to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Cathcart, promoted. Dated 24th November, 1863.

1*st Regiment of Foot*, Ensign Thomas Atkinson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Edward Willoughby Pardoe, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign John Briscoe Watts, from the 37th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Atkinson. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign Charles Greenlaw Leggett to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Joseph Daniel Dickinson, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Reginald Carey Annesley, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Leggett. Dated 24th November, 1863.

7*th Foot*, Lieutenant Hope obtained his promotion to Captain, *without* purchase, and not as stated in the Gazette of 17th instant.

22*nd Foot*, Captain Bonar Millett Deane to be Major, by purchase, vice Edward Simeon Webber Smith, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Henry Leigh to be Captain, by purchase, vice Deane. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign William Gower Brakspear to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Leigh. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Rhys Rainier Jones, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Brakspear. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Ralph Drake Backhouse to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant Ernest Adolphus Carey, ordered to return to his Company. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

29*th Foot*, William Miles Prendergast, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice the Honourable Henry Edward Dormer, transferred to the 60th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

37*th Foot*, Herbert Stewart, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Briscoe Watts, transferred to the 1st Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

45*th Foot*, Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Wood, M.D., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice R. Atkinson, appointed to the Staff. Dated 24th November, 1863.

53*rd Foot*, The second Christian name of Ensign Messiter is *Dyne*, and not *Dine*, as stated in the Gazette of 9th October, 1863.

58*th Foot*, Henry John de Berniere Smart, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Walter Hailes, transferred to the 97th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

60*th Foot*, Ensign the Honourable Henry Edward Dormer, from 29th Foot, to be Ensign, vice St. John, promoted. Dated 24th November, 1863.

67*th Foot*, David Mackinlay Potter, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tidy, transferred to the 100th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

71*st Foot*, Ensign Sydney Arthur Rothwell, has been permitted to take and use the surname of *Fitz Herbert*, in place of that of *Rothwell*.

77*th Foot*, Ensign William Samuel Henderson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Arthur Bishop, deceased. Dated 5th October, 1863.

Ensign William James M'Clelland to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henderson, whose promotion, by purchase, on the 17th November, 1863, has been cancelled. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Henry Wemyss Magee, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice M'Clelland. Dated 24th November, 1863.

81*st Foot*, Lieutenant George William Moyse Harmer to be Captain, without purchase, vice Alfred Wright, seconded on appointment, as District Inspector of Musketry. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign Sydney William Bell to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Harmer. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Cornet George John Woods, from 13th Hussars, to be Ensign, vice Bell. Dated 24th November, 1863.

82*nd Foot*, Captain John Gore, whose exchange from 7th Hussars was notified in the Gazette of 6th November, 1863, has been permitted to receive a portion of the former difference between Cavalry and Infantry. Dated 24th November, 1863.

83*rd Foot*, Lieutenant George Ernest Emas Blunt to be Adjutant, vice James N. Colthurst, promoted. Dated 24th November, 1863.

84*th Foot*, Captain and Brevet Major Cornelius Charles Rolleston, to be Major, without purchase, vice Spier Hughes, deceased. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Lieutenant Robert Fraser Humphrey to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Rolleston. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Ensign William Brodnax Knight, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Humphrey. Dated 11th November, 1863.

85*th Foot*, Ensign John Humphreys, from the 94th Foot, to be Quartermaster, vice William Hill Watts, cashiered by the sentence of a General Court Martial. Dated 24th November, 1863.

94*th Foot*, Lieutenant George James Teevan to be Captain, by purchase, vice T. G. B. Atkinson, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign Henry Jones to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Teevan. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign James Graves Kelly, from the 3rd West India Regiment, to be Ensign, vice John Humphreys, appointed Quartermaster, 85th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign John Mitchell Elliot, from the 100th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Jones. Dated 24th November, 1863.

96*th Foot*, Lieutenant Frederick Henniker to be Captain, by purchase, vice Rouse Douglas Douglas, who retires. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign George Tuthill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henniker. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Alfred Mosenthal, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tuthill. Dated 24th November, 1863.

97*th Foot*, Ensign Walter Hailes, from the 58th Foot, to be Ensign, vice William Patrick Oliphant Boulderson, promoted. Dated 24th November, 1863.

100*th Foot*, Ensign Francis John Tidy, from the 67th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Elliot, transferred to the 94th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

103*rd Foot*, The appointment of Lieutenant A. W. B. Caldecott as Adjutant, to be antedated to the 12th May, 1863.

105*th Foot*, Lieutenant James Edgar Baines to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 10th September, 1863.

109*th Foot*, Lieutenant Edward Hemsted to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 16th September, 1863.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable Arthur Annesley, from the Grenadier Guards, to be Captain, receiving the difference, vice Blundell, who exchanges. Dated 24th November, 1863.

3*rd West India Regiment*, Serjeant Charles Kennett, from the 16th Lancers, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Kelly, transferred to the 94th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

4*th West India Regiment*, Lieutenant Charles Richard Williams to be Captain, without purchase, vice Thomas Herrick, deceased. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Ensign William Delano Osborne to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Williams. Dated 3rd October, 1863.

Serjeant William Law Brockman, from the 98th Foot, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Osborne. Dated 24th November, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon Robert Atkinson, from 45th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice T. Wood, M.D., appointed to 45th Foot. Dated 24th November, 1863.

BREVET.

Colonel Edmund Neal Wilford, retired full-pay, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Major-General. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Paymaster Charles Wilkinson, 3rd West India Regiment, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

India Office, 21st November, 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve the undermentioned promotions amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain John James Hume. Dated 4th September, 1863.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Thomas Acton. Dated 25th July, 1863.

Lieutenant Thomas James Watson. Dated 31st July, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The admission to the Bengal Staff Corps of Captain Augustus Kay Moffat of the late 58th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, and his promotion to the rank of Major therein, as announced in the Gazette of 2nd December, 1862, have been cancelled.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Captain Edward Augustus Saunders. Dated 29th July, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The admission to the Madras Staff Corps of Major William George Owen, of the 11th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, as announced in the Gazette of 24th February, 1863, has been cancelled.

MADRAS ARMY.

19th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Theophilus Leslie Scott to be Captain, vice Newlyn, deceased. Dated 16th July, 1863.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign John Hotham to be Lieutenant in succession to Newlyn, deceased. Dated 16th July, 1863.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of* Lancaster.**

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

George Ridgway Killmister, jun., Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 12th November, 1863.

***Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.**

Royal East Kent Regiment of Mounted Rifles Yeomanry Cavalry.

Henry Pemberton, Gent., to be Cornet. Dated 20th November, 1863.

5th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Malcolm Barugh De Barry Barnet, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Read, promoted. Dated 19th November, 1863.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Anglesey.**

1st Anglesey Artillery Volunteer Corps.

James Sparrow, Esq., to be Captain, vice the Honourable William Owen Stanley, promoted. Dated 18th November, 1863.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Southampton.**

3rd Hampshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant Richard Sands Chapman to be Captain, vice Brain, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

Royal Wilts Militia.

William Ralph Sadler, Gent., late Lieutenant 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, to be Lieutenant, vice Edwards, resigned. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham.

Robin Hood Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Arthur Brewster, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Bond, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.

2nd Company of Ayrshire Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant James Arthur Campbell to be Captain. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Ensign John Ferguson Boyd to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th November, 1863.

James Miller to be Ensign. Dated 10th November, 1863.

8th Company Ayrshire Rifle Volunteers.

Eugene Wason to be Ensign, vice Rigby Wason, resigned. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

1st Middlesex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Robert Kevill to be First Lieutenant, vice Hendrey, promoted. Dated 10th November, 1863.

33rd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend John Godwin Hale to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 28th October, 1863.

37th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Thomas Henry Wyatt, jun., to be Lieutenant, vice Miller, resigned. Dated 10th November, 1863.

John Rae to be Ensign. Dated 10th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Adjutant Robert Crowe, of the 2nd Administrative Battalion of Middlesex Rifle Volunteers, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 4th November, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

37th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Feetham Miller. Dated 10th November, 1863.

47th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain John Henville Hulbert. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

1st Sussex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

William Hugh Aldersey to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Barker, resigned. Dated 16th November, 1863.

11th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend E. K. Elliott to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Suffolk Rifle Volunteers.

Captain John Margitson to be Major, and to retain the command of the 4th Suffolk Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

5th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Richard Thomas Barnett to be Captain. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Ensign William Jones Booth to be Lieutenant. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Thomas Toyne to be Ensign. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

James William Hawes to be Ensign. Dated 13th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held respectively by Captains Wilfred Joseph Cripps and Alfred Earle, Lieutenant Richard Arthur Henry Mitchell, and Ensigns Christopher John Hume Tower and Sydney Linton in the Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Frederick Bayley Lord to be Captain, vice Cripps, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

The Reverend Robert Steward Falcon to be Captain, vice Earle, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Marriott Davenport to be Lieutenant, vice Rogers, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

John George Gamble, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Mitchell, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

James Douglas Walker, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Davenport, promoted. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Walter Edward Medlicott, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Tower, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Leopold George Gordon Robbins, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Lord, promoted. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Augustus Blair Donaldson, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Linton, resigned. Dated 20th November, 1863.

The Reverend Richard St. John Tyrwhitt to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 20th November, 1863.

3rd Oxfordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Henry Griffin, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon, vice Beere, deceased. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Huntingdon.

1st Huntingdonshire Light Horse Volunteer Corps.

Edward Towgood to be Lieutenant. Dated 10th October, 1863.

Sydney Stanley to be Cornet. Dated 10th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has accepted the resignations of Ensign Hollier in the 14th Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers and of Lieutenant Jones in the 15th Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

14th Glamorganshire Rifle Volunteers.

Evan Thomas, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Hollier, resigned. Dated 17th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Jacob John Moser in the 3rd Westmorland Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Westmorland.

3rd Westmorland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Samuel Gawitt to be Ensign, vice Moser, resigned. Dated 10th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cambridge.

3rd Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Studholme Brownrigg to be Captain, vice Banks, resigned. Dated 17th November, 1863.

William Egerton Hubbard to be Captain, vice Webster, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Robert William Cochran Patrick to be Lieutenant, vice Brownrigg, promoted. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Octavius Leigh Clare to be Ensign, vice Marsden, resigned. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Assistant-Surgeon George Frederick Helm to be Surgeon, vice Haviland, resigned. Dated 17th November, 1863.

4th Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign William Harris Bowker to be Lieutenant, vice Loomes, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

John Laxon Ground to be Ensign, vice Bowker, promoted. Dated 18th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

5th Bedfordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Henry Platt.

7th Bedfordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Frederick Hogge.

India Office, November 23, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Prize Rolls for the undermentioned Corps of Her Majesty's late Indian Forces, on account of the Distribution of Prize Money for service in Pegu in 1852-53, have been received, and that payment of the Shares which have not been issued in India, will commence at the Military Department of this Office on the 1st December next, and will continue daily between the hours of eleven and three o'clock, except on Saturdays, on which the hours will be eleven till two o'clock.

BENGAL FORCE.

Artillery.

Head Quarters—5th Battalion.
2nd Company Do.
3rd Do. Do.

Infantry.

1st European Fusiliers.
2nd Do. Do.
4th Sikh Infantry.
10th Native Infantry.
40th Do. Do.
67th Do. Do.

STAFF ROLL.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

BURTON-UPON-TRENT.

Corrections of Notice in London Gazette of 20th November, 1863 (p. 5587):

The title of the Local Act should be "The Town of Burton-upon-Trent Act, 1853" (line 6 of notice), and the date of adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, by the said Town, should be 23rd day of September, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Fremington, in the county of Devon, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Guildhall, Great Torrington, on Saturday, the 19th day of December, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Fremington aforesaid.

Alfred Montgomery.
H. Roberts.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 23, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Edernion, in the county of Merioneth, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Eagles Inn, Corwen, on Friday, the 27th day of November, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Edernion aforesaid.

H. Roberts.
Alfred Montgomery.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 23, 1863.

LONDON GAZETTE NEWSPAPER PENN

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongt the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Leicester Borough, in the county of Leicester, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Town Hall, Leicester, on Wednesday, the 2nd day of December, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Leicester aforesaid.

Alfred Montgomery.
H. Roberts.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 23, 1863.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Braunton, in the county of Devon, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the office of Mr. C. E. Palmer, the Clerk to the Commissioners of Taxes for the said division, situate in Cross street, Barnstaple, on Friday, the 18th day of December, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Braunton aforesaid.

Alfred Montgomery.
H. Roberts.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 23, 1868.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Sherwill, in the county of Devon, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the "Sherwill Cross Inn" in the parish of Sherwill, on Monday, the 21st day of December, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Sherwill aforesaid.

A. Montgomery.
H. Roberts.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 23, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the United Methodist Chapel, situated at the Eastern Hill, in the parish of Saint Austell, in the county of Cornwall, in the district of Saint Austell, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 18th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 20th day of November, 1863.

Robert Gould Lakes, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Breage Bible Christian Chapel, situated at the Church Town, in the parish of Breage, in the county of Cornwall, in the district of Helston, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 17th day of November, 1863.

Glynn Grylls, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Tal-y-Bont Church, situate at Tal-y-Bont, in the parish of Caerhun, in the county of Caernarvon, in the district of Conway, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 16th day of November, 1863.

William Hughes, Superintendent Registrar.

Land Drainage Act, 1861.

In the Matter of Stanmoor Drainage, in the county of Somerset.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have made their Provisional Order in the above case, and that the same, together with a map of the separate drainage district thereby constituted, has been deposited at the Railway Hotel, Durston Junction, in the said county, for inspection, for the period of twenty-one days from the date hereof.

H. Pyne,
By order of the Board.

3, St. James's-square, London,
November 19, 1863.

Land Drainage Act, 1861.

In the Matter of Currymoor Drainage, in the county of Devon.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have made their Provisional Order in the above case, and that the same, together with a map of the separate drainage district thereby constituted, has been deposited at the Railway Hotel, Durston Junction, in the county of Somerset, for inspection for the period of twenty-one days from the date hereof.

H. Pyne,
By order of the Board.

3, St. James's-square, London.
November 19, 1863.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 14th day of November, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11440
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	24900
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	22676
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4616
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	15389
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	29866
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	14705
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	23135
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	72295
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14720
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8204
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	23654
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15746
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	20697
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	51250
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	28693
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	22076
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	35931
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	25570
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	12549
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	45702
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20832
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	12429
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2644
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	13309
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	47323
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	29159
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	20700
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2732
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	15972
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	27803
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	35333
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	3865
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	16184
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	76295
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	7911
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	10009
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	39211
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	26050
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	6278
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	9785
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	70136
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	83647
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	8054
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	38492
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	101844
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	52808

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	38219
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	21693
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	7382
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	4985
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	4444
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	10791
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	27807
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	19086
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	38753
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	4629
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	32802
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	20755
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	56590
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	17205
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	23486
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	21240
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	Not received.
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5333
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	53628
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	36746
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	29267
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	27209
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	96055
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	29658
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	7274
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	3134
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	37131
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	12405
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	13039
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	6071
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	6900
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	18081
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	27005
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	7056
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	27720
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	48636
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	12217
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	19671
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	47820
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	92004
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	8858
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	21797
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	8821
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	28397

Numb. 22792. 6045

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1863.

Foreign Office, November 26, 1863.

THE following Correspondence has passed between Her Majesty's Government and that of the Emperor of the French.

No. 1.

From His Majesty the Emperor of the French to Her Majesty the Queen.

MADAME, MA SŒUR,

EN présence des évènements qui, chaque jour, surgissent et se pressent, je crois indispensable de dire toute ma pensée aux Souverains auxquels est confiée la destinée des peuples.

Toutes les fois que de profondes secousses ont ébranlé les bases et déplacé les limites des Etats, il est survenu des transactions solennelles pour coordonner les éléments nouveaux, et consacrer, en les révisant, les transformations accomplies.

Tel a été l'objet du Traité de Westphalie, au 17me siècle, et des négociations de Vienne, en 1815, —c'est sur ce dernier fondement que repose aujourd'hui l'édifice politique de l'Europe; et, cependant, Votre Majesté ne l'ignore pas, il s'écroule de toutes parts.

Si l'on considère attentivement la situation des divers pays, il est impossible de ne pas reconnaître que, presque sur tous les points, les Traités de Vienne sont détruits, modifiés, méconnus, ou menacés. De là des devoirs sans règle, des droits sans titre, et des pretentions sans frein. Péril d'autant plus redoutable, que les perfectionnements, amenés par la civilisation qui a lié les peuples entre eux par la solidarité des intérets matériels, rendraient la guerre plus destructive encore.

C'est là un sujet de graves méditations. N'attendons pas pour prendre un parti que des évènements soudains, irrésistibles, troublent notre jugement, et nous entraînent, malgré nous, dans des directions contraires. Je viens donc proposer à Votre Majesté de régler le présent, et d'assurer l'avenir, dans un Congrès.

Appelé au trône par la Providence et par la volonté du peuple Français, mais élevé à l'école de l'adversité, il m'est peut-être moins permis qu'à un autre d'ignorer, et les droits des souverains, et les légitimes aspirations des peuples. Aussi, je suis prêt, sans système préconçu, à porter dans un conseil international l'esprit de modération et de justice, partage ordinaire de ceux qui ont subi tant d'épreuves diverses.

Si je prends l'initiative d'une semblable ouverture, je ne cède pas à un mouvement de vanité; mais, comme je suis le Souverain auquel on a prêté le plus de projets ambitieux, j'ai à cœur de prouver par cette démarche franche et loyale, que mon unique but est d'arriver sans secousse à la pacification de l'Europe. Si cette proposition est accueillie, je prie Votre Majesté d'accepter Paris comme lieu de réunion.

Dans le cas où les Princes alliés, et amis de la France jugeraient convenable de rehausser par leur présence l'autorité des delibérations, je serais fier de leur offrir une cordiale hospitalité. L'Europe verrait peut-être quelque avantage à ce que la capitale, d'où est parti tant de fois le signal des bouleversements, devînt le siége de conférences destinées à jeter les bases d'une pacification générale.

Je saisis cette occasion de vous renouveler les assurances de la haute estime et de l'inviolable amitié avec lesquelles je suis

Madame ma Sœur, de Votre Majesté, le bon frère,

(Signé) NAPOLEON.

A Paris, le 4 Novembre, 1863.

(Translation.)

MADAM, MY SISTER,

IN face of the events which daily arise and press themselves on attention, I deem it indispensable to impart my whole thought to the Sovereigns to whom the destiny of nations is confided.

On all occasions when great convulsions have shaken the foundations, and deranged the limits of states, solemn compacts have followed to reduce to order the new elements, and to recognize, while revising them, the changes that have been effected.

Such was the object of the Treaty of Westphalia in the 17th century, and of the Negotiations of Vienna, in 1815. It is on this last foundation that the political edifice of Europe now rests; and nevertheless, your Majesty is not ignorant, it is crumbling to pieces on all sides.

If one considers attentively the situation of the different countries, it is impossible not to admit that on almost all points the Treaties of Vienna are destroyed, modified, disregarded, or menaced. Hence there are duties without rule rights without title, pretentions without restr… more formidable, since the … duced by civilization, which … together by an identity of in… would render war still more de…

This is a matter for serious reflection. Let us not delay taking a decision until sudden and irresistible events disturb our judgement, and draw us in spite of ourselves in opposite directions. I now therefore propose to your Majesty to regulate the present, and to secure the future, by means of a Congress.

Summoned to the throne by Providence and the will of the French people, but brought up in the school of adversity, it is perhaps less allowable for me, than for others, to ignore the rights of Sovereigns and the legitimate aspirations of peoples. Thus I am ready, without any preconceived system, to bring to an International Council a spirit of moderation and justice, the ordinary portion of those who have undergone so many different trials.

If I take the initiative in such an overture, I do not yield to an impulse of vanity, but because I am the Sovereign to whom ambitious projects have mostly been attributed. I have it at heart to prove, by this frank and loyal overture, that my sole object is to arrive, without convulsion, at the pacification of Europe. If this proposal be agreed to, I beg your Majesty to accept Paris as the place of meeting.

If the Princes, Allies and friends of France should think fit to enhance by their presence the authority of the deliberations, I shall be proud to offer them cordial hospitality. Europe will, perhaps, see some advantage in the capital, whence the signal of confusion has so often arisen, becoming the seat of conferences destined to lay the basis of a general pacification.

I take this opportunity of renewing to you the assurances of the high esteem and inviolable friendship with which I am,

Madame, my Sister,

Your Majesty's good Brother,

(Signed) NAPOLEON.

Paris, November 4th, 1863.

No. 2.

Extract of a Despatch from Earl Russell to Earl Cowley, dated Foreign Office, November 11, 1863.

My Lord,

I HAVE to acquaint your Excellency that the Queen has received from the Emperor of the French a letter, dated November 4.

The Queen has stated, in reply to this letter, that the Emperor may be assured that any suggestion or proposal made by His Imperial Majesty will always command Her Majesty's most earnest and attentive consideration, and more especially when the general welfare of nations is concerned; that Her Majesty has, accordingly, directed her confidential advisers to submit to her the opinion which after due deliberation they may arrive at, in regard to the important measures which the Emperor recommends for adoption by his Allies; and that her Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs will, with as little delay as possible, authorise the Ambassador at Paris to make known to His Imperial Majesty's Government, the conclusion which, after weighing that opinion, Her Majesty may feel it her duty to adopt.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) RUSSELL.

No. 3.

From Earl Russell to Earl Cowley.

Foreign Office,
November 12, 1863.

My Lord,

HER Majesty the Queen having been pleased to refer to her confidential servants a letter of the Emperor Napoleon, addressed to Her Majesty, on the subject of a Congress, I proceed to inform you of the view which Her Majesty's Government take of the proposal contained in it.

The letter invites Her Majesty to take part in a Congress, to be be held in Paris, on the affairs of Europe.

I am commanded, in the first place, to inform your Excellency that Her Majesty's Government see in this step a proof of the interest taken by His Imperial Majesty in the welfare of Europe.

I will now proceed to remark on the ground stated for this proposal, and then examine the proposal itself.

His Imperial Majesty observes, that on all occasions when great convulsions have shaken the foundations, and deranged the limits of states, solemn compacts have been entered into, having for their object to reduce to order the new elements, and to recognise, while revising them, the changes that have been effected. Such was the object of the Treaty of Westphalia in the seventeenth century, and of the Negotiations of Vienna, in 1815. On this last foundation the political edifice of Europe now rests, and nevertheless, His Imperial Majesty observes, it is crumbling to pieces on all sides.

The Emperor goes on to state that, if the situation of the different countries is attentively considered, it is impossible not to admit, that, in almost all points, the Treaties of Vienna are destroyed, modified, disregarded, or menaced.

When so important a proposal as that which the Emperor has put forth, is made to rest on certain grounds, it is our duty to examine carefully the grounds themselves.

Nearly half a century has elapsed since the Treaties of 1815 were signed. The work was somewhat hurried by the necessity of giving repose to Europe after so many convulsions. Yet the changes made in this period of fifty years have not been more than might have expected from the lapse of time, the progress of opinion, the shifting policy of governments, and the varying exigencies of nations. If we take half a century from the Peace of Westphalia to 1700, or a similar period from the Peace of Utrecht to 1763, we shall find those periods marked by extensive changes, as well as the period which has elapsed between 1815 and 1863.

Yet it was not thought necessary, at the epochs mentioned, to proceed to a general revision either of the Treaty of Westphalia or of the Treaty of Utrecht.

It is the conviction of Her Majesty's Government, that the main provisions of the Treaty of 1815 are in full force; that the greater number of those provisions have not been in any way disturbed; and that on those foundations rests the balance of power in Europe.

If, instead of saying that the Treaty of Vienna has ceased to exist, or that it is destroyed, we enquire whether certain portions of it have been modified, disregarded, or menaced, other questions occur. Some of the modifications which have taken place have received the sanction of all the Great Powers, and now form part of the public law of Europe.

Is it proposed to give those changes a more general and solemn sanction? Is such a work

necessary? Will it contribute to the Peace of Europe?

Other portions of the Treaty of Vienna have been disregarded or set aside, and the changes thus made "de facto" have not been recognized "de jure" by all the powers of Europe.

Is it proposed to obtain from powers which have not hitherto joined in that recognition a sanction to those changes?

Lastly come those parts of the Treaty of Vienna which are menaced, and upon those portions the most important questions of all arise. What is the nature of the proposals to be made on this subject by the Emperor Napoleon? In what direction would they tend? And, above all, are they, if agreed to by a majority of the powers, to be enforced by arms?

When the Sovereigns or Ministers of Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, and Great Britain met at Verona, in 1823, upon the affairs of Spain, the first four of those Powers carried into effect their resolutions by means of armed forces, in spite of the protest of Great Britain. Is this example to be followed at the present Congress, in case of disagreement? Upon all these points Her Majesty's Government must obtain satisfactory explanations before they can come to any decision upon the proposal made by the Emperor.

Her Majesty's Government would be ready to discuss with France and other Powers, by diplomatic correspondonce, any specified questions upon which a solution might be attained, and European peace thereby more securely established.

But they would feel more apprehension than confidence from the meeting of a Congress of Sovereigns and Ministers without fixed objects, ranging over the map of Europe, and exciting hopes and aspirations which they might find themselves unable either to gratify or to quiet.

Her Majesty's Government have no reason to doubt that the Emperor Napoleon would bring into such an assembly a spirit of moderation and of justice. They feel confident that his object is to give security to the peace of Europe. The only question is as to the means by which that object is to be attained.

You are directed to read and give a copy of this despatch to M. Drouyn de L'Huys.

I am, &c.,
(Signed) RUSSELL.

No. 4.

From Monsieur Drouyn de L'Huys to the Marquis de Cadore,
Ministère des Affaires Etrangères.

Palais de Compiègne,
Novembre 23, 1863.

MONSIEUR,

M. LE COMTE COWLEY, m'a communiqué il y a plusieurs jours, une dépêche de S. Exc. Monsieur le Comte Russell, qui porte la date du 12 de ce mois, et qui exprime l'opinion du gouvernement Britannique relativement à la proposition de réunir à Paris un Congrès pour délibérer sur les affaires de l'Europe. Vous en trouverez ci-joint copie. Ma correspondance antérieure répondait à l'avance à quelques-unes des considérations développées dans ce document. Je crois devoir néanmoins résumer dans cette dépêche, dont vous remettrez une copie à S. Exc. le Principal Secrétaire d'Etat, les motifs qui ont déterminé la résolution de Sa Majesté.

Le Gouvernment Impérial n'a l'intention de faire ni l'apologie ni la critique des traités de Vienne. L'Empereur a déclaré, en montant sur le trône, qu'il se considérait lié par les engagements souscrits par ses prédécesseurs. Naguère encore, dans sa lettre aux souverains, Sa Majesté constatait que les actes diplomatiques de 1815 étaient le fondement sur lequel repose aujourd'hui l'édifice politique de l'Europe. Mais c'est à ses yeux une raison de plus pour examiner si cette base elle-méme n'est pas profondément ébranlée.

Or, le Cabinet de Londres reconnait avec nous que plusieurs de ces dispositions ont reçu de graves atteintes. Parmi les modifications qui ont eu lieu, les unes ont été consacrées par la sanction de toutes les grandes Puissances, et forment aujourd'hui une partie du droit international, les autres, au contraire, opérées de fait, n'ont pas été reconnues en droit par tous les cabinets. Quant aux premières, nous ne pouvons nous empêcher de remarquer avec quelle force irrésistible elles se sont imposées à l'acceptation des gouvernements.

L'empressement de l'Angleterre elle-même à y donner son adhésion prouve combien les anciennes combinaisons repondaient peu, suivant l'expression de Lord Russell, à ce qu'exigeaient la marche du temps, les progrès de l'opinion, la politique mobile des gouvernements et les besoins variables des peuples: D'un autre côté, n'est-on pas autorisé à croire que des changements aussi importants ont pu altérer, dans une certaine mesure, l'harmonie et l'équilibre de l'ensemble? Nous admettons, avec Lord Russell, qu'il n'est pas absolument nécessaire de donner à ces changements une sanction plus générale et plus solennelle; mais nous pensons qu'il y aurait avantage à déblayer les ruines et à réunir en un même corps tous ces membres vivants.

Pour les modifications auxquelles les Puissances n'ont pas donné un assentiment unanime, elles constituent autant de litiges qui, d'un moment à l'autre, peuvent diviser l'Europe en deux camps. Au lieu d'en abandonner la décision à la violence et au hazard, ne vaut-il pas mieux en poursuivre d'un commun accord la solution équitable, et sanctionner les transformations en les revisant?

La troisième catégorie comprend celles des parties du traité de Vienne qui sont menacées. "C'est à cet égard," dit Son Excellence le Principal Secrétaire d'Etat, "que surgissent les ques-
"tions les plus importantes; de quelle nature
"sont les propositions que compte faire à ce
"sujet l'Empereur Napoléon? Dans quelle
"direction tendraient-elles et, par dessus tout, si
"elles étaient adoptées par la majorité des Puis-
"sances, devront-elles être imposées par la
"force?"

L'Empereur en signalant à l'Europe les périls d'une situation profondément troublée, a indiqué le moyen d'écarter les redoutables éventualités qu'il prévoit et dont, moins que d'autres, peut-être, il aurait à s'alarmer, car les questions d'où peut sortir aujourd'hui la guerre ne touchent la France qu'indirectement, et il dépendrait d'Elle seule d'intervenir dans la lutte, ou de s'en tenir à l'écart. Il l'a fait en s'adressant avec confiance et simultanément à toutes les couronnes, sans entente préalable avec aucune d'elles, afin de mieux témoigner de sa sincère impartialité et d'aborder, libre de tout engagement, les graves délibérations auxquelles il les convie. Souverain le plus nouveau, il ne se croit pas en droit d'assumer le rôle d'arbitre, et de fixer d'avance aux autres cours le programme du Congrès qu'il propose. Tel est le motif de la réserve dans laquelle il s'est renfermé. Est-il, d'ailleurs, si difficile d'énumérer les questions non résolues qui peuvent troubler l'Europe?"

Une déplorable lutte ensanglante la Pologne, agite les états voisins, et menace le monde des plus graves perturbations. Trois Puissances, pour y mettre un terme, invoquent en vain les traités de Vienne qui fournissent aux deux parties des arguments contradictoires. Cette lutte durera-t-elle toujours ?

Des prétentions opposées mettent aux prises le Danemarck et l'Allemagne. Le maintien de la paix, dans le Nord, est à la merci d'un incident. Les cabinets sont déjà intervenus dans ce débat par des négociations ; y-sont-ils devenus aujourd'hui indifférents ?

L'anarchie continuera-t-elle à regner sur le Bas-Danube, et pourra-t-elle, à chaque moment, rouvrir une sanglante arène au débat de la question d'Orient ?

L'Autriche et l'Italie resteront-elles en présence dans une attitude hostile, toujours prêtes à rompre la trève, qui suspend l'explosion de leurs ressentiments ?

L'occupation de Rome par les troupes Françaises se prolongera-t-elle pendant un temps indéfini ?

Enfin, doit-on renoncer, sans avoir fait de nouvelles tentatives de conciliation à l'espoir d'alleger le fardeau qu'imposent aux peuples des armements excessifs entretenus par une mutuelle défiance ?

Telles sont, suivant nous, Monsieur, les principales questions que les Puissances, jugeraient sans doute utile d'examiner et de resoudre.

Lord Russell n'attend pas, assurément, que nous indiquions ici le mode de solution applicable à chacun de ces problêmes, ni le genre de sanction que pourraient comporter les decisions du Congrès. C'est aux Puissances qui y seraient représentées qu'appartiendrait le droit de prononcer sur ces divers points. Nous ajouterons seulement que ce serait, à nos yeux, une illusion que de poursuivre ces solutions à travers le dédale de correspondances diplomatiques et de négociations séparées, et que, loin d'aboutir à la guerre, la voie proposée est la seule qui puisse conduire à une pacification durable.

Dans l'une des dernières séances du Congrès de Paris, M. le Comte Clarendon, invoquant une stipulation du traité de paix qui venait d'être signé et qui recommandait de recourir à l'action médiatrice d'un état ami, avant d'en appeler à la force, en cas de dissentiment entre la Porte et d'autres puissances signataires, exprimait la pensée "que cette heureuse innova-"tion pourrait reçevoir une application plus "générale et devenir ainsi une barrière opposée "à des conflits qui, souvent, n'éclatent que par-"ce qu 'il n'est pas toujours possible de s'expliquer, "et de s'entendre." Les plénipotentiaires de toutes les Cours s'associèrent unanimement à l'intention de leur collègue, et n'hésitèrent pas à exprimer au nom de leurs Gouvernements, le vœu que les états entre lesquels s'éleveraient des dissentiments sérieux eussent recours à une médiation amicale avant d'en appeler aux armes. La sollicitude de l'Empereur va plus loin ; ell n'attend pas que les dissentiments aient éclaté, pour reeommander l'application aux circonstances actuelles du principe salutaire inscrit sur le dernier monument du droit public Européen, et Sa Majesté invite dès à présent ses alliés "à s'ex-"pliquer et à s'entendre."

Recevez, &c.,

(Signé) DROUYN DE L'HUYS.

(Translation.)

From M. Drouyn de L'Huys to the Marquis de Cadore.

Palace of Compiegne,
November 23, 1863.

SIR,

LORD COWLEY communicated to me, some days ago, a despatch from His Excellency Earl Russell, dated the 12th of this month, and which expresses the opinion of the British Government relative to the proposal to call at Paris a Congress to deliberate on the affairs of Europe. You will find annexed a copy of it. My previous correspondence has answered beforehand some of the considerations developed in this document. It is my duty, nevertheless, to sum up in this despatch, of which you will send a copy to His Excellency the Principal Secretary of State, the motives which have determined the resolution of His Majesty.

The Imperial Government have no intention either to apologise for or to criticise the Treaties of Vienna. The Emperor declared, on mounting the throne, that he should consider himself bound by the engagements subscribed to by his predecessors. Lately again, in his letter to the Sovereigns, His Majesty showed that the diplomatic acts of 1815 were the foundation on which rests to-day the political edifice of Europe. But this is, he considers, an additional reason for examining whether this foundation is not itself shaken to its base.

Now, the Cabinet of London recognises with us that several of these stipulations have been seriously infringed. Amongst the modifications which have taken place, some have been consecrated by the sanction of all the Great Powers, and at present constitute a part of international law ; others, on the contrary, carried into execution, have not been recognized as law by all the Cabinets. As regards the first, we cannot help calling attention to the irresistible power with which they have forced themselves on the acceptance of the Governments. The eagerness of England herself to give to them her adhesion, proves how little the former combinations answered, according to the expression of Lord Russell, the requirements of the lapse of time, the progress of opinion, the shifting policy of Governments, and the varying exigencies of nations ; on the other hand, are not we authorized in believing that changes so important have diminished to some extent the harmony and equilibrium of the whole ? We admit, with Lord Russell, that it is not absolutely necessary to give to these changes a more general and more solemn sanction ; but we consider it would be an advantage to clear away the ruins, and re-unite in a single body all the living members.

As regards the modifications to which the powers have not given an unanimous assent, they constitute so many causes of dispute which at any moment may divide Europe into two camps. Instead of leaving the decision of these to violence and chance, would it not be better to pursue their equitable solution to a common agreement, and sanction these changes by revising them ?

The third category comprises those parts of the Treaty of Vienna which are menaced. "Upon those portions"—says His Excellency, the Principal Secretary of State—"the most important "questions of all arise. What is the nature of "the proposals to be made on this subject by the "Emperor Napoleon ? In what direction would "they tend, and above all, are they, if agreed to "by a majority of the Powers, to be enforced by "arms."

The Emperor, while he pointed out to Europe the dangers of a situation in deep commotion, indicated the method of averting the dire calamities which he foresees, and at which he less than others, perhaps, would have reason to take alarm, for the questions out of which at the present time war may arise, interest France but indirectly, and it would depend on herself alone whether she would take part in the struggle or stand aloof from it. This he did by addressing all the Sovereigns in full confidence and simultaneously, without previous understanding with any of them, in order the better to testify his sincere impartiality, and to enter upon, free of every engagement, the important deliberations to which he invites them. Himself, the youngest of Sovereigns, he considers he has no right to asssume the part of an arbiter, and to fix before hand for the other Courts the programme of the Congress which he proposes. This is the motive of the reserve which he has imposed upon himself. It is, moreover, so difficult to enumerate the questions, not yet solved, which may disturb Europe.

A deplorable struggle is bathing Poland in blood, is agitating the neighbouring States, and threatening the world with the most serious disturbances. Three Powers, with a view of putting a stop to it, invoke in vain the Treaties of Vienna, which supply the two sides with contradictory arguments. Is this struggle to last for ever?

Pretentions, opposed to one another, are exciting a quarrel between Denmark and Germany. The preservation of peace in the north is at the mercy of an accident. The Cabinets have already, by their negociations, become parties to the dispute. Are they now become indifferent to it?

Shall anarchy continue to prevail on the Lower Danube, and shall it be able at any moment to open anew a bloody arena for the dispute of the Eastern Question?

Shall Austria and Italy remain in presence of each other in a hostile attitude, ever ready to break the the truce which prevents their animosities exploding?

Shall the occupation of Rome by the French troops be prolonged for an indefinite period?

Lastly, must we renounce, without fresh attempts at conciliation, the hope of lightening the burthen imposed on the nations by the disproportionate armaments occasioned by mutual distrust?

Such are, sir, in our opinion, the principal questions which the Powers would doubtless judge it useful to examine and decide.

Lord Russell surely does not expect us to specify here the mode of solution applicable to each of these problems, nor the kind of sanction which might be given by the decisions of the Congress. To the Powers there represented would pertain the right of pronouncing upon these various points. We will only add, that it would be in our eyes illusory to pursue their solution through the labyrinth of diplomatic correspondence and separate negociation, and that the way now proposed, so far from ending in war, is the only one which can lead to a durable pacification.

At one of the last meetings of the Congress of Paris, the Earl of Clarendon, invoking a stipulation of the Treaty of Peace which had just been signed, and which recommended recourse to the mediation of a friendly State before resorting to force, in the event of dissention arising between The Porte and others of the Signatary Powers. expressed the opinion "that this happy innovation "might receive a more general application, and "thus become a barrier against conflicts which "frequently only break forth because it is not "always possible to enter into explanation, and to "come to an understanding." The Plenipotentiaries of all the Courts concurred unanimously in the intention of their Colleague, and did not hesitate to express in the name of their Governments, the wish that States between which any serious misunderstanding may arise, should have recourse to friendly mediation before appealing to arms.

The solicitude of the Emperor goes further; it does not wait for dissentions to break out in order to recommend an application to the actual circumstances of the salutary principle engraven on the latest monument of the Public Law of Europe, and His Majesty now invites his allies "to "enter into explanations, and to come to an "understanding."

Accept, &c.,

(Signed) DROUYN DE L'HUYS.

No. 5.

Copy of a Despatch from Earl Russell to Earl Cowley.

Foreign Office,
November 25, 1863.

My Lord,

HER MAJESTY'S Government have received from the Marquis of Cadore, the copy of a despatch addressed to him by Monsieur Drouyn de L'Huys, in answer to my despatch to your Excellency of the 12th instant. Her Majesty's Government having obtained an answer to the enquiries they made, will not any longer delay giving a definitive reply to the invitation addressed by the Emperor of the French to Her Majesty the Queen, to take part in a Congress of the European Powers to be assembled at Paris.

I enclose a copy of the Emperor's letter of invitation to the Queen which is similar to one which has already appeared in the "Moniteur," addressed to the German Confederation.

Her Majesty's Government fully recognize in this step the desire of the Emperor of the French to put an end to the disquietude which affects several parts of Europe, and to establish the general peace on foundations more solid than those on which, in his opinion, it now rests.

The Emperor declares that France is disinterested in this question; that he, for his part, seeks no aggrandizement, and that the interests to be secured are those, not of France, but of Europe.

Her Majesty's Government may also declare that Great Britain is disinterested in this matter, that she seeks no aggrandizement, and that she has only to counsel moderation and peace.

But France and Great Britain being thus disinterested themselves, are bound to consider what is the position, and what, in a Congress, will be the probable conduct of Powers who may be called upon to make sacrifices of territory or of pre-eminence and moral strength.

It would be little to the purpose to say on this occasion anything more of the Treaties of 1815.

Practically, the Emperor of the French admits the binding force of many portions of those Treaties; and Her Majesty's Government as readily allow that some portions of them have been modified or disregarded, and that other portions are now menaced or called in question.

Her Majesty's Government understand from the explanations given by Monsieur Drouyn de L'Huys, that, in the opinion of the government of the Emperor, it is obvious to every one that there are several questions, not hitherto solved, which may disturb Europe. Of this nature are the following:—

Must the conflict in Poland be still further prolonged?

Is Denmark to be at War with Germany, and have the Powers which formerly took a part in the discussion of this question become indifferent to it?

Must anarchy continue in the Danubian Principalities, and thus at any moment tend to re-open the question of the East?

Must Italy and Austria always remain in presence of each other in a hostile attitude?

Must the occupation of Rome by French troops be prolonged for an indefinite time?

The Emperor's Government put a further question:—

Must we, without having made new attempts at conciliation, renounce the hope of lightening the burthens imposed upon the nations of Europe by excessive armaments, kept up by the feeling of mutual distrust?

These, no doubt, are the principal questions which either disturb or threaten the peace of Europe; but there is a further question which Her Majesty's Government consider to lie at the bottom of this whole matter, and that is the following:—

Is a General Congress of European States likely to furnish a peaceful solution of the various matters in dispute?

This, indeed, is the question which it behoves the Governments of the different States to consider seriously and attentively.

There appears to Her Majesty's Government to be one main consideration which must lead them to their conclusion.

After the war which desolated Germany from 1619 to 1649, and after the successive wars which afflicted the Continent of Europe from 1793 to 1815, it was possible to distribute territories and to define rights by a Congress, because the nations of Europe were tired of the slaughter, and exhausted by the burthens of war, and because the Powers, who met in Congress, had by the circumstances of the time the means of carrying their decisions and arrangements into effect.

But at the present moment, after a continuance of long peace, no Power is willing to give up any territory to which it has a title by Treaty, or a claim by possession.

For example, of the questions mentioned as disturbing or threatening Europe, two of the most disquieting are those regarding Poland and Italy.

Let us examine the present state of these questions, and see whether it is probable that a Congress would tend to a peaceful settlement of them.

In the first place, with regard to Poland, the question is not new to France, to Austria, or to Great Britain.

For several months these Powers, while carefully abstaining from any threat, have attempted to obtain from Russia by friendly representations the adoption of measures of a healing nature, but have only succeeded in procuring promises, often repeated, that when the insurrection shall have been put down, recourse will be had to clemency and conciliation. Would there be any advantage in repeating in the name of a Congress representations already made with so little effect?

Is it probable that a Congress would be able to secure better terms for Poland unless by a combined employment of force?

Considerable progress has been made by the military preponderance, and by the unsparing severity of Russia, in subduing the insurgents.

It is likely that Russia will grant in the pride of her strength what she refused in the early days of her discouragement?

Would she create an independent Poland at the mere request of a Congress?

But if she would not, the prospect becomes one of humiliation for Europe, or of war against Russia; and those Powers who are not ready to incur the cost and hazard of war, may well desire to avoid the other alternative.

It may be truly said, moreover, that the present period is one of transition. If the insurrection shall be subdued, it will then be seen whether the promises of the Emperor of Russia are to be fulfilled. If the insurrection shall not be subdued, or if, in order to subdue it, the Polish population is treated with fresh, and if that be possible, with aggravated rigour, other questions will arise which may require further consideration, but which would hardly receive a solution from a large Assembly of Representatives of all the Powers of Europe.

Indeed, it is to be apprehended that questions, arising from day to day, coloured by the varying events of the hour, would give occasion rather for useless debate than for practical and useful deliberation in a Congress of twenty or thirty Representatives, not acknowledging any supreme authority, and not guided by any fixed rules of proceeding.

Passing to the question of Italy, fresh difficulties occur. In the first place, is it intended to sanction by a new Treaty, the present state of possession in Italy? The Pope, and the Sovereigns related to the dispossessed Princes, might, on the one side, object to give a title they have hitherto refused, to the King of Italy; and the King of Italy, on the other, would probably object to a settlement which would appear to exclude him, by inference, at least, from the acquisition of Rome and Venetia.

But is it intended to ask Austria, in Congress, to renounce the possession of Venetia? Her Majesty's Government have good grounds to believe that no Austrian Representative would attend a Congress where such a proposition was to be discussed. They are informed that if such an intention were announced beforehand, Austria would decline to attend the Congress, and that if the question were introduced without notice, the Austrian Minister would quit the Assembly. Here again, therefore, the deliberations of the Congress would soon be brought in sight of the alternative of nullity or war.

But is it possible to assemble a Congress and to summon an Italian Representative to sit in it without discussing the State of Venetia? The Emperor of the French would be the first person to feel, and to admit that such a course would not be possible.

With regard to Germany and Denmark, it is true that several of the Powers of Europe have interested themselves in that question, but the addition of Spain, Portugal, Italy, and Turkey to the deliberation would scarcely improve the prospect of a satisfactory solution. And if, with regard to Poland and Italy, no beneficial result is likely to be attained, is it expedient to call together a General Congress of all the States of Europe to find a remedy for the anarchy of Moldo-Wallachia?

Were all these questions, those of Poland, Italy, Denmark and the Danubian Provinces, to be decided by the mere utterance of opinions, the views of Her Majesty's Government upon most of them might, perhaps, be found not materially to differ from those of the Emperor of the French.

But if the mere expression of opinions and wishes would accomplish no positive results, it appears certain that the deliberations of a Congress

would consist of demands and pretensions put forward by some and resisted by others; and, there being no supreme authority in such an assembly to enforce the decisions of the majority, the Congress would probably separate, leaving many of its members on worse terms with each other than they had been when they met. But if this would be the probable result, it follows that no decrease of armaments is likely to be effected by the proposed Congress. M. Drouyn de L'Huys refers to a proposal made by Lord Clarendon in one of the last sittings of the Congress of Paris. But Her Mejesty's Government understand that proposal to have reference to a dispute between two Powers to be referred to the good offices of a friendly Power, but in no way to the assembling of a General Congress.

Not being able, therefore, to discern the likelihood of those beneficial consequences which the Emperor of the French promised himself when proposing a Congress, Her Majesty's Government, following their own strong convictions, after mature deliberation, feel themselves unable to accept His Imperial Majesty's invitation.

You are instructed to give a copy of this despatch to M. Drouyn de L'Huys.

I am, &c.,
(Signed) RUSSELL.

Aberdeen, October 13, 1863.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Alexander Anderson, Esq., Lord Provost of Aberdeen.

Windsor Castle, November 23, 1863.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Robert Porrett Collier, Esq., M.P., Her Majesty's Solicitor-General.

Windsor Castle, November 23, 1863.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Peter Stafford Carey, Esq., Bailiff of Guernsey.

War Office, November 27, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Edward St. John Neale, Esq., Acting Chargé d'Affaires in Japan during the absence of Her Majesty's Minister, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Foreign Office, November 24, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Richard Williams as Vice-Consul at Waterford for His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin.

Whitehall, November 6, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to issue a new Commission of Lieutenancy for the city of London, constituting and appointing the several persons undermentioned to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for that purpose, viz.:—William Anderson Rose, Esquire, Lord Mayor of the city of London, and the Lord Mayor of the said city for the time being; William Taylor Copeland and Samuel Wilson, Esquires, Sir James Duke, Baronet, Sir John Musgrove, Baronet, Thomas Challis, and Thomas Sidney, Esquires, Sir Francis Graham Moon, Baronet, David Salomons and Thomas Quested Finnis, Esquires, Sir Robert Walter Carden, Knight, and John Carter, Esquire, Aldermen of the city of London; Russell Gurney, Esquire, Recorder of the city of London, and the Recorder of the said city for the time being; William Lawrence, Warren Stormes Hale, Benjamin Samuel Phillips, Thomas Gabriel, William Ferneley Allen, John Joseph Mechi, Edward Conder, James Abbiss, James Clarke Lawrence, Thomas Dakin, Robert Besley, Sills John Gibbons, Sydney Hedley Waterlow, and Andrew Lusk, Esquires, Aldermen of the city of London, and the Aldermen of the said city for the time being; Benjamin Scott, Esquire, Chamberlain of the city of London, and the Chamberlain of the said city for the time being; Frederick Woodthorpe, Esquire, Town Clerk of the city of London, and the Town Clerk of the said city for the time being; Thomas Chambers, Esquire, Common Serjeant of the city of London, and the Common Serjeant of the said city for the time being; John Lorkin, Thomas Pewtress, Daniel Cork, Edward Harrison, Robert Obbard, Samuel Unwin, Thomas Lott, Eugenius Fenning, Benjamin Bower, William Hawtrey, Herbert Lloyd, George Virtue, William Rathbone, Frederick Farrar, Septimus Read, Thomas Henry Fry, William Jones, Thomas Turnbull, Charles Gammon, Henry De Jersey, Blomfield Burnell, Charles Edward Fuller, Thomas Scambler Owden, John Humphreys, John Hawkins Elliott, Joseph Perkins, Charles Reed, George Scamell, and John Annis, Esquires, Deputies of the city of London, and the Deputies of the said city for the time being; Thomas Farncomb, Esquire, formerly Alderman of the said city of London, John Southby Bridge, Thomas Watkins, Jeremiah Evans, George Meadway, William Tylor, William Humphery Pilcher, Thomas White, Henry Kebbel, Thomas Corney, William Christie, Robert Butler Whiteside, and John Britten, Esquires, formerly Deputies of the city of London, Henry Alworth Merewether, Doctor of Civil Law and Serjeant-at-Law, formerly Town Clerk of the city of London, Thomas Baring, Henry Wollaston Blake, Henry Hulse Berens, John William Birch, Travers Buxton, Arthur Edward Campbell, Stephen Cave, Edward Henry Chapman, Robert Wigram Crawford, William Cotton, James Pattison Currie, Bonamy Dobree, Benjamin Buck Greene, Charles Pascoe Grenfell, Henry Hucks Gibbs, John Saunders Gilliat, George Joachim Göschen, James Alexander Guthrie, Thomson Hankey, John Benjamin Heath, Kirkman Daniel Hodgson, Henry Lancelot Holland, John Gellibrand Hubbard, Thomas Newman Hunt, Charles Frederick Huth, Alfred Latham, George Lyall, Thomas Masterman, Alexander Matheson, James Morris, Sheffield Neave, George Warde Norman, Edward Howley Palmer, Thomas Charles Smith, Clifford Wigram, Thomas Matthias Weguelin, and Ross Donnelly Mangles, Esquires, Sir Frederick Currie, Baronet, Charles Mills, Russell Ellice, and Martin Tucker Smith, Esquires, Sir James Weir Hogg, Baronet, Colonel William Henry Sykes, Elliot Macnaghten, William Joseph Eastwick, John Harvey Astell, Henry Thoby Prinsep, and John Pollard Willoughby, Esquires, Sir Henry Creswicke Rawlinson, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, Sir Robert

John Hussey Vivian, Major-General in the Army, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Sir Laurence Peel, Knight, Sir James Law Lushington, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Lieutenant General in the Army, John Loch, Henry Shank, John Cotton, William Henry Chicheley Plowden, John Clarmont Whiteman, Henry Alexander, William Dent, Dudley Coutts Marjoribanks, and Charles Franks, Esquires, Sir Richard Plumptre Glyn, Baronet, Charles John Manning, William Phillimore, Newman Smith, George Whitmore, Charles John Baker, James Whatman Bosanquet, Frederick Charles Gaussen, Henry Lannoy Hunter, Brice Pearse, George Smith Thornton, John Iltid Nicholl, Thomas Henry Allen Poynder, Henry Vigne, and William Pole, Esquires, Baron de Teissier, Henry Jeffreys Bushby, and John Neville Warren, Esquires, Baron Lionel de Rothschild, Baron Nathan de Rothschild, Sir Moses Montefiore, Baronet, George Carr Glyn, Jonathan Muckleston Key, and Robert Seeley, Esquires, Sir William Henry Poland, Knight, Thomas Alers Hankey, Edward Tyrrell, William Croft, John Alexander Hankey, James Anderson, Daniel Britten, George Dodd, William Hughes Hughes, Francis Bligh Hookey, William Hughes Hughes, junior, Ambrose Moore, Joseph Oldham, junior, Alfred Wilson, Cornelius Lea Wilson, Peter Northall Laurie, Edward Wilson, Richard Lea Wilson, Robert Ellis, William Peters, James Walkinshaw, Joseph Somes, Samuel Gregson, George Magnay, John Masterman, Frederick Mildred, James Bentley, William Gladstone, John Helbert Helbert, John Pemberton Heywood, John Pierce Kennard, Robert William Kennard, Joseph Maynard, William Roper Maynard, John Walter, Charles Fenton Whiting, Charles Hill, Heathfield Smith, Charles Alliston, George Alliston, Philip Champion Toker, David Henry Stone, William Dallison Starling, John Kinnersley Hooper, John Humphery, William Fowler Mountford Copeland, Joseph Anderson, junior, John Wood, Samuel Christie Miller, Bonamy Dobree, junior, William Jones Loyd, Donald Nicoll, John Thomas Norris, Philip Joseph Salomons, John Henry Smith, Thomas Matthewman Challis, William Henry Challis, Alfred Wilberforce Challis, John Ridley Hunter, Robert Bousfield, Edward Jones Williams, Edward Hunter, Edward Masterman, George Moore, John Francis Moore, John Garford, Richard Nathaniel Philipps, George Wodehouse Currie, Alexander Henry, Lewis Loyd, Charles Magniac, James Nugent Daniel, William Schaw Lindsey, George Moffatt, Thomas Parker, John Philip Fischer, John Bonus, Samuel Fisher, Thomas Kerr Lynch, Charles Skipper, George Grenfel Glyn, and Henry Lowman Taylor, Esquires, Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke, Bart., Alexander Angus Croll, Stephen William Silver, John William Carter, John Jones, Frederick Graves Moon, Charles Kelson, Alfred James Waterlow, Henry Wellington Vallance, and William Tite, Esquires, Sir Anthony de Rothschild, Baronet, Edward Huggins, Travers Barton Wire, Josiah Hale, George Whiting, Joseph Sebag, Henry Hill, and James Duke Hill, Esquires, Richard Baggallay, Esquire, Treasurer of St. Thomas's Royal Hospital, Charles Capper, Henry Doulton, and Robert Nicholas Fowler, Esquires, William Gilpin, Esquire, Treasurer of Christ's Royal Hospital, Patrick Douglas Hadow, Esquire, John Edward Johnson, Esquire, Treasurer of Bridwell Royal Hospital, Hugh Jones, Esquire, late Sheriff of London and Middlesex, Howard John Kennard, John Coleridge Kennard, William James Lancaster, and Archibald McDougall, Esquires, Hilary Nicholas Nissen, Esquire, Sheriff of London and Middlesex, Charles Hood Chicheley Plowden, Nathan Mayer de Rothschild, and James Anderson Rose, Esquires, His Excellency Sir Hugh Rose, the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India, John Rose Holden Rose, Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army, Joseph D'Aquiler Samuda, Charles John Todd, and Thomas White, Esquires, William Foster White, Esquire, Treasurer of St. Bartholomew's Royal Hospital, Sir Andrew Scott Waugh, Major-General in the Army, late Surveyor-General of India, and Frederick George Westmoreland, Esquire.

(1305.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 25, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a notice issued by the Portuguese Board of Health, declaring the Port of Pernambuco to be considered free from cholera morbus.

(1319.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall, November 25, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires in Chile enclosing a copy of a Chilian Decree promulgating a new Chilian customs tariff, which came into effect on the 11th October last.

The decree can be inspected on application at the Board of Trade, Whitehall.

War Office, Pall Mall, 27th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The promotion of Ensign Leggett to Lieutenant, vice Dickinson, retired, and the appointment in succession of Mr. Reginald Carey Annesley, should have appeared under heading of *4th Foot*, not *1st Foot*, in Gazette of 24th instant.

India Office, 25th November, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve the undermentioned promotions and alterations of rank amongst the Officers of the Bengal Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Thomas Denneby. Dated 20th July, 1863.

Lieutenant Thomas Walter Rutherfurd. Dated 26th September, 1863.

BENGAL ARMY.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Frederick Schomberg Carr to be Lieutenant, vice Cattermole, deceased. Dated 7th July, 1863.

Ensign Robert Edward Seymour Smith to be Lieutenant, vice Gunning, late of 14th Native Infantry, deceased. Dated 13th July, 1863.

Ensign George Michell Devereux Hill to be Lieutenant, vice Gibbon, late 44th Native Infantry, (Staff Corps) deceased. Dated 5th August 1863.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

General List of Infantry Officers.

The undermentioned Officers to take rank from the dates specified :

Lieutenant Benjamin Hill Russell, from the 2nd May, 1863.

Lieutenant John Andrias Davidson Gordon, from the 10th May, 1863.

Lieutenant Douglas Cowslade Hennessy, from the 10th June, 1863.

Lieutenant Everard Neal Digges La Touche, from the 30th June, 1863.

Lieutenant Horace Howell, from the 2nd July, 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to permit the undermentioned Officer to resign his Commission :

Captain Robert Thomas Hawksley Barber, of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry. Dated 31st October, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, *and of the City and County of the City of* York.

4th West Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Chalmer to be First Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Samuel Berry to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

5th Administrative Battalion of West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Alexander Hannah to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 20th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Lieutenant James Coates and Honorary Chaplain the Reverend James William Geldart in the 33rd West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. This Corps has been struck out of the records of the War Office and will cease to hold any number or designation in the County Force.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

3rd London Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Edward Sparrow to be Ensign. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Philip Smith Firmin to be Ensign. Dated 18th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign William Fenwick in the above Corps.

London Rifle Volunteer Brigade.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Christopher Hopkinson, Lieutenant Samuel McCaul, Ensign Charles Octavius Humphreys, and Surgeon William Costale May. Dated 18th November, 1863.

4th London Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain John Philip Woulfe. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Durham Rifle Volunteers.

Robert Duncombe Shafto, Esq., M.P., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 21st November, 1863.

Captain Collingwood Lindsay Wood to be Major. Dated 21st November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Captain Wood has been permitted to retain his Commission as Captain in the 4th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

1st Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Braithwaite Mills to be Captain. Dated 21st November, 1863.

Jasper Barugh, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 21st November, 1863.

Joshua Stagg Byers, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 21st November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

4th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Robert Marley in this Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the City and County of the City of Edinburgh, *and Liberties thereof.*

1st City of Edinburgh Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Menzies to be Ensign. Dated 12th October, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Henry Harrison and First Lieutenant John Macnab in the 1st City of Edinburgh Artillery Volunteer Corps ; and of the Commission held by Captain Samuel Hay in the 1st City of Edinburgh Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

11th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Eisdell Fluder to be Ensign, vice Allsop, promoted. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign William Wykes Ladell in the 16th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by the Reverend Henry Simpson Blink in the 5th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

19th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Battalion.

Horace Edward Meadows, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 24th November, 1863.

LONDON GAZETTE ONE B 27

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Pembroke.

1st Pembrokeshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant William Rees to be First Lieutenant.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant Edward Lyttelton Frances, of the 27th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

48th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Preston, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 4th November, 1863.

Duke of Lancaster's own Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Howarth Ashton, Gent., to be Cornet, vice Royds, promoted. Dated 7th November, 1863.

1st Administrative Brigade of Lancashire Artillery Volunteers.

Nicholas Kenrick Marsh, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 11th November, 1863.

4th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant William Nixon to be First Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Frederick Barned Mozley, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Robert Gibsone Anthony, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

5th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Arthur Heald, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

4th Administrative Battalion of Lancashire Rifle Volunteers.

James Bowers, Esq., to be Major. Dated 14th November, 1863.

1st Manchester or 6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Walter Bousfield Westhead to be Major. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Thomas Walker Nelson, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 11th November, 1863.

27th Lancashire Rifle Voluteer Corps.

Captain Arthur Bailey to be Major. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Lieutenant James Watkins to be Captain. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Ensign James Percival Cross to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Martin Gay Black Oxley, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Second Lieutenant Ralph Fish in the 5th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps;

Assistant-Surgeon George William Mould in the 1st Manchester or 6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Captain and Adjutant Charles de Houghton in the 9th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Captain Charles Pierre Melly and Ensign Weir Anderson in the 42nd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Captain Robert Rawlinson in the 75th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The 65th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps has been united to the 5th Administrative Battalion of Lancashire Rifle Volunteers.

The 75th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps having been struck out of the Records of the War Office will henceforth cease to hold any number or designation in the Volunteer Force of the county of Lancaster.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 17th instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

2nd or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Daniel Spink to be Lieutenant. Dated 5th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Chaplain the Reverend George Bradshaw in the 2nd Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 21st November, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant William S. Morant in the 2nd Hampshire Light Horse Volunteer Corps. Dated 21st November, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Thomas Elliott in the 2nd Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by First Lieutenant James Brown in the 1st Monmouthshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Robert Brewin in the 5th Leicestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant William David Gooch in the 11th Wiltshile Rifle Volunteer Corps.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

Michaelmas Term, 27th Victoria.

Wednesday, the 25th day of November, 1863.

THIS Court will hold a sitting on Monday, the 7th day of December next, and will at such sitting proceed in giving judgment in matters then standing for judgment.

Fred. Pollock.
G. Bramwell.
W. F. Channell.
G. Pigott.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Lower Mitton, Worcestershire.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Owners and Ratepayers of the hamlet of Lower Mitton, in the county of Worcester, that being a place with a population of less than 3,000 by the last census. And whereas all the requirements of the said Act, in respect of such adoption, have been complied with, and proof has been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said hamlet should be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby approve of such adoption by the hamlet of Lower Mitton aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 25th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Halliwell, Lancashire.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the township of Halliwell, in the county of Lancaster.

And notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named township of Halliwell; and that the said Act has the force of law within such township.

Given under my hand this 25th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

PEGU PRIZE MONEY.

80th Foot.

Royal Hospital, Chelsea, November 24th, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Prize Rolls, for the 80th Regiment of Foot (only), on account of the operations in Pegu in 1851–52, have been received at this Hospital, containing the names of those whose shares have been remitted to the Commissioners of this Hospital by the Government of India, and that distribution of such shares will commence at my office on the 2nd December next, and will be continued on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, during the hours from eleven to two o'clock.

Directions.

All Claimants must state the regimental number borne by the soldier.

In all personal applications at Chelsea Hospital by discharged soldiers, they must produce their parchment certificate of service and regimental account book, or parchment certificate of pension.

Pensioners residing in the country should apply through the Staff Officer of Pensioners for the district in which they respectively reside.

Claimants to the shares of deceased soldiers and all claimants (Officers or Soldiers) residing beyond 5 miles from Chelsea Hospital must apply by letter, addressed to the "Secretary of Chelsea Hospital," when the necessary forms will be sent.

Soldiers still serving must apply through the Officer Commanding the Regiment or Depôt.

A. J. Moorhead,
Secretary to the Commissioners

India Office, November 24, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice,—

That, with reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office under date the 10th instant, the amount for which Tenders for Bills of Exchange will be received at the Bank of England, on Wednesday, the 2nd December, on the terms stated in that Advertisement, will be Rupees 50,00,000, of which not more than Rupees 21,00,000 will be drawn on the Government of Bombay, and Rupees 2,00,000, on that of Madras.

Bills on Bombay, if paid for before twelve o'clock on Thursday, the 3rd December, will be delivered the same afternoon.

Thomas George Baring.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named St. Mary's Catholic Chapel, situate at the junction of Wellington-road and Fynnon Grew-street, in Rhyl, in the parish of Rhuddlan, in the county of Flint, in the district of St. Asaph, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 21st day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 23rd day of November, 1863.

Tho. K. Roberts, Superintendent Registrar.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2884. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's Inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in rotatory engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Enrico Fava, of Gênes, in the Kingdom of Italy, was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said Office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2926. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, and 38, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in preserving grain, flour, and other similar substances, and in the apparatus connected therewith."—A communication from Alphonse Louvel, Doctor of Medicine, Officer of the Legion of Honour, a person residing at Saint Denis, near Paris, in the Empire of France aforesaid, was deposited and recorded in

the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2941. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of James Steart, of 5, Saint James-road, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Manufacturer, praying for letters patent for the invention of "extracting the fibre from zostera marina, and other aquatic vegetable productions,"—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 21st day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2950. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of St. George Gregg, of No. 3, Austin-friars, in the city of London, and Thomas Gray, of Mitcham, in the county of Surrey, Bleacher, praying for letters patent for the invention of "the production of thread, cordage, and woven textile fabrics from prepared fibre of hemp, or any of the plants known of the order or genus 'cannabis,' and in mixing such prepared fibre with cotton, silk, or animal wool,"—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

2480. To Daniel Lange, of 5, Trinity-square, Tower-hill, in the city of London, for the invention of "certain improvements in railway wrappers."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of October, 1863.

2568. To Max Pettenkofer, Professor of Chemistry in the University of Munich, Member of the Royal Academy of Science in Munich (Bavaria), for the invention of "restoring the surface of pictures in oil without any danger to their original state."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of October, 1863.

2599. To Frederick Bullock, Rear-Admiral, of No. 16, Richmond-terrace, Gravesend, in the county of Kent, for the invention of "improvements in ships' logs, or apparatus for ascertaining the speed of ships."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 22nd day of October, 1863.

2702. To William Law, of Northampton, in the county of Northampton, Cabinet Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of articles of furniture known as wardrobes, including improved arrangements for attaching doors to the same, such improvements in attaching doors being applicable to other articles of furniture."

2708. And to Edward Jones, of Charlton, in the county of Kent, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of bricks, drain pipes, traps, sewage tanks, and water-closet pans and valves, and the machinery and apparatus necessary for the same."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 31st day of October, 1863.

2715. To David Davy, Junior, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in steam hammers."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of November, 1863.

2733. To William Audinwood, of Castle Donington, in the county of Leicester, Proprietor of Steam Thrashing Machines, for the invention of "improvements in thrashing machines."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of November, 1863.

2735. To Greenwood Craven, William Craven, and John Craven, of the Vauxhall Iron Works, in the city of Manchester, Engineers and Tool Makers, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting and planing iron and other metals, particularly applicable to machinery for cutting and planing armour plates."

2740. And to Bewicke Blackburn, of Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, for the invention of "an improved coupling or buckle"

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of November, 1863.

2752. To Robert Sellar, of Huntly, Aberdeenshire, North Britain, Agricultural Implement Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improvement in the construction of harrows."

2760. To William Daniel Allen, of Laithfield House, Norfolk-road, Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in casting ingots of steel."

2764. And to William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines." A communication to him from abroad by Walter Davis Richards, of Boston, in the United States of America.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of November, 1863.

2770. To John Dyson, Joseph Dyson, and George Walter Dyson, all of Tinsley, in the county of York, Ironfounders, for the invention of "improvements in the method of, and machinery for, forming metal plates, bars, and rods taper."

2776. And to Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for raising and lowering bodies. A communication to him from abroad by Friederich Klingenfeld, of Nürnberg, in the Kingdom of Bavaria, Professor.

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of November, 1863.

2798. To Francois Testuz, of Besançon, in the French Empire, at present residing at No. 11, Air-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in breaks applicable to railway and other carriages."

2800. And to William Renwick Bowditch, of Saint Andrews, Wakefield, in the county of York, Clerk, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus used in gas lighting."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of November, 1863.

2811. To Henry Joseph Simlick, of Old Ford-road, Bow, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of fusees or matches employed to light cigars and pipes."

2813. To Benjamin Peake, of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, Ribbon Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of neck-ties, cravats, and waistbands, which improvements are also applicable to other articles of wearing apparel."

2815. To Alfred Illingworth, of Bradford, in the county of York, Spinner, for the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus employed in preparing and twisting cotton wool and other fibrous materials."

2817. To George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, and of No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in springs for railroad-cars, and other similar purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by Augustus Ball Davis, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America.

2821. To George Henry Brockbank, of Great College-street, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in pianofortes."

2823. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in gas-burners."—A communication to him from abroad by George Washington Thompson and John Thomas Tully, both of New York City, United States of America.

2825. And to Douglass Munro Fyfe, of Maidenhead, in the county of Berks, Adjutant of the 19th Regiment of Berks Volunteers, for the invention of "improvements in carriages and apparatus for raising, removing, and transporting heavy bodies from place to place."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of November, 1863.

2827. To Benjamin Marriott, of 38, Upper-street, Islington, and Charles Radcliff, of 201, Hampstead-road, both in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in dead beat independent centre seconds watches."

2829. To William Chambers, of Whitefield, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Bleacher, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for beetling and finishing cloth."

2831. To Harry Farncombe Hodson, of 179, Western-road, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Agricultural Agent, for the invention of "certain improvements in cigars."

2833. To Eli Spencer, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Machinist, and John Dodd, of the same place, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in mules for spinning and doubling."

2837. And to Thomas Harrison, of Tudhoe, near Ferry-hill, in the county of Durham, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting and excavating coal and other minerals, applicable also to other mining purposes."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of November, 1863.

2841. To Dé Bosco Hughes, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Scenic Artist, for the invention of "improvements in producing dramatic, and other like effects on the stage or in a room."

2843. To Joseph Ellison, of Leeds, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in flour dressing machines, termed 'silk reels.'"

2847. To Adolf Ellissen, of the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in preventing the fouling of the bottoms and sides of ships and vessels, particularly applicable to ships and vessels constructed of or sheathed with iron."

2849. To George Barker, of 59, Broad-street, Pendleton, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in the constructions of syphons for taking off liquid sewerage, overflow of rivers and other like purposes."

2851. To George Henry Courtney, of Broadway, Stratford, in the county of Essex, for the invention of "improvements in tills or receptacles for money."

2853. To Gustav Lindemann, of Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for singeing woven fabrics."

2855. To Lauchlan Mackirdy, of Greenock, in the county of Renfrew, Sugar Refiner, for the invention of "improvements in saturating, washing, and cleansing charcoal and other matters, applicable also to the separation of syrups from sugar."

2859. To John Southgate, of Nos. 75 and 76, Watling-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in overland and other portmanteaus."

2861. And to John Walmsley, of the town of Berlin, in the county of Waterloo, and province of Canada, Farmer and Waggon Maker, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for pulverizing and cleaning the soil and scattering seed, guano, bone dust, and other substances thereon."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of November, 1863.

2863. To Evan Leigh and Frederick Allen Leigh, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanical Engineers, for the invention of "improvements in the method of driving and feeding cotton gins and of conveying away the ginned cotton and seeds therefrom."

2865. To Samuel Cameron, Plumber, and William Johnston, Metal Merchant, both of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in taps or valves in pipe joints and in the valvular mechanism of water closets."

2871. To Isidore Pomès, of Condon, France, Gentleman, for the invention of "an improved hydraulic motor."

2875. And to Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of salt, and in boilers to be fed by salt water."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Louis Edouard Lequin, of Nancy, France.

On their several petitions, recorded in the

Office of the Commissioners on the 16th day of November, 1863.

2877. To Frederick William Burton, of 20, Somerset-place, New North-road, in the county of Middlesex, Ornamental Carver, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of music stools, tables, and other articles of furniture, and in means of securing such articles to floors."

2879. And to Valentine Baker, Lieutenant-Colonel of Her Majesty's 10th Regiment of Hussars, at present stationed at Dublin, for the invention of "improvements in breech-loading ordnance, and in apparatus connected therewith."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 17th day of November, 1863.

2881. To William Pratchitt, John Blaylock, and John Pratchitt, all in the city of Carlisle, Machinists, for the invention of "improvements in and applicable to moveable platforms for railway stations."

2885. To Robert William Siever, of Guilford-street, Russell-square, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in jacquard machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Edouard Maximilien Augustin Rigo, resident at Neuilly, near Paris, and Charles Grognet, resident at Paris, both in the Empire of France.

2887. To Joseph Rock Cooper, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Gun Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of barrels for fire arms and in machinery to be used in the said manufacture."

2889. To John Elder, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements relating to floating and other docks."

2891. To James Mackew, of Leicester, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for making looped fabrics."

2893. To Josiah George Jennings, of Palace-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, Sanitary Engineer, and Manuel Leopold Jonas Lavater, of Bath-street, Newgate-street, in the city of London, India Rubber Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of tubes, rings, and cords of india rubber and in covering telegraph wires."

2895. And to Patrick St. George Grœme, of No. 9, Waterloo-place, Pall Mall, in the county of Middlesex, Captain R.A., for the invention of "improvements in ships or vessels for war and other purposes."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of November, 1863.

Patents which have become Void.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 21st day of November, 1863.

2798. John Schofield, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Machinist, and Miles Schofield, of the same place, Machine Joiner, for an invention of "certain improvements in machinery or apparatus for doubling yarns of cotton or other fibrous materials."—Dated 15th November, 1860.

2803. George Bagshaw, of Preston, in the county of Lancaster, Engine Tenter, for an invention of "an improved arrangement of the flues of steam boilers for consuming smoke."—Dated 15th November, 1860.

2804. William Henry Ralston, Analytical Chymist, of Keele, in the county of Staffordshire, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of soda ash."—Dated 15th November, 1860.

2808. Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in sword bayonets and other swords."—Communicated to him from abroad by François Jules Manclans, of Paris.—Dated 15th November, 1860."

2811. Charles Stevens, Manager of the British and Foreign Office for Patents, 1B, Welbeck-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in sheet-iron tiles."—Communicated to him from abroad by Count du Vigier and Viscount du Vigier de Mirabel, of Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2812. Jean Cirille Marius Béziat, of 51, Rue de Malte, Paris, in the Empire of France, for an invention of "improvements in the means or apparatus employed for permitting, stopping, and regulating the passage of steam, water, and gases."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2813. Charles Wye Williams, of Liverpool, in the county Palatine of Lancaster, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in steam boilers for increasing the evaporative effect thereof, applicable also to stills and other like vessels or apparatus."—Dated 16th November' 1860.

2816. Jean Baptiste Mourguet, of No. 6, Rue Boucher, in the city of Paris, in the Empire of France, Gunsmith, for an invention of "improvements in fire-arms and ordnance, and in projectiles used therewith."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2817. Edward Brown Wilson, of Parliament-street, in the city of Westminster, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of railway wheels and other articles of cast steel or malleable cast iron."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2818. Rudolph Bodmer, of 2, Thavies-inn, Holborn, in the city of London, for an invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for folding, and for folding and stitching sheets of paper and other material."—Communicated to him from abroad by Dr. Carl Bernhard Gruner and Dr. George Adolph Keller, trading under the firm of Maschinenbauanstalt Frauenfeld, of Frauenfeld, in the Republic of Switzerland.—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2820. Thomas Welton, of No. 29, New Compton-street, Soho, and Edward Henry Cradock Monckton, of the Parthenon Club, No. 16, Regent-street, both in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in the application of electricity or magnetism to the human body for the relief of pain and cure of disease."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2821. Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in joining or connecting together pipes or tubes."—Communicated to him from abroad by Louis Alexandre Farjon.—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2822. William Henry Woodhouse, of Parliament-street, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "an improved method

of, and instrument for, measuring distances."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2823. William Lynall Thomas, of Southsea, in the county of Hants, Gentleman, and Henry Percival De Bathe, Colonel Scots Fusilier Guards, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of plates or shields for the purpose of resisting shot and other projectiles.—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2824. Manuel Leopold Jonas Lavater, of Guildford-street, York-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, for an invention of "improvements in portable or syphon filters."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2825. Mathias Antony Joseph Dahmen, of Park-road, New Peckham, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in treating vegetable fibrous substances in the manufacture of paper."—Dated 16th November, 1860.

2829. Bewicke Blackburn, of York-buildings, Adelphi, in the county of Middlesex, and Henry Carr, of Victoria-street, Westminster, for an invention of "improvements in axle boxes."—Dated 17th November, 1860.

2830. Thomas Moreton Jones, of Finchley-common, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanician, for an invention of "an improved apparatus for containing, igniting, and holding wax taper and other matches."—Dated 17th November, 1860.

2841. Thomas Telford Macneill, of Mount-pleasant, Dundalk, in the county of Louth, in Ireland, for an invention of "improved means of obtaining adhesion on railways for ascending inclines and other purposes."—Dated 20th November, 1860.

2842. Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in stoppers for bottles, jars, and other like articles, parts of which are applicable as fastenings."—Communicated to him from abroad by Louis Alexandre Farjon, of Paris.—Dated 20th November, 1860.

2843. John Hamilton, Junr., of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in tubular wrought iron telegraph posts."—Dated 20th November, 1860.

2847. John Marland, of Ivy Cottage, Hunslet, Leeds, for an invention of "improvements in warping and sizeing yarn and thread."—Dated 21st November, 1860.

2848. George Henry Cail, of Southampton, in the county of Southampton, Painter, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of manure."—Dated 21st November, 1860.

2850. William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in journal or axle boxes for railway carriages, whereby to effect the better lubrication of the frictional surfaces."—Communicated to him from abroad by Mr. James Hervey Deming, of Paris, in the Empire of France, Gentleman.—Dated 21st November, 1860.

2853. William Cooke, of Charing Cross, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in ventilating."—Dated 21st November, 1860.

2854. James Howden, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in steam engines and boilers, and in the apparatus connected therewith."—Dated 21st November, 1860.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 21st day of November, 1863.

2700. Nicolas Pierre Joseph Leseure, of 39, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, in the Empire of France, and of No. 4, South-street, Finsbury, London, Gentleman, for an invention of "an improved embroidering machine."—Dated 15th November, 1856.

2705. George Davies, of the Office for Patents, 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "an improved paper, suitable for the filtration of liquids, the dressing of wounds, and for the manufacture, of envelopes, bags, bands, and for other similar purposes."—Communicated to him from Jean Alphonse Pichot and Pierre Prosper Malapert, both of Poitiers, in the Empire of France.—Dated 15th November, 1856.

2717. Esteves Blanchon, of Blois, in the Empire of France, Gentleman, for an invention of "machinery and apparatus for marking and boring leather and other similar substances, for making and cutting screwed pins, and for uniting leather and other similar materials."—Communicated to him by a foreigner residing abroad.—Dated 17th November, 1856.

2757. John William Clare, of White-street, in the parish of Saint George the Martyr, in the county of Surrey, for an invention of "improvements in preventing, removing, consuming, and condensing smoke and obnoxious vapours, and in apparatus for those purposes."—Dated 21st November, 1856.

2758. Charles Tooth, of Burton-upon-Trent, Brewer, for an invention of "improvements in charging or filling, and filling up casks or other vessels for containing fermenting liquids."—Dated 21st November, 1856.

In the Matter of the United Kingdom Ship Owning Company (Limited); and in the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company, by the Court of Chancery, was, on the 23rd day of November, 1863, presented to the Master of the Rolls, by John Winter, of Ash Priors, near Taunton, in the county of Somerset, Gentleman, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Master of the Rolls, on the 5th day of December, 1863; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company, under the said Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company, requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Loftus and *Young*, of No. 10, New-inn, Strand, Middlesex; Agents for

J. and *J. Trevor*, of Bridgwater, Somerset, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 14th day of November, 1863.

The under-mentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Accounts in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 24th day of November, 1863.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
Kendal Bank	Kendal...	Wakefield Crewdson & Co. ...	42,952

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, November 26, 1863.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 25th day of November, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	27,329,245	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	12,679,245
		Silver Bullion	—
	£27,329,245		£27,329,245

Dated the 26th day of November, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	10,710,330
Rest	3,201,351	Other Securities	20,022,886
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	7,040,534	Notes	6,824,035
		Gold and Silver Coin	689,087
Other Deposits	12,802,411		
Seven days and other Bills ...	649,042		
	£38,246,338		£38,246,338

Dated the 26th day of November, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK (Limited).

Statement of AFFAIRS on 31st October, 1863.

Liabilities.	£	s.	d.	*Assets.*	£	s.	d.
Paid up Capital	1,000,000	0	0	Cash Balance	1,043,437	17	7
Reserve Fund	192,658	17	8	Securities	660,433	9	1
Floating Deposits	1,334,197	4	6	Discounts, Loans, and Credits...	3,988,985	19	6
Fixed Deposits	3,245,188	17	5	Exchange, Remittances, &c. ...	3,372,511	18	0
Exchange, Acceptances, &c. ...	3,251,770	15	7				
Profit and Loss	41,553	9	0				
	£9,065,369	4	2		£9,065,369	4	2

M. Balfour, General Manager.

N.B.—The above statement does not include the Branches' accounts to a later date than 12th October, 1863,

Numb. 22793.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863.

War Office, November 28, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel William Francis Drummond Jervois, of the Royal Engineers, Deputy Director of Works in the War Department, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Foreign Office, November 28, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward Redman as Consul in London, and of Mr. Thomas B. Job as Consul at Liverpool, for the United States of Colombia.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Alfred Bauer as Vice Consul at Singapore for His Majesty the King of Hanover.

Downing Street, November 28, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Addington Robert Peel Venables, M.A., to be ordained and consecrated Bishop of the See of Nassau (Bahama Islands), in the room of the Right Reverend Doctor Charles Caulfield, recently deceased.

Whitehall, November 30, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Boyd to the Church and Parish of Murroes, in the Presbytery of Dundee, and County of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Irving Currie.

War Office, Pall Mall,
1st December, 1863.

7th Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Paymaster William Francis Wheble, from the 97th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Captain John Smith, who reverted to half-pay from 4th November, 1863. Dated 1st December, 1863.

3rd Hussars, Lieutenant Henry Francis Dent, from 17th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Strother, who exchanges. Dated 1st December, 1863.

7th Hussars, Lieutenant Herbert Owen Johnes to be Captain, by purchase, vice Richard Shaw, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Cornet Arthur Jones to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Johnes. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Hamilton Charles Beville, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Jones. Dated 1st December, 1863.

16*th Lancers*, William Channell Bovill, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice George Schwabe, transferred to 6th Dragoon Guards. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant-Colonel John Reid Becher, C.B., to be Colonel, vice Goodwyn, who retires on full-pay. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Captain George Sim to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Becher. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Second Captain Edward Charles Sparshott Williams to be Captain, vice Sim. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Lieutenant Robert Charles Boileau Pemberton to be Second Captain, vice Williams. Dated 13th October, 1863.

Scots Fusilier Guards, Ensign and Lieutenant the Honourable Charles John Shore to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice John Paynter, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

The Honourable Joshua Charles Vanneck to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice the Honourable Charles John Shore. Dated 1st December, 1863.

7th Regiment of Foot, Major Hugh Robert Hibbert to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Thomas Tryon, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Captain James Francis Hickie to be Major, by purchase, vice Hibbert. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Lieutenant Musgrave Watson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Hickie. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign George Brooke Meares to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Watson. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign Robert Henry Maude to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Douglas Flood, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign Francis Johnston Murray to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice R. S. Hall, transferred to the Coldstream Guards. Dated 1st December, 1863.

George Bligh Stephens, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Meares. Dated 1st December, 1863.

William Horace Wilson, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Maude. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

William Joseph Squire, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Murray. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

12th Foot, David Papillon, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Henry Skey, transferred to 54th Foot. Dated 1st December, 1863.

17th Foot, Lieutenant Anthony Strother, from the 3rd Hussars, to be Lieutenant, receiving a portion of the former difference between Cavalry and Infantry, vice Dent, who exchanges. Dated 1st December, 1863.

24th Foot, Lieutenant Francis Hibbert, from the late 35th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, to be Lieutenant, vice Alfred William Adcock, promoted. Dated 1st December, 1863.

54th Foot, Lieutenant Joshua Gladwyn Jebb to be Captain, by purchase, vice Charles FitzRoy Barnett, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign Charles Frederick Colvile to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Jebb. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign Henry Skey, from 12th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Colvile. Dated 1st December, 1863.

William Nicholas Darnell, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Simeon, who retires. Dated 1st December, 1863.

76th Foot, Major and Brevet-Colonel Henry Craigie Brewster to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Henry Smyth, C.B., who retires on half-pay. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Thomas Tydd to be Major, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Brewster. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Lieutenant Luke Edward O'Connor to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Tydd. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Ensign George Alexander to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice O'Connor. Dated 1st December, 1863.

83rd Foot, Metcalfe Studholme Brownrigg, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant James N. Colthurst, promoted. Dated 1st December, 1863.

3rd West India Regiment, Ensign James Frederick Cousins to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant James Bower Jackson, promoted. Dated 26th July, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon Chamney Graves Irwin, M.B., from 28th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, in succession to Staff Surgeon-Major W. Braybrooke, deceased. Dated 1st December, 1863.

BREVET.

Colonel Alfred George Goodwyn, retired full-pay, Royal Engineers, to have the honorary rank of Major-General. Dated 13th October, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers of the Royal Artillery, having completed the qualifying service with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels under the Royal Warrant of 14th October, 1858:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Parker Radcliffe. Dated 26th October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Knox. Dated 26th October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Wright Younghusband. Dated 26th October, 1863.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Bruce Hamley, on the Supernumerary List. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Edward Thomas Gage. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

India Office, 1st December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve the undermentioned promotions amongst the Officers of the Madras Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:

BENGAL ARMY.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Ensign Robert Vivian to be Lieutenant, vice St. George Kirke, deceased. Dated 23rd September, 1863.

Ensign Francis Henry Hinde to be Lieutenant, in succession to Davidson, late 29th Native Infantry, deceased. Dated 26th September, 1863.

Medical Officers.

Surgeon Joseph Rose to be Surgeon-Major. Dated 20th October, 1863.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Majors.

Captain John Stephen Ross. Dated 21st August, 1863.

Captain De Symons Barrow. Dated 8th September, 1863.

To be Captains.

Lieutenant Charles Metcalfe Hailes. Dated 7th August, 1863.

Lieutenant John Dunscomb Vallance. Dated 20th August, 1863.

MADRAS ARMY.

ARMY RANK.

To be Captain by Brevet, having completed fifteen years' service:—

Lieutenant Henry Charles La Blanc Newbery, late 51st Native Infantry. Dated 7th September, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

George Henry Wriford, Esq., late Captain Royal Marine Artillery, to be Adjutant, from 8th October, 1863, vice James Niven, resigned. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

48*th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Francis Walton, Captain half-pay Royal Marine Light Infantry, to be Adjutant, from the 24th September, 1863, vice L'Estrange, resigned.

Queen's Commission.

2*nd Administrative Battalion of Suffolk Rifle Volunteers.*

Walter FitzGerald Kerrich, Esq., late Captain 26th Regiment, to be Adjutant, from the 19th September, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

1*st Devonshire Yeomanry Cavalry.*

Major Sir John Thomas Buller Duckworth, Bart., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Fulford, resigned. Dated 16th November, 1863.

Captain the Earl of Devon to be Major, vice Duckworth, promoted. Dated 16th November, 1863.

1*st Administrative Brigade of Devonshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Robert Brent to be Major. Dated 10th November, 1863.

2*nd Administrative Brigade of Devonshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Charles Seale Hayne, South Devon Regiment of Militia, to be Major. Dated 18th November, 1863.

1*st or Exeter and South Devonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Henry Barron Rodway to be Major. Dated 4th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

2*nd Cambridgeshire Mounted Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to dispense with the services of Lieutenant E. Towgood and Honorary Chaplin J. W. Taylor, M.A., who held Commissions in the above Corps.

3*rd Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Lieutenant Edmund H. McNeile, Ensign Arthur C. James, Ensign J. Grant Peterkin, Ensign John Clarke Hawkshaw, in the above Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cambridge.

3*rd Cambridgeshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Edward John Lambert Barthelemon Henslowe, Gent., to be Captain, vice Bulwer, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Reginald More Bray, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice McNeile, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

William Bazeley, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Panckridge, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

James Rankin, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Hawkshaw, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

George Jones, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Peterkin, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Berwick.

1*st Administrative Battalion of Berwickshire Rifle Volunteers.*

Major A. F. Cathcart to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 19th November, 1863.

Captain Sir John Marjoribanks to be Major, vice Cathcart, promoted. Dated 19th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1*st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

First Lieutenant Walter Graham Blackie to be Captain, vice W. B. Field, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

John King, Gent., to be First Lieutenant, vice Blackie, promoted. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

Alexander Martin, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice John Richard Cochrane, resigned. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

3*rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Robert Cassells to be Captain, vice O'Neill, resigned. Dated 11th November, 1863.

Ensign Alexander Easton to be Lieutenant, vice Cassells, promoted. Dated 11th November, 1863.

4*th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Alexander Man to be Major. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign Henry Monteith Hannan to be Captain, vice Galbraith, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign Matthew Muir to be Lieutenant, vice O'Donnoghue, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

James Johnstone, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Charles Ingles, resigned. Dated 18th November, 1863.

19*th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Peter Thomas Ramsay to be Captain, vice R. B. Stewart, resigned. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

86*th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign William Hope Moncrieff to be Captain, vice Ewing, resigned. Dated 11th November, 1863.

94*th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

James Hamilton, Gent., to be Ensign, vice A. D. Scott, resigned. Dated 11th November, 1863.

95*th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

James Dickson, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 11th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commissions:

1*st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.*

Major Archibald Keir Murray. Dated 15th October, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Johnston. Dated 17th November, 1863.

3*rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Robert Maclean Black. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Samuel Gurney Fry to be Ensign, vice Cocks, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

John Criddle to be Ensign, vice Holloway, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

Henry Matthews to be Ensign, vice Banting, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

James Davis Millard to be Ensign, vice Waller, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Lieutenant William Agnew Pope. Dated 25th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

5th Essex Rifle Volunteers.

Vaughan Clarke Craddock to be Ensign. Dated 25th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

1st Administrative Battalion of Leicestershire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Robert Brewin to be Major. Dated 24th November, 1863.

4th Company of Leicestershire Rifle Volunteers.

Lieutenant William Millican to be Captain. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Ensign William Billings to be Lieutenant. Dated 24th November, 1863.

George Henry Hodges, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th November, 1863.

John Edward Bankart, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 25th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Gloucestershire Artillery Volunteer Corps have been united in an Administrative Brigade, under the designation of the 1st Administrative Brigade of Gloucestershire Artillery Volunteers.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Bristol.

1st Administrative Brigade of Gloucestershire Artillery Volunteers.

Major Henry Bourchier Osborne Savile to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 28th November, 1863.

The Honourable William Hale John Charles, Lord Glentworth, to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

7th Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Donald Munro to be Captain, vice Jenkins, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Ensign Thomas John Ludbrook to be Lieutenant, vice Munro, promoted. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Robert Edmund Burrett to be Ensign, vice Ludbrook, promoted. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

4th Administrative Battalion of Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Alexander Clement Foster Gough, of the 23rd Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers, to be Major. Dated 16th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

1st Regiment of Warwickshire Militia.

Lieutenant Francis Lloyd Langford James to be Captain, vice Estwick, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

1st Renfrewshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Robert Sinclair Scott to be Captain, vice Scott, resigned. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant F. S. Golbourne in the 5th Cheshire Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 20th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, *and County of the City of* Chester.

3rd Cheshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Frank Wall, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 20th November, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 17th ultimo.]

MEMORANDUM.

1st East Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Adjutant Thomas Palmer to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 13th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

East York Artillery Volunteers.

1st Corps (Burlington).

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant Edward Harrington Soulsby.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Patrick Turnbull in the 2nd Linlithgowshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz:

Captains Henry Albert Schwabe and Thomas Walker Nelson, Lieutenant James Todd Mackie, and Ensigns George Rodger, Robert Valentine Dodwell, and Frederick Evan Evans in the 33rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Captain Edward Rigge in the 53rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 52.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light at Cape Sacratif.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Cape Sacratif, in the province of Granada, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* and *flashing* white light, showing a flash every *minute*. It will be placed at an elevation of 320 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 24 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the second order.

The tower is slightly conical, 56 feet high, of a red brick colour, and stands on the hill at the extremity of the cape, about 30 yards from the sea, in lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 3° 28′ 56″ west of Greenwich, or about 1½′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

Fixed Red Light at Honda Cove.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Punta del Llano de Carchuna, the west point of entrance to Honda Cove, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed red* light, placed at an elevation of 44 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fifth order.

The tower is slightly conical, 33 feet high, and of a dark brown colour, and said to stand 60 yards from the sea, in lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 3° 25′ 56″ West of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
20th November, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, South Coast, Sheet 1, No. 1186, Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158 and 2718 *a*.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 53.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and flashing Light on Sabinal Point.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Sabinal Point, in the province of Almeria, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every *two minutes*. It will be placed at an elevation of 105 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 18 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses of the third order.

The tower is white, slightly conical, and 102 feet high. It is 40 yards from the sea, and said to be in lat. 36° 41′ 20″ N., long. 2° 44′ west of Greenwich, or about 1′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

Fixed Light at Roquetas.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Roquetas, in the province of Almeria, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 57 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 9 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is white, slightly conical, 30 feet high, and rises from the centre of the keeper's dwelling on the beach south of the town. It is said to be in lat. 36° 45′ 10″ N., long. 2° 41′ 46″ west of Greenwich, or about 1½′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
20th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, South Coast, Sheet 1, No. 1186; Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158 and 2718 *a*.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 54.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light on Mesa de Roldan.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on the Mesa de Roldan, in the province of Almeria, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* and *flashing* white light, showing a flash every *two minutes*. It will be placed at an elevation of 725 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 22 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the third order.

The tower is octagonal, 39 feet high, and painted white. It stands on the most salient part of the mount called the Mesa de Roldan, and said to be in lat. 36° 54′ 40″ N., long. 1° 58′ 16″ west of Greenwich, or about 3′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

MAJORCA ISLAND.

Fixed Light at Puerto Colom.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Puerto Colom, on the south-east coast of the island of Majorca.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 46 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is round, 26 feet high, and of a light gray colour. It stands at the north-east point of entrance to the port, and said to be in lat. 39° 25′ N., long. 3° 18′ 24″ east of Greenwich, or about 3 miles north, and 2′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
20th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, South Coast, Sheets 1 and 2, Nos. 1186 and 1187; Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158 and 2718 *a*; and Islands of Majorca and Cabrera, No. 146.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 55.)—North Atlantic—North Coast of Spain.

Fixed Light at Guetaria.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a light-house recently erected at Guetaria, in the Province of Guipuzcoa, on the North Coast of Spain.

The light will be a fixed white light, placed at an elevation of 295 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fifth order.

The tower is octagonal, 37 feet high, of a light blue colour, with a white lantern. It rises from the middle of the keeper's dwelling, on the north peak of the island of San Antonio de Guetaria, at 200 yards from the sea, in lat. 43° 19′ 5″ N., long. 2° 13′ 6″ west of Greenwich.

Canary Islands—Tenerife.

Fixed Light at Santa Cruz.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a light-house recently erected at Santa Cruz, Tenerife.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 34 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 9 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is hexagonal, 21 feet high, of lead colour, with a white lantern. It stands 55 yards from the extremity of the mole, in lat. 28° 28′ 30″ N., long. 16° 14′ 56″ west of Greenwich. There is also a red light on the mole head.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
21st November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, North Coast, No. 2728; Eastern part of North Atlantic, No. 2090; River Thames to the Mediterranean, No. 1; and Tenerife, No. 1870.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 56.) West Indies—San Domingo.

Fixed Light on Balandras Point.

The Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 27th day of August, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a mast standing on Balandras Point, at the north side of the entrance to the Gulf of Samaná, at the north-east end of the island of San Domingo, West Indies.

The light is a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 235 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 6 to 8 miles.

The mast is 16 feet high, painted red, and is said to stand in lat. 19° 11′ 48″ N., long. 69° 13′ 52″ west of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
23rd November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—West Indies, General, No. 392*b*; West Indies, Sheet 2, No. 393; and Entrance to the Gulf of Samaná, No. 2343.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 57.)—England—South Coast.

Alteration of Lights at Spithead.

WITH reference to the Notices to Mariners issued from this Office, Nos. 19 and 20, dated the 11th and 28th May, 1863, fresh notice is hereby given, that on and after the 7th day of December, 1863, the lights shown from the scaffoldings on the Sturbridge and No-Mans Land shoals, will be altered from blue to *red*; and the light on the Horse shoal will be altered from blue to *white*.

By command of their Lordships.

A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
23rd November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spithead and the Needles, No. 2128. See also, Channel Pilot, Part 1, pp. 159, 171, 172.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Lenham, Kent.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Owners and Ratepayers of the parish of Lenham, in the county of Kent, that being a place with a population of less than 3000 by the last census. And whereas proof has not been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said parish shall be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby disapprove of such adoption.

Given under my hand this 28th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of adoption of Act by Wallingford, Berks.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Town Council of the borough of Wallingford, in the county of Berks, and all the requirements of the Act have been complied with and no appeal has been presented against such adoption; and whereas the said borough is a place with a population of less than 3000 by the last census. And whereas proof has been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said borough shall be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby approve of such adoption by the borough of Wallingford aforesaid, the said Act to have the force of law therein at the expiration of two months from the date of such adoption.

Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

Notice of Intended Distributions of Naval Prize Money.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, November 27, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of eighteen dhows, "names unknown," captured by Her Majesty's ship "Lyra," between the 20th March and the 17th April, 1861, as hereafter stated, will commence on Tuesday, the 8th proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The shares due to an individual in the several classes for the respective captures are as follows:—

One Dhow on the 20th March, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officer	10	18	5
Commander	25	18	10
Third class	9	0	5
Fourth class	5	16	0
Fifth class	3	4	5
Sixth class	2	17	11
Seventh class	1	18	8
Eighth class	0	19	4
Ninth class	0	12	10
Tenth class	0	6	5

One Dhow on the 22nd March, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officer	24	18	7
Commander	59	4	2
Third class	20	11	6
Fourth class	13	4	7
Fifth class	7	7	1
Sixth class	6	12	4
Seventh class	4	8	3
Eighth class	2	4	1
Ninth class	1	9	4
Tenth class	0	14	8

One Dhow on the 25th March, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	2	15	7
Commander	6	12	2
Third class	2	5	11
Fourth class	1	9	7
Fifth class	0	16	6
Sixth class	0	14	9
Seventh class	0	9	10
Eighth class	0	4	11
Ninth class	0	3	3
Tenth class	0	1	7

One Dhow on the 27th March, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	8	8	6
Commander	20	0	5
Third class	6	19	2
Fourth class	4	9	5
Fifth class	2	9	8
Sixth class	2	4	9
Seventh class	1	9	10
Eighth class	0	14	11
Ninth class	0	9	11
Tenth class	0	4	11

One Dhow on the 1st April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	18	0	11
Commander	42	17	3
Third class	15	0	0
Fourth class	9	12	11
Fifth class	5	7	2
Sixth class	4	16	5
Seventh class	3	4	4
Eighth class	1	12	2
Ninth class	1	1	5
Tenth class	0	10	8

One Dhow on the 3rd April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	25	13	9
Commander	61	0	2
Third class	21	11	8
Fourth class	13	17	7
Fifth class	7	14	2
Sixth class	6	18	9
Seventh class	4	12	6
Eighth class	2	6	3
Ninth class	1	10	10
Tenth class	0	15	5

One Dhow on the 6th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	11	11	9
Commander	27	10	6
Third class	9	14	9
Fourth class	6	5	3
Fifth class	3	9	7
Sixth class	3	2	8
Seventh class	2	1	10
Eighth class	1	0	10
Ninth class	0	13	11
Tenth class	0	6	11

One Dhow on the 8th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	15	13	11
Commander	37	5	7
Third class	13	3	9
Fourth class	8	9	7
Fifth class	4	14	2
Sixth class	4	4	10
Seventh class	2	16	7
Eighth class	1	8	3
Ninth class	0	18	10
Tenth class	0	9	5

Two Dhows on the 11th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	24	3	0
Commander	57	7	2
Third class	20	5	11
Fourth class	13	1	0
Fifth class	7	4	11
Sixth class	6	10	6
Seventh class	4	6	11
Eighth class	2	3	6
Ninth class	1	8	11
Tenth class	0	14	5

Three Dhows on the 12th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	42	8	8
Commander	100	15	7
Third class	35	13	2
Fourth class	22	18	6
Fifth class	12	14	9
Sixth class	11	9	2
Seventh class	7	12	9
Eighth class	3	16	5
Ninth class	2	10	11
Tenth class	1	5	5

Two Dhows on the 13th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	24	18	2
Commander	59	3	2
Third class	20	18	8
Fourth class	13	9	3
Fifth class	7	9	7
Sixth class	6	14	7
Seventh class	4	9	8
Eighth class	2	4	10
Ninth class	1	9	10
Tenth class	0	14	11

One Dhow on the 14th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	22	16	9
Commander	54	4	9
Third class	19	3	10
Fourth class	12	6	9
Fifth class	6	17	1
Sixth class	6	3	4
Seventh class	4	2	3
Eighth class	2	1	2
Ninth class	1	7	4
Tenth class	0	13	8

Two Dhows on the 17th April, 1861.

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers	48	19	0
Commander	116	5	0
Third class	41	2	6
Fourth class	26	8	10
Fifth class	14	13	10
Sixth class	13	4	4
Seventh class	8	16	3
Eighth class	4	8	2
Ninth class	2	18	9
Tenth class	1	9	4

Somerset House, London, November 27, 1863.

NOTICE.—By order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Yarmouth, in Norwich Collection, will, in future, be at the Duke's Head Inn, Yarmouth.

William Corbett, Secretary.

Somerset House, London, November 28, 1863.

NOTICE.—By order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Brigg, in Hull Collection, will, in future, be at the Corn Exchange there.

Wm. Corbett, Secretary.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the divisions of Fawley and Winchester City, in the county of Southampton, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Grand Jury Chamber, Winchester, on Wednesday, the 16th day of December, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the divisions of Fawley and Winchester City aforesaid.

Henry Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, November 28, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Providence Chapel, situated at Mote-road, in the parish of Maidstone, in the county of Kent, in the district of Maidstone, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 17th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 20th day of November, 1863.

W. N. Ottaway, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, situated at Headingley, in the parish of Leeds, in the county of York, in the district of Kirkstall, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 25th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 27th day of November, 1863.

W. Best, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the registry of the building, named the Independent Chapel, situated at Stockton, in the parish of Stockton, in the county of Durham, in the district of Stockton, was cancelled, for the solemnization of marriages therein, on the 26th day of November, 1863.

Witness my hand this 27th day of November, 1863.

William Best, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Manchester People's Institute Association, held at the said People's Institute, Heyrod-street, Ancoats, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 18th day of November, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 23rd day of November, 1863.

Numb. 22794.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1863.

LOST POLISH LAND DEBENTURES.

Foreign Office, November 28, 1863.

EARL RUSSELL, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received a Despatch from Colonel Stanton, Her Majesty's Consul General at Warsaw, of which the following is a copy :—

Warsaw, November 4, 1863.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to forward to your Lordship a duplicate copy of the list of Lost Debentures and Coupons of the Polish Mortgage Society or Landed Bank, which have been officially published by that establishment, calling upon all parties who happen to be in possession of the Debentures bearing the same numbers, or of the Coupons, to come forward within twelve months from the 22nd of October, and to make good their claim within three years in the Civil Courts, or five years in the Criminal Courts of this country, as the case may be, failing which duplicate copies of the said Debentures, with their Coupons, will be delivered to the parties claiming to be the rightful owners of such Debentures or Coupons.

A portion of these are the Debentures of the Treasury of this Kingdom, which were appropriated by the National Government in June last.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) EDWD. STANTON.

SPECIFICATION OF MORTGAGE BONDS AND COUPONS OF THE LANDED CREDIT SOCIETY questioned in virtue of Art. 124 of the Law of 1825, in lieu of which the issue of Duplicates is demanded.

☞ Only copies provided with the Seal of the Chief Directing Board of the Landed Credit Society are Valid.

(Translation.)

No. 12,789.

THE CHIEF DIRECTING BOARD OF THE LANDED CREDIT SOCIETY IN THE KINGDOM OF POLAND.

In consequence of applications made by the Government Commission of Revenue and Treasury, as well as by various private persons, for the issue and delivery of Duplicates in lieu of the Mortgage Bonds and Coupons lost by the applicants, stolen from them, or otherwise destroyed, which are enumerated in the hereunto annexed specification, consisting of 16 numbered pages besides the title-page, and officially attested under the date of this present notice ; and after each of the losers had proved by means provided by law, that he had been really the last possessor of the Mortgage Bonds and Coupons indicated in the above-mentioned specification, and that the Mortgage Bonds and Coupons claimed by him were marked by the identical numbers named by him ; the Chief Directing Board in pursuance and execution of Art. 124 sqq. of the law of the 1st (13th) day of June, 1825, of § 213, sqq. of the law of the 2nd (14th) day of March, 1826, and of Art. the 48th of the law of the 28th day of June (10th day of July), 1860, do hereby summon every person possessing any of the Mortgage Bonds and Coupons contained in the above-mentioned specification, to appear with it before the Chief Directing Board of the Landed Credit Society, within twelve months from the date of this present notice ; for each of the Mortgage Bonds and Coupons aforesaid which should not be presented within the named period of time, shall be proclaimed of no value, and a duplicate thereof shall be delivered to the interested party in its stead.

If, however, the possessor of the questioned Mortgage Bond or Coupon appear and present the same to the Chief Directing Board, and were to deny to the claimant the right of property to the said Mortgage-Bond or Coupon, the Chief Directing Board will detain the presented Mortgage-Bond or Coupon, deliver to the bearer of it a certificate of having detained the same, and give a notice of it to the ...er, through the medium of the Usher of a Court of Justice. Within six months from the date

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notice, the claimant of the duplicate shall be bound to deliver to the Chief Directing Board the vouchers of the issue of a summons before the Civil Court of Justice, and of the payment of the registering fee, or of the plaint brought before a Criminal Court, and deliver to the Chief Directing Board the decisive, final, or lawfully valid sentence passed thereupon in civil proceedings within three years, and in criminal prosecution within five years after the above notice. Civil law suits of this kind shall be called and judged from the roll of shortened proceedings, and the registering fee paid by the plaintiff may be recovered by the defendant. Should the above-mentioned documents not be delivered, the ligitation shall be considered not extant, after the lapse of the above determined periods, and the Chief Directing Board will restore the legal course to the questioned Bond and Coupons.

Warsaw, the 10th (22nd) day of October, 1863.

The Collegial Counsellor performing the duties of President,
(Signed) TRZETRZEWINSKI.

Recorder, the Collegial Assessor,
(Signed) BRZOZOWSKI.

MORTGAGE BONDS AND COUPONS QUESTIONED BY THE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF REVENUE AND TREASURY.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series not drawn yet.

Letter A.

A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000
143	1,963	3,503	4,532	5,357	5,581	5,820	138,044	138,116	138,252	138,352
144	965	581	606	360	582	822	45	117	255	353
177	2,018	611	621	364	588	823	46	118	256	354
229	21	750	713	365	598	835	47	119	257	357
292	33	768	720	366	599	852	48	121	258	393
325	59	835	732	368	600	895	49	122	259	394
356	90	841	814	369	604	896	50	123	260	395
405	102	842	869	370	606	897	51	124	296	397
431	227	843	872	371	651	948	52	125	297	398
440	246	893	931	372	652	952	53	126	298	402
448	252	934	938	374	666	968	54	132	299	408
469	281	949	962	377	672	969	55	133	300	412
548	369	998	5,035	378	700	982	56	135	301	413
739	389	999	36	380	714	138,004	57	136	302	414
749	403	4,114	48	389	718	5	61	138	303	417
800	474	136	53	411	732	6	62	139	304	418
807	498	137	81	441	736	8	64	141	305	419
872	549	138	83	452	741	9	72	142	306	420
875	582	147	85	453	742	10	76	143	308	426
909	583	148	86	455	743	11	78	144	309	427
1,074	617	152	91	456	748	14	80	145	310	428
226	628	154	122	457	753	16	81	149	311	429
239	629	156	152	459	754	17	83	151	312	430
320	644	157	202	460	757	18	84	152	313	431
379	714	169	212	461	761	19	85	153	314	432
423	792	189	237	518	762	20	86	154	315	434
428	804	213	245	523	763	21	87	155	318	435
457	810	214	282	540	764	23	88	156	320	436
472	815	294	289	541	777	24	89	158	332	437
513	842	308	295	544	778	27	90	159	333	438
519	880	328	298	546	779	29	91	162	335	442
521	913	330	320	547	780	30	93	163	336	443
522	970	335	322	549	781	31	94	164	337	444
624	3,069	342	325	554	808	33	95	167	338	445
626	79	352	329	555	810	36	97	223	342	446
639	109	357	350	574	812	37	98	243	344	447
687	255	380	351	577	813	38	100	247	345	448
707	337	465	352	578	814	40	101	248	346	449
753	348	509	353	579	815	41	108	249	350	450
1,876	3,386	4,511	5,355	5,580	5,817	138,042	138,115	138,250	138,351	138,451

A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000
138,453	138,471	138,491	138,510	138,526	138,542	138,559	138,578	138,598	138,631	138,819
454	472	493	511	527	543	560	579	608	633	820
455	473	495	512	528	544	561	580	610	634	841
456	474	496	513	529	545	562	583	611	635	863
457	476	497	514	530	546	563	584	613	636	864
458	477	498	515	531	547	564	585	614	637	866
459	478	500	516	532	548	565	586	615	646	138,922
460	479	501	517	533	549	566	587	617	675	—
461	480	502	518	534	550	568	588	618	676	—
462	481	503	519	535	551	569	589	619	677	—
463	482	504	520	536	552	570	590	620	678	—
464	483	505	521	537	554	571	592	623	679	—
465	485	506	522	538	555	572	593	625	680	—
468	486	507	523	539	556	575	594	626	747	—
469	488	508	524	540	557	576	595	627	790	—
138,470	138,490	138,509	138,525	138,541	138,558	138,577	138,596	138,628	138,801	—

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 2nd Series.

Letter A.

200,104	200,527	200,781	200,888	201,216	201,408	201,748	201,865	201,898	201,999	—
106	676	782	893	218	455	763	866	899	202,000	—
278	677	793	951	234	500	764	867	963	129	—
466	736	853	952	303	687	826	896	997	202,130	—
200,512	200,747	200,861	201,210	201,370	201,706	201,829	201,897	201,998	—	—

All with 10 Coupons each of half-yearly interest, payable from the 2nd half-year of 1863, to the 1st half-year of 1868, both inclusive.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series not drawn yet.

Letter B.

B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750
9,314	11,165	12,561	14,186	15,917	17,797	19,854	21,046	23,073	24,471	25,469
511	229	593	231	967	869	891	96	76	475	486
598	362	595	255	969	913	893	222	123	506	496
674	617	617	278	16,219	918	906	320	186	632	603
693	661	657	381	259	18,032	909	325	364	760	604
751	701	671	411	395	150	20,024	482	376	774	637
777	722	676	472	407	226	32	550	379	814	769
851	805	769	474	453	297	61	597	455	887	772
921	868	774	527	469	311	92	598	469	905	775
924	869	936	617	520	518	101	684	495	931	776
10,094	897	947	665	565	601	131	795	548	25,032	781
114	980	982	972	632	685	140	819	827	46	784
157	990	13,046	998	641	729	224	876	828	111	785
183	12,075	134	15,193	663	890	266	942	911	117	787
234	108	138	311	802	940	273	969	914	118	806
242	138	162	343	825	970	275	986	944	130	807
249	181	278	362	859	994	289	988	946	143	808
260	224	325	419	879	19,115	369	22,009	947	150	809
299	244	334	526	887	160	418	25	949	185	899
357	247	340	536	17,023	388	564	26	951	193	901
407	252	432	563	128	391	584	59	952	219	996
508	356	532	572	188	409	585	86	953	230	26,022
588	376	541	727	233	429	605	256	954	262	23
594	381	764	731	250	436	631	283	955	284	25
604	390	828	733	257	492	669	350	24,056	326	26
644	443	849	758	273	524	874	512	144	356	27
650	463	901	796	298	595	971	725	152	374	28
733	464	903	853	379	714	21,006	726	155	375	29
958	479	926	892	448	740	21	889	253	381	30
11,144	540	953	902	470	802	30	23,001	446	404	31
11,156	12,549	14,071	15,906	17,574	19,850	21,031	23,058	24,464	25,405	26,033

notice, the claimant of the duplicate shall be bound to deliver to the Chief Directing Board the vouchers of the issue of a summons before the Civil Court of Justice, and of the payment of the registering fee, or of the plaint brought before a Criminal Court, and deliver to the Chief Directing Board the decisive, final, or lawfully valid sentence passed thereupon in civil proceedings within three years, and in criminal prosecution within five years after the above notice. Civil law suits of this kind shall be called and judged from the roll of shortened proceedings, and the registering fee paid by the plaintiff may be recovered by the defendant. Should the above-mentioned documents not be delivered, the ligitation shall be considered not extant, after the lapse of the above determined periods, and the Chief Directing Board will restore the legal course to the questioned Bond and Coupons.

Warsaw, the 10th (22nd) day of October, 1863.

The Collegial Counsellor performing the duties of President,
(Signed) TRZETRZEWINSKI.

Recorder, the Collegial Assessor,
(Signed) BRZOZOWSKI.

MORTGAGE BONDS AND COUPONS QUESTIONED BY THE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION OF REVENUE AND TREASURY.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series not drawn yet.

Letter A.

A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000
143	1,963	3,503	4,532	5,357	5,581	5,820	138,044	138,116	138,252	138,352
144	965	581	606	360	582	822	45	117	255	353
177	2,018	611	621	364	588	823	46	118	256	354
229	21	750	713	365	598	835	47	119	257	357
292	33	768	720	366	599	852	48	121	258	393
325	59	835	732	368	600	895	49	122	259	394
356	90	841	814	369	604	896	50	123	260	395
405	102	842	869	370	606	897	51	124	296	397
431	227	843	872	371	651	948	52	125	297	398
440	246	893	931	372	652	952	53	126	298	402
448	252	934	938	374	666	968	54	132	299	408
469	281	949	962	377	672	969	55	133	300	412
548	369	998	5,035	378	700	982	56	135	301	413
739	389	999	36	380	714	138,004	57	136	302	414
749	403	4,114	48	389	718	5	61	138	303	417
800	474	136	53	411	732	6	62	139	304	418
807	498	137	81	441	736	8	64	141	305	419
872	549	138	83	452	741	9	72	142	306	420
875	582	147	85	453	742	10	76	143	308	426
909	583	148	86	455	743	11	78	144	309	427
1,074	617	152	91	456	748	14	80	145	310	428
226	628	154	122	457	753	16	81	149	311	429
239	629	156	152	459	754	17	83	151	312	430
320	644	157	202	460	757	18	84	152	313	431
379	714	169	212	461	761	19	85	153	314	432
423	792	189	237	518	762	20	86	154	315	434
428	804	213	245	523	763	21	87	155	318	435
457	810	214	282	540	764	23	88	156	320	436
472	815	294	289	541	777	24	89	158	332	437
513	842	308	295	544	778	27	90	159	333	438
519	880	328	298	546	779	29	91	162	335	442
521	913	330	320	547	780	30	93	163	336	443
522	970	335	322	549	781	31	94	164	337	444
624	3,069	342	325	554	808	33	95	167	338	445
626	79	352	329	555	810	36	97	223	342	446
639	109	357	350	574	812	37	98	243	344	447
687	255	380	351	577	813	38	100	247	345	448
707	337	465	352	578	814	40	101	248	346	449
753	348	509	353	579	815	41	108	249	350	450
1,876	3,386	4,511	5,355	5,580	5,817	138,042	138,115	138,250	138,351	138,451

A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000	A. Rs. 3000
138,453	138,471	138,491	138,510	138,526	138,542	138,559	138,578	138,598	138,631	138,819
454	472	493	511	527	543	560	579	608	633	820
455	473	495	512	528	544	561	580	610	634	841
456	474	496	513	529	545	562	583	611	635	863
457	476	497	514	530	546	563	584	613	636	864
458	477	498	515	531	547	564	585	614	637	866
459	478	500	516	532	548	565	586	615	646	138,922
460	479	501	517	533	549	566	587	617	675	—
461	480	502	518	534	550	568	588	618	676	—
462	481	503	519	535	551	569	589	619	677	—
463	482	504	520	536	552	570	590	620	678	—
464	483	505	521	537	554	571	592	623	679	—
465	485	506	522	538	555	572	593	625	680	—
468	486	507	523	539	556	575	594	626	747	—
469	488	508	524	540	557	576	595	627	790	—
138,470	138,490	138,509	138,525	138,541	138,558	138,577	138,596	138,628	138,801	—

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 2nd Series.

Letter A.

200,104	200,527	200,781	200,888	201,216	201,408	201,748	201,865	201,898	201,999	—
106	676	782	893	218	455	763	866	899	202,000	—
278	677	793	951	234	500	764	867	963	129	—
466	736	853	952	303	687	826	896	997	202,130	—
200,512	200,747	200,861	201,210	201,370	201,706	201,829	201,897	201,998	—	—

All with 10 Coupons each of half-yearly interest, payable from the 2nd half-year of 1863, to the 1st half-year of 1868, both inclusive.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series not drawn yet.

Letter B.

B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750
9,314	11,165	12,561	14,186	15,917	17,797	19,854	21,046	23,073	24,471	25,469
511	229	593	231	967	869	891	96	76	475	486
598	362	595	255	969	913	893	222	123	506	496
674	617	617	278	16,219	918	906	320	186	632	603
693	661	657	381	259	18,032	909	325	364	760	604
751	701	671	411	395	150	20,024	482	376	774	637
777	722	676	472	407	226	32	550	379	814	769
851	805	769	474	453	297	61	597	455	887	772
921	868	774	527	469	311	92	598	469	905	775
924	869	936	617	520	518	101	684	495	931	776
10,094	897	947	665	565	601	131	795	548	25,032	781
114	980	982	972	632	685	140	819	827	46	784
157	990	13,046	998	641	729	224	876	828	111	785
183	12,075	134	15,193	663	890	266	942	911	117	787
234	108	138	311	802	940	273	969	914	118	806
242	138	162	343	825	970	275	986	944	130	807
249	181	278	362	859	994	289	988	946	143	808
260	224	325	419	879	19,115	369	22,009	947	150	809
299	244	334	526	887	160	418	25	949	185	899
357	247	340	536	17,023	388	564	26	951	193	901
407	252	432	563	128	391	584	59	952	219	996
508	356	532	572	188	409	585	86	953	230	26,022
588	376	541	727	233	429	605	256	954	262	23
594	381	764	731	250	436	631	283	955	284	25
604	390	828	733	257	492	669	350	24,056	326	26
644	443	849	758	273	524	874	512	144	356	27
650	463	901	796	298	595	971	725	152	374	28
733	464	903	853	379	714	21,006	726	155	375	29
958	479	926	892	448	740	21	889	253	381	30
11,144	540	953	902	470	802	30	23,001	446	404	31
11,156	12,549	14,071	15,906	17,574	19,850	21,031	23,058	24,464	25,405	26,033

B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750
26,082	27,163	28,225	28,454	28,931	29,048	29,137	29,211	29,274	29,519	139,019
88	164	228	501	935	49	139	212	275	520	65
98	165	230	526	940	61	140	213	276	523	98
99	166	234	527	941	62	141	214	277	524	107
102	168	236	551	961	63	142	215	278	525	110
104	169	238	552	963	68	143	216	279	527	112
105	170	243	553	964	69	145	218	280	642	113
106	172	244	554	972	70	147	219	281	720	114
107	175	245	574	973	71	148	220	282	721	116
126	177	246	576	975	72	150	221	283	723	117
133	252	248	577	976	75	151	222	284	726	118
179	293	261	578	977	76	152	223	285	727	119
365	335	263	579	978	77	153	224	286	728	120
400	336	277	581	979	78	154	225	287	886	121
459	338	278	582	980	79	155	226	288	887	122
524	486	279	585	981	80	156	227	289	888	123
532	558	321	643	982	81	158	228	290	892	124
539	628	342	644	983	82	161	229	291	893	125
583	638	343	646	984	84	163	230	292	895	141
608	641	344	647	985	85	164	231	293	896	279
612	642	345	648	989	86	165	232	316	932	281
617	688	346	651	990	87	166	233	317	933	366
622	689	347	652	991	88	167	234	363	934	376
663	690	348	654	992	90	168	235	364	935	434
739	692	349	655	993	92	169	236	370	936	938
773	721	350	656	994	93	170	237	371	937	958
835	738	351	657	995	94	171	238	372	938	967
849	750	352	658	996	95	173	239	373	939	140,035
926	800	353	659	997	98	174	240	374	940	39
927	803	354	661	998	99	175	241	376	941	206
958	872	355	663	999	100	176	242	380	942	207
27,081	891	358	664	29,000	101	177	243	381	943	208
119	892	359	665	1	103	179	244	382	944	209
120	893	360	667	2	104	181	245	406	945	222
121	894	361	668	3	105	182	246	407	946	236
122	895	362	670	4	107	183	247	408	947	237
123	896	363	671	5	108	184	248	411	948	238
125	898	364	672	6	109	185	249	416	949	239
126	899	365	673	8	111	188	251	417	950	240
127	28,096	370	680	9	112	189	252	420	951	241
129	97	371	681	12	113	190	253	437	952	242
131	136	372	682	13	114	191	254	456	987	244
132	167	374	684	21	115	192	255	458	988	245
134	171	377	685	22	116	194	256	460	989	246
146	177	378	686	23	117	195	257	467	991	266
147	178	380	687	26	118	196	258	504	992	309
148	183	381	688	27	119	197	259	505	993	319
150	184	384	711	28	120	198	260	506	994	732
151	185	396	787	29	121	199	261	507	995	759
153	186	399	791	30	122	201	262	508	996	140,953
154	206	410	792	31	124	202	263	509	997	—
155	214	411	793	33	126	203	265	510	998	—
156	216	412	798	34	129	204	266	511	999	—
157	217	413	806	35	130	205	267	512	30,000	—
159	218	414	813	36	132	206	269	513	139,001	—
160	221	415	817	37	133	207	271	514	2	—
161	223	429	903	39	134	208	272	515	3	—
27,162	28,224	28,430	28,929	29,040	29,135	29,210	29,273	29,516	139,006	—

2nd Series.—Letter B.

203,192	203,826	204,040	204,406	204,773	205,508	205,686	205,944	206,540	206,659	206,890
228	830	41	476	774	509	687	991	541	666	891
235	831	42	548	986	581	702	206,129	542	739	892
538	832	128	565	205,250	582	842	130	543	751	893
552	921	129	685	251	583	845	172	544	760	894
738	960	130	771	252	682	846	214	621	888	895
203,740	204,039	204,359	204,772	205,328	205,685	205,875	206,369	206,658	206,889	206,896

B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750	B. Rs. 750
206,897	207,564	208,591	209,024	209,270	209,691	210,442	210,575	210,665	210,871	211,065
898	578	750	25	367	921	443	586	726	872	99
939	678	751	26	383	995	444	587	727	876	100
207,053	782	874	27	461	996	445	588	747	877	101
195	838	937	28	470	210,066	477	589	770	997	211,102
357	887	938	29	471	160	488	590	771	211,059	—
366	208,317	939	30	648	191	490	591	840	60	—
207,481	208,386	208,985	209,078	209,674	210,419	210,505	210,664	210,870	211,061	—

All with 11 Coupons each from the 1st half-year 1863 to the 1st half-year 1863, included.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series not drawn yet.

Letter C.

C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150
31,869	35,187	38,049	40,887	43,801	46,891	49,883	51,821	53,988	56,002	58,631
960	232	209	945	858	900	943	822	54,002	22	635
32,028	355	243	999	878	904	960	951	30	53	687
151	388	245	41,020	968	47,075	963	968	81	115	702
217	423	257	81	44,011	181	50,041	988	210	151	791
232	444	343	149	46	196	75	998	276	222	806
249	570	392	197	79	198	173	52,021	356	240	944
260	587	404	272	97	432	187	32	367	256	59,064
328	611	415	402	110	644	354	38	422	306	94
336	634	528	485	131	727	450	125	524	396	231
403	721	532	495	328	748	461	153	539	457	236
617	751	549	550	438	822	514	176	599	462	237
635	760	626	565	457	888	541	220	622	465	309
734	857	704	601	478	979	682	263	639	550	492
750	867	706	678	503	48,061	842	283	764	651	688
874	931	768	698	556	72	852	347	781	696	967
957	967	790	712	610	79	887	354	824	768	978
33,041	972	836	766	629	196	888	358	936	811	60,015
228	987	909	779	724	229	962	408	55,007	940	138
433	36,031	985	841	731	312	976	444	17	57,089	164
475	50	39,136	874	734	350	989	530	60	153	193
721	196	154	42,016	898	361	996	538	93	176	354
735	302	232	19	932	443	997	693	94	254	367
745	397	240	225	965	470	51,012	714	167	314	612
830	401	330	355	45,068	482	24	759	195	334	633
897	496	356	414	206	558	34	868	287	474	651
991	617	378	429	295	568	41	923	354	573	692
34,089	639	439	431	333	640	105	932	357	818	800
181	796	445	437	337	710	119	989	500	853	951
220	803	457	698	381	749	405	53,077	539	907	952
294	879	500	709	504	799	410	170	563	911	959
325	884	565	804	657	804	427	218	588	939	61,036
354	37,012	585	821	833	900	476	336	590	58,028	133
369	111	773	846	834	994	577	417	613	29	190
379	309	815	863	895	49,040	698	442	642	44	325
490	381	873	915	46,158	56	721	445	676	135	362
557	385	997	968	217	149	797	471	702	138	368
580	399	40,147	980	309	310	798	509	716	244	532
775	433	157	43,060	333	425	799	531	721	270	544
810	444	347	311	346	477	800	533	753	387	579
830	547	370	385	370	523	801	542	766	388	678
860	671	398	424	435	545	802	593	832	402	684
866	679	619	460	513	565	814	597	864	426	753
960	736	659	466	584	596	815	612	904	448	828
35,004	749	789	566	620	657	816	703	909	517	935
42	775	802	678	744	678	817	837	917	556	62,228
58	856	805	716	823	682	819	877	958	565	293
35,132	37,872	40,862	43,773	46,848	49,789	51,820	53,931	55,997	58,607	62,321

C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150	C. Rs. 150
62,558	65,813	68,840	71,386	73,597	75,855	78,210	78,609	79,421	79,769	79,928
678	960	918	430	790	923	211	680	422	806	929
723	66,034	952	491	820	76,007	212	793	423	807	930
848	39	69,132	494	852	53	213	797	424	809	931
861	46	140	521	864	143	215	859	425	811	932
901	200	181	545	895	174	217	860	428	812	933
959	202	274	546	949	186	218	942	629	815	934
976	380	404	549	986	227	219	945	630	816	935
978	417	432	581	74,052	345	228	953	642	817	936
994	563	710	669	136	456	229	954	643	818	937
63,112	584	712	675	138	573	235	956	644	820	938
114	585	743	759	153	656	236	967	646	821	939
135	808	793	879	170	666	237	79,018	650	822	940
276	814	845	923	171	673	302	22	668	824	941
318	871	859	972	183	836	356	32	669	825	942
327	941	904	989	209	900	434	33	670	826	943
368	981	930	72,004	247	77,021	435	34	671	827	944
399	985	973	10	268	125	436	35	673	828	946
426	67,057	70,090	67	338	269	437	36	689	830	947
454	69	93	96	414	280	438	38	696	831	949
541	196	140	157	543	339	439	39	697	833	950
551	269	164	158	552	450	440	40	698	835	951
628	270	170	192	555	494	441	42	699	843	952
689	319	260	246	702	572	442	44	700	844	953
724	325	455	247	713	626	443	45	718	866	80,005
791	326	528	248	714	722	444	50	725	867	7
909	327	549	250	719	883	445	51	726	869	8
968	442	550	386	737	903	463	52	727	870	10
64,014	495	552	459	944	941	465	53	728	881	11
20	510	553	563	953	948	466	54	730	883	12
237	528	555	582	75,037	78,028	480	55	731	884	198
300	801	556	586	50	90	481	56	732	885	317
366	803	557	587	116	121	482	58	733	886	398
401	806	558	595	185	122	485	60	734	887	81,102
422	808	559	596	202	123	488	61	738	888	872
429	809	560	724	402	125	490	62	739	889	82,292
474	810	561	780	434	191	496	63	740	912	———
488	68,113	562	938	500	192	525	65	741	913	Zolte.
534	158	564	949	505	194	527	72	742	914	———
614	207	565	950	510	195	558	73	743	915	135,202
706	208	566	961	514	196	565	225	744	916	203
763	378	684	73,173	644	197	582	234	746	917	204
881	411	839	228	681	199	583	244	747	918	205
908	486	866	264	712	200	584	313	748	920	207
975	512	71,033	268	718	201	585	335	750	921	135,208
980	558	84	295	764	203	586	336	751	922	—
981	686	125	359	808	204	587	341	759	923	—
65,205	782	158	380	840	205	588	414	762	924	—
240	806	165	502	841	206	590	415	763	925	—
556	814	262	503	844	207	606	417	765	926	—
65,644	68,823	71,378	73,563	75,854	78,209	78,607	79,420	79,766	79,927	—

2nd Series.—Letter C.

217,231	220,452	222,409	223,096	224,991	227,054	228,431	229,643	230,921	231,810	232,553
497	453	541	227	225,102	68	609	644	963	891	554
218,063	865	597	493	645	143	679	645	231,264	892	555
971	221,353	654	494	786	172	680	688	347	893	556
219,186	447	976	495	826	173	681	823	348	232,077	986
698	944	977	600	902	175	695	230,270	349	85	987
699	976	978	601	904	722	720	271	445	86	233,045
220,004	222,097	979	602	968	756	721	272	661	437	46
10	134	980	624	226,206	879	722	273	806	454	47
21	231	981	823	409	901	229,085	564	807	550	233,048
22	232	223,034	970	950	228,076	234	566	808	551	—
220,451	222,233	223,035	224,714	227,024	228,134	229,642	230,597	231,809	232,552	—

All with 11 Coupons each from the first half-year, 1863, to the first half-year, 1868, inclusive, with the exception of 4 Bonds, vizt., Nos. 53,593, 72,248, 72,563, and 80,317, which are questioned with 10 Coupons only payable for from the second half-year of 1863 to the first half-year of 1868, both included.

Coupons of Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series.

Letter D.

92,398	94,525	97,237	99,196	101,749	102,729	103,858	104,604	105,220	105,413	105,708
403	607	256	235	810	859	859	670	221	414	709
448	762	268	264	871	864	862	708	222	417	711
525	868	282	268	904	931	894	788	223	418	712
598	929	372	275	926	936	913	800	224	429	727
687	999	399	530	928	941	104,227	808	225	431	797
797	95,088	415	550	980	103,002	232	832	226	433	798
906	129	433	556	102,066	14	235	833	227	495	801
924	178	517	602	78	158	236	854	228	550	802
973	238	519	671	114	267	238	904	229	556	803
992	251	528	737	160	281	240	105,001	231	557	804
93,010	259	640	925	179	339	241	79	233	558	805
62	444	672	972	194	357	243	100	234	559	806
225	524	674	100,183	225	430	245	105	242	560	827
350	540	682	185	240	818	248	147	243	562	829
355	576	840	263	243	823	251	163	249	568	841
408	645	927	310	244	824	253	164	250	570	866
554	691	965	530	245	825	255	166	264	582	869
611	696	98,055	587	246	826	256	167	265	588	871
637	830	109	634	247	827	257	171	266	590	946
652	831	163	787	248	829	259	172	267	592	947
705	942	207	101,023	249	830	260	173	303	593	955
715	968	370	235	250	831	261	174	338	594	106,356
885	996	432	255	251	833	264	175	357	595	363
965	96,228	466	374	252	834	265	185	374	597	378
977	248	594	408	254	839	373	186	402	598	379
981	352	836	455	308	840	384	213	403	618	441
94,039	497	843	502	380	841	423	214	404	620	106,442
237	728	886	533	447	842	425	215	405	622	—
238	895	965	538	554	843	454	216	406	623	—
241	97,187	99,088	663	582	844	481	217	408	624	—
242	200	145	675	655	845	576	218	409	625	—
94,438	97,218	99,158	101,710	102,691	103,850	104,603	105,219	105,411	105,692	—

2nd Series.—Letter D.—Coupons.

255,049	255,918	258,041	259,682	260,013	260,782	261,487	262,107	262,663	263,137	263,453
580	988	259,088	683	50	802	662	108	782	257	263,610
585	256,064	273	684	202	829	724	109	893	316	—
586	322	291	724	342	261,017	799	218	988	327	—
589	323	371	787	343	138	905	272	263,020	405	—
709	324	680	988	603	235	906	444	47	406	—
255,917	257,129	259,681	259,989	260,762	261,238	261,953	262,449	263,101	263,452	—

All payable for 11 half-years each, from the first half-year of 1863, to the first half-year 1868, both included.

1st Series.—Mortgage Bonds.

Letter E.

E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30
111,933	113,086	113,478	114,407	115,176	115,965	117,006	117,815	118,344	119,264	120,235
112,148	93	504	494	266	976	54	860	397	265	395
328	105	515	647	329	116,224	62	862	492	350	704
341	120	640	654	455	299	79	966	493	584	731
363	164	675	709	585	326	160	118,010	494	845	760
512	193	707	955	587	550	321	28	503	852	814
558	350	869	115,043	716	678	322	99	537	941	953
567	397	114,100	86	746	871	441	186	582	942	121,022
639	424	221	117	796	957	704	187	617	991	59
113,005	113,440	114,358	115,145	115,872	116,958	117,706	118,271	119,263	120,096	121,251

E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 80	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30	E. Rs. 30
121,349	123,260	125,302	127,007	128,415	130,156	130,502	130,790	131,053	131,152	131,430
363	367	410	273	518	244	503	807	54	153	431
495	455	464	283	636	251	508	813	55	185	456
548	476	556	291	885	252	509	821	60	186	466
591	563	577	329	889	385	510	832	61	202	586
609	597	789	333	981	386	511	833	62	247	651
825	662	807	336	129,037	427	527	840	63	258	652
849	864	991	366	72	446	533	841	64	261	721
976	884	993	372	222	447	534	851	65	262	723
990	124,024	994	377	306	448	535	852	66	263	724
994	25	126,023	430	344	449	546	877	73	267	874
122,048	26	99	504	428	450	547	960	74	268	900
108	269	130	505	462	451	552	961	75	269	901
494	298	244	540	539	475	636	964	76	302	929
662	404	262	567	548	488	647	131,001	77	318	930
673	594	344	590	632	489	648	3	78	333	131,931
818	661	424	592	861	490	650	10	79	338	Zolte.
885	702	456	593	808	491	670	14	82	343	
909	965	501	613	883	492	671	24	83	380	137,338
919	125,018	542	722	935	493	677	42	135	387	339
971	38	587	827	937	494	735	43	136	388	340
986	81	816	128,113	962	495	736	44	147	389	341
123,028	94	882	150	967	497	776	46	148	390	137,342
122	215	912	265	984	499	777	49	149	391	—
189	228	914	308	130,083	500	785	51	150	393	—
123,226	125,292	127,005	128,354	130,084	130,501	130,789	131,052	131,151	131,421	—

2nd Series.—Letter E.

280,118	281,350	282,692	284,072	285,109	286,107	286,509	287,275	288,331	289,467	290,633
302	351	283,168	157	116	108	583	276	332	542	634
308	352	253	165	117	123	618	330	395	679	635
329	353	254	166	336	153	630	378	399	290,108	682
330	484	292	194	337	154	665	516	520	147	683
331	566	293	373	338	201	738	572	604	149	684
332	628	294	374	339	202	920	573	626	151	685
407	636	295	622	349	203	921	671	689	176	779
415	643	309	694	355	204	950	749	790	259	780
482	698	364	695	376	205	951	816	289,043	441	781
886	282,166	365	803	377	206	952	886	51	448	782
281,146	167	366	806	585	211	287,011	887	180	489	291,274
157	216	481	807	590	212	131	888	181	490	310
158	483	482	808	614	213	207	922	182	491	311
162	568	534	818	647	214	208	923	183	501	312
227	569	607	853	648	453	209	924	204	502	354
228	570	768	874	677	487	210	288,131	305	506	291,355
229	665	284,028	943	883	488	260	214	306	563	—
230	666	29	285,106	943	489	261	215	398	564	—
231	690	30	107	286,105	507	262	216	435	565	—
281,333	282,691	284,031	285,108	286,106	286,508	287,263	288,217	289,466	290,566	—

All with 11 Coupons each from the first half-year of 1863, to the first half-year of 1868, both included.

Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series drawn.

Letter B, 27,408.—Letter C, 36,777, 40,005, 46,717, 47,761, 74,894.—Letter D, 103,198.—Letter E, 113,696, 124,076, 127,295. All with 11 Coupons each from the first half-year of 1863 to the first half-year of 1868, both included.

MORTGAGE-BONDS AND COUPONS QUESTIONED BY PRIVATE PERSONS.

1. *Mortgage Bonds of the 2nd period.*

Letter A.
For 20,000 Polish florins,
3,000 Rubles.
No. 225,506 without Coupons.

Letter B.
For 5,000 Polish florins,
750 Rubles.
No. 220,472 } without Coupons.
— 278,831 }
— 281,265 }
— 281,834 } with 12 Coupons each from the 2nd half-year of 1855 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both
— 282,875 } included.
— 287,716 } without Coupons.
— 287,717 }
— 311,714 } with 11 Coupons each from the 1st half-year of 1856 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both
— 316,834 } included.

Letter C.
For 1,000 Polish florins,
150 Rubles.
No. 241,541 } without Coupons.
— 268,641 }
— 274,670 } with 9 Coupons each from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both
— 312,320 } included.

Letter D.
For 500 Polish florins,
75 Rubles.
No. 231,550 } with 12 Coupons each from the 2nd half-year of 1855 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both
— 233,648 } included.
— 271,585 without Coupons.
— 302,430 with 9 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.

Letter E.
For 200 Polish florins,
30 Rubles
No. 235,835 with 9 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 313,829 without Coupons.

2. *Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period.*

(*a.*) Of the 1st Series.

Letter A.
For 3,000 Rubles.
No. 76 without Coupons.
— 2,469 } with 10 Coupons each from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both
— 2,662 } included.
— 3,025 without Coupons.
— 3,111 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 4,748 without Coupons.
— 5,720 }
— 138,828 }
— 138,829 } with 10 Coupons each from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both
— 138,830 } included.
— 138,832 }
— 138,838 }

Letter B.
For 750 Rubles.
No. 6,537 } with 12 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1855 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 6,933 }
— 6,941 } without Coupons.
— 7,970 }
— 8,871 } with 11 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1856 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 9,624 without Coupons.
— 10,089 with 6 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1858 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 11,344 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1856 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 12,364 „ 5 „ „ 1st „ 1859 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 14,034 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „

Letter B.
For 750 Rubles.

No. 14,106 }
— 15,586 } without Coupons.
— 16,342 }
— 20,359 } with 13 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1862 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both
— 20,519 } included.
— 25,233 without Coupons.
— 25,532 with 13 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1862 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included
— 26,764 „ 6 „ „ 2nd „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „

Letter C.
For 150 Rubles.

No. 30,670 with 9 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 32,200 without Coupons.
— 34,032 with 7 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1858 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 34,226 }
— 34,655 } with 10 Coupons „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 35,497 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 35,905 „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 36,473 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 37,208 „ 5 „ „ 1st „ 1859 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 38,006 „ 1 „ for the 1st half-year of 1861.
— 38,078 „ 11 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 38,153 without Coupons.
— 40,235 with 14 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1861 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 40,440 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 41,375 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 42,485 „ 7 „ „ 1st „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 43,875 }
— 44,192 } „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 47,884 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 48,592 „ 12 „ „ 2nd „ 1855 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 48,696 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „ „
— 49,430 }
— 50,531 } „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861, „ „
— 51,584 |
— 51,587 |
— 51,588 |
— 51,604 |
— 51,605 |
— 51,606 |
— 51,608 |
— 51,609 |
— 51,610 |
— 51,623 |
— 51,624 |
— 51,625 |
— 51,626 |
— 51,627 |
— 51,628 |
— 51,629 |
— 51,630 |
— 51,631 |
— 51,632 } with 12 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1855 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 51,633 |
— 51,634 |
— 51,635 |
— 51,648 |
— 51,649 |
— 51,650 |
— 51,651 |
— 51,652 |
— 51,653 |
— 51,654 |
— 51,655 |
— 51,656 |
— 51,657 |
— 51,658 |
— 51,659 |
— 51,678 |
— 51,679 |
— 51,680 |
— 51,681 |
— 53,353 }

Letter C.
For 150 Rubles.

No. 53,755 with 9 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 53,887 „ 7 „ „ 1st „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 54,626 „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 54,748 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 56,127 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1856 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 56,211 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 61,073 „ 14 „ „ 2nd „ 1861 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 61,136 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 61,449 „ 7 „ „ 1st „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 61,733 without Coupons.
— 62,851 }
— 62,852 } with 14 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1861 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included
— 62,853 }
— 63,439, „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 68,503 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 71,341 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 72,262 „ 7 „ „ 1st „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 72,374 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 73,070 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 73,236 }
— 74,005 } „ 7 „ „ 1st „ 1858 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 78,766 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 85,834 without Coupons.

Letter D.
75 Rubles.

No. 90,415 with 11 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1856 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included
— 90,787 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 92,374 „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 92,648 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 92,936 }
— 94,067 } without Coupons.
— 94,895 with 14 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1861 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included
— 96,002 }
— 96,003 }
— 96,004 } „ 12 „ „ 2nd „ 1855 „ 1st „ 1861, „
— 96,005 }
— 96,726 }
— 97,073 } without Coupons.
— 97,402 }
— 100,098 with 9 Coupons from the 1st half-year of 1857 to the 1st half-year of 1861, both included.
— 102,028 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868 „
— 104,142 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868 „
— 104,459 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868 „
— 105,485 without Coupons.

Letter E.
30 Rubles.

No. 111,001 with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included
— 113,572 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1856 „ 1st „ 1861 „
— 113,665 „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861 „
— 114,151 }
— 114,705 } „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868 „
— 115,789 „ 9 „ „ 1st „ 1857 „ 1st „ 1861 „
— 119,905 „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868 „
— 121,066 }
— 123,419 } without Coupons.
— 124,136 }
— 127,252 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 137,188 }
— 137,189 }
— 137,190 } „ 11 „ „ 1st „ 1856 „ 1st „ 1861 „
— 137,191 }

(*b*) Of the 2nd Series.

Letter A.
3,000 Rubles.

No. 200,320 }
— 200,415 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 200,571 }
— 202,243 without Coupons.

Letter B.
750 Rubles.

No. 205,467 without Coupons.
— 205,823 with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 206,964 without Coupons.
— 207,526 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 208,576 }
— 210,374 }
— 212,158 |
— 212,159 |
— 212,324 } without Coupons.
— 212,325 |
— 212,326 |
— 212,327 }

Letter C.
150 Rubles.

No. 217,839 without Coupons.
— 220,364 }
— 222,594 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 226,838 }
— 233,950 }
— 234,472 }
— 234,473 |
— 234,474 |
— 234,845 |
— 234,846 } without Coupons.
— 234,847 |
— 234,848 |
— 234,849 }

Letter D.
75 Rubles.

No. 255,684 } with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both
— 256,583 } included.
— 256,916 }
— 256,917 } „ 14 „ „ 2nd „ 1861 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 256,918 }
— 257,184 } without Coupons.
— 257,346 }
— 257,427 with 10 Coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
— 257,564 „ 13 „ „ 1st „ 1862 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 258,296 „ 10 „ „ 2nd „ 1863 „ 1st „ 1868, „
— 260,052 }
— 264,129 |
— 264,130 } without Coupons.
— 264,131 }
— 264,177 } with 10 coupons from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half year of 1868, both
264,178 } included.
— 264,287 }
— 264,288 |
— 264,289 |
— 264,290 |
— 264,291 |
— 264,292 } without Coupons.
— 264,293 |
— 264,294 |
— 264,295 |
— 264,296 }

Letter E.
30 Rubles.

No. 284,113 }
284,331 |
292,150 } without Coupons.
292,151 |
292,152 }

3. COUPONS.

(*a*) Of Mortgage Bonds of the 1st Period.

Letter A. No. 94,706 }
Letter B. No. 163,216 } of the 1st half year of 1851.
Letter C. No. 187,676 }

(*b*) Of Mortgage Bonds of the 3rd Period, 1st Series.

Eleven Coupons, Letter C, 43,742, from the 1st half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.
Two Coupons, Letter C, 43,742, for the 2nd half-year of 1861 and the 1st half-year of 1862.
Twelve Coupons, Letter C, 36,615, from the 2nd half-year of 1862 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.

(*c*) Of Mortgage Bonds of the 2nd Series.

Ten Coupons, Letter D, 255,822, from the 2nd half-year of 1863 to the 1st half-year of 1868, both included.

This present specification, attested by the Chief Directing Board of the Landed Credit Society, is annexed to the notice of the Directing Board of the 10th (22nd) day of October, 1863, No. 12,789, nine times advertised in the public papers. The specification is contained in 16 numbered pages besides the title-page.

THE CHIEF DIRECTING BOARD OF THE LANDED CREDIT SOCIETY.

Warsaw, October the 10th (22nd), 1863.

The Collegial Counsellor performing the duties of President,
(Signed) TRZETRZEWINSKI.

Recorder, the Collegial Assessor.
(Signed) BRZOZOWSKI.

Foreign Office, November 23, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Algernon Bertram Mitford, Esq., of the Foreign Office, to be an Acting Third Secretary in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service while employed abroad.

Whitehall, November 1, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal granting the dignity of a Knight of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto Gillery Pigott, Esq., one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

Whitehall, December 2, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Webster, M A., to the church and parish of Cameron, in the presbytery of St. Andrews, and county of Fife, vacant by the resignation of the Reverend William Purdie Dickson.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Matheson to the church and parish of Glenshiel, in the presbytery of Lochcarron, and county of Ross, vacant by the death of the Reverend Farquhar McIver.

Downing Street, December 2, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Somers Martin, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Antigua; William Wilkin and Edward Bowman Dyett, Esqrs., to be Members of the Executive Council of the Island of Montserrat; and Charles Garrow Blanc, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of Her Majesty's Settlements on the River Gambia.

Downing Street, December 4, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Arthur Edward Kennedy, Esq., C.B., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Vancouver and its dependencies.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, December 4, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade give notice, that the Moniteur, of the 26th ultimo, contains a French Imperial Decree, providing that sal ammoniac of British or Belgian origin shall pay, on importation into France, in place of the supplementary tax at present charged, a tax of three francs per 100 kilos., as an equivalent for the direct and indirect charges on the manufacture of sal ammoniac in France.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, December 3, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a translation of an Edict of the Papal Government, which took effect from the 26th October last, reducing, as follows, the Custom duties on various articles imported into the Papal States :—

TABLE OF THE MODIFICATIONS OF DUTY.

Articles.		Importation Duty in Roman Money.			Importation Duty in English Money.	
		Old.	New.		Old.	New.
		scudi baj.	scudi baj.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brandy and spirits	the 100 lib. gross	4 0	2 0	lb. 74 13 gross	0 17 4	0 8 8
No innovation is made for the consumption duty now in vigour						
Sugar in loaf, whole	do.	7 0	1 25	do.	1 10 5	0 5 5
The consumption duty now in vigour will be maintained						
Candid fruits, sugar-plums, and cakes	do.	8 0	4 0	do.	1 14 8	0 17 4
Mustards, preserves, marmalade, sweet preserves, etc., are not comprised under this head, and will remain subject to the duty now in vigour						
Raw stearine, in mass	do.	10 0	1 0	do.	2 3 5	0 4 4
Stearine, in candles	do.	10 0	2 0	do.	2 3 5	0 8 8
Raw parafine	do.	Not determined in the tariff	0 50	do.	Not determined in the tariff	0 2 2
Parafine, in candles	do.	20 0	2 0	do.	4 6 10	0 8 8
Starch and potato flour	do.	2 0	0 25	do.	0 8 8	0 1 1
Brimstone, raw and purified ...	the 1000 lib. gross	2 50	1 0	lb. 74 82 gross	0 10 10	0 4 4
Sulphuric acid	the 100 lib. gross	2 0	0 50	lb. 74 13 gross	0 8 8	0 2 2
Muriatic or hydrochloric acid ...	do.	2 0	0 50	do.	0 8 8	0 2 2
Nitric acid	do.	3 50	0 50	do.	0 15 2	0 2 2
Oleic acid or olein	do.	1 0	0 30	do.	0 4 4	0 1 3
Soda-waters	do.	10 % on the value	2 0	do.	10 % on the value	0 8 8
Distilled medicinal waters, with or without alcohol	do.	20 7	7 0	do.	4 6 10	1 10 5
Bird-lime or misletoe	do.	0 75	0 40	do.	0 3 3	0 1 9
Window-glass	do.	2 0	1 0	do.	0 8 8	0 4 4
Plate-glass for roofs, which is commonly smoothed only on one side, will be subject to half the duty of the window-glass						
Green or common glass-bottles ...	the 100 lib. net	0 50	0 20	lb. 74 13 net	0 2 2	0 0 11
Large plate-glasses, without silver	the 100 lib. gross	4 0	3 0	lb. 74 13 gross	0 17 4	0 13 1
do. do. silvered ...	do.	6 0	4 0	do.	1 6 1	0 17 4
Small plate-glasses, without silver	do.	2 0	1 0	do.	0 8 8	0 4 4
do. do. silvered ...	do.	2 0	2 0	do.	0 8 8	0 8 8
Glasses will be considered large when above 20 ounces (inch. 14,6) in height or in breadth, and small when under this measure						
White china-ware	the 100 lib. net	5 0	2 0	lb. 74 13 net	1 1 8	0 8 8
Table and coffee services and ware for other domestic uses, also with borders or stripes, coloured but not gilt or silvered, come under this head						
China-ware, gilt, silvered, painted, or coloured	do.	5 0	3 0	do.	1 1 8	0 13 1
White china for table, coffee, and other domestic services with gilt or silvered works, or a simple border or stripe, as well as that coloured, painted, or printed, come under the present head						

Articles.		Importation Duty in Roman Money.			Importation Duty in English Money.	
		Old.	New.		Old.	New.
		scudi baj.	scudi baj.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
China fancy ware	the 100 lib. net	5 0	5 0	lb. 74 13 net	1 1 8	1 1 8
All ware not mentioned under other heads, both simple and united with other materials: viz., statues, animals, fruits, baskets, bonbons, inkstands, etc., come under this head; excepting however vases, moderator lamps, chandeliers, lamps, and candlesticks, which will be comprised under white china-ware or under gilt, silvered, painted or coloured china-ware, according to their kind						
Marbles, in block	the 1000 lib. net	5 0	0 50	lb. 748 2 net	1 1 8	0 2 2
Raw camel skins	the 100 lib. net	10 0	0 20	lb. 74 13 net	2 3 5	0 0 11
Fresh or salted butter	the 100 lib. gross	5 0	2 50	lb. 74 13 gross	1 1 8	0 10 10
Carobs	do.	0 30	0 05	do.	0 1 4	0 0 3
Unwrought iron	the 100 lib. net	1 50	0 40	lb. 74 13 net	0 6 6	0 1 9
Steel, in bars and blocks	do.	1 50	0 40	do.	0 6 6	0 1 9
Iron tubes, cast or wrought ...	do.	2 0	0 40	do.	0 8 8	0 1 9
Cast iron manufactures, not enumerated in the Tariff	do.	5 0	2 0	do.	1 1 8	0 8 8
Iron mordant screws	the 100 lib. gross	25 0	2 0	lbs. 74 13 gross	5 8 8	0 8 8
Bascule scales	the 100 lib. net	2 0	1 0	lbs. 74 13 net	0 8 8	0 4 4
Two wheel carriages of any kind...	each	12 50	7 50	each	2 14 4	1 12 7
Four wheel carriages, uncovered...	do.	25 0	15 0	do.	5 8 8	3 5 2
do. do covered ...	do.	50 0	30 0	do.	10 17 4	6 10 4
Square and libretto pianofortes ... Harmoniums will be comprised under this class	do.	10 0	5 0	do.	2 3 5	1 1 8
Upright and horizontal grand pianofortes, or any other shape	do.	18 0	10 0	do.	3 18 3	2 3 5
Manufactured calico, white or unbleached	the 100 lib. net	8 0	6 0	lbs. 74 13 net	1 14 8	1 6 1
Mattings, of cocoa or other vegetable materials not mentioned in the Tariff, and also mixed with hemp or cotton	do.	10 0	5 0	do.	2 3 5	1 1 8
Worsted drugget	do.	25 0	10 0	do.	5 8 8	2 3 5
Plain linen of any kind	do.	15 0	15 0	do.	3 5 2	3 5 2
Embroidered do.	do.	and 40 when of batiste	30 0	do.	...	6 10 4
Silk umbrellas	do.	20 0	10 0	do.	4 6 10	2 3 5
Umbrellas of any other kind ...	do.	20 0	5 0	do.	4 6 10	1 1 8
Untwisted hemp or raw flax thread	do.	5 0	2 0	do.	1 1 8	0 8 8
Cochineal, including that in splinters	the 100 lib. gross	5 0	2 0	lbs. 74 13 gross	1 1 8	0 8 8
Blacking, solid or liquid	do.	3 0	1 0	...	0 13 1	0 4 4
Drawing chalk, cut in pieces of any dimension	the 100 lib. net	5 0	1 0	...	1 1 8	0 4 4
Paper tubes for ball cartridges ...	do.	12 0	5 0	...	2 12 2	1 1 8
Feather dusters	do.	50 0	5 0	...	10 17 4	1 1 8
Iron forks, knives, and spoons, plain or tinned	do.	5 0	2 0	lbs. 74 13 net	1 1 8	0 8 8
Soup ladles, with or without the handle, those of iron excepted	do.	according to the works of the material of which they were made	5 0	do.	...	1 1 8
Large and small baskets, boxes, and similar other objects made with chip, bark, and other vegetable material, excluding straw	do.	30 0	10 0	do.	6 10 3	2 3 5

Articles.		Importation Duty in Roman Money.			Importation Duty in English Money.	
		Old.	New.		Old.	New.
		scudi baj.	scudi baj.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Paper lamp screens	the 100 lib. net.	30 0	5 0	lbs. 74 13 net.	6 10 3	1 1 8
Counters and brass marks ...	do.	20 0	10 0	do.	4 6 10	2 3 5
Lamps and lanterns of every kind	do.	20 0	10 0	do.	4 6 10	2 3 5
Letters of brass, and of all other materials	do.	20 0	10 0	do.	4 6 10	2 3 5
Soda water apparatus	do.	20 0	5 0	do.	4 6 10	1 1 8
Mill boards for photographers, also with a printed address	do.	20 0	5 0	do.	4 6 10	1 1 8
Quadrants, ruling pens, and their accessories of brass, and also mixed with iron	do.	10 0	5 0	do.	2 3 5	1 1 8
Fans, with a wooden handle of natural colour	do.	10 0	5 0	do.	2 3 5	1 1 8
Albums or portfolios for portraits, printings, photographs, memorandums	do.	several	10 0	do.	several	2 3 5
Travelling or shooting flasks ...	do.	several	5 0	do.	several	1 1 8
Fire-wood, excepting that in bundles	every canna	0 80	0 20	every two yds. 7, 6	0 3 5	0 0 11
Fire-wood, in bundles	for every 1,000	2 0	0 50	for every 1,000	0 8 8	0 2 2
Fire-wood, in small bundles, twigs, or reeds	do.	0 50	0 12½	do.	0 2 2	0 0 7
Round timber, diam. 7 to 12 ounces (5,1 inch—8,6 in.)	100 pieces	15 54	5 0	100 pieces	3 7 6	1 1 8
do. diam. 12 to 18 ounces (inch 8,6 to 13,2)	do.	46 66	15 0	do.	10 3 0	3 5 2
do. diam. 18 to 24 ounces (inch 13,2 to 17,5)	do.	186 66	60 0	do.	40 11 7	13 0 8
do. diam. above 24 ounces (inch 17,5)	do.	560 0	180 0	do.	121 14 9	39 2 0
Square timber, up to 6 ounces in thickness (inch 4,3)	do.	3 10	1 0	do.	0 13 5	0 4 4
do. thickness from 6 to 12 ounces (inch 4,2 to 8,6)	do.	18 66	6 0	do.	4 1 2	1 6 1
do. thickness from 12 to 18 ounces (inch 8,6 to 13,2)	do.	56 0	18 0	do.	12 3 6	3 18 3
do. thickness from 18 to 24 ounces (inch 13,2 to 17,5)	do.	248 86	80 0	do.	54 2 0	17 7 4
do. thickness above 24 ounces (inch 17,5)	do.	560 0	180 0	do.	121 14 9	39 2 7
Sawn timber, up to 2 ounces in thickness (inch 1,4)	do.	4 66	1 50	do.	1 0 3	0 6 6
do. thickness from 2 to 3 ounces (inch 1,4 to 2,1)	do.	9 32	3 0	do.	2 0 6	0 13 1
do. thickness from 3 to 6 ounces (inch 2,1 to 4,3)	do.	24 86	8 0	do.	5 8 1	1 14 8
do. thickness above 6 ounces (inch 4,3)	do.	49 76	16 0	do.	10 16 3	3 9 4
Staves to the length of 6 palins (4 feet 5 inches)	do.	0 23	0 8	do.	0 1 0	0 0 4
do. above the length of 6 palins (4 feet 5 inches)	do.	0 46	0 16	do.	0 2 0	0 0 8
Rough sawn timber for cartwrights	do.	1 23	0 40	do.	0 5 4	0 1 9
Round timber not comprised in the first class	do.	0 46	0 16	do.	0 2 0	0 0 8
Sawn timber not comprised in the third class	do.	0 46	0 16	do.	0 2 0	0 0 8
Unwrought or half-wrought timber, to be named	do.	0 60	0 20	do.	0 2 7	0 0 11

War Office, Pall Mall,
4th December, 1863.

2nd Regiment of Life Guards, Veterinary-Surgeon Thornton Hart to be Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class. Dated 4th December, 1863.

4th Hussars, Veterinary-Surgeon Herbert Sewell to be Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class. Dated 4th December, 1863.

13th Hussars, Veterinary-Surgeon William Varley to be Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class. Dated 4th December, 1863.

14th Hussars, Veterinary-Surgeon Henry Dawson to be Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class. Dated 4th December. 1863.

15th Hussars, Veterinary-Surgeon Martin Mence to be Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class. Dated 4th December, 1863.

18th Hussars, Cornet Frederick Charles Hooper to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice William Owen Whiteside, who retires. Dated 4th December, 1863.

George Watson, Gent., to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Hooper. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Coldstream Guards, Ensign Arthur Farquhar, from 62nd Foot, to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Charles Walter Lee-Mainwaring, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

7th Regiment of Foot, Francis Wingfield Douglass, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Hosack, transferred to the 14th Foot. Dated 4th December, 1863.

10th Foot, George Hood, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Jasper Nicolls Anderson, transferred to the 76th Foot. Dated 4th December, 1863.

14th Foot, Lieutenant Frederick Gerard Armstrong to be Captain, by purchase, vice George J. Newman Beamish, who retires. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Ensign John Daly to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Armstrong. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Ensign John Hosack, from 7th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Daly. Dated 4th December, 1863.

William Brown Churchward, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Charles Curtis, who retires. Dated 4th December, 1863.

23rd Foot, Captain Frederick Chandos Clifton, from the 3rd West India Regiment, to be Captain, vice Hewett, who exchanges. Dated 4th December, 1863,

58th Foot, Quartermaster-Serjeant Daniel Munro to be Quartermaster, vice Patrick Hopkins, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 4th December, 1863.

62nd Foot, Thomas Hamilton Forsyth, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Arthur Farquhar, promoted in the Coldstream Guards. Dated 4th December, 1863.

76th Foot, Ensign Jasper Nicolls Anderson, from 10th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Alexander, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Edward Le Breton Butler to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant L. E. O'Connor, promoted. Dated 1st December, 1863.

82nd Foot, Lieutenant Charles Neville to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Edward Snow Mason, who resigns the appointment. Dated 7th September, 1863.

84th Foot, Ensign Andrew George Saunders, from the Military Train, to be Ensign, vice Knight, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

88th Foot, Lieutenant H. Garrett Moore to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Thomas H. Cuthbertson, who resigns the appointment. Dated 18th August, 1863.

92nd Foot, Ensign David Papillon, from 12th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Arthur Bryce Murray, deceased. Dated 4th December, 1863.

104th Foot, Lieutenant Horace Moule Evans to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Archibald Logan Douglas, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

107th Foot, The surname of the Assistant-Surgeon appointed from the Staff, on 17th November, is *Dustan* not *Dunstan*.

3rd West India Regiment, Captain Charles Hewett, from 23rd Foot, to be Captain, vice Clifton, who exchanges. Dated 4th December, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Robert Graves Burton, M.D., has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 4th December, 1863.

The services of Staff Assistant-Surgeon James Samuel Currie Collier have been dispensed with, from 14th November, 1863.

The second Christian name of Staff Assistant-Surgeon Hoile is *Ogilvy*, not *Ogilvie*.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Veterinary-Surgeon of the First Class William Thacker, from 10th Hussars, to be Staff Veterinary-Surgeon, vice Matthew Poett, deceased. Dated 4th December, 1863.

BREVET.

Quartermaster Patrick Hopkins, half-pay, late 58th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 4th December, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 14th October, 1858, to be Colonels :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Bartholomew O'Brien, Military Train. Dated 26th October, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Holt Freeth, Royal Engineers. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Linlithgow.

James Dundas, Esq., to be Vice Lieutenant. Dated 24th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

Robert Smith Bartleet, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

5th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend John Newman Harrison to be Honorary Chaplain, vice Blink, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Pembroke.

1st Pembrokeshire Artillery Volunteer Co

William Odyerree Hulm to be Second Lieute

***Commission** signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Brecknock.

Brecon Division of the Royal Cardigan, Brecon' and Radnor Regiment of Militia.

Thomas Gwynne Vaughan, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 30th November, 1863.

***Commission** signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Gloucester *and of the City and County of the City of* Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Bristol.

Royal Gloucestershire Regiment of Hussar Yeomanry.

Captain Henry Baring, late Captain 17th Lancers, to be Adjutant, with the rank of Captain, from the 15th August last, vice Trenerry, retired. Dated 20th August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Frederick William Goold in the 4th Gloucestershire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

***Commissions** signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of* Essex.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Essex Rifle Volunteers.

Major Hugh Adams Silver to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Samuel Lloyd Howard to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Samuel Lloyd Howard in the 5th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

***Commission** signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Sussex.

1st Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Sutcliffe Parkinson to be Ensign. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

***Commission** signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Warwick.

1st Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Abbotts Lingard, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Williams, promoted. Dated 28th November, 1863.

***Commissions** signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the City and County of the City of* Edinburgh, *and Liberties thereof.*

1st City of Edinburgh Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant G. M. Tytler to be Captain, vice Hay, resigned. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Ensign A. Mitchell to be Lieutenant, vice Tytler, promoted. Dated 28th November, 1863.

John E. Stewart to be Ensign, vice Mitchell, promoted. Dated 28th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Second Lieutenant Joseph Hodgson, Assistant-Surgeon Alexander Trotter, and Honorary Chaplain Reverend William Greenwell, in the 3rd Northumberland Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the undermentioned Officers of the Commissions held by them as Captains Commanding their respective Corps :

5th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Andrew Babbs Brandram.

1st Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain William Moore.

3rd Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain (Lieutenant-Colonel) Henry Temple Hillyard.

29th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Stephen Percy Groves.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain H. B. Hammond in the 1st C. Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Lieutenant Julius Brockman Backhouse, Ensign Lamprey Karney, and Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Frederick Thomas Hulke, in the 6th Cinque Ports Rifle Volunteer Corps.

EXCHEQUER BILLS.

THE Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice to the Holders of Exchequer Bills issued under the authority of the Act 24 Vic., c. 5, and dated the 11th June, 1861, that the Interest thereon for the half-year ending on the 11th December, 1863, will be payable at the Bank of England, on and after the 11th December instant; and that the Interest of such Exchequer Bills for the following half-year, to June, 1864, will be at the rate of three pounds per centum per annum.

Treasury Chambers, Whitehall,
4th December, 1863.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 52.)—MEDITERRANEAN — SOUTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light at Cape Sacratif.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Cape Sacratif, in the province of Granada, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* and *flashing* white light, showing a flash every *minute*. It will be placed at an elevation of 320 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 24 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the second order.

The tower is slightly conical, 56 feet high, of a red brick colour, and stands on the hill at the extremity of the cape, about 30 yards from the sea, in lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 3° 28′ 56″ west of Greenwich, or about 1½′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

Fixed Red Light at Honda Cove.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Punta del Llano de

Carchuna, the west point of entrance to Honda Cove, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed red* light, placed at an elevation of 44 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 8 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fifth order.

The tower is slightly conical, 33 feet high, and of a dark brown colour, and said to stand 60 yards from the sea, in lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 3° 25′ 56″ West of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
20th November, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, South Coast, Sheet 1, No. 1186, Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158 and 2718 *a*.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 54.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light on Mesa de Roldan.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on the Mesa de Roldan, in the province of Almeria, on the south coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* and *flashing* white light, showing a flash every *two minutes*. It will be placed at an elevation of 725 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 22 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the third order.

The tower is octagonal, 39 feet high, and painted white. It stands on the most salient part of the mount called the Mesa de Roldan, and said to be in lat. 36° 54′ 40″ N., long. 1° 58′ 16″ west of Greenwich, or about 3′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

MAJORCA ISLAND.

Fixed Light at Puerto Colom.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Puerto Colom, on the south-east coast of the island of Majorca.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 46 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is round, 26 feet high, and of a light gray colour. It stands at the north-east point of entrance to the port, and said to be in lat. 39° 25′ N., long. 3° 18′ 24″ east of Greenwich, or about 3 miles north, and 2′ west of that of the Admiralty Charts.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
20th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, South Coast, Sheets 1 and 2, Nos. 1186 and 1187; Mediterranean Sea, Nos. 2158 and 2718 *a*; and Islands of Majorca and Cabrera, No. 146.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 55.)—NORTH ATLANTIC—NORTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed Light at Guetaria.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Guetaria, in the Province of Guipuzcoa, on the North Coast of Spain.

The light will be a fixed white light, placed at an elevation of 295 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fifth order.

The tower is octagonal, 37 feet high, of a light blue colour, with a white lantern. It rises from the middle of the keeper's dwelling, on the north peak of the island of San Antonio de Guetaria, at 200 yards from the sea, in lat. 43° 19′ 5″ N., long. 2° 13′ 6″ west of Greenwich.

CANARY ISLANDS—TENERIFE.

Fixed Light at Santa Cruz.

Also, that on and after the 31st day of December, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected at Santa Cruz, Tenerife.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 34 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 9 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is hexagonal, 21 feet high, of lead colour, with a white lantern. It stands 55 yards from the extremity of the mole, in lat. 28° 28′ 30″ N., long. 16° 14′ 56″ west of Greenwich. There is also a red light on the mole head.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
21st November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spain, North Coast, No. 2728; Eastern part of North Atlantic, No. 2090; River Thames to the Mediterranean, No. 1; and Tenerife, No. 1870.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 56.) WEST INDIES—SAN DOMINGO.

Fixed Light on Balandras Point.

The Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 27th day of August, 1863, a light will be exhibited from a mast standing on Balandras Point, at the north side of the entrance to the Gulf of Samaná, at the north-east end of the island of San Domingo, West Indies.

The light is a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 235 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 6 to 8 miles.

The mast is 16 feet high, painted red, and is said to stand in lat. 19° 11′ 48″ N., long. 69° 13′ 52″ west of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
23rd November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—West Indies, General, No. 392*b*; West

Indies, Sheet 2, No. 393; and Entrance to the Gulf of Samaná, No. 2343.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 57.)—England—South Coast.

Alteration of Lights at Spithead.

WITH reference to the Notices to Mariners issued from this Office, Nos. 19 and 20, dated the 11th and 28th May, 1863, fresh notice is hereby given, that on and after the 7th day of December, 1863, the lights shown from the scaffoldings on the Sturbridge and No-Mans Land shoals, will be altered from blue to *red*; and the light on the Horse shoal will be altered from blue to *white*.

By command of their Lordships.

A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
23rd November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Spithead and the Needles, No. 2128. See also, Channel Pilot, Part 1, pp. 159, 171, 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 58).—Wales—North-West Coast.

Temporary Green Lights at Holyhead Old Harbour.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the 1st day of December, 1863, temporary lights will be exhibited from the upper edge of the Coffer-dam now in course of construction across the old harbour of Holyhead, above Salt Island.

The lights will be three *fixed green* lights placed *horizontally*, one light will be on that part of the Coffer-dam which projects most towards the entrance of the harbour, and the others at the distance of 50 yards on either side of it.

By command of their Lordships,

A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
28th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Holyhead Harbour, No. 2011; and Holyhead Bay, No. 1413.

Notice of Intended Distribution of Naval Prize Money.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, December 1, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the slave bounty of the "Manuella," captured on the 10th August, 1860, by Her Majesty's ship "Brisk," will commence on Friday, the 11th instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officer . . .	158	3	8
Captain	375	13	9
Second class . . .	70	0	0
Third class . . .	56	0	0
Fourth class . . .	36	0	0
Fifth class . . .	20	0	0
Sixth class . . .	18	0	0
Seventh class . . .	12	0	0
Eighth class . . .	6	0	0
Ninth class . . .	4	0	0
Tenth class . . .	2	0	0

Somerset House, London, December 3, 1863.

NOTICE.—By order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Taunton, in Taunton Collection, will, in future, be at the Corn Market there.

William Corbett, Secretary.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners, for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the County Hall, Dorchester, on Monday, the 14th day of December, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Dorchester aforesaid.

Henry Roberts.
Alex. Duff Gordon.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, December 2, 1863.

Land Drainage Act, 1861.

In the Matter of Dysynny Valley Drainage, in the county of Merioneth.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have made their Provisional Order in the above case, and that the same, together with a map of the separate drainage district thereby constituted, has been deposited at the Corbett Arms Hotel, in the parish of Towyn, in the said county, for inspection, for the period of twenty-one days from the date hereof.

H. Pyne,
By order of the Board.

3, St. James's-square, London,
December 3, 1863.

India Office, November 30, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following notices of Orders made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11th Victoria, cap. 21.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the Matter of Aaron Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 9th day of October instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of James Augustus Thompson, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in his schedule as creditors, or claiming to be creditors respectively, except as to the debt due to Puggurruddy Mistry, deceased, who appears not to have been served with the notice of the day of hearing in this matter.—Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Edward George Collinet, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 2,209–15 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 8 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon at such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—J. Cochrane, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of John Brightman Vandenberg, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 1,060–14–9 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 18 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts, or any other matter or thing relating thereto. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Manuk Malcum Manuk, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 3,518–14 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupee 1 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—J. Cochrane, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Joseph Anderson, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 614–15–6 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 8-8 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto. — Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Aaron Joshua Gubboy, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 9th day of October instant, it was ordered that Friday, the 4th day of December next, be appointed for the further hearing of this mattet ; that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally, as well as to his after acquired property, from all liability for debts, claims, and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of William Samuel Palmer, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 3,530-3-4 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 2-8 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly snbstantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—J. Cochrane, Official Assignee.—Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of George Ripley, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 5,687-15 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 1-4 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule,

when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—J. Cochrane, Official Assignee. —Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Assaram and Sookloll, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 2,444-1-3 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvents as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 5-8 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvents, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—J. Cochrane, Official Assignee. —Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Margaret Lee, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 3rd day of October instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 2,562-13-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend, at the rate of Company's Rupees 39 per cent., upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated, in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts, or any of them, shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

India Office, November 30, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following notices that the under-mentioned Insolvents filed their Petitions in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11th Victoria. cap. 21:

Petitions filed praying for relief.

In the Matter of Edward Daniel Latapie, of No. 31, Park-street, Calcutta, and No. 12, Swallow-lane, Calcutta, Merchant and Agent, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11. Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 7th day of October instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

In the Matter of Wajjahut Hossain, of Patna, in the Province of Bengal, but at present living and residing at Mendhee Bagaun, in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic, cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on the 7th day of October instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 10, 1863.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

2998.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Martin Regul Pilon, Citizen of the United States, residing at Aguascalientes, Mexico, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in fire arms,"—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of November, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

2288. To Charles Henry Chadburn, of 71, Lord-street, and William John Tristram, of 34, Adlington-street, both in Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of ships and other vessels, and in the machinery for propelling them."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 17th day of September, 1863.

2383. To John Bailey, Turret Clock Manufacturer, Salford, George William Blake, Agent, of Manchester, and William Henry Bailey, Turret Clock Manufacturer, Salford, all of the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in barometers, gas-regulators, and other apparatuses for regulating and indicating the flow and pressure of liquids and fluids."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of September, 1863.

2514. To Alexander Crellin, of Dorset-place, Dorset-square, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus applicable to omnibuses, in order to indicate the number of persons entering such vehicles and the distances travelled by the passengers."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of October, 1863.

2557. To Louis Eynard, of No. 48, Langham-street, Portland-place, W., for the invention of "improvements in breaks for railway trains and other purposes."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of October, 1863.

2617. To James Ronald, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements applicable to the machinery used for spinning hemp, flax, manilla, wool, and other like long fibrous material from the hand, or when previously formed into a 'sliver.'"

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of October, 1863.

2632. To Arthur Potter and William Perceval. Potter, both of Longfleet, in the county of Dorsetshire, for the invention of "improvements in railway waggons for the transfer of minerals and general merchandize."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of October, 1863.

2709. To Thomas Adams and John Scott, of No. 14, Little Tower-street, in the city of London, Stationers, for the invention of "an improved kind of envelope for the transmission of patterns or samples of merchandize by post."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of November, 1863.

2716. To John Macintosh, of North Bank, Regent's-park, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in taps or cocks for liquids or gases."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of November, 1863.

2756. To Robert Saunders, of Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in fastening together the parts of ships and vessels, and in respect to the more efficient caulking of the seams thereof."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of November, 1863.

2810. To Barnaby Angelo Murray, of the city of Manchester, Machinist, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for doubling, twisting, and winding silk and other fibrous substances."

2812. To Andrew Craig, of Rock Ferry, Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in distilling hydro-carbons from coal, shale, and other bituminous substances, and in apparatus employed for that purpose."

2816. To Hugh Holden, of Preston, in the county palatine of Lancaster for the invention of "improvements in shuttles for weaving."

2819. To William Edward Gedge, of the firm of John Gedge and Son, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improved process and apparatus for amalgamating the precious metals."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Baptiste Baux, Merchant, and Alexis Guiod, Joiner, both of No. 15, Passage des Petites Ecuries, Paris, France.

2822. And to Louis Emile Constant Martin, of No. 32, Albion-street, Hyde-park, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for generating steam."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of November, 1863.

2826. To Charles William Siemens, of No. 3, Great George-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for submerging submarine telegraph cables."—The result partly of a communication made to him from abroad by Werner Siemens, of Berlin, in the Kingdom of Prussia, and partly of an invention and discovery made by himself.

2828. To William Robertson, of the city of Manchester, Engineer, for the invention of "certain improvements in machinery for spinning and doubling."

2830. To George Remington, of Haverstock-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, for the invention of "improvements in atmospheric or pneumatic railways and locomotive engines to be used in connection therewith."

2832. To William Francis Dearlove, of 263, Goswell-road, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for effecting the chopping or separation of animal and vegetable substances."

2834. To John Wallace Drummond, of the city and State of New York, United States of America, for the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

2835. To George Kennedy Geyelin, Civil Engineer, 17, King-street, Cheapside, City, London, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of water closets."

2836. And to George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough-park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus used when rolling blinds, maps, and other articles on rollers."—A communication to him from abroad by Silas Safford Putnam, a person resident at Dorchester, in the county of Norfolk and State of Massachusetts, and Harriet Luthera Packer, a person resident at Brooklyn, King's County, in the State of New York, United States of America.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of November, 1863.

2838. To Matthew Andrew Muir, and James Mcilwham, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Machinists, for the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

2839. To James Medway and Samuel Joyce, of 15, Owen's-row, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturing Chemists, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of starches by the introduction of coloring matters."

2842. To Joseph Pickles Binns, of Guilford-place, Farringdon-road, in the county of Middlesex, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines."

2844. To John Charles Wilson, of 14A, Cannon-street, London, county of Middlesex, Civil and Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in cotton gins on the roller principle."

2848. To Thomas Symes Prideaux, of 209, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of armour for ships of war and land batteries."

2850. To William Alexander Lyttle, of No. 5, Priam-place, Albion-road, Hammersmith, London, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improved covers for umbrellas, parasols, or sunshades."

2852. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the treatment or manufacture of wrought and cast iron and steel."—A communication to him from abroad by Marc Antoine Augustin Gaudin, of 45, Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.

2854. To John Lewis, of Elizabeth, in the county of Essex, and State of New Jersey, United States of America, for the invention of "improvements in rudders."

2856. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in presses for lithographic and other printing."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Theodore Dupuy, of Paris, France.

2858. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in engines and boilers specially applicable for agricultural purposes."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Baptiste Pierret, and André Schweizer, both of Paris, France.

2860. And to Thomas Williams, of No. 232, Bolling-street, Bowling, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, and Isaac Naylor, of No. 13, St. James's-square, in Horton, in the said county of Bradford, Worsted Spinners, and carrying on business in co-partnership in Bowling and Bradford aforesaid, for the invention of "improvements in paper spools or tubes used in spinning and doubling machines."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of November, 1863.

2864. To Charles Pengelly, of Bodmin, in the county of Cornwall, Mining Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in mechanism or apparatus for reducing or pulverizing ores and other substances required to be reduced or pulverized."

2866. To Gilbert Thonger, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Chemist, for the invention of "improved modes of preventing accidents arising from the sale or use of poisons."

2868. To Robert Griffiths, of Mornington-road, Regent's-park, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in propelling ships or other vessels."

2869. To Andrew Pollock Henry and Richard Threlfall Power, both of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Merchants, for the invention of "an improved method or apparatus for affixing labels on bottles, canisters, and other like articles."

2870 To George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough Park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cartridges."—A communication to him from abroad by Albert Hook, a person resident at New York, United States of America.

2872. To Johann Jacob Maurer, of Paris, France, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in towing boats and other vessels."

2874. And to Charles Weightman Harrison, of Battersea, in the county of Surrey, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in filters."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 16th day of November, 1863.

2876. To Perceval Moses Parsons, of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction and manufacture of ordnance, parts of which are applicable to small arms."

2878. To William Cowan, of Edinburgh, in the county of Mid Lothian, North Britain, Gas Meter Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in gas meters."

2880. And to Joseph Betteley, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Iron Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in sheathing ships and other vessels."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 17th day of November, 1863.

2883. To Rudolph Mayer, of Birkby, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in breech-loading fire-arms, and in bayonets and cartridges connected with the same."

2886. To William Mattieu Williams, of Oak Alyn, near Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for the distillation of coal and peat, and such other substances as are, or may be, used for the manufacture of solid and liquid volatile hydro-carbons, or for the manufacture of the said hydro-carbons and coke."

2888. To William Wigfall, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Brush Manufacturer, and Gottlieb Jolly, of the same place, Brush Maker, for the invention of "an improved explosive compound to be used in the manufacture of cartridges, and an improved mode of manufacturing cartridges therewith."

2890. To John Stewart, of Leigh, in the county of Lancaster, Boiler Maker, for the invention of "certain improvements in steam boilers or generators."

2894. And to Heinrich Hirzel, Doctor of Philosophy and Lecturer on Chemistry and Pharmacy at the University of Leipzig, now residing at the Terminus Hotel, London Bridge, in the borough of Southwark and county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of coloring matters suitable for dyeing and printing."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of November, 1863.

Patents which have become Void.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 28th day of November, 1863.

2858. Samuel Alfred Varley, of 7, York-place, Kentish-town, and Cromwell Fleetwood Varley, of 4, Fortess-terrace, Kentish-town, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in the regulation of heat, parts of the invention being applicable to other purposes."—Dated 22nd November, 1860.

2859. John Henry, of Buchanan-street, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, N.B., Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in printing warps, and in apparatus for the same."—Dated 22nd November, 1860.

2860. Thomas Harman Keble, of Margate, in the county of Kent, Publisher, for an invention of "improvements in fire arms."—Dated 22nd November, 1860.

2866. John Venables, of Burslem, in the county of Staffordshire, for an invention of "an improved mode or modes of ornamenting the surfaces of earthenware, also applicable to the ornamenting of other useful articles."—Dated 23rd November, 1860.

2868. James Felix Carosin, af the Mauritius, but temporary of 4, South-street, Finsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in treating cane-trash."—Communicated to him from abroad by Joseph François Hugoulin, of the Island of Réunion.—Dated 23rd November, 1860.

2869. Elliott Monkhouse, of No. 6, Caledonian-terrace, Cook's-ground, in the parish of Saint Luke, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Working Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the construction and manufacture

Numb. 22795. 6441

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1863.

India Office, December 5, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir John Laird Mair Lawrence, Bart., G.C.B., K.S.I., to be Her Majesty's Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the public highways within the limits of the borough of Kingston-upon-Thames, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public.

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this Order, under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever, propelled by steam, or any other than animal power, on the above roads, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 4th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the Paper Mills Turnpike-road, in the county of Cambridge, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public.

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this Order, under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever, propelled by steam, or any other than animal power, on the above roads, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 4th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

War Office, Pall Mall,
8th December, 1863.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Acting Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General Edward Thomas Price to be Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

Admiralty, 8th December, 1863.

The following promotions, dated the 30th ult., have been made in consequence of the death of Admiral of the Blue Sir James Hanway Plumridge, K.C.B., on the 29th ultimo:

Vice-Admiral of the Red the Honourable Sir Montagu Stopford, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White the Honourable Sir Frederick William Grey, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Sir Thomas Sabine Pasley, Bart., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admirals:
John Balfour Maxwell,
John Rivett Carnac,
on the Reserved List, to be Vice-Admirals on the same list.

Rear-Admiral of the Red the Right Honourable Thomas, Earl of Lauderdale, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Thomas Henderson to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Henry Kellett, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain John Russell to be Rear-Admiral on the Reserved List.

Captain the Honourable Thomas Baillie to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admirals:
James Montagu,
Sir Alexander Dundas Young Arbuthnott, Knt.,
William Hotham, K.H.,
to have the rank and title of Retired Admirals, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

LONDON GAZETTE ONE B 27

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Ross-shire Rifle Volunteers.

Edward Francis Cash, Gent., to be Adjutant, from the 12th November, 1863, vice Mackenzie, resigned.

MEMORANDUM.

County of Aberdeen.

Her Majesty has been pleased by Warrant, under the Sign Manual, bearing date the 13th of November, 1863, to empower Francis Alexander, Earl of Kintore, Sir James Horn Burnett, Bart., and Colonel Charles Fraser, three Deputy Lieutenants of the county of Aberdeen, to execute the office of Lieutenant of the said county, until a Lord Lieutenant shall have been duly appointed.

Commissions signed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

1st C. Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Benjamin Sicklemore to be Captain, vice Hammond, resigned. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Robert Cramp to be First Lieutenant, vice Sicklemore, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

2nd Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant Richard Joynes Emmerson to be Captain, vice Rae, resigned. Dated 4th December, 1863.

George Spain, Esq., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Emmerson, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Edward Grœme Gibson in the Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Meysey Bolton Clive, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Gibson, resigned. Dated 5th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Daniel Campbell in the 26th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.

1st Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Frederick Leith, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Nettleingham, promoted. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

14th Kent Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Octavius Barrington Piers to be Major, vice Thornton, resigned. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

26th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Pollock, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice May, promoted. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Lieutenant John William Empson and Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Charles Bradden in the 19th Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

19th Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Samuel Cheselden Kent to be Lieutenant. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Charles Bradden to be Ensign. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

London Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Alexander Carson to be Captain. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign George Webb to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign William Clode to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign James Robert Christie to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign Charles Douglas Fox to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign Arthur Richmond to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Ensign Ranson Moore Cuthbert to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Serjeant John Batten to be Ensign. Dated 18th November, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Administrative Battalion of Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers.

Major Michael Danitry Hollins to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Captain William Adams, of the 9th Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers, to be Major, vice Hollins, promoted. Dated 28th November, 1863.

23rd Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Henry Tudor, Esq., to be Captain, vice Gough, resigned. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Alexander Graham to be Major. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Major Graham has been permitted to retain his Commission as Captain in the 8th Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the East Riding of the County of York, *and the Borough of* Kingston-upon-Hull.

East York Artillery Volunteers.

1st Corps (Burlington).

Second Lieutenant George Robert Lamplugh to be First Lieutenant. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

6th Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Alexander Grainger Linn to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

2nd Forfarshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Carnegie, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Craik, resigned. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Andrew Lang Graham, Gent., to be First Lieutenant, vice Kidd, resigned. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Henry McEmiry, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Strathern, resigned. Dated 5th December, 1863.

1st Administrative Battalion of Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteers.

James Reid, Esq., to be Major. Dated 4th December, 1863.

44th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Hutton Watkins to be Captain, vice J. Reid, resigned. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Ensign James Simson Stevenson to be Lieutenant, vice Watkins, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

John Strathern, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Stevenson, promoted. Dated 4th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Adjutant George Henry Wriford, of the 1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commission:

3rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Ebenezer Mackinlay. Dated 28th November, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 1st instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

4th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Alexander Mein to be Major. Dated 18th November, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 30th October last.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

3rd Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain Edward Stock Hill to be Major. Dated 24th October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

18th Wilts Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Goldsmith, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

2nd Administrative Battalion of Derbyshire Rifle Volunteers.

Mr. Daniel Dunnett to be Honorary Assistant-Quartermaster. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

2nd Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Supernumerary Lieutenant Thomas Bladon to be Lieutenant, vice Boothby, promoted. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

George Cooper, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Cox, promoted. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

William Fletcher, Esq., M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Forbes, resigned. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

17th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Howe, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Clayton, resigned. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign John Viant in the 2nd Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

1st Administrative Battalion of Hampshire Rifle Volunteers.

William Budden to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 4th December, 1863.

6th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Mumby to be Ensign, vice Cooke, promoted. Dated 5th December, 1863.

17th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Frank Bradshaw to be Lieutenant, vice Wingate, resigned. Dated 5th December, 1863

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

2nd Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Rodolph Alexander Hankey to be Captain, vice Meek, resigned. Dated 17th November, 1863.

Ensign Robert Bird Thompson to be Lieutenant, vice Hankey, promoted. Dated 17th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to approve of Captain Warden Sergison bearing the designation of Captain Commandant of the above Corps.

1st Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Honourable Richard Denman to be Major, vice Crofton, promoted. Dated 27th November, 1863

MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to approve of Captain William Fuller, late of the Royal Sussex Light Infantry Militia, being permitted to hold the honorary rank of Major, from the date of his retirement from the said Regiment.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

14th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Arthur Labouchere, Esq., to be Lieutenant. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Gustavus Lewis Knight, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

24th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Henry Wilkin, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Gleadone Evans to be Lieutenant, vice Randall, resigned. Dated 25th November, 1863.

Bernard George Griffin Beale to be Lieutenant, vice Horrex, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

1st Middlesex Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Alfred Henry Bevan to be Second Lieutenant, vice Simkins, resigned. Dated 21st November, 1863.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Thomas Stewart to be Ensign, vice Benson, promoted. Dated 25th November, 1863.

26th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Rogers Saunders to be Ensign, vice Wrightson, promoted. Dated 28th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

40th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Robert Tait. Dated 1st December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Donald Dugald Mackenzie in the 7th Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant Henri Josse in the 2nd Lincolnshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign George F. MacNeal in the 3rd Argyllshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Captain John Aitken in the 4th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Lieutenant John Bullough in the 7th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Captain George William Law Schofield in the 88th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Whitehall, November 24, 1863.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed George Daniel Warner, of Tonbridge, in the county of Kent, Gentleman, to be a Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery in England.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY OPENSHAW, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, was, on the 19th day of November, 1863, adopted by the township of Openshaw, in the parish of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster; and notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named township of Openshaw, in the parish of Manchester; and that the said Act will have the force of law within such township, from and after the expiration of twenty-one days from the date of the resolution adopting such Act therein.

Given under my hand this 4th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF PARTS OF ACT BY NEWTON IN MACKERFIELD, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS certain portions of the Local Government Act, 1858, were, on Monday, the 16th day of November, 1863, duly adopted by the Newton in Mackerfield Improvement Commissioners, acting under the Act of 18 and 19 Vict., cap. 100, entitled "An Act for the Improvement of the town of Newton in Mackerfield and neighbourhood, in the county of Lancaster,"—such portions so adopted being sections 57 and 78 of the aforesaid Local Government Act, 1858; and whereas notice of the adoption of the said hereinbefore mentioned sections of such Act, has been given, in writing, to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that the said fifty-seventh and seventy-eighth sections of the Local Government Act, 1858, have been duly adopted within the town of Newton in Mackerfield, under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners aforesaid, and that, in accordance with the provisions of the said Local Government Act, the hereinbefore recited sections of such Act will, from the date of the passing of the aforesaid resolution, adopting the said sections of such Act, have the force of law within such town of Newton in Mackerfield.

Given under my hand this 4th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF ACT BY HOLLINGWORTH, CHESHIRE.

WHEREAS a Resolution for the adoption of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been passed by the Owners and Ratepayers of the township of

Hollingworth, in the county of Chester, that being a place with a population of less than 3,000 by the last census. And whereas the requirements of the said Act have been complied with, and proof has been given to my satisfaction, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, by reason of special circumstances, it is expedient that the said township should be allowed to adopt the said Act, I do hereby approve of such adoption by the township of Hollingworth aforesaid, and do order that the said Act shall, from and after the date of this present notice, have the force of law within such township.

Given under my hand this 7th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

India Office, December 7, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice,—

That, with reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office under date the 10th ultimo, the amount for which Tenders for Bills of Exchange will be received at the Bank of England, on Wednesday, the 16th instant, on the terms stated in that Advertisement, will be Rupees 40,00,000, of which not more than Rupees 17,00,000 will be drawn on the Government of Bombay, and Rupees 2,00,000, on that of Madras.

Thomas George Baring.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named College-street Chapel, situate in College-street, in the parish of All Saints, in the town of Northampton, in the district of Northampton Union, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 1st day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 2nd day of December, 1863.

Wm. Tomalin, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Harrow-road Presbyterian Church, situate at Blomfield-terrace, Harrow-road, in the parish of Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, in the district of Kensington, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 1st day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 4th day of December, 1863.

Samuel Cornell, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, situated at East-street, in the parish of Tunbridge, in the county of Kent, in the district of Tunbridge, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 26th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 30th day of November, 1863.

E. Stidolph, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Baptist Jubilee Chapel, situated at Broomhaugh, in the parish of Bywell St. Andrew, in the county of Northumberland, in the district of Hexham, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 30th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 2nd day of December, 1863.

John Stokoe, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Zoar Chapel, situated in the New-road, in the parish of Ware, in the county of Hertford, in the district of Ware Union, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 4th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 5th day of December, 1863.

Geo. Gisby, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Registry of the building named the Independent Chapel, situate at East-street, Middlesbrough, in the parish of Middlesbrough, in the county of York, in the district of Stockton, was cancelled for the solemnization of marriages therein, on the 3rd day of December, 1863.

Witness my hand this 5th day of December, 1863.

William Best, Superintendent Registrar.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1861. John Wellington Welch, of the city of Manchester, Agent, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for Letters Patent for the invention of "improvements in sizing and finishing fabrics, and in the machinery or apparatus employed therein.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of July, 1863.

1874. And John Jewell, of Devoran, near Truro, in the county of Cornwall, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in setting boilers."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of July, 1863.

1877. And Paul Hyacinthe Girardin, of Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lamps."

1882. And Edwin Sturge, of Walworth, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in coating or protecting metallic surfaces."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 29th day of July, 1863.

1883. And George Inskeep, of Madeley, in the county of Stafford, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mill for grinding bones, grain, logwood and such like substances."

1887. And Joseph Bennett Howell, of Sheffield, in the county of Yorkshire, Steel Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in ordnance fire arms and projectiles."

1889. And George Smith the younger, of 230, King's-road, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in buffing and traction apparatus of railway carriages and waggons."

1891. And Thomas Apps, of Lower Norwood, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in four wheeled vehicles."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 30th day of July, 1863.

1893. And Georg Sigl, of Vienna, in the Empire of Austria, Engineer and Principal of the firm of G. Sigl and Co., Vienna and Berlin, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of force pumps."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 31st day of July, 1863.

1902. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in dyeing mixed animal and vegetable fibres, whether in a raw or manufactured state."—A communication to him from abroad by Theophile Grison, of Deville les Rouen, France.

1904. And George Taylor, of Leeds, in the county of York, Iron Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in shaping boiler and other plates, and in apparatus employed therein."

1909. And Edmund Sutton, of Palace-road, Well-street, South Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Silversmith, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in fastenings for cigar cases, portemonnaies, bags, and other like articles."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 1st day of December, 1863.

1913. And John William Parker Field, of No. 233, High Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, Gun Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of sheaths or cases for staves or other similar weapons."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of August, 1863.

1919. And Joseph Abrahams, of 9, Great Prescott-street, Goodman's Fields, E., Watch Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in brakes for railway and other carriages."

1921. And George Stevens, of Malvern-cottages, Portland-place North, Clapham-road, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for effecting a regular supply of air or æriform fluids for various purposes."

1925. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for moulding and casting hollow projectiles."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Simon Voruz, senior, of 45, Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 4th day of August, 1863.

1953. And John Henry Johnson, of 57, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for preventing sea sickness."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Giffard, of Paris, in the Empire of France.

1958. And Edmund Morewood, of Stratford, in the county of Essex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in coating metals."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 7th day of August, 1863.

1984. And William Gray, of Brownrigg, in the county of Haddington, North Britain, Farmer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in certain parts of reaping machines, and in the working or application of the same."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of August, 1863.

1996. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved lamp for burning coal oil, and other similar hydro-carbons, without the aid of a draught chimney."—A communication to him from abroad by Woolsey George Sterling and Nathaniel Wheeler, both of Bridgeport, in the county of Fairfield, State of Connecticut, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 12th day of August, 1863.

2006. And Harvey Brown, of the city of New York, in the United States of America, at present residing in King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in burners for lamps for burning oils or fluids."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of August, 1863.

2023. And Edward Scott, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in apparatus for governing or regulating the speed of engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Arnold Winder, of Hard, in the Kingdom of Austria.

2026. And Edward Lord, of Todmorden, in the county of York, Machine Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in machinery for preparing spinning, and doubling cotton, and other fibrous substances."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 15th day of August, 1863.

2036. And John Smith, of Cheetham, in the city of Manchester, Bleecher, Dyer, and Finisher, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for finishing woven fabrics."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of August, 1863.

2091. And Henry Batt, of 21, Charlton King's-road, Kentish-town, in the parish of St. Pancras, and in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in roughing horses without taking off the shoe."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2151. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the mode of, and apparatus to be used in sewing by machinery."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Frederick Bosworth, of Milford, New Haven County, State of Connecticut, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 31st day of August, 1863.

2300. And Henry Charles Huskinson, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of buttons."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of September, 1863.

2561. And William Ingham, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, and Isaac Wood, of Pendleton, near Manchester aforesaid, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of copper rollers used for printing calico or other materials."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of October, 1863.

2676. And Ormrod Coffeen Evans, Citizen of the United States of America, but now resident in Manchester, county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in digging machinery."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 29th day of October, 1863.

2731. And Jean Augustin Barral, Officer of L'd'hr., Chemist, and Louis Adolphe Cochery, Landowner, of No. 10, Rue de la Fidélité, Paris, in the Empire of France, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in the manufacture of manure."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of November, 1863.

2752. And Robert Sellar, of Huntly, Aberdeenshire, North Britain, Agricultural Implement Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in the construction of harrows."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of November, 1863.

2784. And Nathan Thompson, of Abbey-gardens, St. John's Wood, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for stopping bottles and other vessels."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of November, 1863.

2809. And George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," No. 12, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in endless chain horse-powers."—A communication to him from abroad by Stuart Perry, of Newport, county of Herkimer, State of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of November, 1863.

2834. And John Wallace Drummond, of the city and State of New York, United States of America, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

2836. And George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough Park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus used when rolling blinds, maps, and other articles on rollers."—A communication to him from abroad by Silas Safford Putnam, a person resident at Dorchester, in the county of Norfolk, and State of Massachusetts, and Harriet Luthera Packer, a person resident at Brooklyn, King's County, in the State of New York, United States of America.

2837. And Thomas Harrison, of Tudhoe, near Ferry Hill, in the county of Durham, Mechanical Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting and excavating coal and other minerals, applicable also to other mining purposes."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 13th day of November, 1863.

2838. And Matthew Andrew Muir and James McIlwham, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Machinists, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of November, 1863.

2870. And George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough Park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cartridges."—A communication to him from abroad by Albert Hook, a person resident at New York, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 16th day of November, 1863.

2888. And William Wigfall, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Brush Manufacturer, and Gottlieb Jolly, of the same place, Brush Maker, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved explosive compound to be used in the manufacture of cartridges, and an improved mode of manufacturing cartridges therewith."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of November, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

A RETURN shewing the Amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks, in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the Four Weeks ending the 5th December, 1863.

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commissioners.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	94,270 19 5	146,394 12 11
To Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	31 1 3	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	.....	63,052 5 0
Total	£94,302 0 8	£209,446 17 11
POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	80,000 0 0	5,209 12 3
To Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks	63,052 5 0	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ...	.....	31 1 3
Total	£143,052 5 0	£5,240 13 6

Total Amounts on the 5th December, at the credit of—

The Fund for the Banks for Savings	£40,126,875 7 2
Add six months' Interest credited to the Trustees of Savings' Banks, on 20th November, in the Books of the National Debt Office	650,382 10 11
	£40,777,257 18 1
The Post Office Savings' Banks Fund	3,018,226 3 5
Total	£43,795,484 1 6
Ditto—by last Monthly Account	£43,122,434 16 4

C. J. BOTT, Check Officer,
National Debt Office, 7th December, 1863.

A. Y. SPEARMAN,
Comptroller-General.

BUCKS AND OXON UNION BANK.

MONTHLY RETURN UNDER ACT 7 & 8 VIC., CAP. 113, SEC. 4.

ACCOUNT of ASSETS and LIABILITIES of the BUCKS and OXON UNION BANK, on Monday, the 30th November, 1863.

Liabilities.	£	s.	d.	*Assets.*	£	s.	d.
Paid up Capital	55,000	0	0	Cash in Hand and in other Banking Houses, Bills of Exchange, Loans, and Notes of Hand, Balance of Bank Premises, and Preliminary Expenses	492,300	2	11
Current Accounts, Deposits, and other Liabilities	436,907	4	1				
Undivided Profits	392	18	10				
	£492,300	2	11		£492,300	2	11

Bucks and Oxon Union Bank,
Buckingham, December 4, 1863.

(Signed) *Richd. Carter*, Secretary.

Numb. 22796.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1863.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales was, by Her Majesty's command, introduced into the Privy Council, where His Royal Highness took his place, at the upper end of the Board.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Sir William Gibson Craig, Baronet, the Lord Clerk Register and Keeper of the Signet in Scotland, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to enable Her Majesty in Council "to make alterations in the Circuits of the Judges," it is enacted that Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Most Honourable Privy Council, shall have power from time to time to order and direct that the Circuits of Her Majesty's Judges in England and Wales, or any of such Circuits, shall be altered, by taking away from any circuit any county, or counties, or any part or parts of any county or counties, and annexing the same to any other circuit or circuits; and every such alteration shall take effect upon and from the date of the Order in Council, in and by which the same shall be ordered and directed, or from such other time as shall be provided in such Order. Now, therefore, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order and direct, and it is hereby ordered and directed that the Northern, the Midland, and the Norfolk Circuits of Her Majesty's Judges in England, shall be altered in manner following (that is to say); the county of York, and the county of the city of York, shall be taken away from the Northern Circuit, and annexed to the Midland Circuit; and the counties of Leicester, and of Rutland, and of Northampton, shall be taken away from the Midland Circuit, and annexed to the Norfolk Circuit: And it is hereby further ordered and directed that every such alteration shall take effect upon and from this eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament, held in the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to enable Her Majesty in "Council to make alterations in the Circuits of "the Judges," after reciting that by the twenty-eighth section of the Act of the session of Parliament, holden in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter eighteenth, it is enacted that, except as is thereinafter provided, no greater number of Barristers shall be appointed in any year to revise the Lists of Voters, in the election of Members to serve in Parliament for the several counties, cities, boroughs, and places, within the several circuits in England and Wales than as therein provided, it is by the said first-mentioned Act enacted, that, upon any alteration or alterations being made in any of the said circuits by Her Majesty in Council, by virtue of such first-mentioned Act, it shall also be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order and direct that the number of Revising Barristers to be appointed for the several counties, cities, boroughs, and places, within any circuit or circuits affected by such alteration or alterations as aforesaid, shall be increased or

LONDON GAZETTE

diminished as to Her Majesty, by and with such advice as aforesaid, may seem meet, anything in the last recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that the present total number of Revising Barristers shall not be augmented otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-ninth section of the said last-mentioned Act.

And whereas Her Majesty has been pleased this day by Her Order, made by virtue of the said first-mentioned Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order and direct that the Northern, the Midland, and the Norfolk Circuits shall be altered in manner in the said Order set forth.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order and direct, and it is hereby ordered and directed that the number of Revising Barristers to be appointed for the several counties, cities, boroughs, and places within the Northern Circuit (being a circuit affected by such alterations as aforesaid), shall be diminished by the number of six; and that the number of Revising Barristers to be appointed for the several counties, cities, boroughs, and places within the Midland Circuit (being a circuit affected by such alterations as aforesaid), shall be increased by the number of three; and that the number of Revising Barristers to be appointed for the several counties, cities, boroughs, and places within the Norfolk Circuit (being a circuit affected by such alterations as aforesaid), shall be increased by the number of three.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the Poll at "County Elections;" it is enacted that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the Justices of any county, riding, parts, or division, in England or Wales, in Quarter Sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling-places for such county, riding, parts, or division, is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition, may be a polling-place or polling-places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition, shall be a polling-place or polling-places, for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the Justices of the Peace for the county, riding, parts, or division, in Quarter Sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act passed in the second and third years of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act "to settle and describe the divisions of counties, "and the limits of cities and boroughs in England "and Wales, in so far as respects the election of "members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling-place.

And whereas the Justices of the Peace for the county of Kent, in General Quarter Sessions assembled on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, have presented a petition to Her Majesty, representing that the number of polling-places at present existing in the Western Division of the said county is insufficient, and praying that the town of Woolwich, in the said division of the said county, may be an additional polling-place for the Western Division of the said county.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, order, and direct, and it is hereby declared, ordered, and directed, that the said town of Woolwich shall be an additional polling-place for the Western Division of the said county; and that the Justices of the Peace for the said county, in Quarter Sessions or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the said Act, passed in the second and third years of the reign of his said late Majesty shall, conformably to the said Act, divide such Western Division of the said county into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling-place.

Edmund Harrisan.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the bishoprick of Winchester, and now vested in us.

"Whereas under the provisions of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and duly published in the London Gazette on the day following, the lands, tenements, and hereditaments called 'The Southwark Park Estate,' otherwise 'The Winchester Park Estate,' situate in the parish of Saint Saviour, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, and particularly described in the schedule to the said Order, which theretofore belonged to the bishoprick of Winchester, became and are now vested in us in fee-simple for the purposes, and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas certain of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments aforesaid, are subject to outstanding beneficial sub-leases, and partly on that account, and partly on account of their character

or situation, are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable, under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions, or the purchase of the sub-leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such sub-leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or such part or parts thereof, as we shall at any time or from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that we may be authorised and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act, with the consent of the parties interested in such beneficial sub-leases (if any), testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration, as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council, now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Winchester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

"Whereas the several benefactions, consisting of land, rent charges, or other hereditaments, which are mentioned in the fourth column of the schedule hereunto annexed, have been secured to the several benefices set forth in the first column of the same schedule respectively, upon condition that certain capital sums hereinafter mentioned should be appropriated by us to the said several benefices respectively.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorised and empowered to appropriate out of the common fund created by the herein firstly-mentioned Act, to each of the several benefices specified in the first column of the said schedule hereunto annexed respectively, the capital sum set against the name of each such benefice, in the fifth column of the same schedule, and that such capital sums respectively, or any part or parts thereof may be paid and applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition for such livings respectively, or any one or more of them, of any land, tithe, or other hereditaments which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation to such benefices respectively, or towards defraying the cost of providing suitable parsonage houses for the same; and that in the meantime there shall be allowed and paid by us by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each year, to the incumbents for the time being of the said several benefices respectively, in respect of such capital sums, or of such part or parts thereof as shall remain from time to time unapplied towards such purposes as aforesaid, the several yearly sums specified in the sixth column of the said schedule, and therein set against the names of the said several benefices respectively, or such parts of the said several yearly sums respectively, as shall bear a proportion to the parts of the said several capital sums last-mentioned so remaining unapplied as aforesaid, corresponding with the proportion or proportions which the amounts of the said several yearly payments respectively bear to the amounts of the said respective capital sums so specified in the fifth column as aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"SCHEDULE.

Name and Quality of Benefice or Church.	County.	Diocese.	Benefaction.	Capital sum appropriated from Common Fund.	Annual payment by Commissioners in respect of Grant.
				£	£ s. d.
Bacup, Christ Church, P.C.	Lancaster	Manchester	1900 square yards of land	600	20 0 0
Broomfleet, Saint Mary, P.C.	York ...	York ...	Part of Rectorial Tithe Rentcharge of townships of Broomfleet and Faxfield, amounting to £113 per annum	1000	33 6 8
Handsworth, Saint James, P.C.	Stafford ...	Lichfield ...	£40 per annum, being part of a charge upon Revenues of Handsworth Rectory	280	9 6 8
Holbrooke, P.C.	Derby ...	Lichfield ...	House and premises, and 2A. 3R. 37P. of land, valued at £1100	1000	33 6 8
Romford, Saint Andrew, P.C.	Essex ...	Rochester	£156 16*s.* 8*d.* Rectorial and Vicarial Tithe Rentcharge of the parish of Romford	1000	33 6 8
Truro, Saint Mary, R. ...	Cornwall...	Exeter ...	Difference in value between present and former Rectory Houses	770	25 13 4

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the dioceses of York, Exeter, Lichfield, Manchester, and Rochester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

"Whereas the several benefactions consisting of cash or of land, rent charges, or other hereditaments, which are mentioned in the fourth column of the schedule hereunto annexed, have been paid over to us in favour of, or have been otherwise secured to, the several benefices set forth in the first column of the same schedule respectively, upon condition that certain capital sums hereinafter mentioned should be appropriated by us to the said several benefices respectively.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorised and empowered to appropriate out of the Common Fund, created by the herein firstly-mentioned Act, to each of the several benefices specified in the first column of the said schedule hereunto annexed respectively, the capital sum set against the name of each such benefice in the fifth column of the same schedule; and that such capital sums respectively, or any part or parts thereof, may be paid and applied by

us towards the purchase or acquisition for such livings respectively, or any one or more of them, of any land, tithe, or other hereditaments which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation to such benefices respectively, or towards defraying the cost of providing suitable parsonage houses for the same.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"SCHEDULE.

Name and Quality of Benefice or Church.	County.	Diocese.	Benefaction.	Capital Sum appropriated from Common Fund.
				£
Aldborough Hatch, P.C. ...	Essex	London	£550, and 3A. of land valued at £350, and £25 7*s.* 3*d.* of the vicarial tithe rent charge of Great Ilford	1000
Blackburn Christ Church, P.C.	Lancaster	Manchester	£560, and 2500 square yards of land, valued at £416 13*s.* 4*d.*	977
Castle Hedingham, P.C. ...	Essex	Rochester	Moiety of value of house and premises valued at £1600	800
Cullingworth, P.C.	York	Ripon	£248 15*s.*, and 1177¼ square yards of land, valued at £151 5*s.*	400
Glanogwen Christ Church, P.C.	Caernarvon	Bangor	3R. 15½P. of land, valued at £102 19*s.*	103
Greetland, Saint Thomas, P.C.	York	Ripon	£344 10*s.*, and certain land valued at £655 10*s.*	1000
Horton, Great, P.C. ...	York	Ripon	£200	200
Mattingley, P.C.	Southampton	Winchester	Rectorial tithe rent charge amounting to £177 10*s.* 8*d.* per annum	1000
Newport, P.C. (Isle of Wight)	Southampton	Winchester	1A. 34P. of land, valued at £475	475
Outwood, St. Mary Magdalen, P.C.	York	Ripon	£198 9*s.*, and 3R. 11P. of land, valued at £201 11*s.*	400
Pont Dolanog, P.C. ...	Montgomery	Saint Asaph	£34 4*s.* 5*d.* tithe rent charge of Llanerfyl Rectory	197
Ripley, P.C.	Derby	Lichfield	£500, and land valued at £500	1000
Wymondley, Little, P.C. ...	Hertford	Rochester	£200	200

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the dioceses of London, Winchester, Bangor, Lichfield, Manchester, Ripon, Rochester, and Saint Asaph.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and

seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorising the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the prebend of Caistor, in the Cathedral Church of Lincoln, and now vested in us.

"Whereas on the vacancy of the said prebend, which occurred on or about the third day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, by the elevation of the Very Reverend Walter Farquhar Hook, the then prebendary to the deanery of Chichester, all the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments theretofore belonging to the said prebend (except any rights of patronage) became, by virtue of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas some portions of the lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments aforesaid, are subject to beneficial leases and produce during the subsistence of such leases only small annual revenues, and partly on that account and partly on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign with the consent of the holder or holders thereof (if any), to be testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tithes, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments theretofore belonging to the said Prebend of Caistor, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration, as shall, upon due calculation and inquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Lincoln.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorising the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the prebend of Freeford, in the Cathedral Church of Lichfield, annexed to the Sixth Canonry in the said church, and now vested in us.

"Whereas the said prebend was vacant at the time of the passing of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, and all the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments theretofore belonging to the said prebend (except rights of patronage) became, upon the passing of the said Act, and by virtue thereof, absolutely vested in us for the purposes, and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments aforesaid, are not subject to any outstanding beneficial lease or grant, but are now in possession, but some portions thereof, on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable, under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, hereditaments and endowments, or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time, and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein,

or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorised and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, all or any of the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, theretofore belonging to the said prebend of Freeford, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they, shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration, as shall, upon due calculation and inquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Lichfield.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the "laws concerning the burial of the dead in "England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time, to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit;

And whereas certain Orders in Council have been made, directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyard and burial-grounds hereinafter mentioned, from the time specified in such Orders respectively; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in the said churchyard and burial-grounds, be postponed;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discontinuance of burials in such churchyard and burial-grounds, be postponed, as follows; viz.:

In the churchyard of CUMBERWORTH, Yorkshire, from the first of January to the first of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

In the burial-grounds of the Wesleyan and Baptist Chapels, Haddenham, to the thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 8th day of *December*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has, under the provisions of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws con-"cerning the burial of the dead in England "beyond the limits of the metropolis, and to "amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead "in the metropolis," made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, interments should be discontinued, in the undermentioned parishes, with the following modifications; viz.:

BROADWATER.—Forthwith-entirely within four feet of the boundary wall on the north side of the churchyard; and in the new part of the churchyard with the exception of now existing vaults and brick graves which can be opened without disturbing soil that has already been buried in;—each coffin to be embedded in a layer of powdered charcoal four inches thick, and separately entombed in brick or stonework, cemented in an airtight manner;—and also with the exception of existing reserved earthen grave spaces, which can be opened without disturbing human remains, in which no body shall be buried without a covering of four and a half feet of earth.

BIRMINGHAM.—Forthwith in All Saints' Churchyard, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, and in already purchased private graves, to be used in accordance with the regulations for new burial-grounds.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the nineteenth day of January next:

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of or on some conspicuous places within the parishes affected by such representation, one month before the said nineteenth day of January.

Edmund Harrison.

Council Office, Whitehall, December, 9, 1863.

HER Majesty has been pleased by Her Order in Council, of the 8th December instant, to grant to Francis Tongue Rufford, of Prescott-house, in the county of Worcester, and John Finch, of Albion-chambers, Adelphi, county of Middlesex, a prolongation for the term of five years, of certain Letters Patent for "improvements in the manufacture of baths and wash-tubs or wash-vessels," such Letters Patent having been originally granted to the said Francis Tongue Rufford, Isaac Marson, and the said John Finch, and bearing date the 28th November, 1849, for England, Wales, and the town of Berwick-upon-Tweed; the 10th June, 1850, for Scotland; and the 17th July, 1850, for Ireland.

War Office, December 11, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of George Frederick Edmonstone, Esq., late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces of Bengal, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath; and of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Robert West Hervey, of the Bombay Staff Corps, sometime General Superintendent for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order.

Foreign Office, December 9, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Philip Wodehouse Currie, Esq., of the Foreign Office, to be an Acting Second Secretary in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service while employed abroad.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint Thomas Henry Sanderson, Esq., of the Foreign Office, to be an Acting Third Secretary in Her Majesty's Diplomatic Service while employed abroad.

Foreign Office, December 9, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Francis S. Dutton as Consul in Australia for His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg.

Downing Street, December 10, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Thomas William Kinder, Esq., to be Master of the Mint for the colony of Hong Kong.

The Prince of Wales' Council Chamber, Buckingham Gate, December 10, 1863.

THE names of those who have been nominated by the Council of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to serve the office of Sheriff of the county of Cornwall:

John Michael Williams, of Caerhayes Castle, Esq.
Thomas Simon Bolitho, of Penalvern, Esq.
Day Perry Le Grice, of Trereiffe, Esq.

By virtue of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "repeal so much of two Acts made in the tenth "and fifteenth years of the reign of His present "Majesty, as authorizes the Speaker of the House "of Commons to issue his warrant to the Clerk of "the Crown for making out writs for the election "of Members to serve in Parliament, in the "manner therein mentioned, and for substituting "other provisions for the like purposes;" and of an Act passed in the twenty-sixth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act "to further limit and define the time for pro-"ceeding to Election during the Recess:"

I do hereby give notice, that it hath been certified to me in writing, under the hands of two Members serving in this present Parliament, that the Honourable William George Cavendish, late a Member serving in this present Parliament for the county of Buckingham, is become a Peer of the United Kingdom, and that a writ of summons has been issued to him, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to summon him to Parliament; and that I shall issue my warrant to the Clerk of the Crown to make out a new writ for the electing of a Member to serve in this present Parliament for the said county, at the end of six days after the insertion of this notice in the London Gazette.

Given under my hand this ninth day of December, 1863.

JOHN EVELYN DENISON, Speaker.

Whitehall, December 5, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Gibbon Bayley, of Sharston Hall, in the parish of Northenden, in the county palatine of Chester, Gentleman, Her Royal licence and authority that he may, in compliance with a request contained in the last will and testament of Thomas Worthington, late of Sharston Hall aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, take and henceforth assume and use the surname of Worthington, in addition to, and after that of, Bayley, and wear and bear the arms of Worthington; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the law of arms, and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And also to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

(1390).

Board of Trade, Whitehall, December 10, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Janina, reporting that in consequence of the prevalence of small pox in Epirus, all vessels entering Ionian ports from that place are subjected to a quarantine of seven days.

War Office, Pall Mall,
11th December, 1863.

Honourable Artillery Company of London.

Lieutenant Henry Goodeve Bowra to be Captain. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Ensign Moss Defries to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Ensign Robert Helsham to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Serjeant Edward Montague Nelson to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Serjeant John Pope Cox to be Cornet. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Serjeant Henry Howard Hayward to be Ensign. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Serjeant Henry Jervis Alfred to be Ensign. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held respectively by Lieutenant Richard Dawes and Ensign Fletcher C. Norton. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cinque Ports Rifle Volunteers.

Leonard Sidebottom, Major half-pay 3rd Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 27th November, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 1st instant.]

Queen's Commission.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

George Henry Wriford, Esq., late Captain Royal Marine Artillery, to be Adjutant, from 8th October, 1863. Dated 21st October, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

Glamorganshire Light Infantry Militia.

Lieutenant Bernard Byrne to be Captain, vice Abbott, removed. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, ***and County of the City of*** Chester.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Cheshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Thomas Horatio Marshall to be Major, retaining his command of the 22nd Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Roxburgh.

1st Roxburghshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John Ainslie Shortreed Elliot Fair to be Lieutenant, vice Pott, resigned. Dated 19th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nottingham.

Robin Hood Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Abraham Richards, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Pott, resigned. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

1st Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Ross to be Captain, vice Reid, resigned. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Hugh Speirs to be Captain, vice Dempster, resigned. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Ensign William Orr Leitch to be Lieutenant, vice Ross, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Ensign William McIlwraith to be Lieutenant, vice Spiers, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Montague James Matin, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Leitch, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

William Tough, Gent., to be Ensign, vice McIlwraith, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

20th Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Rushton Coulborn, Gent., to be Captain, vice Dunlop, resigned. Dated 4th December, 1863.

John Jack, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Robin, resigned. Dated 4th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant the Honourable Richard Denman in the 6th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

1st Sussex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Philip Salomons to be Captain. Dated 1st December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, ***and of the City and County of the City of*** York.

17th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Henry Hawksley Capes to be Captain. Dated 30th November, 1863.

Ensign Henry Walton to be Lieutenant. Dated 30th November, 1863.

Edward Cooke Houseman to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 30th November, 1863.

25th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Jasper Leavens White to be Captain. Dated 30th November, 1863.

Ensign Arthur Robson White to be Lieutenant. Dated 30th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

17th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Mills Beaumont.

21st West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Edwood Smith has assumed, and will henceforth use, the surname of *Shirley*, instead of the surname of *Smith*.

38th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volu Corps.

This Corps has been transferred fro to the 1st Administrative Battalion of Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteers.

ONE B*27

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.

1st Administrative Brigade of Kent Artillery Volunteers.

Captain Andrew Babbs Brandram to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

1st Administrative Battalion of Kent Rifle Volunteers.

Major Harry Burrard Farnall to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 28th November, 1863.

Captain (Lieutenant-Colonel) Henry Temple Hillyard to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Kent Rifle Volunteers.

Captain William Moore to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

4th Administrative Battalion of Kent Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Stephen Percy Groves to be Major. Dated 28th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Victoria Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Surgeon Charles Percy Croft. Dated 7th December, 1863.

4th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Robert Ebsworth. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Captain William Redman Orger. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Captain Henry Adolphus Wickes. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Lieutenant John Fenwick. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Frederick Pontifex. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Israel Mark Wade. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Ensign John Sutton. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Ensign Cleeve Hooper. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Queen's (Westminster) Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain George John Parson. Dated 7th December, 1863.

London Irish Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Charles Bruce Hartwell. Dated 7th December, 1863.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Supernumerary Lieutenant Charles Greene. Dated 7th December, 1863.

1st Anglesey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain H. B. Mitchell, Lieutenant J. W. Paynter, Ensign Benjamin Roose, Honorary Assistant-Surgeon J. D. Griffith, and Honorary Chaplain Reverend Hugh R. Hughes in the above Corps.

12th Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Richard W. Merrington. Dated 7th December, 1863.

The 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Kincardineshire Artillery Volunteer Corps have been united to the 1st Administrative Brigade of Aberdeenshire Artillery Volunteers. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by First Lieutenant John Honeyman, jun., in the 1st Dumbartonshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Philip Woodruff, Lieutenant Philip Thomas Woodruff, and Ensign John Brewer in the 7th Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Thomas Phillpotts in the 10th Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Thomas John Craddock in the 8th Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 96, for the regulation of the duties of postage, certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, or in respect of, letters, newspapers, parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers, transmitted and forwarded by the post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and papers by the post; and by the same Act powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of postage therein mentioned.

And whereas further powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 85, for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by a certain Warrant in writing, under their hands, bearing date at Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 21st day of July, 1857, in exercise of the powers vested in them in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, did (amongst other things) order and direct that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, colonial, or foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures, might be transmitted by the post between any part of the United Kingdom and any part of the several places mentioned and set forth in the schedule A to the now reciting Warrant annexed, and, amongst other places, Canada, subject to the several rates of postage and

regulations therein contained. And the said Commissioners, of Her Majesty's Treasury did order, direct, and declare that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury might, by warrant under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time thereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage thereby fixed or altered, or any of the orders, directions, regulations and conditions thereby made, and might make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations and conditions, in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates of postage which might be payable were to be paid.

And whereas it is expedient to extend the privileges granted by the said recited Warrant of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the said 21st day of July, 1857, and to authorise the transmission by the post, between the United Kingdom and Canada, of certain other packets, and for that purpose to make certain further and other regulations in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us, in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows, that is to say:—

1. All packets consisting of patterns or samples of merchandise of no intrinsic value, posted in the United Kingdom addressed to Canada, or posted in Canada addressed to the United Kingdom, may be transmitted by the post between the United Kingdom and Canada, the sea conveyance being by Canadian packet-boat, subject to the several rates of postage, and to the several orders, directions, regulations, and restrictions hereinafter mentioned and contained (that is to say):—

On every such packet, if not exceeding four ounces in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid an uniform single rate of postage of threepence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding four ounces, and not exceeding one half of a pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid two rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one half of a pound, and not exceeding one pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid four rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound, and not exceeding one pound and one half of another pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid six rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound and one half of another pound, and not exceeding two pounds in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid eight rates of postage.

And for every additional half of a pound in weight of any such packet above the weight of two pounds, there shall be charged, taken, and paid two additional rates of postage; and every fractional part of such additional half of a pound in weight, shall be charged as an additional half of a pound in weight; and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause, shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such packet would be charged with under this Warrant, if not exceeding four ounces in weight.

2. No such packet which in length or breadth or width shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

3. No pattern or sample being of any intrinsic value, or being an article or thing of a saleable nature, or having a value of its own apart from its mere use as a pattern or sample, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

4. There shall be no enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor any other enclosure not authorised by this Warrant, sent in or with any such packet.

5. There shall be no writing or printing in or upon any such packet, or on the cover thereof, except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender thereof, a trade mark, and number and price.

6. All such packets shall be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Nevertheless, samples of seeds, drugs, and such other articles and things as cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or of other material, but bags so closed that they cannot be readily opened, even although they be transparent, shall not be used for that purpose.

7. If any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant shall, in length, or breadth, or width, exceed the dimensions of two feet, or shall consist wholly of patterns or samples of any intrinsic value, as in the third clause of this Warrant mentioned, or if there shall be any writing or printing in or upon any such packet, or on the cover thereof, except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender thereof, a trade mark, and number and price, or if any such packets shall not be sent in covers, open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination (except samples of seeds, drugs, and such other articles and things as cannot be sent in open covers, and which may be enclosed in bags of linen or of other material, or in case of bags being used, if such bags shall be so closed that they cannot be readily opened every such packet shall be chargeable and shall be treated in all respects as a letter.

8. If any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant shall contain any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other enclosure not authorised by this Warrant, every such enclosure may be taken out by any officer of the Post Office, and either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be forwarded to the address on the packet, charged not only with the full rates of postage as an unpaid letter, but also with a further and additional rate of threepence, and the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid by stamps, may be forwarded to the place of its address without any extra charge.

9. The postage of all such packets as aforesaid, posted in the United Kingdom, shall, in every case be paid at the time of the same being posted, not in money, but by being duly stamped with the proper postage-stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall, in every case, be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet, near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage duty payable thereon, under or by virtue of this Warrant.

10. The postage of all such packets as aforesaid, posted in Canada, shall, in every case, be paid at the time of the same being posted, either in money or by the proper Colonial postage stamp or stamps being affixed thereto.

11. If any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be posted in the United Kingdom, having thereon, or affixed thereto, a stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable, under and by virtue of this Warrant, but equal in amount to the sum of threepence, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded charged with the amount of the difference between the value of such stamp or stamps so being thereon or affixed thereto, and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of postage of threepence; but if any such packet shall be posted in the United Kingdom, having thereon, or affixed thereto, a postage stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the sum of threepence, or shall be posted in the United Kingdom, without having thereon, or affixed thereto, any postage stamp, every such respective packet shall be forwarded, charged with a postage of double the amount of postage to which it would have been liable under and by virtue of this Warrant if the postage had been paid by stamps when posted.

12. If any packet, sent, or tendered, or delivered, in order to be sent by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be posted in Canada, and the postage paid thereon at the time of the same being posted shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of this Warrant, but equal in amount to the sum of three-pence, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded charged with the amount of the difference between the postage so paid thereon and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of postage of three-pence; but if any such packet shall be posted in Canada without any postage having been paid thereon, or with a postage paid thereon less in amount than the sum of three-pence, every such respective packet shall be forwarded, charged with a postage of double the amount of postage to which it would have been liable under and by virtue of this Warrant if the postage had been paid when posted.

13. In order to prevent any obstacles to the due and regular transmission of letters by the post, any officer of the Post Office may delay the transmission of any packet, posted or forwarded by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, either for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be despatched in due course of the post, or (at his option) until the dispatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought, in due course of the post, to be forwarded by him.

14. The several packets transmitted by the post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be subject to the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage, respectively contained in a certain Warrant of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the 19th day of February, 1855, relating to redirected rates of postage upon letters and packets which shall be redirected and again forwarded by the post, so far as as the same are applicable to such packets.

15. In all cases in which any question shall hereafter arise whether any packet, or any pattern or sample contained therein, transmitted under or by virtue of this Warrant, is entitled to the privileges of this Warrant, and to be so transmitted within the intent and meaning thereof, such question shall be referred to the determination of the Postmaster-General, whose decision thereupon shall be final and conclusive upon all parties.

16. The several terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 96.

17. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands duly made at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, revoke, or modify any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the regulations hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time may appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

18. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of January, 1864.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the ninth day of December, 1863.

William Dunbar.
E. H. Knatchbull Hugessen.

Whitehall, June 4, 1863.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Frederick William Denny, of No. 3, Hanover Park, Peckham, Camberwell, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery.

July 14, 1863.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Bart., and Sir John Mellor, Knt., two of the Justices of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, at Westminster, have appointed Frederick William Denny, of No. 13, Austin Friars, in the city of London, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner for administering oaths in Common Law in the said Court.

August 5, 1863.

The Right Honourable Sir William Erle, Knt., and Sir James Shaw Willes, Knt., two of the Justices of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, have appointed Frederick William Denny, of No. 13, Austin Friars, in the city of London, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner for administering oaths in Common Law in the said Court.

November 2, 1863.

The Right Honourable Sir Frederick Pollock, Knt., and Sir Samuel Martin, Knt., two of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, at Westminster, have appointed Frederick William Denny, of No. 13, Austin Friars, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner for administering oaths in Common Law in the said Court.

The Land Mortgage Bank of India (Credit Foncier Indien) Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that it is intended to apply to Parliament in the ensuing session, for an Act to authorise the Land Mortgage Bank of India (Credit Foncier Indien) Limited, (hereinafter referred to as "The Company,") to execute deeds, and enter into contracts and agree-

ments under seal in the East Indies, and also to constitute and appoint attornies and agents in the East Indies aforesaid, with power to enter into and to affix the seal of the Company, or any seals to be made for the purpose to any such deeds, contracts, or agreements; and also to authorise the Board of Directors of the Company to cause to be made seals for use in the East Indies, and to entrust the same to such persons in the East Indies, as to the Board of Directors may seem fit, and to empower any persons in that behalf; and also to extend and enlarge the powers of the Company as to investments, or otherwise, and to confer other rights and privileges.

Printed copies of the proposed Act will be deposited in the Private Bill Office of the House of Commons, on or before the 23rd day of December instant.

Dated this 7th day of December, 1863.

Freshfields and *Newman*, No. 5, Bank-buildings, London, Solicitors.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 28th day of November, 1863.

The under-mentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Accounts in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 8th day of December, 1863.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
New Sarum Bank	Sarum ...	Pinckney, Brothers ...	8,116
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, Northamptonshire	Thrapston ...	Eland and Eland ...	11,601

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, December 10, 1863.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 9th day of December, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	26,928,575	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	12,278,575
		Silver Bullion	—
	£26,928,575		£26,928,575

Dated the 10th day of December, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	10,712,330
Rest	3,218,937	Other Securities	21,813,329
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	8,629,856	Notes	6,735,535
		Gold and Silver Coin	730,042
Other Deposits	12,981,276		
Seven days and other Bills ...	608,167		
	£39,991,236		£39,991,236

Dated the 10th day of December, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

WEEKLY RETURNS of the Quantities and Price of BRITISH CORN, IMPERIAL MEASURE, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise in the following Cities and Towns in ENGLAND and WALES, from which the Prices that govern Duty are calculated conformably to the Act of the 5th Victoria, cap. 14.

Received in the Week ended December 5, 1863.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			OATS.			RYE.			BEANS.			PEAS.		
MARKETS.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.
	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.
London	2336	0	5423 9 6	1058	0	1793 2 1	74	0	75 15 6	—		—	348	0	586 3 6	113	0	194 4 6
Uxbridge	452	4	1016 5 3	38	0	65 9 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Chelmsford	3548	2	7884 8 10	3039	1	5225 17 1	210	0	203 1 8	—		—	570	0	862 8 6	169	0	286 19 6
Colchester	2872	3	6206 10 1	4600	6	7983 15 2	70	0	70 12 6	—		—	129	4	216 19 6	90	7	159 10 0
Romford	641	0	1349 8 6	1050	0	1912 15 9	25	0	22 10 0	—		—	54	0	95 11 0	44	0	72 12 0
Chipping Ongar		No	Return.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Saffron Walden	362	2	702 6 6	1406	0	2398 4 6	35	0	35 12 6	—		—	14	4	27 8 3	—		—
Braintree	1351	0	2821 12 0	1819	3	3138 12 11	—		—	—		—	31	0	49 19 0	55	0	98 10 6
Hertford	280	6	560 8 8	803	1	1383 13 9	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Royston	225	0	430 11 0	2341	0	3930 12 0	—		—	—		—	12	4	20 10 0	—		—
Bishop Stortford	783	0	1565 14 6	3505	0	5946 11 10	10	0	9 5 0	—		—	30	4	49 7 9	11	1	19 14 4
St. Albans	129	2	259 18 0	240	7	437 16 9	30	0	30 0 0	—		—	6	2	13 5 0	—		—
Hemel Hempstead	38	1	71 1 6	10	0	16 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Hitchin	279	1	554 2 4	2288	3	4080 11 5	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Aylesbury		None	Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Buckingham		None	Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
High Wycombe	27	4	54 0 0	127	4	239 10 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Newport Pagnel	157	4	300 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Oxford	250	0	498 19 0	605	4	1047 9 0	15	0	16 10 0	—		—	25	0	48 10 0	—		—
Banbury	1456	0	2813 12 0	852	0	1280 3 0	62	0	64 5 0	—		—	10	0	17 0 0	—		—
Henley	66	0	137 14 0	451	0	845 6 6	70	0	78 0 0	—		—	87	4	168 0 0	44	0	72 16 0
Witney	132	4	263 0 0	127	0	194 19 6	20	0	22 10 0	—		—	8	0	14 0 0	—		—
Chipping Norton	—		—	364	0	546 1 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Warminster	810	0	1615 18 6	1876	4	2991 7 0	10	0	9 5 0	—		—	10	0	17 0 0	—		—
Swindon	443	0	825 4 3	129	4	197 1 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Devizes	914	4	1798 5 6	1096	4	1653 9 0	128	0	140 0 6	—		—	4	0	7 0 0	5	0	9 10 0
Salisbury	916	0	1813 7 3	316	0	493 14 6	10	0	10 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Troubridge		No	Return.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Chippenham	47	4	98 10 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Windsor	63	0	142 11 6	31	0	58 13 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Reading	800	5	1667 8 3	807	0	1553 19 0	88	0	89 8 0	—		—	9	0	15 6 0	10	0	17 5 0
Abingdon	65	0	135 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Maidenhead	—		—	241	4	464 1 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—

Received in the Week ended December 5, 1863.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			OATS.			RYE.			BEANS.			PEAS.		
MARKETS.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.
	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.
Newbury	819	6	1706 18 3	1047	3	1706 16 3	136	0	131 17 0	—		—	50	0	93 15 0	17	4	29 6 6
Wallingford	165	0	342 17 0	202	0	336 1 3	22	0	21 5 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Guildford	568	0	1212 19 0	92	0	168 17 0	59	0	59 0 6	5	0	7 10 0	—		—	34	0	60 14 0
Croydon	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Kingston	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Dorking	25	0	53 0 0	209	4	396 10 0	14	0	13 1 0	—		—	118	0	190 5 6	5	0	9 0 0
Maidstone	702	0	1454 5 0	201	0	351 19 0	98	0	101 7 6	—		—	—		—	30	0	51 12 6
Canterbury	1192	0	2484 0 3	890	0	1576 8 0	103	0	104 10 0	—		—	36	0	63 4 0	20	0	32 15 0
Dartford	408	0	859 12 3	185	0	331 3 6	20	0	19 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Chatham & Rochester	—		—	180	0	315 12 0	38	0	38 0 0	—		—	16	0	26 4 0	18	4	30 10 6
Dover	77	0	160 2 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Gravesend	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Ashford	252	0	482 13 6	—		—	49	4	45 16 0	—		—	53	4	81 2 0	15	0	24 15 0
Chichester	679	7	1390 12 6	459	4	885 3 0	—		—	—		—	93	4	163 11 0	65	4	115 8 0
Lewes	339	4	694 12 0	44	0	64 0 0	310	0	287 10 0	—		—	55	0	88 5 0	30	4	50 9 0
Rye	437	0	913 3 6	61	0	90 11 0	180	0	98 10 0	—		—	—		—	10	0	17 0 0
Brighton	471	6	957 14 6	33	0	46 4 0	—		170 0 0	—		—	—		—	7	4	12 7 6
East Grinstead	43	0	90 15 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Battle	47	0	95 8 0	—		—	55	0	58 11 0	—		—	—		—	13	0	23 0 0
Arundel	81	0	160 1 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Hastings	None		Sold.	—		—	100	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Midhurst	24	0	47 2 0	7	0	10 3 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Shoreham	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Winchester	304	0	621 5 6	202	4	356 0 0	20	0	20 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Andover	1143	0	2307 16 6	271	0	425 12 6	196	0	184 15 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Basingstoke	1001	0	2008 4 6	483	0	751 2 0	309	0	287 11 9	—		—	10	0	17 0 0	12	0	21 12 0
Fareham	202	0	410 0 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	10	0	18 5 0
Havant	72	4	149 10 6	34	0	63 10 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Newport	413	0	821 0 0	74	0	100 18 0	15	0	15 15 0	—		—	—		—	—		—
Ringwood	365	4	725 3 0	160	4	235 19 3	10	0	13 10 0	—		—	—		—	9	0	17 2 0
Southampton	231	4	449 19 0	43	0	78 18 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Portsmouth	—		—	96	0	172 16 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Christchurch	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Blandford	481	4	970 8 6	516	0	882 5 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Bridport	None		Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Dorchester	150	0	298 15 0	39	0	54 1 0	—		—	—		—	—		—	5	0	10 0 0
Sherborne	—		—	104	4	187 4 6	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—
Shaftesbury	96	0	184 16 0	30	0	41 8 0	—		—	—		—	16	0	37 16 6	—		—

Received in the Week ended December 5, 1863.	WHEAT.				BARLEY.				OATS.				RYE.				BEANS.				PEAS.			
MARKETS.	Quantities.		Price.		Quantities.		Price.		Quantities.		Price		Quantities.		Price.		Quantities.		Price.		Quantities.		Price.	
	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s. d·
Wareham	40	0	79	0 0	149	4	256	7 2	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Poole	68	0	132	1 0	155	0	272	15 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Exeter	656	6	1406	12 5	341	3	551	7 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Barnstaple	23	0	45	16 6	221	7	368	15 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Plymouth	26	2	53	10 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Totness	133	4	284	19 0	12	4	15	0 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Tavistock	67	0	142	7 0	44	0	59	14 0	49	0	41	16 0	—		—		—		—		—		—	
Kingsbridge	66	4	135	12 0	190	2	264	12 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Oakhampton	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Tiverton	151	2	303	18 4	150	0	261	0 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Honiton	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Truro	153	3	304	18 0	114	3	152	1 10	96	4	86	1 6	—		—		—		—		—		—	
Bodmin	250	1	500	13 9	111	3	141	1 6	467	0	373	12 0	—		—		—		—		—		—	
Launceston	153	6	307	5 6	27	4	36	15 0	73	7	58	3 9	—		—		—		—		—		—	
Redruth	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Helstone	22	4	45	0 0	—		—		12	3	11	11 0	—		—		—		—		—		—	
St. Austell	60	0	124	0 0	103	7	139	3 6	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Falmouth	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Callington	—		—		1	0	1	6 0	15	0	13	0 9	—		—		—		—		—		—	
Liskeard	114	0	240	19 9	103	2	121	7 0	26	2	21	10 0	—		—		—		—		—		—	
St. Columb	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Bristol	400	0	767	17 0	314	0	444	2 0	254	0	225	5 0	—		—		—		—		35	4	67	10 0
Taunton	646	2	1375	18 4	357	4	582	0 10	—		—		—		—		41	2	71	15 0	5	0	9	0 0
Wells	482	4	999	13 4	18	0	28	0 0	98	0	89	19 0	—		—		65	4	113	17 0	—		—	
Bridgewater	53	2	115	12 3	—		—		—		—		—		—		7	4	13	10 0	—		—	
Frome	51	4	97	12 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Chard	27	3	55	0 0	37	4	52	10 0	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Somerton	1869	0	3755	8 4	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Shepton Mallett	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Wellington	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Wiveliscomb	—		—		267	4	432	16 8	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Monmouth	93	1	183	2 6	146	2	254	12 6	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Abergavenny	29	0	58	19 5	165	5	281	11 3	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Chepstow	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Pontipool	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Newport	None		Sold.		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—		—	
Gloucester	1191	2	2437	11 6	12	4	22	10 0	—		—		—		—		62	4	120	3 4	10	0	16	13 4
Cirencester	1039	0	2033	1 0	652	0	976	17 0	—		—		—		—		55	0	114	0 0	—		—	

Numb. 22797.

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1863.

Whitehall, December 14, 1863.

THE following Address of Congratulation to the Queen, on the Marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, for Presentation, has accordingly been presented by him to Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously :

To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the Council of the city of Christchurch, in your Majesty's Colony of New Zealand, desire humbly to approach your Majesty with assurances of our most devoted attachment to your Royal Throne and person.

We humbly offer our heartfelt congratulations upon the happy union of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales with the Princess Alexandra of Denmark—an alliance which has afforded to your Majesty's loyal subjects in this most distant portion of your Majesty's dominions not less satisfaction than it has done to those who more immediately surround your Royal person, and one which we trust will ensure the true happiness of the illustrious Prince and Princess and the continued peace and prosperity of the empire.

We fervently pray that the Great King of Kings may long bless and preserve your Majesty to reign over your free and loyal people, and that your bright and noble example of public and private virtues may be followed by the illustrious Prince and Princess, showing forth a pattern to all nations and to the admiration of your Majesty's grateful and affectionate subjects.

J. Ollivier, Chairman.
John Hall.
H. E. Alport.
W. D. Barnard.
Edwd. B. Bishop.
Geo. H. Tribe.
Wade Luck.

Foreign Office, December 15, 1863.

COPIES of a Letter from Earl Russell to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and of a Despatch from the Duke of Newcastle to the Governor of the Bahamas :

Foreign Office,
January 31, 1862.

MY LORDS,

HER Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of neutrality during the existing hostilities between the United States and the States calling themselves "the Confederate States of America," and being, moreover, resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's harbours, ports, and coasts, and the waters within Her Majesty's territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to your Lordships, for your guidance, the following rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions.

Her Majesty is pleased further to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands on and after Thursday, the 6th day of February next, and in Her Majesty's territories and possessions beyond the seas, six days after the day when the Governor or other chief authority of each of such territories or possessions respectively, shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. DURING the continuance of the present hostilities between the Government of the United States of North America and the States calling themselves "the Confederate States of America," or until Her Majesty shall otherwise order, no ship of war or privateer belonging to either of the belligerents shall be permitted to enter, or remain in the port of Nassau, or in any other port, roadstead, or waters of the Bahama Islands, except by special leave of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Bahama Islands, or in case of stress of weather. If any such vessel should enter any such port, roadstead, or waters, by special leave, or under stress of weather, the authorities of the place shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible, without permitting her to tak supplies, beyond what may be necessar immediate use.

If, at the time when this order is f in the Bahama Islands, there shall be

vessel already within any port, roadstead, or waters of those Islands, the Lieutenant-Governor shall give notice to such vessel to depart, and shall require her to put to sea, within such time as he shall, under the circumstances, consider proper and reasonable. If there shall then be ships of war or privateers belonging to both the said belligerents within the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, in or near the same port, roadstead, or waters, the Lieutenant-Governor shall fix the order of time in which such vessels shall depart. No such vessel of either belligerent shall be permitted to put to sea until after the expiration of at least twenty-four hours from the time when the last preceding vessel of the other belligerent (whether the same shall be a ship of war, or privateer, or merchant ship), which shall have left the same port, roadstead, or waters, or waters adjacent thereto, shall have passed beyond the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. During the continuance of the present hostilities between the Government of the United States of North America and the States calling themselves "the Confederate States of America," all ships of war and privateers of either belligerent are prohibited from making use of any port or roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or foreign possessions or dependencies, or of any waters subject to the territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a station or place of resort for any warlike purpose or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment; and no ship of war or privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any port, roadstead, or waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any vessel of the other belligerent (whether the same shall be a ship of war, a privateer, or a merchant ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned vessel beyond the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

III. If any ship of war or privateer of either belligerent shall, after the time when this order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom and in the Channel Islands, and in the several colonies and foreign possessions and dependencies of Her Majesty, respectively, enter any port, roadstead, or waters, belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's colonies or foreign possessions or dependencies, such vessel shall be required to depart and to put to sea, within twenty-four hours after her entrance into such port, roadstead, or waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her crew, or repairs; in either of which cases, the authorities of the port, or of the nearest port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immedite use: and no such vessel, which may have been allowed to remain within British waters for the purpose of repair, shall continue in any such port, roadstead, or waters, for a longer period than twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed: Provided, nevertheless, that in all cases, in which there shall be any vessels (whether ships of war, privateers, or merchant ships), of both the said belligerent parties in the same port, roadstead, or waters within the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a ship of war, a privateer, or a merchant ship), of the one belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any ship of war or privateer of the other belligerent; and the times, hereby limited, for the departure of such ships of war and privateers respectively, shall always, in case of necessity, be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

IV. No ship of war or privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted, while in any port, roadstead, or waters subject to the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for the subsistence of her crew; and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such vessel to the nearest port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such ship of war or privateer, in the same or any other port, roadstead, or waters subject to the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British waters as aforesaid.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) RUSSELL.

Note.—A similar letter has been addressed to the Secretaries of State for the Home, Colonial, War, and India Departments, and to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

Downing Street,
October 6, 1863.

SIR,

DOUBTS having been expressed as to whether under the regulations of the 31st January, 1862, which were embodied in a proclamation issued by you on the 11th March following, it is required that the Commander of a belligerent ship of war or privateer should obtain the permission of the local authorities before entering the ports, roadsteads, or waters of the Bahamas out-islands, when the Governor is not there present, I am to acquaint you that Earl Russell has taken Her Majesty's pleasure thereupon, and you are to understand that at the ports of the out-islands, as at Nassau, the special leave of the Governor himself is required (unless in stress of weather), by any belligerent vessel desiring to enter, with this exception only, that in cases of grave emergency and real necessity and distress, such as a sailing vessel being dismasted, or accident happening to the machinery of a steam-vessel, the vessel may enter the ports, roadsteads, or waters on obtaining leave from a resident officer, to whom the Governor shall have delegated his authority in that behalf.

With a view to give effect to Her Majesty's intentions, you will be pleased to convey to the officers in the out-islands to whom it may best be confided, the authority in question, taking care to communicate to them copies of the regulations of the 31st January, 1862, and calling their especial attention to the limits of the authority delegated, and to that clause of the regulations of 31st January, 1862, in which it is directed, that vessels entering under stress of weather, or by special leave, shall be required to put to sea as soon as possible.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) NEWCASTLE.

Governor Bayley, C.B.,
&c.. &c., &c.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, December 15, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the State Apartments of Windsor Castle will be opened to the public, under the usual regulations, on and after Monday, the 21st instant.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the roads belonging to the Maidstone and Cranbrook Turnpike Trust, in the county of Kent, is dangerous and inconvenient to the public:

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of the Locomotive Act, 1861, by this Order under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever propelled by steam, or any other than animal power, on the above roads, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand, at Whitehall, this 10th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

Admiralty, 11th December, 1863.

The following promotions, dated the 3rd instant, consequent on the death of Admiral of the Red John Ayscough, on the 2nd instant, have this day taken place:

Admiral of the White Sir Edward Harvey, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Red.

Admiral of the Blue Sir James Stirling, Knight, to be Admiral of the White.

Vice-Admiral the Right Honourable Charles Philip, Earl of Hardwicke, on the Reserved List, to be Admiral on the same list.

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir Henry Ducie Chads, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Sir Robert Lambert Baynes, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue the Right Honourable Lord George Paulet, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admirals:

William Hargood,
Sir Thomas Raikes Trigge Thompson, Bart.,

on the Reserved List, to be Vice-Admirals on the same list.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Robert Smart, K.H., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Sir Lewis Tobias Jones, K.C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue William Henry Anderson Morshead, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captains:

Bartholomew James Sulivan, C.B.,
Henry Bagot,
Honourable Walter Bouchier Devereux,
Sir George Nathaniel Broke Middleton, Bart., C.B.,

to be Rear-Admirals on the Reserved List.

Captain George Giffard, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admiral George Ourry Lempriere to have the rank and title of Retired Admiral, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

Queen's Commission.

Royal Sussex Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

John William Madden, late Captain 4th Regiment of Foot, to be Adjutant, from the 25th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant John William Madden, of the Royal Sussex Light Infantry Regiment of Militia, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant William Alsey Turner to be Captain, vice Hoare, resigned. Dated 30th November, 1863.

20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Huggins to be Captain, vice Cowran, whose services have been dispensed with. Dated 7th December, 1863.

47th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Charles Drury Edward Fortnum to be Captain, vice Hulbert, resigned. Dated 7th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

3rd or Royal Westminster Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Regiment by Lieutenant Edmund Waller. Accepted 8th December, 1863.

41st Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in this Corps by Lieutenant Charles Frederick Hayes. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

1st Administrative Battalion of Suffolk Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Philip Henry Mitchell to be Major, and to retain his Commission as Captain of the 10th Suffolk Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 4th December, 1863.

8th Suffolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend Robert Baker, Clerk, to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 5th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Suffolk Artillery Volunteer Corps are now attached to the 1st Norfolk Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Berwick.

5th Berwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Riddell to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 4th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

1st Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

David Evans, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 12th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry) Regiment of Militia.

James Watson, jun., Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 4th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

1st Warwickshire Regiment of Militia.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Assistant-Surgeon John Elkington.

5th Company of Leicestershire Rifle Volunteers.

Her Majesty's acceptance of the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Robert Brewin in the above Corps, has, in accordance with the request of the Vice Lieutenant, been cancelled.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of Lieutenant James Shewin Clarke in the 4th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain John Seabrook Crabb in the 4th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Francis Sturgess in the 27th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Whitehall, December 11, 1863.

The Bolton Industrial School in Commission-street, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be an Industrial School under the provisions of "The Industrial Schools' Acts, 1861."

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 59.—SCOTLAND—WEST COAST.

Flashing Light at Monach Isles.

The Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses have given notice, that on and after the 1st day of February, 1864, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Shillay islet, the most western of the Monach group, off the west coast of North Uist, Outer Hebrides.

The light will be a *flashing white* light, seen from around the horizon, and showing a *flash* every *ten* seconds. The light will be placed at an elevation of 150 feet above the level of high water springs, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 17 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses of the first order.

The tower is 133 feet high, from base to vane, and stands in lat. 57° 31′ 34″ N., long. 7° 41′ 38″ W. of Greenwich, at about 33 miles S.S. E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. from the south point of St. Kilda.

(*All bearings are Magnetic. Variation* 28° 30′ *West in* 1863.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
7th November, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Scotland, West Coast, No. 2635; Bank of Soundings westward of the British Islands, No. 2; also, British Islands Lights List, No. 216.

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, December 10, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounty of a slave barque, name unknown, captured on the 18th April, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Flying Fish," will commence on Wednesday, the 23rd instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Flag	117	10	8
Commander	279	2	11
Third class	80	11	7
Fourth class	51	16	0
Fifth class	28	15	6
Sixth class	25	18	1
Seventh class	17	5	5
Eighth class	8	12	8
Ninth class	5	15	1
Tenth class	2	17	6

NOTICE OF INTENDED DISTRIBUTION OF NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, December 11, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the tonnage bounty and net proceeds of the slaver "Clarissa," captured on the 24th July, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Torch," will commence on Monday, the 21st instant, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the

United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business,to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service, or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers,) in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag	52	16	10
Commander . . .	125	10	0
Third class . . .	58	0	3
Fourth class . . .	37	5	11
Fifth class . . .	20	14	4
Sixth class . . .	18	13	0
Seventh class . . .	12	8	8
Eighth class . . .	6	4	4
Ninth class . . .	4	2	10
Tenth class . . .	2	1	5

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Hexagon Chapel, situate in the parish of Friston, in the county of Suffolk, in the district of Plomesgate, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 4th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 5th day of December, 1863.

Charles H. Read, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Baptist Chapel, situated at Ragland, in the parish of Ragland, in the county of Monmouth, in the district of Monmouth, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 10th day of December, 1863.

Edwin Richard, Superintendent Registrar.

Lincolnshire.—Kesteven.

WHEREAS, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, holden at New Sleaford, by adjournment, in and for the parts of Kesteven, in the county of Lincoln, on Thursday, the 9th day of April, 1863, a Provisional Order was made, in the words following, that is to say:—"Resolved and ordered, provisionally, That the several parishes and places of Anwick, Asgarby, Ashby-de-la-Laund, Aswarby, Aunsby, Billinghay, Blankney, Bloxholm, Brauncewell with Dunsby, Burton Pedwardine, Cranwell, Culverthorpe, Dembleby, Digby, Dorrington, Evedon, Ewerby with Ewerby Thorpe, Great Hale, Little Hale, Haverholme Priory, Heckington, Helpringham with Thorpe Latimer, Holdingham, Howell, Kelby, Kirkby Laythorpe, Kirkby Green, North Kyme, South Kyme, Leadenham with Bayard's Leap, Leasingham, Martin, Newton, Osbournby, Quarrington, North Rauceby, South Rauceby, Rowston with Sheffield House, Roxholm, Ruskington, Scredington, Scopwick, Old Sleaford, Spanby, Swarby, Swaton, Temple Bruer and Temple High Grange, Thorpe Tilney, Threekingham with Stow, Timberland, Walcott near Billinghay, Walcott near Falkingham, Welbourn, Wellingore, Scot Willoughby, Silk Willoughby, and Wilsford and Hanbeck be formed into a Highway District, to be called "The Sleaford Highway District," one Waywarden to be chosen for each parish, and this Provisional Order to be submitted for confirmation at the next General Quarter Sessions at Sleaford."

And whereas, at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held at New Sleaford aforesaid, on the 2nd day of July, 1863, the submission of the said Provisional Order for confirmation, was adjourned until the General Quarter Sessions to be held at New Sleaford aforesaid, on Thursday, the 7th day of January next.

Notice is therefore hereby given, that the confirmation of the said Provisional Order will be taken into consideration by the Justices at the Court of General Quarter Sessions to be held at New Sleaford aforesaid, on the 7th day of January next. *M. P. Moore*, Clerk of the Peace.

Sleaford, 14th December, 1863.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1884. John William Branford, Merchant, of March, in the county of Cambridge, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent for the invention of "an improved agricultural implement for hoeing and cleaning the land, and for cutting or setting out the plants of root crops at certain distances from each other."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 30th day of July, 1863.

1901. And William Cotton, of Loughborough, in the county of Leicester, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of looped fabrics, and in machinery or apparatus employed therein."

1910. And Thomas Fellowes and Henry Hemfrey, both of Spalding, in the county of Lincoln, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for elevating straw and other agricultural produce."

1911. And James Engleburtt Vanner, of Coleman-street, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of umbrellas and parasols."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 1st day of August, 1863.

1928. And Edward Alfred Cowper, of No. 35A, Great George-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in furnaces for heating air, steam, and other elastic fluids."

1929. And George Clark, of No. 30, Craven-street, Strand, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction and protection of ships, vessels, and floating batteries, and in the preparation and arrangement of materials for those purposes, some of such improvements being applicable to the construction and protection of land fortifications."

1931. And William Storer and John Hancock, both of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Machinists, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in electro motive engines."

1933. And William Hodson, of Hull, in the county of York, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery used for propelling carriages and vessels."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 5th day of August, 1863.

1937. And Joseph Emerson Dowson, of 4, Victoria-street, Westminster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new application of rolled metal plates to the formation of roadways, bridges, tramways, and other structures."

1940. And John Fenwick, of Albion Iron Foundry, Clarendon-street, Landport, Portsmouth, in the county of Hants, Iron Moulder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in self acting valves and traps for sewers."

1941. And James Young, of Bucklersbury, in the city of London, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the preservation of animal matter."

1942. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in ovens."—A communication to him from abroad by Jacques Blondel, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris, Proprietor.

1944. And Gabriel Emile Charageat, of 2, Rue Sainte Appoline, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of frames for umbrellas and parasols."

1945. And Eugène Ehrenfried Quelle, of Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Skin Dyer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in inkstands."

1946. And John Kirkham, of Euston-road, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for generating heat for smelting and other purposes."

1947. And Thomas Simmelkiar, of Blackrock, in the county of Cork, Ireland, and John Ibbetson Spicer, of Park-road, Old Ford, in the county of Middlesex, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved composition for coating or painting the bottoms of ships or vessels, to prevent them from fouling."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 6th day of August, 1863.

1949. And William Jones (of the firm of William Jones and Sons), of Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in steam boilers."

1951. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of shuttles."—A communication to him from abroad by Paul Morin, of Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.

1952. And John William Slater, of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Manufacturer of Mordants and Colours, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the production of yellow and orange coloring matters."

1957. And Thomas Walker Guillod, of No. 15, Park-place-terrace, in the parish of Paddington, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of chess boards and chessmen."

1959. And John Thompson, of Ardwick, in the county of Lancaster, Machinist, Edward Gerrard Fitton, of the same place, Machinist, and Frederick Alexander Fitton, of the same place, Foreman, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in engines for carding cotton and other fibrous materials."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 7th day of August, 1863.

1960. And Nedrick Jarvie and William Miller, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Rope Makers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of oakum, and in apparatus therefor."

1964. And Henry Rowland Brown, of Cranbourne-street, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "new or improved apparatus for the regulated delivery of cards, tickets, labels, bills, and sheets or pieces of cardboard, paper, metal, or other material for advertizing or other purposes."

1965. And Michael Smith, of 71, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Preserver, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in obtaining farinaceous material from potatoes."

1966. And John Ward Armstrong, of Carmarthen, in the county of Carmarthen, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in fastening and in securing in position the rails of railways, the said fastening being applicable for other uses."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 8th day of August, 1863.

1967. And John Alexander Fullarton, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Iron Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the method of fastening hoops for packing bales, and in the machinery or apparatus employed therein."

1970. And Richard Dickson, Engineer in the employ of Messrs. Waterlow and Sons, of London Wall, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lithographic printing presses.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 10th day of August, 1863.

1976. And William Knowles, of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, and Robert Halliwell, of the same place, Foreman, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in machinery for preparing, spinning, and doubling cotton and other fibrous substances."

1982. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in road sweeping machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Baptiste Tailfer, Mechanician, of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

1983. And James Wheeler, of 23, Poultry, in the city of London, Glove Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the perfuming of gloves."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 11th day of August, 1863.

1991. And James Templeman, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Artificial Fuel Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture or production of artificial fuel."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 12th day of August, 1863.

2010. And Robert Benjamin Greenwood, of No. 416, Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved means of preventing accidents upon railways."

2016. And Norman Scott Russell, of Great George-street, Westminster, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for working great guns.

2017. And John Wain, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanic, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for doubling or twisting yarns or threads of cotton and other fibrous materials."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 14th day of August, 1863.

2037. And Allen Michael Dearn, of Greenstead Works, Colchester, in the county of Essex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new centrifugal disc mashing machine."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of August, 1863.

2045. And Joseph Arthur, Doctor of Medicine and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of London, of No. 1, Robert-terrace, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved apparatus for the prevention, cure, and relief of hernia of every description, together with prolapsus uteri, uterine hemorrhage, hernia humoralis, and as a general support for enlargement of the abdomen from whatever cause proceeding."

2052. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of hats, caps, and bonnets, and in apparatus employed therein."—A communication to him from abroad by Eugene Coanet, of Nancy, France.

2053. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of, and apparatus for, treating molasses, syrups, saccharine juices, and other products."—A communication to him from abroad by Auguste Pierre Dubrunfaut, of Bercy, France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 18th day of August, 1863.

2096. And Frederick Rice Stack, late Captain in the 65th Regiment of Foot, and Major of Brigade at Auckland, New Zealand, now residing at Belgrave Villa, Finchley, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of military bridges, piers, landing stages, and escalading apparatus."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2126. And Edouard Amourous, of No. 4, South-street, Finsbury, London, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for separating solid from fluid fecal matters."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of August, 1863.

2159. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in hydraulic apparatus."—A communication to him from abroad by Auguste Desgoffe and Achille Ollivier, Engineers, both of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of September, 1863.

2177. And Nicolas Bailly, of the town of Vesoul, in the Empire of France, Agent of the Eastern Railway, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the application of rolling friction to the axle-boxes and journals of running shafts and axle-trees of machines and vehicles of all descriptions for lessening the resistance to the motion."—The result partly of a communication made to him by Charles Durand, a person resident at Jassey, a town of France, and partly of invention and discovery made by himself.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of Sepember, 1863.

2201. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved apparatus for directing motion in right lines."—A communicaton to him from abroad by Andrew Buchanan, of Jersey, and William Alexander Righter, of Newark, both in the State of New Jersey, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of September, 1863.

2214. And Joseph Lillie, Civil Engineer, and John Haines White, Dentist, both of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved composition or coating for the protection and preservation of surfaces of iron, wood, and other materials."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of September, 1863.

2229. And John Hays Wilson, of the firm of John Hays Wilson and Company, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Brass Founders and Ships' Ironmongers, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in side lights for ships and other navigable vessels, and in the manufacture of the same."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of September, 1863.

2287. And Peter McLaurin, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in drying paper, pasteboard, and similar fabrics, and in the machinery, apparatus, or means employed therein."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of September, 1863.

2295. And Isham Baggs, of Cambridge-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Electrician, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the means of protecting and preserving the hulls and bottoms of ships and vessels from fouling and corrosion."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of September, 1863.

2621. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mode of manufacturing railway wheels."—A communication to him from abroad by James Millholland, of Philadelphia, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of October, 1863.

2638. And Frederick Parker, of the town and county of Cambridge, Carriage Builder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in carriages."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 26th day of October, 1863.

2651. And Thomas Grason, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in boots, shoes, clogs, and such like coverings for the feet."

2659. And William Firth, of Burley, near Leeds, in the county of York, Merchant, Samuel Firth, of the same place, Gentleman, and John Sturgeon, of Leeds aforesaid, Consulting Engineer, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting and boring coal, stone, or other minerals."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 27th day of October, 1863.

2716. And John Macintosh, of North Bank, Regent's-park, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in taps or cocks for liquids or gases."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of November, 1863.

2760. And William Daniel Allen, of Laithfield House, Norfolk-road, Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in casting ingots of steel."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of November, 1863.

2822. And Louis Emile Constant Martin, of No. 32, Albion-street, Hyde-park, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for generating steam."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 12th day of November, 1863.

2827. And Benjamin Marriott, of 38, Upper-street, Islington, and Charles Radcliff, of 201, Hampstead-road, both in the county of Middlesex, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in dead beat independent centre seconds watches."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of November, 1863.

2865. And Samuel Cameron, Plumber, and William Johnston, Metal Merchant, both of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in taps or valves in pipe joints, and in the valvular mechanism of water closets."

2874, And Charles Weightman Harrison, of Battersea, in the county of Surrey, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in filters."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 16th day of November, 1863.

2898. And John Elder, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in steam engines."

2901. And Isaac Francis, of Pen-y-gelli, near Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in, and apparatus for, washing, cleaning, and separating impurities from small coal, coke, ashes, or cinders."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 19th day of November, 1863.

2926. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, Patent Agent, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 24, Rue du Mont Thabor, Paris, in the Empire of France, and 38, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in preserving grain, flour, and other similar substances, and in the apparatus connected therewith."—A communication from Alphonse Louvel, Doctor of Medicine, Officer of the Legion of Honour, a person residing at Saint Denis, near Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of November, 1863.

2941. And James Steart, of 5, Saint James'-road, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "extracting the fibre from zostera marina and other aquatic vegetable productions."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of November, 1863.

2955. And James Lewis, of No. 5, Wych-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Model Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in driving sewing machines, which improvements are also applicable for driving other machinery."

2958. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for breaking and cleaning flax, hemp, and other fibre-yielding plants."—A communication to him from abroad from James Edward Mallory and Gelston Sanford, both of New York City, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 24th day of November, 1863.

2967. And Louis Accarain, of Mons, in the Kingdom of Belgium, and of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of paper, thread, cordage, and fabrics from beetroot."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of November, 1863.

Numb. 22798. 6579

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1863.

Foreign Office, December 9, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Richard Reade, Esq., now Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Bengazi, to be Her Majesty's Consul for the province of Scutari.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint George Dennis, Esq, now British Vice-Consul at Syracuse, to be Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Bengazi.

Foreign Office, December 15, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Joaquin Gonzalez y Huet as Consul at Malta for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

India Office, December 14, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir George Russell Clerk, K.C.B., K.S.I., to be a Member of the Council of India.

Downing Street, December 16, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to ratify and confirm the appointment of George Geddes, Esq, to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Jamaica.

War Office, Pall Mall,
18th December, 1863.

1st Regiment of Dragoons, Corbet Smith, Gent, to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Henry Aylward Keogh, who retires. Dated 18th December, 1863.

8th Hussars, Captain Horace Durrant, from the 8th Foot, to be Captain, vice Ross, who exchanges. Dated 18th December, 1863.

12th Lancers, Cornet John Brooke Maher Camm has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Royal Artillery, Lieutenant Edward Henry Baker to be Second Captain, vice Horace Seymour Kerr Pechell, resigned. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Gentleman Cadet Oliver Francis Theodore Annesley to be Lieutenant, vice Bethune, deceased. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant, with temporary rank, Robert John Mc Clure has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 18th December, 1863.

8th Regiment of Foot, Captain George Campbell Ross, from the 8th Hussars, to be Captain, receiving a portion of the former difference between Cavalry and Infantry, vice Durrant, who exchanges. Dated 18th December, 1863.

23rd Foot, Ensign George William Adolphus Fitz George to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Robert Cæsar Bacon, who retires. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Charles George Bell, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Fitz George. Dated 18th December, 1863.

24th Foot, Lieutenant Redmond O'Mahony to be Captain, by purchase, vice Henry Charles Marsack, who retires. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Ensign Oscar Henry Blount to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice O'Mahony. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Thomas Harris, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Blount. Dated 18th December, 1863.

29th Foot, The appointment of Lieutenant William Winn, as Adjutant, to be antedated to 6th November, 1863.

45th Foot, The appointment to an Ensigncy, by purchase, on the 11th September, 1863, of Gentleman Cadet Henry John de Berniere Smart, has been cancelled. Dated 18th December, 1863.

48th Foot, Edward Henry O'Dowd, Gent., late Lieutenant, 7th Dragoon Guards, to be Paymaster, vice Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, Alexander William McKenzie, transferred to the 54th Foot. Dated 18th December, 1863.

LONDON GAZETTE ONE PENNY

51*st Foot*, Lieutenant Smeeton Walker to be Captain, by purchase, vice Edmund Moresby Crowe, who retires. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Ensign George Beverley Bird to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Walker. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Richard Read Tomson, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Bird. Dated 18th December, 1863.

54*th Foot*, Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, Alexander William McKenzie, from the 48th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Major, William Marriott, deceased. Dated 18th December, 1863.

67*th Foot*, Lieutenant Thomas Dawson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Thomas Stack, retired upon full-pay. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Ensign Herbert Reid Lempriere to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dawson. Dated 18th December, 1863.

91*st Foot*, Charles German Alison, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Breadalbane Campbell, who retires. Dated 18th December, 1863.

4*th West India Regiment*, Ensign Arthur Hill Ringland Ferguson, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice John Bland Sawyer, deceased. Dated 30th October, 1863.

Frederick Benjamin Price White, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Ferguson. Dated 18th December, 1863.

UNATTACHED.

Lieutenant Louis D.'Acosta, from the 64th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 18th December, 1863.

MILITARY STORE DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Superintendent of Stores W. S. Forster to be Deputy-Superintendent of Stores, vice Douglas, Superannuated. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Deputy Assistant-Superintendent of Stores E. K. Dwyer to be Assistant-Superintendent of Stores, vice Darné, placed on retired pay. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Deputy Assistant-Superintendent of Stores W. F. Wright to be Assistant-Superintendent of Stores, vice Forster, promoted. Dated 5th December, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Alfred Lewis, M.D., to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 24th November, 1863.

The Services of Staff Assistant-Surgeon Alexander Mackay have been dispensed with from the 24th November, 1863.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Acting Veterinary-Surgeon Thomas Channon has been permitted to resign his Appointment. Dated 18th December, 1863.

BREVET.

The Commission as Colonel of Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Stevenson Call, 18th Foot, to be antedated to the 21st October, 1861.

Captain Thomas Stack, retired full-pay, 67th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 18th December, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 14th October, 1858, to be Colonels :

Lieutenant-Colonel John Hall Smyth, C.B., Royal Artillery. Dated 8th July, 1863.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Augustus Chapman, 18th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1863.

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Gwilt, 34th Foot. Dated 22nd October, 1863.

Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Capel Cure, Grenadier Guards. Dated 2nd November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant-General Arthur Richard, Duke of Wellington, K.G., has been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of an Unattached Lieutenant-Colonelcy, under the conditions of the Horse Guards' Circular Memorandum of 15th February, 1861. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Admiralty, 16*th December*, 1863.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

First Lieutenant Jelinger Henry Symons to be Captain, vice Daly, placed on half-pay. Dated 10th December, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Frederic Vincent Godfrey Bird to be First Lieutenant, vice Symons. Dated 10th December, 1863.

First Lieutenant Howard Sutton Jones to be Captain, vice Goold, retired on full-pay. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Second Lieutenant Percival Robert Champion to be First Lieutenant, vice Jones.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Huntingdon.

1*st Huntingdonshire Light Horse Volunteer Corps.*

Richard Orlebar, Esq., to be Cornet, vice Baynes, resigned. Dated 12th December, 1863.

John W. Taylor, Clerk, M.A., to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 12th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the undermentioned Officers :

Lieutenant William W. Palmer in the East Norfolk Militia ; and

Lieutenant Samuel W. Spelman in the 2nd Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk, *and of the City and County of the City of* Norwich.

2*nd Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

James William Bunn to be Lieutenant. Dated 12th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

2*nd Administrative Battalion of Shropshire Rifle Volunteers.*

Captain Algernon Charles Heber Percy to be Major, with liberty to retain the command of the 8th Shropshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Louis Stromeyer Little to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Sercombe, resigned. Dated 8th December, 1863.

20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Roderick Bennetts to be Lieutenant, vice Huggins, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Greene to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 7th December, 1863.

Thomas Dixon to be Honorary Assistant-Quartermaster. Dated 7th December, 1863.

36th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Peter Hinckes Bird to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 1st December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

7th Administrative Battalion of Middlesex Rifle Volunteers.

Adjutant John Augustus Underwood to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 10th December, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by the following Officer; viz.:

36th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Surgeon William Fenton. Dated 12th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

Suffolk Artillery Regiment of Militia.

Cardinal Brewster, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

Royal Glamorgan Light Infantry Militia.

James Henry Dowling, Esq., to be Captain, vice Parry, removed. Dated 14th December, 1863.

Henry Hammond Spencer, Esq., to be Lieutenant, vice Tynte, resigned. Dated 14th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

5th Northamptonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Grimshaw, Gent., to be Ensign, vice George Cattel the younger, resigned. Dated 12th December, 1863.

John Parker, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 12th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kincardine.

3rd Kincardineshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

William McCulloch Watson to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

4th Kincardineshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Sir John S. Forbes, Bart., to be Lieutenant, vice Sir Thomas Gladstone, Bart., resigned. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Robert Keddie, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Charles MacArthur, resigned. Dated 11th December, 1863.

3rd Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Turnbull, Esq,, to be Captain, vice R. M.. Black, resigned. Dated 9th December, 1863.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Thomas Rennie to be Lieutenant, vice M. J. Jamieson, promoted. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Brown to be Lieutenant, vice P. T. Ramsay, promoted. Dated 10th December, 1863.

Ensign Edwin Charles Burton to be Lieutenant, vice A. Ewing, junr., resigned. Dated 11th December, 1863.

George Harley, Gent., to be Ensign, vice D. Swan, resigned. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Andrew Stephenson Dalglish Colquhoun, Gent., to be Ensign, vice J. T. Stewart, resigned, Dated 10th December, 1863.

James Deas, Gent., to be Ensign, vice J. Finlay, jun., promoted. Dated 11th December, 1863.

John Anderson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice F. Anderson, promoted. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Robert Gilchrist Finlay, Gent., to be Ensign, vice W. Whyte, promoted. Dated 11th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the following Commissions:

4th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Dennistoun.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Thomas Leburn Arnott. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Frederick John Christian Dietrichsen. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Lieutenant John Gemmill Stevenson. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Frederick Anderson. Dated 9th December, 1863.

Ensign John Hamilton. Dated 15th December, 1863.

96th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Commandant David Marshall Lang. Dated 9th December, 1863.

By order of the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

1st Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Assistant-Surgeon John Oldham. Dated 8th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

1st Regiment of Royal Surrey Militia.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant William Edward Newbury.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant David O. H. Watson in the 1st Midlothian Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 10th December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Thomas Sansom in the 26th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Captain Samuel Harris Armitage and Lieutenant William Blackburne in the 31st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Lieutenant Thomas Noton in the 3rd Manchester or 40th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Captain James Dugdale in the 84th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Somerset House, London, December 17, 1863.

NOTICE.—By order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Chipping Norton, in Oxford Collection, will, in future, be at the White Hart Hotel.

William Corbett, Secretary.

Cardiff Union.—Parish of Roath.

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the parish of Roath, in the county of Glamorgan;

To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said parish is situate;

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the population of the parish of Roath, in the county of Glamorgan, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas at a meeting of the Vestry, held at the School House in the said parish, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the 15th day of October last, it was resolved,—

"That the Churchwardens be requested to "apply to the Commissioners for administering the laws for the Relief of the Poor in "England to make an Order, under their Seal "of Office, directing that the Act 13th and "14th Vict., c. 57, be applied to, and put in "force within this parish of Roath."

And whereas the Churchwardens of the said parish have made their application in writing to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the above resolution,

Now, therefore, we, the Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct as follows; that is to say:—

ARTICLE I.—That so much of the said Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, as relates to the appointment of a Vestry Clerk, shall forthwith be applied to and be put in force within the said parish of Roath.

ARTICLE II.—That the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the said parish shall, until the Poor Law Board shall otherwise direct, pay to the officer for the time being appointed to the said office of Vestry Clerk for the said parish, under the authority of the Statutes in that behalf and this Order, for the performance of the duties of such office, a salary of ten pounds per annum.

ARTICLE III.—That the salary of such Vestry Clerk shall be payable up to the day on which he ceases to hold such office, and no longer, and shall be paid by quarterly payments at the several quarters ending at the usual feast days in the year, namely, Christmas Day, Lady Day, Midsummer Day, and Michaelmas Day, with a proportionate sum to be paid to his executors or administrators in case he shall die while holding such office.

ARTICLE IV.—That a copy of this Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of office, this twenty-sixth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.

H. Fleming, Secretary.

Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway, (No. 2).

(Extinguishment of Rights in certain Lands in the Township of Bowling and Parish of Bradford; Amendment of Acts).

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to Parliament in the ensuing session, for an Act to extinguish all rights of way, and other rights, privileges, and easements (if any are now subsisting), in, on, over, or connected with certain lands acquired by, and now vested in the Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Company, and situate in the township of Bowling and parish of Bradford, in the West Riding of the county of York, and bounded by the Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway, Althorpe-street, lands belonging to Mr. John Cole and Mr. Thomas Sykes, residue of the Upper House Estate, lands belonging to the Bowling Iron Company, a tramway belonging to the same Company, lands belonging to Mr. George Poole, and land and premises belonging to Messrs. W. and I. Ingham, and to require the Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Company to make compensation, either by agreement or otherwise, to all persons having, or being entitled to, any such rights, privileges, or easements, for any loss, damage, or injury which may be sustained by them by reason of the extinguishment thereof.

And it is proposed by the said intended Act, to alter, extend, vary, amend. enlarge, or repeal all or some of the powers and provisions of the following Acts, or some of them, relating to the Company (that is to say); "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1852;" "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1853;" "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1854;" "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1855;" "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1859;" The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1861;" and "The Leeds, Bradford, and Halifax Junction Railway Act, 1862."

And notice is hereby further given, that printed copies of the proposed Bill will be deposited in the Private Bill Office of the House of Commons, on or before the 23rd day of December in the present year.

Dated this 14th day of December, 1863.

Barr, Nelson, and *Barr*, Leeds, Solicitors for the Bill.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Bible Christian Chapel, situate at Tower-street, in the parish of St. Mary Magdalene, in the county of Cornwall, in the district of Launceston, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 16th day of November, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 26th day of November, 1863.

John Dingley, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the English Wesleyan Chapel, situate at Neath, in the parish of Neath, in the county of Glamorgan, in the district of Neath, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 8th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 9th day of December, 1863.

Alexander Cuthbertson, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Garn, situated at Garnmaelgwyn, in the parish of Llanfihangel Geneurglyn, in the county of Cardigan, in the district of Aberystwith, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 11th day of December, 1863.

Hugh Hughes, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Mount Stuart Chapel, situated at Mount Stuart-square, Cardiff, in the parish of St. Mary, in the county of Glamorgan, in the district of Cardiff, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 10th day of December, 1863.

W. B. Watkins, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Saron, situated at Brynford, in the parish of Holywell, in the county of Flint, in the district of Holywell, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 14th day of December, 1863.

J. V. Harrison, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the New Baptist Chapel, situated at Mill-street, adjoining a warehouse in the occupation of George Stevenson, Ironmonger, in the parish of Wantage, in the county of Berks, in the district of Wantage, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 11th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85, was substituted for the registered building now disused, named the Baptist Chapel, situated at Back-street, in the parish of Wantage, in the county of Berks.

Witness my hand this 14th day of December, 1863.

Edwd. Ormond, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Magnet Friendly Society, held at the Crown Inn, Grendon, in the county of Northampton, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 15th day of December, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 15th day of December, 1863.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to James Chapman Amos, of the firm of Easton, Amos, and Sons, of the Grove, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, for his invention of "an improved mode of, and improvements in, apparatus for supplying surface condensers with water, part of which improvements is applicable to blowers and rotary pumps generally," bearing date the 21st day of April, 1862 (No. 1164).

NOTICE is hereby given, that the said James Chapman Amos, has applied, by Petition, to the Commissioners of Patents for invention for leave to file in the Great Seal Patent Office, with specification to which the same relates, a Disclaimer and Memorandum of alteration of part of the title and specification of the said Letters Patent; and that any person intending to oppose such application, must give notice thereof at the Office of the Solicitor-General, No. 1, Mitre-court-buildings, Temple, within ten days' from the date hereof.—Dated 17th day of December, 1863,

Newton and *Son*, Agents for the Petitioner, 66, Chancery-lane.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

3103. NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of William Henry Cole, of No. 52, Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, Merchant, praying for letters patent for the invention of "firstly, for casting steam cylinders of steam engines, in the form of a segment of a cylindrical ring or circle; and secondly, for the machine for boring them truly cylindrical, and retaining the line of the bore on the curve of a true circle,"—a communication to him from abroad by Samuel Woodruff and Henry B. Beach, both of Hartford, in the county of Hartford, and State of Connecticut, in the United States of America,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of December, 1863, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

2230. To Thomas Brown Jordan, of Milton Cottage, South Lambeth, in the county of Surrey,

Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in granulating and drying gunpowder, and in apparatus to be used therefor."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of September, 1863.

2470. To John Mead, of Abridge, in the county of Essex, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of various articles of furniture."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of October, 1863.

2554. To William Fletcher, of Gloucester, in the county of Gloucester, Gun Maker, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of breech loading fire arms."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of October, 1863.

2734. To Michel Luneau, of No. 60, Boulevart de Strasbourg, Paris, in the Empire of France, Military Collar Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of hat or cap frames."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of November, 1863.

2799. To John Smith, of Cheetham, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Dyer and Finisher, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for finishing or beetling woven fabrics, which improvements are also applicable to fulling machines."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of November, 1863.

2814. To Joseph Booth, John Booth, and Jeremiah Booth, of Rodley, near Leeds, in the county of York, Engineers and Copartners, for the invention of "improvements in guy cranes and other similar cranes."

2820. And to David Ford, of Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in propelling boats and barges."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of November, 1863.

2840. To Henry Gladstone, of No. 2, Butlers-terrace, Ossory-road, Old Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, Cartridge Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of skin cartridges."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of November, 1863.

2892. To Edward Chambers Nicholson, of Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of coloring matters suitable for dyeing and printing."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of November, 1863.

2896. To William Bridges Adams, of Holly Mount, Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in wheels, tires, axles, and axle boxes, and modes of applying them."

2897. To John Eglin, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in 'drifts,' and in apparatus for making the same."

2902. And to William Henry Gray, of St. Austell's, in the county of Cornwall, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of blast cylinders, and also in the form and method of working the valves of the same."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of November, 1863.

2917. To Charles Stevens, of the firm of Stevens and Henderson, of 31, Charing-cross, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved hoisting and lowering apparatus."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Robin and Pierre Dumas, both of No. 18, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, in the Empire of France.

2925. And to William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the means of and instruments for attaching tags or labels to bales or packages of merchandize."—A communication to him from abroad by Porter Fitch, of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, United States of America.

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of November, 1863.

2943. To Charles Howard, of 23, Stanley-terrace, Deptford, in the county of Kent, for the invention of "an improved watch case pendant, applicable also to other articles."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of November, 1863.

2978. To James Andrew Ramsay Main, of No. 5, Renfield-street, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark (N.B.), Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the mode of connecting and sustaining the intersecting bars of iron fences, hurdles, gates, and other analogous structures."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of November, 1863.

3022. To Robert Lublinski, of 183 and 185, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, Stick Manufacturer, for the invention of "a new method of bending the reverse ends of partridge canes and bending partridge canes without roots."

3024. To Thomas Snook, of 25, Wilson-street, Stockport-road, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "an improved apparatus for causing a stronger and better draught for current of air so that house fires may be lighted or kindled in a very short space of time, for effecting a very considerable saving in fuel, and for throwing the heat from such fire into the building or room."

3025. To John Dales, of New Inn, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in fitting moveable or travelling frames and surfaces."

3026. To Jasper Capper, of Waterloo, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Accountant, for the invention of "improved apparatus for curing smoky chimnies and preventing down draughts therein."

3028. To Thomas Thornber England, of Colne, in the county ot Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, for the invention of "improvements in lubricating the shafts of the conducting pulleys of mules, which improvements are also applicable to machinery in general."

3029. To Henry Holdrege, Engineer, of Irvington, State of New York, United States of America, for the invention of "improvements in the process and manner of making gas for illuminating, heating, and other purposes, a part of which may also be applied to the production of metallic oxydes."—A communication from William Henry Gwynne, a person resident at the city and State of New York, United States aforesaid.

3030. To Sanders Trotman, of No. 11, Albert-street, Camden-town, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of soap."

3034. To Thomas Harrison, of Tudhoe, near Ferry-hill, in the county of Durham, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting coal and other minerals and stones."

3035. To Henry Duncan Preston Cunningham, of Bury Alverstoke, in the county of Hants, Esquire, for the invention of "improvements in reefing and furling topsails, top gallant sails, and royals."

3036. To Charles Lungley, of Deptford, in the county of Kent, Shipbuilder, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of ships of war and other vessels."

3038. And to Charles Cammell, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manufacturer, and Willoughby Crompton, of Openshaw, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanic and Smith, for the invention of "improved railway crossings adapted to the ordinary single or double-headed rails."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of December, 1863.

3043. To Ebenezer Stevens, of No. 4, Warwick-villas, Canonbury, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus used when cooking."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of December, 1863.

3047. To Robert Riley, of Sharples, near Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Manager, for the invention of "certain improvements in carding engines."

3051. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in working railway breaks."—A communication to him from abroad by Donald Bethune, of Port Hope, Canada.

3053. And to Thomas Douglas, of South Audley-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of combs for the human hair."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of December, 1863.

3057. To William Gorman and John Paton, both of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in obtaining and applying heat, and in apparatus therefor, being also in part applicable for lighting."

3063. And to James Alfred Wanklyn, of the London Institution, Finsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in the production and manufacture of certain yellow and orange colors."—A communication to him from abroad by Eugen Lucius, of Hoechst on the Main, Germany.

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of December, 1863.

3065. To Alfred Johnson Aspinall, of Tuebrook, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "an improved hand stamp or seal for marking or impressing consecutive numbers or figures."

3067. To Alfred Antill and William Wilkinson, both of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Jewellers, for the invention of "an improved mode of manufacturing joints and catches for brooches and other articles of jewellery."

3069. To Frederick Piercy, of Glenadon House, Dartmouth, in the county of Devon, Artist, for the invention of "improvements in the application of heat to water and other fluids, and in apparatus for the same."

3071. To Michael Turnor, of Birmingham, in the county of Warrick, Metallic Pen Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in pencil cases and holders for crayons and other marking, writing, or drawing materials, and in boxes for holding leads for pencils, crayons, and other articles."

3077. And to Charles Brown, of Leicester, Mechanic, for the invention of "an improved manufacture of elastic bands applicable to the production of ladies' skirts or 'crinolines.'"

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of December, 1863.

3079. To William Wanklyn, of the Albion Mills, Bury, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of machinery for ginning cotton."

3081. To John Henry Brierley, of Beech Hill Mills, Halifax, and 58, Aldermanbury, London, for the invention of "improvements in buckles for brace and other dress fastenings."

3087. To Theophilus Alexander Blakely, of Montpelier-square, in the county of Middlesex, late Captain Royal Artillery, for the invention of "improvements in projectiles for ordnance, and in loading and firing ordnance."

3089. To Peter Hubert Desvignes, of Lewisham, in the county of Kent, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for exhibiting dissolving views."

3091. To Henry Eastwood, of Elland, in the county of York, Machine Maker, and Benjamin Matthews, of the same place, Mechanic, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for carding wool or other fibrous substances."

3095. To William McIntyre Cranston, of No. 77, Upper Thames-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in reaping and mowing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by William Anson Wood, a person resident at Hoosick Falls, New York, United States of America.

3099. And to Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "improvements in the mode of, and apparatus for, preparing cork stuffing for mattresses, pillows, cushions, and other articles, and in the mode of applying the cork stuffing thereto."—A communication to him from abroad by Anton Courlander Crondal, of New York, in the United States of America.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of December, 1863.

3101. To Henry Audinwood, of Weston-upon-Trent, in the county of Derby, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in raising or removing grain from one place to another."

3105. To Joseph Wright, of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in furnaces, fire grates, and fire bars."

3107. To Thomas Vaughan Morgan, of Battersea Works, in the county of Surrey, Crucible Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the treatment and purification of plumbago for the manufacture of crucibles and other fire proof articles, and in apparatus employed therein."

3109. And to Mark Hillary, of Andover, in the county of Hants, Contractor, for the invention of "improvements in fastenings for doors."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of December, 1863.

Patents which have become Void.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 12th day of December, 1863.

2992. Martin Deavin, of Rotherhithe, in the county of Surrey, Builder, for an invention of "an improved apparatus applicable as a fire escape, also to the raising and lowering of weights."—Dated 6th December, 1860.

2993. Thomas Mellodew, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturer, Charles William Kesselmeyer, of Manchester, in the said county, Warehouseman, and John Mayo Worrall, of Salford, in the said county, Dyer, for an invention of "improvements in the treatment of velvets, velveteens, and other fabrics, on which there are floated weft threads to be cut."—Dated 6th December, 1860.

2994. Joseph Bellamy, of Wednesfield, near Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in traps for taking rats, birds, rabbits, and other animals."—Dated 6th December, 1860.

2997. Pierre Guerin, Engineer, of Cluny, in the Department of Saone et Loire, Empire of France, for an invention of "improvements in the hydraulic press."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

2998. Charles John Hill, of Froliche Cottage, Turnham Green, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in presses for stamping medals, embossing and cutting or punching out metal or paper, and printing on paper, linen, or any other material."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

2999. Frederic Howorth Edwards, of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in air engines."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

3000. Stephen Holman, of Lewisham, in the county of Kent, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for communicating motion to, and transmitting motion from, reciprocating rods."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

3001. John Bainton Turtle, of 93, Minories, in the city of London, Flag Maker, for an invention of "improvements in the means of communicating signals, applicable to naval, military, and railway purposes."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

3003. James Joseph Wheble, of Reading, in the county of Berks, Esquire, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial stone for building purposes."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

3006. William Morris and Job Radford, both of Oldbury, in the county of Worcester, Brickmakers, for an invention of "improvements in composition or compositions to be employed in the manufacture of firebricks, fire clay, lumps, blocks, retorts, and for all the purposes for which ordinary fire clay is now used, part or parts of which compositions may also be employed as a substitute for emery."—Dated 7th December, 1860.

3007. Joseph Henry Cary, of St. James's Factory, of the city of Norwich, for an invention of "an improvement in hammer-rails."—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3011. Thomas Roberts, of Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of ships and floating batteries, and in rendering them capable of resisting the destructive force of shot, shell, and other missiles."—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3012. Meredith Jones, of the Royal Mint, Engineer, for an invention of "an improvement in apparatuses for preparing the edges of discs of metal for coin."—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3014. John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of 166, Buchanan-street, in the city of Glasgow, North Britain, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for applying capsules to bottles."—Communicated to him from abroad by Jules Mathieu, of Paris, in the Empire of France, Engineer.—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3016. Louis Simon, of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Bronze Powder Manufacturer and Machine Builder, for an invention of "improvements in heated air engines."—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3019. William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improved machinery for making bricks."—Communicated to him from abroad by John Caswell, Adolphuss Sinsheimer, and Oran William Seely, all of New York, in the United States of America.—Dated 8th December, 1860.

3020. Arthur Granger, of 308, High Holborn, London, W.C., Stationer, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of collars, cuffs, shirt fronts, Clergymen's bands, stocks, and articles of a like nature."—Dated 10th December, 1860.

3021. Adolphe-Joseph Filliette, of 42, Rue Amelot, Paris, in the Empire of France, Mechanical Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in presses for copying, stamping, and embossing."—Dated 10th December, 1860.

3022. Thomas Peake, of Derby, in the county of Derby, Engineer, for an invention of "an improved method of locking or 'skidding' the wheels of vehicles, for the purpose of retarding or arresting the progress thereof."—Dated 10th December, 1860.

3023. Joseph Antoine Barde, of Paris, France, Gentleman, for an invention of "an improved portable apparatus for producing and purifying lighting gas."—Dated 10th December, 1860.

I have the honour to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the gallant conduct of the troops under my command, and particularly that of Captain Saltmarshe, 70th Regiment, who was severely wounded while leading on his men, also that of Lieutenant Grierson, 70th Regiment, and Lieutenant Tabuteau, 65th Regiment. My thanks are due to Captain Moir, and Ensign Hay, of the Volunteer Militia for their assistance on this occasion.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. INMAN, Captain,
18th Royal Irish.

Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman,
18th Royal Irish, Commanding
Troops, Camp, Drury.

65TH AND 70TH REGIMENTS.

NOMINAL RETURN of Casualties of the above Corps at Pukekohe, on the 14th September, 1863.

Corps.	Regimental Number.	Rank and Name.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Nature of Injury.	Killed.	Wounded.	
							Severely.	Slightly.
65th	2331	Private J. McKay ...	37	18	Gunshot wound	1	...	...
70th	...	Captain A. Saltmarsh	32	15	ditto	...	1	...
„	712	Private A. Burdett ...	24	4	ditto	1	...	...
„	407	„ J. Turley ...	24	6	ditto	1	...	...
„	3108	„ J. Eley ...	37	14	ditto	...	1	...
„	508	„ Thos. Dannehy	25	5	ditto	...	1	...
„	54	„ Wm. Paterson	29	9	ditto	...	1	...
„	134	„ John Baxter	29	4	ditto	...	1	...
„	3557	„ John Slater ...	22	9	ditto	...	...	1
					Total ...	3	5	1

(Signed) J. MOUAT,
Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Queen's Redoubt.

Camp Drury,
September 14, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report that in accordance with your instructions, I proceeded this morning with a force as per margin,* to Burt's Farm, on the Pukekohe Block, distant about four miles from camp.

On my arrival, I found that the farm had been previously attacked by about a dozen natives, who had wounded a boy belonging to the farm; however by the time I reached there all was quiet, with the exception of some heavy firing, which was distinctly heard in the direction of the stockade.

After examining the premises and searching for two men, who were supposed to be missing, but were afterwards discovered to have gone into Drury, finding all quiet about the farm, and the firing in the vicinity of the stockade continuing to increase, I left a guard of 15 men at the farm, and after seeing the videttes and sentries properly posted, I proceeded through the bush along a native track, under the guidance of a very intelligent settler residing in that district. We advanced for about two miles in the direction of the firing, and the track brought us out on the west side of the clearing on which the stockade is situated.

Soon after our arrival the enemy retired, and the reinforcements from Drury, under the command of Inman, 18th Regiment, were consequently withdrawn.

At the request of Captain Moir, V.M., Ensign Phillips, 18th Regiment, and the detachment under his command, were left to reinforce the garrison at the stockade by order of Captain Inman, who detailed an equal force of the 18th and 65th Regiments to replace those who returned with me.

I then returned to Burt's Farm and brought in the wounded boy, and the people living there. We arrived in camp shortly after dark.

I have, &c.

(Signed) ARTHUR RAIT, Lieutenant,
Mounted Corps, R.A.

P.S.—I have to add that a deserter from the 70th Regiment was discovered at Burt's [illegible] brought in by escort.

(Signed)

Colonel Chapman,
Commanding Camp, Drury.

* Royal Artillery (Mounted Corps)—1 Subaltern, 1 Staff, 10 Rank and File; Royal Artillery—20 Rank and File; 18th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 10 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 10 Rank and File.—Total—2 Subalterns, 1 Staff, 2 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 18, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward for your Excellency's information the enclosed reports from Major Lyon, commanding the Galloway Redoubt.

Your Excellency will feel equal pleasure with myself in learning that the Militia and Volunteers, as well as the small detachment of the 18th Royal, under the command of Major Lyon, behaved with so much steadiness and gallantry.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,
SIR, *September* 15, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Major-General Commanding Colonial Forces, that about ten o'clock this morning Maories opened fire at the stockade from the bush in rear of Mr. McNicholl's house, having first shot at a son of his, nine years of age, the bullet passed through his cap without injuring him.

Fire was returned from the stockade and from our redoubt.

I advanced with 25 men to the assistance of the settlers on two different occasions, viz., at eleven A.M. and four P.M, after which all was quiet.

The men of the 18th Royal Irish, Militia Volunteers, Auckland Rifle Volunteers, and Wairoa Rifles behaved most steadily.

It was impossible to ascertain the number of Maories in the vicinity, as they did not come into the open.

Ensign Johnson, Wairoa Rifles, was slightly wounded in the arm.

During my absence I left Captain Clark, A.R.V., in command of the redoubt, an officer in whom I place every confidence.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON,
Major, Commanding Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa.

Major De Quincey,
Military Secretary, &c., &c.,
Colonial Forces.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,
SIR, *September* 17, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Major-General Commanding Colonial Forces, that firing was heard in the bush on the other side of the river at different intervals in the course of the day.

About four P.M. a settler came to the redoubt stating that two men were exchanging shots with some natives who were in the act of pillaging a house.

Lieutenant Steele, Wairoa Rifles, started immediately with 20 men, and I followed with 30. On arriving at the place two bundles were found. I followed the track, passed through a chain and a-half of bush, and came on to rising ground; I could see the Maories in a line with loads on their backs.

The men under my command were in skirmishing order, and fired into them. I then gave chase, many of them dropped their loads, making for Otau.

Two Maories were killed. I did not deem it advisable to advance further; from the number of shots proceeding from the bush and banks of the river, the natives must have been in strong force; it was also getting dark.

On our return I was met by Lieutenant Russell, 18th Royal Irish, with a party of 16 men, coming to our assistance, and Captain Clark, A.R.V., thinking we might require support.

This morning I started at four o'clock with 50 men from the redoubt, and 20 from the Wairoa Rifles, under the command of Mr. Johnson. We took the same direction, and arrived within 300 yards of the Maories wharés at daybreak. The river was so swollen with the late rains it was impossible to cross it. The Maories were plainly visible, and many rounds were fired at them; they returned the fire, but without any effect, the men being well under cover.

I sounded the "cease firing," and proceeded to bury the body of one of the Maories killed yesterday; he had been shot through the heart; the other we could not find.

It appears that the firing heard in the bush was for the purpose of diverting our attention, whilst the natives were ransacking the houses.

The men of the different detachments behaved on both occasions with great coolness.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway Redoubt,
Wairoa.

Major De Quincey,
Military Secretary,
Colonial Forces.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 19, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward the accompanying reports from Major Lyon, Commanding the Galloway Redoubt, received subsequently to those transmitted to your Excellency, with my letter of yesterday.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,
SIR, *September* 17, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that I sent Lieutenant Russell, 2nd Battalion, 18th Royal Irish, with 20 men to the spot I had occupied in the morning, with instructions to fire upon the wharés at Otau. I proceeded myself with 75 men of the different detachments to come upon the enemy in the rear. Crossing the bridge just opposite the redoubt and passing through portions of bush I arrived at the settlement. It was deserted, but it was evident that the Maories must have sustained severe loss from the concentrated fire poured into them in the morning, the wharés were riddled with shot, blood in profusion both inside and out, two Maori mats covered with blood and a bullet hole through it was also picked up. They were unmistakeably taken by surprise this morning. Two guns, several tomahawks, other weapons, and a variety of articles were taken.

A quantity of plunder taken from the settlers houses was recovered on this side of the river, showing that the rebels had been hardly pressed by our skirmishers yesterday evening.

A settler named Crawford residing near Otau, has lost several head of cattle, it is supposed they have been driven off by the natives.

I have the honour to bring under the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the names of Lieutenant Russell, 2nd Battalion 18th Royal Irish, Lieutenant Jones, Militia Volunteers, Ensign Tole, A.R.V., and Mr. McDonald, Native Interpreter, who rendered me great assistance. The exemplary conduct and soldierlike bearing of the non-commissioned officers and men of the different detachments who have been with me on these several occasions cannot be too highly commended, and more especially that of Quartermaster-Serjeant Davis, of the 3rd Battalion Auckland Militia.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway Redoubt,
Wairoa.

Galloway Redoubt,
September 17, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you for the information of the Lieutenant General Commanding, that I inadvertantly omitted the names of Lieutenant Steele and Ensign Johnson, Wairoa Rifles, from amongst those officers whom I wished to bring favourably under the notice of the Lieutenant General Commanding.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway, Redoubt,
Wairoa.

The Military Secretary,
&c. &c. &c.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 21, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to enclose for your Excellency's information, a letter from Colonel Warre, C.B., commanding troops at Taranaki, giving cover to a report from Captain Russell, of the regiment under his command.

The skill and enterprise with which this officer prepared his ambuscade, and the coolness and steadiness of all under his command, are deserving of the highest praise.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 16, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to transmit for the favourable consideration of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, the accompanying report from Captain Russell, 57th Regiment, commanding the detachment at Poutoko.

Captain Russell's report describes so simply and accurately what occurred on the morning of the 15th instant, that I feel I have only to add that nothing could exceed the coolness and perseverance with which Captain Russell carried out his plan, and the steadiness with which the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men behaved under circumstances of no ordinary difficulty.

The steadiness and good conduct of the non-commissioned officers and men, enabled Captain Russell to waylay and surprise a considerable body of natives (nine of whom are known to have been killed or mortally wounded), and also to withdraw his party with great regularity in the face of a very large number of rebel natives, who, on seeing their people engaged, flocked, to the number of two or three hundred, to the scene of action, from their several positions on the Tataira-maka Ranges.

I have much satisfaction in stating that no casualties occured on our side.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel,
Commanding Troops at Taranaki.

I have much pleasure in forwarding a native taiaha or spear, which was taken from one of the native chiefs killed upon this occasion, which Captain Russell begs me to request the Lieutenant-General will accept; or should the Lieutenant-General have other of such trophies, that he will be kind enough to forward it to the Museum of the United Service Institution.

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c., &c.
Head Quarters.

Camp Poutoko, New Zealand,
September 15, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report for your information, that in compliance with instructions received from you, I started at three A.M. this day with a party, strength as per margin,* to plant an ambuscade in the vicinity of the Wairau stream. I left two serjeants and 24 rank and file to occupy the Oakura Redoubt, and cover the crossing of the river, and then advanced with the remainder of my party over the stream to a spot some 500 yards up the Wairau Road, where a light bush composed of tuitui and koromiko, afforded excellent cover. I divided my men into three sections, and posted them each in charge of an officer on the left-hand side of the road, at a few yards distance from one another. After waiting upwards of two hours, natives were heard coming down the road, and their advanced guard, consisting of eight men, approached to within three yards of the ambuscade to the left, which was in charge of Lieutenant Manners, 57th Regiment; they then unfortunately detected a foot print carelessly left by one of my party, and calling out to alarm their main body attempted to escape. On this the men immediately fired, and three natives fell, one apparently a chief of some note, as he carried a very handsome "Taiaka," which we took possession of; the other two natives who were evidently mortally wounded, staggered into the bush; three other natives were also hit, but as they ran afterwards, I am unable to say if they were mortally wounded or not. I was immediately engaged by the main body of the natives, about 30, who took cover in the neighbouring fern and bush, and we drove them back to a swamp. A very large number of natives being seen coming down from Ohuaku, and hearing the Maories also advancing from Ritchies, I got my men together, and marched them on to the open ground; whilst crossing the Oakura River on my return, I found the natives making an attempt to occupy the high ground on which the redoubt is built, and thus cut off my party; but they desisted on finding themselves opened upon by the reserve, who then showed themselves, and by some of the men who had already crossed, and they therefore

* 1 Captain, 2 Subalterns, 1 Staff Assistant-Surgeon, 4 Serjeants, 4 Corporals, 2 Drummers, 75 Privates.

contented themselves with attempting to annoy the remainder of the party in crossing, but were soon driven further back. I cannot say what loss the natives sustained in this second skirmish, but two of them were seen to be shot, and one of these fell over the cliff. On the whole of my party occupying the high ground, they were soon forced to retire out of sight, and as there was no hope of their showing themselves as long as I held the redoubt, I returned to camp. Being aware how difficult it is to correctly estimate the enemy's loss in affairs of this description, I have only detailed such of their casualties as fell under my personal observation, or that of the other officers who were with me, and therefore believe that you will find them much heavier than here reported.

I beg to be allowed to bring to your favourable notice the very steady conduct of every non-commissioned officer and man engaged, and also the names of the officers who were with me on this duty, viz., Lieutenant Manners and Ensign Powys, 57th Regiment, and Staff Assistant-Surgeon Tomlinson. My thanks are also due to Mr. W. Carrington, of the Native Department, who is stationed at this outpost, for the valuable advice he gave regarding the planting of this ambuscade. The Chief from whom the "Taiaka" was taken, is killed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. R. RUSSELL, Captain,
57th Regiment.

Colonel H. J. Warre, C.B.,
Commanding Province, Taranaki.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 30, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE much pleasure in forwarding for your Excellency's information the accompanying copy of a letter from Colonel Warre, C.B., Commanding at New Plymouth, enclosing reports from Major Butler and Captain Shortt, 57th Regiment.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 26, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that the military and civil forces under my command have again inflicted a severe chastisement on the rebel natives.

On the 24th instant, it was reported to me that Mr. Clare, a settler at Bell Block, engaged in his ordinary pursuits on his own land, had been fired upon by a party of natives, who were said to be encamped at a place called Ninia, a short distance over the boundary.

Being aware that a number of natives had lately arrived from the south at Mataitawa, I thought it probable that they might wish to try their strength against the troops on this comparatively open ground. I directed Major Butler to march at three o'clock A.M. on the following day with the force noted in the margin,* and although the weather was extremely unfavourable, he reached the points indicated by daylight, not however without disturbing the natives, who were scattered in several parties about the neighbourhood. A sharp skirmish immediately commenced, which resulted in the natives being driven across the two rivers into the bush leading towards Mataitawa, with the loss of their principal Chief Enoka, William King's brother, and three or four other natives severely wounded, and without a single casualty on our side.

I beg to forward Major Butler's report, and I have much pleasure in drawing the Lieutenant-General's attention to the admirable conduct of Captain Shortt, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the 57th Regiment, and to that of Captain Webster, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of Volunteer Company, who, in spite of the weather, which was very wet and cold, undertook this long night march with the utmost cheerfulness, and as I wished and intended, proved to the natives that they cannot attack settlers or commit depredations on their property with impunity.

The troops were very anxious to follow the natives through the bush, but Major Butler restrained them, and with great judgment withdrew them leisurely, the natives being afraid again to encounter the troops in the open.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel,
Commanding Troops, Taranaki.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c. &c. &c.
Head Quarters.

* 57th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 5 Officers, 4 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 100 Rank and File. Taranaki Volunteers—2 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 53 Rank and File. Total—1 Field Officer, 7 Officers, 5 Serjeants, 4 Drummers, 153 Rank and File.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 25, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, that agreeably to instructions received from you, a force, strength as stated in the margin,* paraded at half-past two A.M. this morning, and proceeded to reconnoitre the positions of the rebel natives in the vicinity of the pah at Kaipakopako, and if practicable to entrap them in an ambuscade.

I divided my force into two parties, and left town with the first (consisting of three Officers and seventy men of the 57th Regiment), at three A.M., passing the Bell Block, I crossed the Mungaraka River, near Mahoetahi, and proceeded about a mile and a half on the road towards Mataitawa, I here placed half my men under the brow of a small hill about 400 yards from the cross roads, one of which leads up to Mataitawa and the other back to Bell Block, by the upper Munkaraka Ford, leaving the remainder in support a short distance in rear. A few minutes after I had thus placed my men we saw a party of about seven or eight natives walking up the road from Kaipakopako. When they arrived at the cross roads I opened fire upon them, upon which they almost immediately concealed themselves in the fern; I then brought my men down upon them and followed them down the road towards Manatai as far as the ford of the Waiongona River. I did not consider it advisable to follow them across this river, as there were still a large number of natives in my rear, in the neighbourhood of Kaipakopako.

* 57th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 4 Subalterns, 4 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 100 Rank and File; Taranaki Militia—2 Captains, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 53 Rank and File; Total—1 Field Officer, 3 Captains, 4 Subalterns, 5 Serjeants, 4 Drummers, 153 Rank and File.

I was unable to ascertain at the time what effect our fire had on the natives, though I could see from the marks of blood, &c., on the road, that one, if not more of them had been badly hit, and I have since learned that one native was killed, and three more wounded.

I then withdrew my men by the road leading straight to Bell Block, recrossing the Mungaraka River by the upper ford, near which I was joined by the remainder of my force, under the command of Captain Shortt, 57th Regiment, who, acting under my directions, had left town about a quarter-past three A.M. and proceeded to this place, and whose report I have the honour to append.

I then marched the whole of my force back to New Plymouth, which I reached about eleven A.M.

I would beg to bring to your favourable notice the admirable conduct of the whole of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men under my command, more especially the steadiness with which they endured a most fatiguing march of upwards of twenty miles over very bad roads, and for a great portion of the time under heavy rains.

I have, &.,

(Signed) H. BUTLER, Major,
Commanding 57th Regiment.

Colonel Warre, C.B.,
Commanding Troops, Taranaki.

New Plymouth
September 25, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, that according to instructions received from you, I marched, at a quarter past three A.M. this morning, with a party, strength as per margin,* and arrived at the Numgaraka river a little after daybreak. I divided my men, placing half the number in ambuscade, overlooking the Numga-raka Ford, having a small belt of bush on my right; the other half in support well concealed on some high ground a short distance to my rear, which commanded the whole country.

A few minutes after arrival, I observed natives ascending the hill on the other side of the river, who were immediately fired on by the party under Major Butler, and pursued by him. Hearing natives talking on the other side of the belt of bush to my right, I withdrew my ambuscade, and took my men round by the rear of this belt, as I was informed that it was exceedingly swampy. I came suddenly on a body of natives, who retired firing, into the dense bush, where I did not think it advisable to pursue them, not being aware how many natives were about. On being joined by Major Butler's party, the enemy opened fire at long ranges, from various parts of the bush.

The men behaved well, though it was with some little difficulty that I could restrain their impetuosity and eagerness to pursue.

I have, &c.

(Signed) W. A. SHORTT, Captain,
57th Regiment.

Major Butler,
Commanding 57th Regiment.

57th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 2 Serjeants, 31 Rank and File; Militia—2 Captains, 2 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File.

India Office, December 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Despatch from the Government of India in the Foreign (Judicial) Department, dated 7th November (No. 6), 1863, containing the following Notification:

"NOTIFICATION.

"*Foreign Department,*

(*No.* 318), *dated the* 16*th October*, 1863.

"In supercession of the Notification dated 12th May last (No. 136), notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin,* or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oude, will sit at Calcutta as soon as possible after the 1st December, 1863, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims."

Whitehall, December 21, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Reverend Arthur Penrhyn Stanley, D.D., to be Dean of the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter, Westminster, void by the resignation of the Very Reverend Richard Chenevix Trench, D.D.

Whitehall, December 21, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Hugh Fraser to the church and parish of Berriedale, in the presbytery and county of Caithness, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Hugh Fraser, to the church of Macduff, in the presbytery of Turriff.

Crown Office, December 19, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased by letters patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to constitute and appoint William Shee, one of Her Majesty's Serjeant's-at-Law, to be one of the Justices assigned to hold Pleas before the Queen herself.

Whitehall, December 19, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, of Wingerworth-hall, in the county of Derby, Esquire, commonly called the Honourable Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, sometime a Captain in the 18th (The Prince of Wales's Own Royal Regiment of Hussars), and to Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, his wife, commonly called the Honourable Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina Fitz Clarence, eldest daughter of Philip Charles Lord De L'Isle and Dudley, and grand-daughter of Sir John Shelley Sidney, late of Penshurst, in the county of Kent, Baronet, and of Henrietta Frances, his wife, daughter of Sir Henry Hunloke, late of Wingerworth-hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that they may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of Sir Henry John Joseph

* Captain Frith, Mr. Grant, Major Darrell, Major Webber, Captain Edwardes, Mr. Clark, Mr. Prendergast.

Hunloke, late of Wingerworth-hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Hunloke only, in lieu and instead of that of FitzClarence; that he, the said Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with the arms of FitzClarence; that she the said Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with her family arms, and that such surname of Hunloke only, and the arms of Hunloke quarterly with those of FitzClarence, may be taken, borne, and used by their issue; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

WHEREAS it appears to me, the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that the use of Locomotives, unless restricted as hereinafter mentioned, on or along the Roads belonging to the Borough-bridge and Pierse-bridge (Yorkshire) turnpike trust is dangerous and inconvenient to the public.

I do hereby, by virtue of the provisions of "The Locomotive Act, 1861," by this Order, under my hand, prohibit the use of any kind of Locomotive whatever propelled by steam, or any other than animal power on the above roads, except between the hours of twelve o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 19th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) G. GREY.

War Office, Pall Mall,
22nd December, 1863.

Royal Regiment of Artillery, Lieutenant William Rice Bowen has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Richard Clement Moody to be Colonel, vice Robinson, deceased. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Henry Young Darracott Scott to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Moody. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Second Captain Lionel Charles Barber to be Captain, vice Scott. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Reginald Gother Thorold to be Second Captain, vice Barber. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Military Train, Captain Martin Samuel Sharpe, from the 4th Foot, to be Captain, vice Willans, who exchanges. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Coldstream Guards, The appointment of Lieutenant and Captain Hugh Granville Fortescue, as Adjutant, to be antedated to 1st September, 1863.

4*th Regiment of Foot*, Captain St. John Willans, from the Military Train, to be Captain, vice Sharpe, who exchanges. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign Charles Frederick Hooper to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Richard Boyce, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Thomas Edward Stopford Hickman, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hooper. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

6*th Foot*, George Malcolm Fox, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice MacVicar, transferred to the 93rd Foot. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

12*th Foot*, Ensign Henry Duppa Alfred Cutbill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Edward James Dudgeon, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Henry Stewart Bolton, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cutbill. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Harry Jermyn Cooper, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice David Papillon, transferred to the 92nd Foot. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Walsh to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Arthur Henry Francis Lynch, appointed to the Staff. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

16*th Foot*, Captain Alfred William Adcock, from 24th Foot, to be Captain, vice Gibson, who exchanges. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

17*th Foot*, Ensign Harvey Lambart Manning Ravenhill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice William Frederick Woods, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Laurence James William Hussey, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Ravenhill. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

19*th Foot*, Lieutenant Andrew Stewart, from half-pay late 84th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Samuel Gordon M'Dakin, who retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

24*th Foot*, George Gibson, from 16th Foot, to be Captain, vice Adcock, who exchanges. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

25*th Foot*, Lieutenant George Augustus Eliott to be Captain, by purchase, vice Peter Charles Gillies Webster, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign Charles Francis Barnardiston to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Eliott. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Thomas Stanhope Gildea, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Barnardiston. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

38*th Foot*, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Frederic Arthur Willis, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice William James Loftus, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Captain and Brevet-Major Horatio Page Vance to be Major, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Willis. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Lieutenant Robert Johnston Stansfeld to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major Vance. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign George John Skinner to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Stansfeld. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

John Dalton Chase Serrell, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Skinner. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

45*th Foot*, Ensign Henry John de Berniere Smart, from the 58th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Ralph Richardson Handy, who has retired. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

58th Foot, Robert Gordon Home, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Smart, transferred to the 45th Foot. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

61st Foot, Lieutenant Edward Waugh Rumsey to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Charles Henry Boileau, who resigns that appointment. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

64th Foot, Lieutenant Andrew Stewart, from 19th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Louis D'Acosta, promoted to an Unattached Company, without purchase. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

66th Foot, Ensign Stephen Dixon Power to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice William Henry Jones Westby, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign Benjamin George Humfrey, from 87th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Power. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

87th Foot, William Western Taylor, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Benjamin George Humfrey, transferred to the 66thFoot. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

90th Foot, Lieutenant George Robert Miller to be Captain, without purchase, vice Percy Julius Deverill, deceased. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

Ensign Richard Albert Nolan to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Miller. Dated 3rd November, 1863.

93rd Foot, Lieutenant Edward Septimus Wood to be Captain, by purchase, vice George Roe Fenwick, who retires. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign Frederick William Welch to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Edward Septimus Wood. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Ensign John Archibald Mac Vicar, from the 6th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Welch. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

109th Foot, The name of the Captain appointed in the Gazette of 30th September, 1862, should be *Edward Valintine.*

4th West India Regiment, Charles Ramsay Gibb, Gent, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Sheil, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon Arthur Henry Francis Lynch, from the 12th Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Thomas Walsh, appointed to the 12th Foot. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

BREVET.

Captain John Tobin, Unattached, to be Major. Dated 11th November, 1851.

Brevet-Major John Tobin, Unattached, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 26th October, 1858.

Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, Francis Edwin Maunsell, 4th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 13th September, 1863.

Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, William Archibald Kidd, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 7th November, 1863.

Captain Hugh Hamilton Goold, Royal Marines, Light Infantry, retired upon full-pay, to have the honorary rank of Major, under the Order in Council of 13th November, 1858. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of their Commissions, under the conditions of the Horse Guards' Circular Memorandum of the 15th February, 1861:—

Major Charles Henry Leslie, half-pay, Depôt Battalion. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Captain John Tobin, Unattached. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Admiralty, 21*st December*, 1863.

The following Flag promotions, dated the 15th instant, have been made in consequence of the death of Admiral of the Blue Sir Henry William Bruce, K.C.B., on the 14th instant:

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir George Robert Lambert, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Henry Smith, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue the Right Honourable Lord Edward Russell, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Sir George Rodney Mundy, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Robert Fanshawe Stopford to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Richard Collinson, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Sir Frederick William Erskine Nicolson, Bart., C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admiral James Gore to have the rank and title of Retired Admiral; and

Retired Captains:
Joseph Pearse,
William Nevill,
to have the rank and title of Retired Rear-Admirals, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May, 1858.

Queen's Commission.

2nd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Francis Robert Fishbourne, Gent., to be Adjutant, from the 25th of June, 1863. Dated 8th July, 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Brigade of Argyllshire Artillery Volunteers.

Charles Smith, Gent., to be Adjutant, from the 25th November, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Rutland.

Edward Nathaniel Conant, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 17th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

Shropshire Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant Thomas Mathews to be Captain, vice Sir George Samuel Brooke Pechell, Bart., promoted. Dated 17th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by First Lieutenant William Barr in the 3rd Ayrshire Artillery Volunteers.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.

Royal Ayrshire and Wigton Militia.

Archibald Hew Craufuird to be Lieutenant, vice John Blackburn, resigned. Dated 7th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Lieutenant John Ramsay has, by Her Majesty's command, been removed from the strength of the West Kent Regiment of Light Infantry Militia.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Oswald Augustus Smith in the West Kent Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, *and of the City and County of the City of* Canterbury.

West Kent Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Charles Lawrie to be Captain, vice Smith, resigned. Dated 17th December, 1863.

Cornet Richard Benyon Berens to be Lieutenant, vice Lawrie, promoted. Dated 17th December. 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Edinburgh *or* Midlothian.

1*st Midlothian Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

William Vary Hunter to be Second Lieutenant, vice Watson, resigned. Dated 10th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

2*nd Durham Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

First Lieutenant Thomas Brough to be Captain. Dated 5th December, 1863.

First Lieutenant Robert Candlish to be Captain. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Second Lieutenant James Lindsay to be First Lieutenant. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

2*nd Renfrewshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Robert Muir, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Robert Leishman Allan, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 15th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Douglas Lane in the 17th Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

West Essex Yeomanry Cavalry.

Archdale Villiers Palmer, Esq., to be Captain' vice Jessopp, deceased. Dated 14th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain William George Woods in the 1st Newcastle-upon-Tyne Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland, *and the Town and County of* Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

1*st Newcastle-upon-Tyne Artillery Volunteers.*

Captain George Clement Hassell to be Major. Dated 12th December, 1863.

First Lieutenant Pearson Armstrong to be Captain, vice Hassell, promoted. Dated 12th December, 1863,

Second Lieutenant William Hutt Althusen to be First Lieutenant, vice Armstrong, promoted. Dated 12th December, 1863.

First Lieutenant Ralph H. Tweddell to be Captain, vice Woods, resigned. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Prosser in the 6th Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain W. B. Hawkins and Lieutenant H. Tothill in the 2nd Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

2*nd Administrative Battalion of Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteers.*

Thomas Prosser, Esq., F.R.C.S., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Datdd 16th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant John Phillips Grazebrook in the 9th Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

9*th Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign Charles Skidmore King to be Lieutenant, vice Grazebrook, resigned. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Philip Walker to be Ensign. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

Victoria Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Assistant-Surgeon Henry Charles Stewart, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Croft, resigned. Dated 10th December, 1863.

William George Shepherd, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Stewart, promoted. Dated 10th December, 1863.

33*rd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Alexander Sinclair to be Ensign. Dated 11th December, 1863.

36*th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Supernumerary Lieutenant Henry Sargent to be Lieutenant. Dated 12th December, 1863.

***Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of* Lancaster.**

19th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Openshaw Greenhow, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 27th November, 1863.

1st Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Reginald Harrison, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 27th November, 1863.

1st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Horatio Gambell, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Quartermaster. Dated 23rd November, 1863.

Ensign Frederick Allender to be Lieutenant. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

7th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Henry Macaulay to be Lieutenant. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

William Hesketh, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

27th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Hesketh, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 16th November, 1863.

33rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Henry Jackson to be Captain. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Alfred Jackson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Thomas Lawson Cunliffe, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Robert Wood Collin, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 26th November, 1863.

46th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Thomas Beckton to be Captain, vice Bowers, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Ensign Herbert Fletcher to be Lieutenant. Dated 3rd December, 1863.

53rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Herbert Halstead to be Captain, vice Rigge, resigned. Dated 26th November, 1863.

Piers Frederick Legh, Gent., to Lieutenant, vice Halstead, promoted. Dated 26th November, 1863.

64th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Daniel Powell to be Major. Dated 18th November, 1863.

80th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Barker, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 30th November, 1863.

88th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Abraham Haworth to be Captain, vice Schofield, resigned. Dated 2nd December, 1863.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Sussex.**

11th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William F. Tribe to be Ensign, vice Hardy, promoted. Dated 21st November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain James Johnston in the 2nd Elginshire Rifle Volunteer Corps, also of the Commission held by Honorary Assistant-Surgeon Alexander B. Thompson in the 4th Elginshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

***Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Elgin.**

1st Administrative Battalion of Elginshire Rifle Volunteers.

James Johnston, Esq., to be Major. Dated 15th December, 1863.

2nd Elginshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Alexander Cameron to be Captain. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Ensign James Jameson to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th December, 1863.

Charles Johnston, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th December, 1863.

4th Elginshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Ferguson, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 15th December, 1863.

7th Elginshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Kerr, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th December, 1863.

William Sim, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 15th December, 1863.

***Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Stafford.**

2nd Administrative Battalion of Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Gretton, of the 7th Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps, to be Major. Dated 10th December, 1863.

25th Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Frederick Greatrex, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 12th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain John Holman Hay in the 8th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Surrey.**

8th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Norbury Pott to be Captain, vice Hay, resigned. Dated 10th December, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 27th ultimo.]

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of* Surrey.**

19th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Battalion.

Horace Haward Meadows, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 24th November, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Wyndham Pain in the 1st Wilts Rifle Volunteer Corps.

LONDON GAZETTE ONE PENNY NEWS

Whitehall, December 9, 1863.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed John Steavenson, of No. 25, Gracechurch-street, and No. 19, King's Arms-yard, in the city of London, Gentleman, to be a London Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

ATHERTON, LANCASHIRE.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the township of Atherton, in the county of Lancaster, and notice of such adoption was duly given and certified, and also published and circulated in the aforesaid township, and copies of such notice have been affixed to the principal doors of each church and chapel in such township to which notices are usually affixed: And whereas an appeal was presented to me, setting forth grounds on which the petitioners from parts of such townships prayed to be excluded from such township, and annexed to the adjoining district of Tyldesley with Shakerley; and inquiry has been directed and made into the circumstances of the case, and into the matters alleged in such appeal, and report has been made to me thereon:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby order that the aforesaid appeal be dismissed, and do declare the vote adopting the Local Government Act, 1858, within the aforesaid township of Atherton to be valid; and do also order that the said Local Government Act, 1858, shall come into force within such township of Atherton, from and after the 1st day of January, 1864.

Given under my hand this 19th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

India Office, December 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice,—

That, with reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office under date the 10th ultimo, the amount for which Tenders for Bills of Exchange will be received at the Bank of England, on Wednesday, the 6th January, on the terms stated in that Advertisement, will be Rupees 50,00,000, of which not more than Rupees 21,00,000 will be drawn on the Government of Bombay, and Rupees 2,00,000, on that of Madras.

Thomas George Baring.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Chapel, situated at Norman-road West, in the parish of Saint Mary Magdalen, in the county of Sussex, in the district of Hastings, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 11th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 12th day of December, 1863.

Anthy. Harvey, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Chapel, situated in West-street, in the parish of Oundle, in the county of Northampton, in the district of Oundle, in the counties of Northampton and Huntingdon, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 16th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 17th day of December, 1863.

Robt. Richardson, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the New Bath Dependent Briton Friendly Society, held at the Union Inn, Northgate-street, Bath, in the county of Somerset, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 9th day of December, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 14th day of December, 1863.

Blackfriars Bridge Bonds.

IN pursuance of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty William the Fourth, cap. 118, intituled "An Act for raising a sum of Money for the Repair of Blackfriars Bridge," and in obedience to an order of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council assembled,—Notice is hereby given, that it is their intention to Redeem the Annuity or Annual Sum of £228, part of an annuity or annual sum of £400, granted in respect of a sum of £10,000, advanced by virtue of the said Act, and secured by a bond or obligation under the common seal of the said City, bearing date the 12th April, 1838, and numbered 3; also the annuity or annual sum of £52, part of an annuity or annual sum of £400, granted in respect of a sum of £10,000, advanced by virtue of the said Act, and secured by a bond or obligation under the common seal of the said City, bearing date the 14th March, 1839, and numbered 4. And I do hereby give notice that (in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act), at the end of six calendar months next after notice of such intention shall have been given, in the manner by the said Act directed, upon payment or tender of the several sums of £5,700 and £1,300, together with a proportionate part of the said several annual sums of £228 and £52, up to the day of such payment or tender, to or for the person or persons then entitled thereto, at my office of Chamberlain of the said City, in the Guildhall of the said City, the said several annual sums of £228 and £52 will cease and determine. Nevertheless, such person or persons, at any time after this notice, and before the end of the said six calendar months, will be entitled at the expiration of fourteen days next after a declaration, in writing, of his, her, or their intention to receive the same, shall have been delivered at the said office (such declaration being delivered between the hours of ten in the morning and two in the afternoon), to be paid at the said office, the said several sums of £5,700 and £1,300, together with a proportionate part of the said several annual sums of £228 and £52 up to the day

expressed in such declaration for receiving the same, and the said several annual sums of £228 and £52 will, on the day specified in such declaration for payment, cease and determine.

Benjamin Scott, Chamberlain.

Chamber of London, Guildhall,
December 18, 1863.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1977. David Wright Barker, of Anderlecht, near Brussels, in Belgium, Manufacturer of Stuff Goods, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for actuating rotary shuttle boxes."

1978. And John Thomson King, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Consulting Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for containing and distributing gas for lighting railway carriages, steamboats, and other moveable vehicles and vessels, railway stations, and other places, parts of such apparatus being suitable for governing the supply of gas and air for various purposes."

1979. And William Blackett Haigh, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an equilibrium saw-frame."

1985. And Sir John Scott Lillie, Knight of and Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, of 105, Pall-mall, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved revolving battery."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 11th day of August, 1863.

1990. And Richard Canham, of Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, Foundry Manager, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machines for the preparation of moulds for casting."

1992. And Robert Stirling Newall, of Gateshead, in the county of Durham, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mode of, and apparatus for, drying chemical compounds and other substances."

1993. And Rudolph Wappenstein, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engraver, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new method of preventing forgery of bankers cheques and other documents by the use of a stamp, and a new apparatus whereby the issue of stamped documents is controlled."

1994. And William Hudson, of Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, Christopher Catlow, of the same place, Overlooker, and John Dodgeon, of the same place, Commission Agent, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."

1995. And Robert Stirling Newall, of Gateshead, in the county of Durham, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for serving ropes for ships' rigging and other purposes."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 12th day of August, 1863.

2000. And James Edmunds, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Gun Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement or improvements in gun and pistol furniture."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of August, 1863.

2018. And William Asbury, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in axles and axle boxes, and the parts of wheels immediately connected therewith."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of August, 1863.

2021. And George Yates, of Oswaldwistle, in the county of Lancaster, Engine Driver, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of, and apparatus for, indicating the number of tubs, or other measures or quantities of coal or other substance or material drawn from pits or mines."

2027. And Frederick Flavell, of Welton, near Daventry, in the county of Northampton, Machinist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in shakers for thrashing machines."

2029. And Thomas Brooks, of Wild's-rents, Long-lane, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for the production of charcoal and other products from refuse tan and other woody substances."

2035. And Augustus William Parker, of Bristol Soap Works, Lewin Meade, and Deep-street, Bristol, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of soap."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 15th day of August, 1863.

2043. And James Stead Crosland, of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lubricating and in arrangements and mechanism for lubricating the bearings, journals, or steps of spindles, shafts, axles, and other mechanism."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of August, 1863.

2054. And Jean Baptiste Vincent Faure, of Aschaffenburg, in Bavaria, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in pen and ink holders."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of August, 1863.

2058. And Charles Sonnhammer, of Regent-street, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved fan."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of August, 1863.

2078. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given he like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in expressing and filtering oil from seeds and liquids, from other substances containing the same, and in apparatus employed therein."—A communication to him from abroad by Guillaume Cregut and Tschiffeli, Brothers, all of Marseilles, France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of August, 1863.

2085. And Alfred Watson, of King-street, in the city of London, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of, and apparatus for, inserting pictures in, and withdrawing them from, photographic albums."

2086. And Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new metallic alloy."—A communication to him from abroad by Henri Micolon, of Paris, France.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of August, 1863.

2097. And Henry Frederick McKillop, of Belvedere, in the county of Kent, Captain in the Royal Navy, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in cleansing ships' bottoms."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2122. And George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's Inn, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron and steel from the cinders and refuse of puddling and other furnaces, and from certain kinds of ores."—A communication to him from abroad by Antoine Leonard Fleury, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in the United States of America.

2124. And John Shaw, of Junction Implement Works, New Wortley, Leeds, Implement Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machines for cutting or reducing turnips or other roots as food for animals."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 28th day of August, 1863.

2222. And William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the means of utilizing refuse azoted matters of commerce, for the manufacture of various chemical products."—A communication to him from abroad by Amédée Gélis, Chemist, and Lucien Dusart, Chemist, both of 29, Boulevart St. Martin, Paris.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of September, 1863.

2315. And Thomas Richardson, of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Chemist, John James Lundy, of Leith, in the county of Midlothian, North Britain, Colour Manufacturer, and Robert Irvine, of Magdalen Chemical Works, in the said county of Midlothian, Manufacturing Chemist, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the extraction or manufacture of oils from vegetable substances."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of September, 1863.

2330. And Hiram Hutchinson, of No. 26, Rue Notre-Dame des Victoires, Paris, Manufacturer of India rubber, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for manufacturing moulded articles of India-rubber."—A communication to him from abroad by John Green, a person resident at New York, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of September, 1863.

2371. And James Spence, Engineer, in Her Majesty's Dockyard, Portsmouth, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved plastic composition, applicable to the coating of metallic and other surfaces."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 26th day of September, 1863.

2896. And William Bridges Adams, of Holly Mount, Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in wheels, tires, axles, and axle boxes, and modes of applying them."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of November, 1863.

2920. And Giardinelli Spooner Kirkman, of No. 27, Claremont-terrace, Fentimans-road, in the county of Surrey, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus used for connecting railway carriages and trucks."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of November, 1863.

3016. And Edward Augustus Inglefield, of Her Majesty's ship Majestic, now lying off Rock Ferry, Cheshire, Captain in the Royal Navy, F.R.S., and F.R.G.S., has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for mounting and working guns used in ships and other floating vessels, and in fortifications."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of December, 1863.

3034. And Thomas Harrison, of Tudhoe, near Ferry Hill, in the county of Durham, Mechanical Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting coal and other minerals and stones."

3035. And Henry Duncan Preston Cunningham, of Bury, Alverstoke, in the county of Hants, Esquire, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in reefing and furling topsails, topgallant sails, and royals."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of December, 1863.

3047. And Robert Riley, of Sharples, near Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Manager, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in carding engines."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of December, 1863.

3057. And William Gorman and John Paton, both of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in obtaining and applying heat, and in apparatus therefor, being also in part applicable for lighting."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 5th day of December, 1863.

3103. And William Henry Cole, of No. 52, Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "Firstly, for casting steam cylinders of steam engines in the form of a segment of a cylindrical ring or circle; and secondly, the machine for boring them truly cylindrical, and retaining the line of the bore on the curve of a true circle."—A communication to him from abroad by Samuel Woodruff and Henry B. Beach, both of Hartford, in the county of Hartford, and State of Connecticut, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of December, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Erratum in Gazette of December 18.

2897. For "improvements in 'drifts' and in apparatus for making the same," read "improvements in 'drifts' or tools used for enlarging holes, and in apparatus for making the same."

South Staffordshire Waterworks Company.

Walsall, December 17, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, to the proprietors of the undermentioned shares in the South Staffordshire Waterworks Company, that in consequence of their having for the space of two months and upwards from the respective days appointed for the payment of certain calls, made in respect of the shares of which they are the persons appearing by the Register of Shareholders to be the holders respectively, failed to pay such calls, together with the interest thereon; the Directors of the said Company intend at and after the expiration of twenty-one days from the day on which this notice shall appear in the London Gazette to declare the said shares to be forfeited.

The Numbers of the Shares are—

1106	to 1115	both inclusive.
1236	to 1285	„
2246	to 2345	„
2496	to 2595	„
4981	to 4990	„
7358	to 7362	„
8208	to 8210	„
8211	to 8510	„
13559	to 13578	„
13579	to 13598	„
13599	to 13600	„
13601	to 13700	„
13701	to 13720	„
13721	to 16000	„

By order of the Directors,

Henry Haselden, Secretary.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts, 1848, 1849, and 1857; and of the Pontnewydd Works, carried on by a Partnership, under the style or firm of Edward Jenkins and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all parties claiming to be creditors of the above-named Company are to come in and prove their claims at the Chambers of the Master of the Rolls, the Judge to whose Court this matter is attached, in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on or before the 15th day of January, 1864, or in default thereof they will be precluded from the benefit of any distribution which may be made before such claims are proved, and they are not to take any other proceedings for the recovery of their debts. Thursday, the 28th day of January, 1864, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the chambers aforesaid, is the time and place appointed for adjudicating upon the said claims.—Dated the 22nd day of December, 1863.

CONTRACTS FOR NECESSARIES AND BARRACK STORES FOR THE ROYAL MARINES.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling and Transport Services, Somerset-House, December 15, 1863.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, the 29th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at Deptford, all such quantities of

ROUND TOWELS, CLOTHES BRUSHES, AND COAL BASKETS

(for the use of the Royal Marines),

as may be from time to time demanded, under contracts for twelve months certain, and further until the expiration of three months' warning.

Patterns of the articles may be seen at the Royal Marine Office, New-street, Spring-gardens, between the hours of eleven and two o'clock.

No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the above Department.

Particular attention is called to the recent modifications of the conditions of the contracts, which may be seen at the said Department.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty, and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an agent on his behalf, should attend at the Office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for ," and must also be delivered at Somerset House, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £100 for the due performance of each of the contracts.

CONTRACT FOR COALS FOR BARBADOES.

Department of the Storekeeper-General of the Navy, Somerset-Place, December 8, 1863.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, the 29th instant, at two o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Store at Barbadoes,

2,100 Tons of SOUTH WALES COALS,

fit for the Service of Her Majesty's Steam Ships and Vessels.

The conditions of the contract and a form of the tender may be seen at the said Office.

No tender will be received after two o'clock on the day of treaty, nor will any be noticed unless the party attends, or an agent for him duly authorized in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Coals for Barbadoes," and must also be delivered at Somerset-place, accompanied by a letter, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering in the sum of £1,000 for the due performance of the contract.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 12th day of December, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	11026
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	22599
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	21236
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4408
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	13565
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	28754
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	13807
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	20568
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	68588
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14361
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8210
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	21880
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	15674
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	18458
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	49221
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	27776
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	21829
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	33997
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	24255
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	11315
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	44348
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	20095
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	11234
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2691
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	12936
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	45130
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	28899
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	18612
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2431
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	14673
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	26346
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	33665
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	4630
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	15027
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	69094
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	7112
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9687
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	34224
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	24694
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	5765
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	10195
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	65048
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	80656
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7526
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	36583
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	98307
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	47111

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	33036
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	21185
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	6377
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	4791
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	3965
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	10003
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	25515
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	18180
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	34313
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	4448
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	34367
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	19812
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	53693
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	14186
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	19911
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	20721
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	41270
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5219
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	53435
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	35987
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	29109
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	24030
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	88315
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	23004
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	6500
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	2655
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	33227
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	12786
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	10885
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5668
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	5416
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	18765
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	27941
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	6648
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	26202
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	47345
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	11795
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	17267
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	49425
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	83997
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	7901
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	21310
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	7385
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	25860

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	Croxon and Co.	10307
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	Parsons and Co.	34240
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	H., S., A. H., T., and A. T. Beeching	9186
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	J. W. Clinch and Sons	9278
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank	Hull	Peases and Co.	45851
Penzance Bank	Penzance	Batten and Co.	8780
Pembrokeshire Bank	Haverfordwest	J. and W. Walters	13082
Reading Bank	Reading	Simonds and Co.	22897
Reading Bank	Reading	Stephens, Blandy, and Co.	26218
Richmond Bank	Richmond	Roper and Co.	6750
Rochdale Bank	Rochdale	Clement, Royds, and Co.	1790
Rochester, Chatham, and Strood Bank	Rochester	Day, Nicholson, and Co.	6519
Royston Bank	Royston	Fordham and Sons	8836
Rugby Bank	Rugby	A. Butlin and Son	9362
Rye Bank	Rye	R. C. Pomfret and Co.	10192
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden	Gibson, Tuke, and Co.	22413
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury	Burton, Lloyd, and Co.	11082
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough	Woodall and Co.	24047
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrewsbury and Ludlow Bank	Shrewsbury	Rocke, Eytons, and Co.	36289
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	Sittingbourne	Vallance and Co.	2885
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton	Maddison, Pearce, and Co.	8858
Southwell Bank	Southwell	Wylde and Co.	9649
Southampton and Hampshire Bank	Southampton	Atherley and Co.	2370
Stafford Old Bank	Stafford	Stevenson and Co.	12579
Stamford and Rutland Bank	Stamford	Eaton, Cayley, and Co.	19775
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	Shrewsbury	Beck, Downward, and Co.	22084
Taunton Bank.	Taunton	H., R. and H. J. Badcock	23134
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock	Gill, Sons, and Co.	11421
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury	Harwood and Co.	7443
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	Tiverton	Dunsford and Co.	9699
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, Northamptonshire	Thrapston	Eland and Eland	11232
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank	Tring	Butcher and Sons	12106
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester	Percival and Co.	5872
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston	Vivian and Co.	15592
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge	Hull, Smith, and Co.	7961
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford	Hedges, Wells, and Co.	5855
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	Warwick	Greenway and Co.	17453
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington	Fox, Brothers, and Co.	4026
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and Pontefract Bank	Wakefield	Leatham, Tew, and Co.	43262
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby	Simpson, Chapman, and Co.	13666
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester	Bulpett and Co.	13732
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank	Weymouth	Eliot, Pearce, and Co.	13964
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derbyshire Bank	Wirksworth	Arkwright and Co.	34661
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	Wisbech	Gurneys and Co.	40426
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe	P. and W. Hancock	5135
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkesbury Old Bank	Worcester	Berwick, Lechmere, & Co.	54971
Wolverhampton Bank	Wolverhampton	R. and W. F. Fryer	9570
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and Halesworth and Suffolk Bank	Yarmouth	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co.	43800
Yarmouth, Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co.	11573
York Bank	York	Swann, Clough and Co.	38134

Numb. 22799. 6633

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1863.

War Office, December 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for War has received a Despatch, with its Enclosures, from Lieutenant-General D. A. Cameron, C.B., Commanding Her Majesty's Forces in New Zealand, of which the following are copies :—

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
MY LORD, *October* 5, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship that the force under my command in this province has continued to occupy nearly the same positions as at the date of my last despatch. The boats which I mentioned were being fitted to carry guns, are now ready to enter the Waikato river, and on the arrival of the iron steamer from Sydney, which, from the intelligence lately received, may be expected daily, I shall lose no time in commencing active operations.

My advance having been necessarily delayed until the gun-boats and steamer were available, the enemy has, in the meantime, taken the opportunity of practising his favourite mode of warfare by forming marauding bands, plundering the scattered settlements in the bush, and murdering individuals. This, in such a country as New Zealand, it is impossible wholly to prevent. It has, however, led to several skirmishes reflecting the highest credit on the officers and men engaged, who have invariably fought with great gallantry and intelligence, and in every instance, excepting the conflict at Cameron Town (where a small detachment was suddenly exposed in a most unfavourable position to the fire of overwhelming numbers), they inflicted a much severer loss on the enemy than they have themselves sustained, The officers in command, many of them young, and most of them untried, have one and all merited my entire approbation.

I forward, herewith, copies of the reports of these engagements which I received from the officers in command, together with copies of my despatches to His Excellency Sir George Grey, and I beg to recommend to your Lordship's favourable notice, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates who are specially mentioned in them for their distinguished conduct, more particularly Major Lyon, Auckland Volunteers, formerly of the 92nd Highlanders, Captain Russell, 57th Regiment, Captain Inman, 18th Royal Irish, Captain Saltmarshe, 70th Regiment, Lieutenant Butler, 65th Regiment, and Colour-Serjeant McKenna, 65th Regiment.

I feel sure that your Lordship will read the reports of the conflict near Cameron Town with feelings of admiration for the bravery and fortitude displayed by the detachment of the 65th Regiment, under command of Captain Swift, and that you will lament with me the loss which the service has sustained by the death of that gallant and chivalrous officer, who was killed while leading his men against the enemy, and whose last words, after he had fallen, were an exhortation to the men to charge.

With reference to the capture and destruction of commissariat stores at Cameron Town, I beg to explain that, with the view of relieving the troops as much as possible during the very inclement weather from the harassing duties of escorting convoys along the road, I made arrangements that supplies should be brought round from Auckland in a vessel which was to anchor inside the Waikato Heads, whence her cargo was to be conveyed up the river to the Queen's Redoubt, in canoes manned by friendly natives. These natives being on good terms both with ourselves and the enemy, it was considered that the stores would be safe in their charge. Mr. Armitage, Resident Magistrate of the district, who had resided a great many years among the natives, was appointed by the Government to superintend this service. As the natives employed in it belonged to two different tribes, each of which would not work beyond a certain part of the river, it became necessary to establish a small intermediate depôt for the temporary reception of stores, and for this purpose Cameron Town was favourably situated, particularly as Mr. Armitage himself lived there, and a small number of friendly natives inhabited a pah on the spot. This pah was suddenly attacked by a large body of the enemy, the friendly natives driven out, Mr. Armitage killed, and the stores destroyed, consisting principally of forage, and including, fortunately, but little that would afford subsistence to the enemy.

From Mr. Armitage I had always received the greatest assistance ; and I deeply deplore his untimely death in the midst of a career of great public usefulness.

I am happy to inform your Lordship that the efforts of the Colonial Government to raise ... teers in this and the neighbouring colo... general service during the war, on condi...

obtaining grants of land, have been most successful, upwards of 1800 having been already enrolled and several hundred more are expected. They are for the most part fine able-bodied men. About one half of them are drilled and fit for service at the outposts, and the remainder are being rapidly trained.

Since the date of my last despatch, on the renewed application for reinforcements from Australia, nearly the whole of the troops from Melbourne and Hobart Town have arrived, and I am led to expect an additional hundred men from Sydney, which will make in all a reinforcement of 400 men from Victoria, New South Wales, and Tasmania.

In consequence of the great extent of ground over which the force in this province is distributed, I have found it necessary to form four separate districts, which are shown in the accompanying General Order.

The moveable column therein-mentioned, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, Colonial Defence Corps, is composed of regulars and militia, and was formed for the purpose of scouring the bush in every direction.

I have, &c.,
D. A. CAMERON, Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War Office, London.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 615.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 27, 1863.

No. 5.—The Lieutenant-General Commanding has approved of the following re-arrangement of districts and commands in the province of Auckland:—

Auckland District, under Major-General Galloway, Head Quarters, Auckland.

To consist of Auckland and the country southwards as far as Otahuhu, including that post and Howick.

Papakura District, under Colonel Carey, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, Head Quarters, Papakura.

The country south of Otahuhu to Papakura, inclusive, and thence eastwards to Wairoa, including the posts at Burton's, Kirikiri, and Wairoa River.

Drury District, under Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, Head Quarters, Drury.

The country south of Papakura, and east and west of the Great South Road to Martyn's Farm, including that post, with Pukekohe, Mauku, and Waiuku.

Head Quarter District, present Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

From Martyn's Farm southwards to the advanced posts, including Tuakau.

The Moveable Column, under Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, Head Quarters in the vicinity of Drury,

Will be available for service in any direction ordered by the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

All officers commanding districts, as well as Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, will take their orders from, and report to, the Lieutenant-General Commanding through the proper channels, and will give the Lieutenant-General the earliest and fullest information of everything that goes on within their commands. They will also communicate, without delay, to each other any important intelligence about the enemy's movements, &c., and will support and assist each other in cases of emergency.

Besides reporting to head-quarters, they will acquaint His Excellency the Governor (by telegraph, if possible) with any important intelligence they may receive, or with any event of consequence that may occur within their respective commands.

Officers commanding posts will report to the head-quarters of their respective districts.

By command,
(Signed) R. CAREY, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Deputy Adjutant-General.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 9, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform your Excellency that about four o'clock P.M. on the 7th instant, I received intelligence from Captain Swift, 65th Regiment, commanding the redoubt at Tuakau, that the pah at Cameron Town, in which a quantity of commissariat supplies had been stored, prior to their conveyance in canoes to the bluff by the friendly natives, had been attacked, and the stores captured and destroyed by the insurgents. Captain Swift stated also that he had started with a party of 50 men to scour the bush in the direction of Cameron Town.

As I foresaw the probability of this small party being beset in the bush by superior numbers, I arranged with Captain Sullivan, R.N., that a force of 150 men, under the command of Colonel Murray, 65th Regiment, should be embarked without delay in boats at Mangatawhiri, and proceeded to Tuakau with instructions to move in support of Captain Swift's party.

I herewith enclose an account of the engagement given me by Lieutenant Butler, 65th Regiment, who is now in the Queen's Redoubt, having been severely wounded at the commencement of the action.

No report has yet been received from Colour-Serjeant MacKenna, on whom the command of Captain Swift's party devolved when both officers were disabled, as that non-commissioned officer is still at Tuakau. He appears to have acted with great judgment and courage, and to have secured the confidence of the men at once by his admirable conduct.

Your Excellency will, I feel sure, share in my admiration of the conduct of the whole of the detachment, animated as they were by the noble example of their commander; and that you will join me in lamenting the loss which the service has sustained by the death of so gallant and promising an officer as Captain Swift.

Colonel Murray, whose report is enclosed, returned with his detachment this morning, and as four men were still missing when he left Tuakau, I ordered a detachment of 100 men of the 40th Regiment, under the command of Major Blyth, to march there this morning and occupy the post during the temporary absence of an equal number

of its garrison, who were to proceed in search of the missing men.

I forward, herewith, a copy of the return of the casualties on this occasion.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c. &c.

Camp, Queen's Redoubt,
September 9, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that in compliance with his orders I marched to Mangatawhiri on Monday evening, in command of the force, as per margin,* and there embarked in six boats to proceed to Taúkau, which I did not reach until midnight; on my arrival at Tuakau, I found that Captain Swift had not yet returned from Cameron Town with his party, and it was supposed he had remained at the pah.

The night was too dark to find the track through the difficult country between Tuakau and Cameron Town, and I consequently deferred further proceedings till daylight; accordingly, I fell in the men at four A.M., and directed Captain Ord to proceed with 30 men, by water, to Cameron Town, with instructions to co-operate with me;—I proceeded by land to the same place. On the way I met Corporal Ryan, who first gave me information that Captain Swift had been killed and Lieutenant Butler badly wounded; I accordingly pushed on as fast as I could, and after proceeding about two miles, I met Serjeant McKenna with about 30 men, who gave me the first information that Captain Swift had fallen into an ambuscade, and a fire had been opened on him on all sides from the bush, at a distance of about eight or ten yards, and the two officers becoming non-effective the command devolved on him; he then called on the men to stand by him, which he states they obeyed with the utmost alacrity, and under his directions they kept up a steady fire for, as far as I can learn, about an hour.

The firing having ceased, by that time Serjeant McKenna retired with his little force into the bush and lay down, keeping perfectly quiet till daylight enabled him to see where he was, and thus make his way to the redoubt.

Serjeant McKenna and his men appearing very much exhausted after their night's exposure, I desired him to return to the redoubt, after receiving from him such description as he could give of where I might be able to find the killed.

Of the wounded or missing (except such as had come in) he could give me no information.

I had previously met Lieutenant Butler, badly wounded, making his way, with the assistance of two men, to the redoubt, and having put him on a stretcher, I detached a party to convey him. I pushed on, and on arriving at the spot where the affair with Captain Swift's party had occurred, I searched the bush for his body, which, by Corporal Ryan's description, was found after some time. (I beg here to mention that Corporal Ryan and Private Bulford remained with Captain Swift for several hours after he died, and having concealed his body, made their way to the redoubt).

Not knowing in what direction to search for the missing men, I returned with the bodies found to the redoubt, which I reached at half-past two P.M., and finding the steamer there, I sent a request to Captain Sullivan, Her Majesty's ship "Harrier," to take a portion of my force on board, which he having consented to, I embarked 100 men, and directed Captain Ord to follow in the boats with the remainder.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. F. MURRAY, Major,
65th Regiment and Colonel.

The Military Secretary,
Head Quarters,
Queen's Redoubt.

STATEMENT MADE BY LIEUTENANT BUTLER, 65TH REGIMENT.

LIEUTENANT BUTLER states:—"The firing at Cameron Town was heard at Tuakau, a little before eleven A.M. on the 7th instant, and the friendly pah could be plainly seen in flames. Not long after, five friendly natives of Kukutai's people arrived in a canoe, who said they were on the beach near Cameron Town when the rebels attacked the pah. Captain Swift then determined to proceed in the direction of Cameron Town with a party of fifty men. We left Tuakau about half-past twelve, and after a march of two hours over a very difficult track, a distance probably of seven miles, we reached a clearing, and passed through it to the top of a hill, where we got a view of a few detached wharries. Here the track led through some bush; after penetrating this for about two hundred yards, we heard the Maories talking. We fancied they were approaching by the track on which we were, and prepared an ambuscade for them, by extending on both sides of the track. Finding the Maories did not come on as we had expected, Captain Swift ordered the men to fix bayonets. We pushed on from twelve to twenty yards, when, at a turn of the track, they opened fire on us. They were evidently ready for us, and must have seen us from the pah a long time before we reached them. Captain Swift fell at the first volley. I asked if we should charge, he said, yes; and when I was doing so, about ten yards in advance of the men, I was brought to the ground. I drew my revolver, and they say that I shot two men with it. Colour-Serjeant McKenna, who was very cool and collected throughout, then took charge of the party, and a skirmish ensued, which lasted about twenty minutes, during which he stated that he saw seven Maories fall. The enemy was driven back two or three hundred yards. The men remained all night on the ground from which the natives had been driven, except the advance guard, which had become separated from us before the engagement. It appears to have shared in the attack, and rejoined the main body shortly before we arrived at the redoubt. I am not able to form an opinion of the numbers of the enemy, I scarcely think there could have been three hundred. Captain Swift died about six o'clock that evening; he was shot through one lung and in the side. No one could have behaved better than he did; and the conduct of the men too was admirable. The party started on their return to Tuakau about five next morning, when we were met shortly after by that under the command of Colonel Murray, who had come to support us. He passed on with the view of searching for men who were missing.

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* 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 3 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 2 Subalterns, 4 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 100 Rank and File.—Total—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 3 Subalterns, 7 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 150 Rank and File.

65TH REGIMENT.

NOMINAL RETURN of Casualties of the above Corps at Cameron, on 7th September, 1863.

Regimental Number.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Date of Death.	Place of Death.	Nature of Injury.
	Captain Richard Swift ...	65th	32	13	1863. Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound; killed.
3277	Private Robert Bellringer	„	28	9	Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound; killed.
1051	„ Stephen Grace ...	„	37	15	Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound; killed.
	Lieutenant Villars Butler	„	23	5	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
163	Private Francis Powell ...	„	22	4	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
3422	„ James McLean ...	„	27	8	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
3666	„ Michael Bryan ...	„	30	10	...	...	Gunshot wound; missing.*
2268	„ Thomas Whittle	„	36	17	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.

* Since ascertained to have been killed.

(Signed) J. MOUAT,
Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Queen's Redoubt.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 11, 1863.

SIR,

WITH reference to my letter of the 9th instant, relative to the engagement which took place in the bush near Cameron, between a party of the 65th Regiment, under the command of Captain Swift, and a body of rebel natives, on the 7th instant, I have now the honour to forward the report of Colour-Serjeant MacKenna, which has been transmitted to me by Colonel Wyatt, commanding 65th Regiment, whose letter I enclose.

This interesting report fully bears out the opinion I expressed in the letter alluded to above of the conduct of the officers and men of this detachment.

It is difficult to conceive a more trying position than that in which this detachment was placed, when deprived of both its officers it found itself in the midst of a dense bush surrounded on every side by a savage enemy and too distant from the nearest post to entertain any hope of support.

The courage, intelligence, and self-reliance, for which the soldiers of the 65th Regiment are so distinguished were never more conspicuously displayed than on this critical occasion; fortunately in Colour-Serjeant MacKenna the detachment found a Commander whose coolness, intrepidity, and judgment justified the confidence placed in him by the soldiers brought so suddenly under his command.

I need scarcely assure your Excellency that it will give me great pleasure to report the meritorious conduct of this detachment to his Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief and to the Right Honourable Secretary of State for War, and to recommend to special notice the name of Lieutenant Butler, Colour-Serjeant MacKenna, and the other non-commissioned officers and soldiers so honourably mentioned by Colonel Wyatt.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.

Camp Queen's Redoubt,
September 11, 1863.

SIR,

IN accordance with the wishes of the Lieutenant-General, I have called upon Colour-Serjeant E. McKenna to furnish me with a report of the action at Cameron, on the 7th instant.

From the corroborative statements made to me by Lieutenant Warren, who has ample opportunities of acquiring full information of the various events and places while in command of the detachment, 65th Regiment, that proceeded from the Alexandra Redoubt, in search of the missing on the 8th (under Colonel Murray), and subsequently on the 9th. I am perfectly satisfied with the truthfulness of the appended letter.

As acts of daring and gallantry are sure to be appreciated, I trust the Lieutenant-General will be pleased to bring this instance to the notice of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, for some special mark of approval on the part of Her Majesty, for his gallant conduct after both his officers had been shot, in charging through the position of an enemy heavily outnumbering him, and drawing off his small force through a broken and rugged country with the loss of but one man killed and another missing.*

* Private Grace, killed; Private Ryan, missing.

As soon as I can obtain the necessary documents from the Officer Commanding at Tuakau, I will not fail to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General the gallant conduct of Lance-Corporal Ryan, Private William Bulford, and John Talbot, who removed the body of their Captain from the field of action, and remained with it all night in a bush surrounded by the enemy, and also that of Private Benjamin Thomas and John Cole, who, after remaining all night in the fern with Lieutenant Butler, who was so badly wounded, in the morning carried him several miles towards the 65th camp, until met by the reinforcement under Colonel Murray, proceeding to their assistance.

I would also beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General the conduct of Drummer Henry Welsh, who, when Private Grace was killed, picked up his rifle and emptied his pouch of any ammunition and copper caps, under a galling fire, and thus prevented the enemy from obtaining that trophy; and I trust that the cool and determined bravery of the small parties under the command of Colour-Serjeant McKenna and Serjeant Meara will be favourably mentioned.

Only one rifle was captured by the enemy, that of Private Belringer, who was killed when with the advance guard, which was then fearfully outnumbered and hardly pressed by the enemy, and slowly retiring in skirmishing order.

I sincerely trust and hope the Lieutenant-General will make a favourable mention to His Royal Highness of Lieutenant Butler, who in the late, and already in the present war, has proved himself a most promising officer, and unsurpassed for coolness and conduct under trying circumstances.

From my knowledge of the late Captain Swift I may safely say that I considered him one of the best officers I ever had the honour of commanding, and one who held a high position in the estimation of every individual in the 65th Regiment.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) ALFRED F. W. WYATT,
Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel
Commanding 65th Regiment.

The Military Secretary,
Head Quarters.

Alexandra Redoubt, Tuakau,
SIR, *September* 8, 1863.

I BEG to state, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that at one o'clock P.M., on the 7th September, 1863, I proceeded, under command of Captain Swift, with the force, as per margin*, to attack a party of natives who had set fire to the friendly native pah, erected on the township of Cameron, for the purpose of trying to rescue Mr. Armitage and a party of friendly natives who were known to have been down there, also a quantity of commissariat supplies brought up from Waiuku.

Proceeding in skirmishing order, we arrived, at about half-past two o'clock P.M., at the skirt of the bush leading to the ranges on which the pah was situated, and after an half hour's struggle through the bush, we came to a clearing, halting; the Captain ordered our half ration of rum to be distributed, sending on the advance guard immediately after. When, on having proceeded a few hundred yards, it became apparent that the advance guard had lost or struck off the track, but that we had gained it. I then proposed to Captain Swift to advance and act as scout to the party, to which he immediately assented, cautioning me not to proceed more than thirty yards in front of the main body. After advancing in this order for about three-quarters of a mile, I observed tracks of natives, and in large numbers. This I pointed out to the Captain, and a little further on, I heard the natives in loud debate, on which (expecting that they were returning on the track that we were pursuing) I again informed Captain Swift, who ordered the men to lie down in the bush, at the same time ordering them not to fire until he gave the word of command. However, on finding that the natives were not advancing, I crept up to within twelve yards of them, when, from their conversation, I judged that they were under the influence of liquor. Captain Swift immediately called to advance, ordering the men to fix bayonets and charge. We advanced to within six yards of them, when they opened a most terrific fire. Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler were at this time leading on the men, and after receiving the enemy's fire, the men gave a cheer and returned it in grand style. Lieutenant Butler shooting down a native on his right, turned his revolver to the left. As quick as thought I saw him come on his knee, at the same time discharging the remainder of the barrels of his revolver, bringing another native down at the same time that he fell himself. Seeing that he was wounded, I ordered Lance-Corporal Ryan and one of the men to take him to the rear, when he ordered me to lead the men to the front. On turning to my left, I found Captain Swift mortally wounded, and after speaking a few words to him he desired me to take his revolver and lead on the men, as that time I was loading. With one loud huzza we charged like demons, burning to revenge our officers. I now found myself in an open clearing of a few yards, the rebels flying to cover on our front and left, where they opened fire on my small party, who at this time numbered two serjeants, one bugler, and thirty-five men. Seeing that we were greatly outnumbered, I determined to hold our position, if possible, until dark, trusting that the men in charge of Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler had retired well to the rear, and been joined with our lost advanced guard; if so, I knew they would be able to make well towards the redoubt before darkness set in, when, probably, I should be able to join them, but I found at about a quarter to six o'clock that the enemy had got round to our rear, thereby cutting off our retreat by the way we came. I immediately ordered a charge, but was met by a volley that killed one and wounded three men. On trying again I found it hopeless to attempt it, I therefore determined to retreat down the hill, which was covered with fern, and, sending on our wounded, I threw out a line of skirmishers, ordering the front rank to "fire and retire." In this order we retired down the hill in a steady and orderly manner, the natives coming out of the bush and raining down a complete shower of bullets on us, when, although we were not above 100 or 150 yards from them, not a man was hit. At this time it was near dark, but we managed to scramble through the bush until at last we lost the track, when I ordered the men around me, and told them I should stay there until morning, ordering not a word to be spoken, or a pipe to be lighted. I now found that four of the men were missing, and knowing that it would be completely useless to attempt at that time to find them, I determined to wait until morning, hoping in the meantime to hear them about in the bush. At a quarter to five o'clock, A.M., on the morning of

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1 Lieutenant, 3 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 50 Rank and File.

the 8th, we commenced to try and gain a track out of the bush, and at about eight o'clock, A.M., we succeeded, and were met about half-way from the redoubt by Colonel Murray and his party, and then learned that our esteemed Captain was dead. After detailing a man to return as guide to Colonel Murray, I continued my march to the camp, which we reached at about eleven o'clock, A.M., completely exhausted. I am very sorry to report our casualties (as per margin)* were very great; but, taking into consideration the number to which we were opposed, being near seven to one, we have every reason to be thankful that it was not greater.

I hope it may not appear presumptuous on my part to bear testimony to the cool and gallant manner displayed by the late Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler in this desperate affair, the Captain issuing his commands as if on parade, and even, when wounded, refusing to take one man from the force to take him to the rear until he was told that I would not be able to keep my position much longer; and Lieutenant Butler, even when brought on his knees, in the coolest manner possible, deliberately fired the shots from his revolver into a crowd of Maories.

I need scarcely add that the men behaved most gallantly, in fact it would be impossible to recapitulate the many acts of individual courage, when each man emulated the other in acts of heroic bravery.

I, however, beg to bring to your favourable consideration the valuable assistance I received from Serjeant Bracegurdle, who supported me throughout in a most intrepid manner, as also Lance-Corporal Ryan, Privates William Bulford, John Talbot, John Cole, and Benjamin Thomas, for the devotion they manifested to their officers, by staying with them until half-past seven P.M. on the night of the 7th instant. Captain Swift died at that time, after which they hid his body in the bush and waited until morning, and then carrying the Lieutenant in their arms they returned, meeting Colonel Murray and force. Corporal Ryan returned with Colonel Murray, and pointed out the spot in which Captain Swift's body was.

I beg to enclose the report of Serjeant Meara, in charge of our advance guard, also a plan of the scene of action.

I should estimate the loss of the enemy to be between twenty and thirty in killed and wounded, seven of whom I, myself, distinctly saw shot dead and dragged into the bush by the rebels.

I remain, &c.

(Signed) E. McKENNA, Colour-Serjeant,
65th Regiment.

Queen's Redoubt,
September 10, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that I guided a party of the 40th Regiment, under Major Blyth, through the bush to Tuakau, yesterday. We reached the redoubt at about 12 P.M., and I immediately accompanied a party of 100 of the 65th Regiment, under Lieutenant Warren, to Cameron, on the Waikato, the scene of the late Maori attack upon the friendly natives pah, to search for three soldiers of the 65th Regiment (one of them known to be dead), who had been left in the bush in that vicinity, on the occasion of the fight between Captain Swift's party and the Maories, on Monday last.

We proceeded through the bush, on the track likely to be taken by the missing men, to Cameron, where we arrived at half-past three P.M. On the spot where the fight took place we found the body of Private Grace, 65th Regiment; he had a gun shot wound in the face, and cut from a tomahawk in the chin; the body had been covered over with fern by the party when they left it, and so we found it.

We went down to the pah, which is a miserable affair, and totally incapable of being defended, being completely commanded by a hill close to it, and constructed simply of stakes driven into the ground, about two or three inches apart, and tied with supple-jack at the top. The house and wharves inside the pah had been completely gutted, and all kinds of property was scattered over the place.

I went with a few men down to the bank of the river, about 100 yards below the pah, the ground was strewn with bran and corn, the former partially burnt, we found a canoe at the landing place, which I ordered the men not to destroy, fortunately, as it turned out afterwards, for it proved the means of saving one of the wounded men, who was close to us in the bush while we were there, and who came up at Tuakau at night in the canoe.

We returned to the scene of the fight, of which I enclose a sketch, fires were still smouldering and a quantity of potatoes were on the ground, shewing that the enemy had been there very lately.

We then proceeded to examine the country in the direction in which the missing men were last seen to go, but found no traces of them. The bush and fern were so dense that we gave up the search as hopeless and determined to return. We left the ground at six o'clock, just as it was getting dark, and carrying the body with us we returned to Tuakau, reaching the redoubt at midnight, the distance being between eight and nine miles.

On arrival we found that one of the missing men had come up the river in a canoe.

From the number of fires, sleeping-places, and the extent of ground covered by the Maories, I am satisfied that there cannot have been less than 200 when they were attacked by poor Captain Swift's party, and it is wonderful, considering the nature of the ground, how, in the face of such a superior force, this party only 28 in number at the end, succeeded in keeping the enemy in check until their two wounded officers had been safely conveyed to the rear, how they within 10 yards of the enemy, who were firing at them from the bush, covered up with fern the body of one of their number who was killed, and then retreated in good order carrying some wounded men with them. Too much cannot be said in praise of the non-commissioned officer in charge, and of the men themselves for their gallant conduct on this trying occasion.

Captain Swift when he left his post must have been convinced that the enemy were in force or they would not have dared to attack what was considered a fortified post, still, notwithstanding the difficulties of the road, and the small number of his party, he pushed on to the assistance of the friendly natives, and lost his life while leading his men in a most gallant manner against a force vastly superior in numbers to his own, and posted in a strong position.

I beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the very excellent manner in which the expedition in search of the missing

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* KILLED—Captain Swift, Private Richard Belringer, Private Stephen Grace.
WOUNDED—Lieutenant Butler, Private Whittle, Private Powell, Private McLean.
MISSING—Private Bryan.

men was conducted by Lieutenant Warren and the officers and men under his command.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. R. GREAVES, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
&c., &c., &c.,
Queen's Redoubt.

Head Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
SIR, *September* 15, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward for your Excellency's information copies of reports from the officers named in the margin* relative to the attack by the natives yesterday, on the Pukekohe Stockade.

The conduct of all the detachments who went to the relief of that post was most praiseworthy, particularly that of Captain Inman, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, and the officers and men under his command, for the gallant manner in which they charged the enemy, driving him back into the bush with severe loss from the position which he had taken up near the stockade.

The enclosed return I regret to say shews several casualties, among whom is Captain Saltmarshe, 70th Regiment, who was severely wounded when leading on his men to the attack.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c. &c.

Camp Drury,
SIR, *September* 14, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to forward the reports of Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, and Captain Inman, 2nd Battalion 18th Foot, respectively, commanding the two reinforcements alluded to in my letter of this day's date, ordered by me to proceed to the relief of Captain Moir, commanding detachment of Pitts Volunteer Militia,† which marched this morning for service at Pukekoke, and from whom I received a report, at about eleven A.M., of the two carts, with seven days provisions for 2 officers and 25 men, having broken down near the stockade. Captain Inman returned at twenty minutes to seven P.M., having left Ensign Phillips and 20 men in the stockade, at the earnest request of Captain Moir; Major Ryan states that he would have brought this detachment back to this camp, in conformity with my orders to that effect, but for the request of Captain Moir that the men should be permitted to remain there to night.

I beg to forward the report of Lieutenant Rait, R.A., who returned to camp soon after dusk, having brought in the settlers and their wives and families from Burts Farm, according to my instructions, also the boy of 14 years of age, reported to have been killed, but who is severely wounded, and is now in the hospital here under medical treatment. As from what I can learn there appears to be a very limited supply of ammunition at Pukekohe, as well as of provisions. I have the honour to request I may receive instructions whether the detachment of 20 men, under Ensign Phillips, is to remain at Pukekohe, or whether I shall despatch a force to morrow to march in with them.

From Mayor Ryan's description of the last two miles to this settlement it would appear necessary that a larger force of militia should be sent there, in order to ensure the safety of provisions and ammunition being convoyed thither; and the roads are very heavy and difficult for draft.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. A. CHAPMAN,
Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment
Royal Irish, and Troops at Drury.

P.S. A list of killed and wounded is annexed to Captain Inman's report.

(Signed) A. A. C.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Queen's Redoubt.

Camp, Drury,
Sir, *September* 14, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to state that, in conformity with instructions received, I ordered Captain Moir, with twenty-five men of Pitt's Militia, to proceed this morning at six o'clock to Pukekohe, to reinforce the settlers at that post. Ensign Pitt and twenty-five men of the same corps proceeded at the same time to Mauku. Transport for camp equipage and seven days' commissariat provisions accompanied the two detachments. At a little past eleven o'clock this day a settler from Pukekohe rode into camp with a hurried note, in pencil, from Captain Moir, stating that both his carts had broken down, and that as this settler had informed him that the force at Pukekohe were at that time sustaining an attack from the hostile natives, he begged I would send him a reinforcement for the protection of the broken down carts, &c. I at once dispatched Captain Inman with a force, as per margin,* for that purpose. About a quarter or ten minutes to three o'clock, P.M., two of the mounted escort, Royal Artillery, came galloping back to camp with a request from Captain Inman, commanding, that I would send more troops to his assistance, as he had been fighting for some time close to the stockade at Pukekohe, and had an officer and some men wounded. I immediately ordered Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, to proceed to that post with a reinforcement as per margin,† with instructions to march the two detachments back to camp to-night.

Not long after Captain Inman had marched off, a settler came from Burt's farm, and said that they had been attacked by a small body of natives,

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* Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, 14th September, 1863; Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, 14th September, 1863; Captain Inman, 2nd Battalion, 18th Regiment, 14th September, 1863; Lieutenant Rait, Royal Artillery, 14th September, 1863.

† 1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 25 Rank and File; 1 Serjeant, 12 Rank and File, to return to this camp in charge of the C. T. C. Carts, but subsequently remained at Pukekohe.—Total force of Militia in Stockade—1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 37 Rank and File.

* 18th Royal Irish—1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 20 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; Royal Artillery (Mounted Corps)—7 Rank and File.—Total, 2 Captains, 1 Subaltern, 4 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 67 Rank and File.

† Royal Artillery—1 Rank and File (as guide); 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Sergeant, 12 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File.—Total—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 3 Serjeants, 63 Rank and File. Surgeon Peake, M.D., 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment, and 1 Ambulance Cart and Stretchers.

and that they had killed a boy of about 14 years of age. I at once sent a force under Lieutenant Rait, R.A., consisting of 20 Artillery (dismounted), and 20 infantry, with six mounted men, Royal Artillery, to offer to escort the settlers, with their wives and families, to this station.

One of the cavalry has just returned to report to me that the three detachments are now (six P.M.) on their way to this camp, and I regret to add that he further informs me that three men of the 70th regiment have been killed, and an officer and several men wounded, but all this requires confirmation. A further report will however be forwarded.

I have, &c.

(Signed) A. A. CHAPMAN,
Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment,
and Troops at Drury, &c.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
&c. &c. &c.,
Queen's Redoubt.

Camp Drury, September 14, 1863,
SIR, *Ten o'Clock*, P.M.

I HAVE the honour to report that in compliance with your instructions I proceeded this day at a quarter-past three P.M., with a force, strength as per margin*, to the assistance of the party at Pukekoke, under Captain Inman, 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment. On arriving at the entrance of the bush, at about five miles from Drury, I met Captain Inman's force returning with three carts and two dead men ; but as he had left the wounded at the Pukekohe stockade, I proceeded at once with the ambulance and stretchers that accompanied my party, and taking back with me the men of the 70th Regiment who were with Captain Inman, he continued his march to Drury.

On arriving at Pukekohe, Doctor Peake, 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment, attended immediately to the wounded, and as it was nearly six P.M., and the road was extremely bad and difficult for two miles through the bush, Doctor Peake thought it better to remove them at once, we accordingly started without delay, all the wounded being placed in the ambulance, and a dead man of the 65th Regiment was carried on a stretcher.

At the earnest request of Captain Moir, Pitt's Volunteers, commanding now at Pukekohe, I consented to leave at the stockade the party under Ensign Phillips, 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment, which Captain Inman had previously ordered to remain as a reinforcement.

Captain Moir informed me that he considered he could scarcely hold the place if attacked again in force unless these men were allowed to remain.

The force left under Ensign Phillips was 1 Serjeant, 2 Corporals, and 25 Privates, 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment. Captain Moir's force at the stockade consists now of strength as per margin† ; but he informed me that the settlers had no ammunition, and that he has only about forty rounds of spare for his men.

If it be considered necessary to hold the Pukekohe position, I think it will be found a very troublesome one, both on account of its situation, and of the bad state of the road which runs through the bush for the last two miles.

The dead and wounded brought in by me are, as per margin.*

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. A. RYAN, Major,
70th Regiment.

P.S.—The natives were still in the neighbourhood of the stockade, as they could be seen just before dusk carrying away their wounded to a house on an opposite hill. They left six dead on the ground. Captain Moir seemed to think that the natives were 200 or 300 in number.

(Signed) G. A. RYAN, Major.

Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman,
2nd Battalion 18th Regiment,
Commanding at Drury.

Camp Drury,
SIR, *September* 14, 1863.

IN accordance with instructions received from you this day, I proceeded to Pukekohe with the detail as per margin,† to assist and relieve Captain Moir, Volunteer Militia. On arriving at about one P.M., within about a quarter of a mile of Pukekohe stockade, I found Captain Moir embarrassed with carts, which were fixed in the mud ; having rendered him assistance, and hearing firing in my front, and being informed that the stockade was attacked, I hastened thither, leaving instructions with Captain Moir to follow as soon as possible. On arriving within about 100 yards of stockade, I found that the enemy were in position on two sides of it, at about 40 yards distance, I also found that in addition to the usual garrison a detachment of the 70th Regiment, consisting of Lieutenant Grierson and 25 men, had arrived from Sheppard's Bush, in the early part of the day ; throwing the men into skirmishing order, I advanced in the direction of the enemy, who were strongly posted on an incline in cleared bush under the stockade, and after exchanging fire, I advanced, driving them from their position ; I did not consider it advisable to pursue them into the bush from which they kept up a dropping fire. The engagement lasted about an hour, and the enemy leaving their killed and wounded on the field, finally withdrew, firing and shouting. Captain Moir having safely housed the ammunition and stores under his charge, joined the force towards the end of the affair. A reinforcement under Lieutenant Rait, Royal Artillery, consisting of 2 officers and 30 men arrived from Drury after the engagement. I have the honour to annex a list of casualties.

There being no means for the conveyance of the wounded, I left them in the stockade, and added to it a garrison of 1 officer and 30 men, having previously sent to Drury for ambulances and medical aid. After this I marched back to Drury at about five P.M. ; I cannot correctly state the loss sustained by the enemy, not having time to search for their killed and wounded ; I do not doubt, however, but that they suffered severely, as I saw the bodies of several lying on the ground previous to my leaving.

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* 2nd Battalion 18th Foot—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; Royal Artillery—1 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 12 Rank and File; but these last did not accompany me, 7 of them having returned to camp.

† 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Officer, 1 Serjeant, 26 Rank and File; Pitt's Volunteers—2 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 35 Rank and File; Settlers—1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File.

* 65th Regiment—1 Private, dead; 70th Regiment—2 Privates, dead, 1 Captain, and 3 Privates, wounded.

† Royal Artillery—7 Rank and File; 2nd Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 20 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File.—Total—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 2 Serjeants, 67 Rank and File.

Numb. 22800.

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Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1863.

St. James's Palace, December 23, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint the Lady Augusta Frederica Elizabeth Stanley to be Extra Bedchamber Woman to Her Majesty.

Whitehall, December 19, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, of Wingerworth-hall, in the county of Derby, Esquire, commonly called the Honourable Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, sometime a Captain in the 10th (The Prince of Wales's Own) Royal Regiment of Hussars, and to Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, his wife, commonly called the Honourable Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina Fitz Clarence, eldest daughter of Philip Charles Lord De L'Isle and Dudley, and grand-daughter of Sir John Shelley Sidney, late of Penshurst, in the county of Kent, Baronet, and of Henrietta Frances, his wife, daughter of Sir Henry Hunloke, late of Wingerworth-hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that they may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of Sir Henry John Joseph Hunloke, late of Wingerworth-hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Hunloke only, in lieu and instead of that of FitzClarence; that he, the said Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with the arms of FitzClarence; that she, the said Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with her family arms, and that such surname of Hunloke only, and the arms of Hunloke quarterly with those of FitzClarence, may be taken, borne, and used by their issue; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

***Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, and of the City and County of the City of* York.**

6th Regiment of West York Militia.

Lieutenant George Stansfeld to be Captain, vice Rodgers, resigned. Dated 19th December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Hussar Regiment of Yorkshire (West Riding) Yeomanry Cavalry.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of this Regiment being permitted to bear the title of "The Princess of Wales's Own."

40th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Joshua Horton Dawes.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

London Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Frederick John Padley to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 16th December, 1863.

The Reverend Philip Parker Gilbert, M.A., to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 15th July, 1863.

London Rifle Volunteer Brigade.

Lieutenant Charles Mill Frodsham to be Captain. Dated 18th November, 1863.

William Anderson Ogg to be Captain. Dated 16th December, 1863.

Francis Gimber Goodliffe to be Lieutenant. Dated 16th December, 1863.

Frederick Du Pre Thornton to be Ensign. Dated 16th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the City and County of the City of* Edinburgh, *and Liberties thereof.

Edinburgh City Artillery Militia.

Captain Robert Harris Mackintosh, [illegible] of the Bombay Army, to be First L[illegible] Bowman, resigned. Dated 1[illegible] 1868.

NEW

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the North Riding of the County of York.

15th North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign George Smurthwaite to be Lieutenant. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Edward Mason to be Ensign. Dated 5th December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

1st Administrative Battalion of Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteers.

Thomas Phillpotts, Esq., to be Major. Dated 21st December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Gloucester, *and of the City and County of the City of* Bristol.

1st Gloucestershire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Henry Cooke, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Beatty, resigned. Dated 21st December, 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Pembroke.

1st Pembrokeshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

George Chater to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk, *and of the City and County of the City of* Norwich.

20th Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Alfred John Edward Bowyer Smijth to be Captain. Dated 21st December, 1863.

Ensign George Fairfax Francklin to be Lieutenant. Dated 21st December, 1863.

Arthur F. Clowes to be Ensign. Dated 21st December, 1863.

The Reverend John Cholmeley to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 21st December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

32nd Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Alfred Young to be Lieutenant, vice W. H. Tudor, resigned. Dated 17th December, 1863.

Henry Morson, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Young, promoted. Dated 17th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Rogers to be Captain, vice Pearson, resigned. Dated 7th December, 1863.

33rd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign William Alexander Hall to be Lieutenant, vice Hill, promoted. Dated 7th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held in this Corps by Captain Augustus Copeland Tracey and Lieutenant Dowdeswell John Ellis Tracey. Dated 17th December, 1863.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 24th ultimo.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

1st Middlesex Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Robert Keirle to be First Lieutenant, vice Hendrey, promoted. Dated 10th November, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Ensign John Blackwell in the 16th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and Captain J. M. Lingard in the 29th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 19th December, 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by the following Officers; viz.:

Captain Luke Hall Kirby in the 6th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps;

Lieutenant Thomas Leach in the 24th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps;

Captain James Dowie and Lieutenant Alfred Hartley in the 25th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps; and

Supernumerary Lieutenant John Thorley Threlfall in the 47th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The 6th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps having been struck off the records of the War Office will henceforth cease to hold any number or designation in the Volunteer Force of the county of Lancaster.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty, cap. 96, for the regulation of the duties of postage, power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage, payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant.

And whereas further powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by another Act of Parliament, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 85, for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post Office.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by a certain Warrant in writing, under their hands, bearing date at Whitehall Treasury-chambers the 15th day of January, 1858, in exercise of the powers reserved to them, in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, and every of them, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, did order, direct, and declare (amongst other things) that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art whether British, colonial, or foreign, posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Sardinia, or posted in Malta, addressed to Sardinia,

might be so respectively transmitted, subject to the several rates of postage and regulations therein contained. And the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury did further order, direct, and declare, that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, might by Warrant under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time thereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke, any of the rates of postage thereby fixed or altered, or any of the orders, directions, and conditions thereby made, and might make and establish any new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates which might be payable were to be paid.

And whereas it is expedient to extend the privileges granted by the said recited Warrant of the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the said 15th day of January, 1858, and to authorize the transmission by the post from the United Kingdom to Italy, and from Malta to Italy of certain other packets, and for that purpose to make certain further and other regulations in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

Now, we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us, in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts of Parliament, and every of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant, under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows; that is to say:—

1. All packets consisting of patterns or samples of merchandize of no intrinsic value, posted in the United Kingdom addressed to Italy, may be transmitted by the post from the United Kingdom to Italy, in closed mails viâ France, subject to the several rates of postage hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

On every such packet, if not exceeding four ounces in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid the uniform single rate of postage of four pence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding four ounces, and not exceeding one half of a pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid two rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one half of a pound, and not exceeding one pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid four rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound, and not exceeding one pound, and the half of another pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid six rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound, and the half of another pound, and not exceeding two pounds in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid eight rates of postage.

And for every additional half of a pound in weight of any such packet above the weight of two pounds, there shall be charged, taken, and paid two additional rates of postage; and every fractional part of such additional half of a pound in weight, shall be charged as an additional half of a pound in weight; and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such packet would be charged with under this warrant, if not exceeding four ounces in weight.

2. All packets, consisting of patterns or samples of merchandize, of no intrinsic value, posted in Malta addressed to Italy, may be transmitted by the post from Malta to Italy by French or by Italian mail-packet boats, subject to the several rates of postage hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

On every such packet, if not exceeding two ounces in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid the uniform single rate of postage of two pence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding two ounces and not exceeding four ounces in weight, there shall be charged taken, and paid two rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding four ounces, and not exceeding one half of a pound in weight four rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one half of a pound, and not exceeding one pound in weight eight rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound, and not exceeding one pound and the half of another pound in weight twelve rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound and the half of another pound, and not exceeding two pounds in weight sixteen rates of postage.

And for every additional half of a pound in weight of any such packet above the weight of two pounds, there shall be charged, taken, and paid four additional rates of postage; and every fractional part of such additional half of a pound in weight, shall be charged as an additional half of a pound in weight, and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such packet would be charged with under this Warrant, if not exceeding two ounces in weight.

3. Every packet which shall be transmitted by the post under the authority of this Warrant shall be so transmitted in conformity with, and under and subject to, the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinafter contained; that is to say:—

4. No such packet, which in length, or breadth, or width shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

5. No pattern or sample, being of any intrinsic value, or being an article or thing of a saleable nature, or having a value of its own apart from its mere use as a pattern or sample, shall be transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant.

6. There shall be no enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor any other enclosure, not authorised by this Warrant, sent in or with any such packet.

7. There shall be no writing or marks of any description in or upon any such packet, or on the cover thereof, except the address of the person for whom it is intended, a trade-mark, and number and price.

8. All such packets shall be sent in covers open at the ends, so as to be easy of examination. Nevertheless, samples of seeds, drugs, and such other articles and things as cannot be sent in open covers, may be enclosed in bags of linen or of other material, which shall be tied at the neck with string; but bags so closed that they cannot be readily opened, even although they be transparent, shall not be used for that purpose.

9. Every such packet posted in the United Kingdom shall be put into the Post Office at such hours in the day, and under all such regulations, as the Postmaster-General may appoint.

10. The postage of all such packets as aforesaid, posted in the United Kingdom, shall in every case be paid at the time of the same being posted, either in money or by being duly stamped with the proper postage stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall in every case be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage duty payable thereon under or by virtue of this Warrant.

11. The postage of all such packets as aforesaid, posted in Malta, shall in every case be paid at the time of the same being posted.

12. If any packet transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant be sent by the post otherwise than in conformity with the conditions and regulations established by or under the authority of this Warrant, the same shall and may be detained and opened, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be either returned or be given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom the same shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination; and any such packet on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with any rates of postage the Postmaster-General may think fit not exceeding the rates that would be chargeable on such packet as an unpaid letter.

13. In order to prevent any obstacle to the due and regular transmission of letters by the post, any officer of the Post Office may delay the transmission of any packet posted or forwarded by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be dispatched in due course of the post, whenever it may be necessary so to do, or (at his option) until the dispatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought in due course of the post to be forwarded by him.

14. The several packets transmitted by the post under the provisions of this Warrant, shall be subject to the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage, respectively contained in a certain Warrant of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the 19th day of February, 1855, relating to redirected rates of postage upon letters and packets which shall be redirected and again forwarded by the post, so far as the same are applicable to such packets.

15. The terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act, passed in the 4th year of the reign of Her Majesty, cap. 96.

16. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands duly made, at any time hereafter alter, repeal, revoke, or modify any of the rates of postage hereby fixed, or any of the regulations hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time may appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

17. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the twenty-second day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Wm. Dunbar.
E. H. Knatchbull Hugessen.

Whitehall, December 12, 1863.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed James Abert Freeman, of Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Gentleman, to be a Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery in England.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 60.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH-EAST COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light at Rosas.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of February, 1864, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Poncella point, at the east side of entrance to Rosas bay, in the province of Gerona.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every *two minutes*. It will be placed at an elevation of 78 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 12 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fourth order.

The tower is round, 37 feet high, coloured gray with red bands, and a dark green lantern. It rises from the middle of the keeper's dwelling, 42 yards from the sea, and one mile S. $\frac{2}{3}$ W. from the centre of the town of Rosas, in lat. 42° 14′ N., long. 3° 10′ 45″ East of Greenwich.

Fixed Light at Cadaques.

Also, that on and after the 1st day of February, 1864, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Calanans point, at the south side of the entrance to port Cadaques, in the province of Gerona.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, placed at an elevation of 116 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 10 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is round, 24 feet high, coloured gray, with a red lantern. It is about 30 yards from the sea, in lat. 42° 15′ 30″ N., long. 3° 17′ 14″ East of Greenwich.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 17° 35′ West in 1865.]

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt. R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
17th December, 1863.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—France, South Coast, No. 2603, Mediterranean, Sheet 1, No. 2718 *a*, and Mediterranean Sea, No. 2158.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 61.)—NORTH ATLANTIC—NORTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed and Flashing Light on Pescador Point.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of February, 1864, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Pescador point, the

north-east projection of Mount Santoña, in the Province of Santander, North Coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every *three minutes*. It will be placed on an elevation of 126 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from a distance of 17 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the fourth order.

The tower is slightly conical, 44 feet high, of white stone, with a green lantern. It stands about 30 yards from the sea, in lat. 43° 28′ 36″ N., long. 3° 28′ West of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
A. B. Becher, Capt., R.N.,
For the Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
17th December, 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Spain, North Coast, No. 2728 ; Eastern part of North Atlantic, No. 2090 ; River Thames to Mediterranean, No. 1 ; and Plan of Santoña, No. 75.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Cockermouth, Cumberland.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted by the township of Cockermouth, in the county of Cumberland. And notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with : And whereas an appeal has been made against the vote by which the said Local Government Act, 1858, was adopted by the said township, and praying that the said township should be excluded from the operation of such Act ; and inquiry and report thereof have been duly made to me :

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby order that the said appeal be dismissed, and that the said Local Government Act, 1858, have the force of law within such township, from and after the 1st day of January, 1864.

Given under my hand this 19th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Falmouth, Cornwall.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, was adopted in the parish of Falmouth, in the county of Cornwall, on the 17th day of November, 1863, and notice of such adoption has been duly given, in writing, to me, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, as required by such Act ; and whereas copies of such notice have been duly advertized and affixed to the principal doors of the churches and chapels in such parish to which notices are usually affixed ; and the period fixed by the said Act for appeal against the resolution for the adoption of such Act, has now expired, and no appeal has been made :

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted in the hereinbefore-named parish of Falmouth, in the county of Cornwall, and that, in accordance with the provisions thereof, the said Act will, at the expiration of two months from the date of the passing of the resolution of adoption, have the force of law within the said parish of Falmouth.

Given under my hand this 26th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

Notice of Adoption of Act by Clayton-le-Moors, Lancashire.

WHEREAS the Local Government Act, 1858, was adopted by the township of Clayton-le-Moors, in the county of Lancaster, on the 7th day of December, 1863 ; and notice of such adoption has been duly given, and the other requirements of the said Act have been complied with :

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted in the hereinbefore-named township of Clayton-le-Moors ; and that the said Act will have the force of law within such township at the expiration of twenty-one days from the date of the resolution adopting such Act therein.

Given under my hand this 26th day of December, 1863.

(Signed) *G. Grey.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

Notice of Intended Distribution of Naval Prize Money.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, December 21, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Officers, Seamen, and Marines, and to all persons interested therein, that the distribution of the naval portion of the booty captured in Pegu in 1852 and 1853, and in which the officers and crews of Her Majesty's ships "Bittern," "Cleopatra," "Contest," "Fox," "Hastings," "Hermes," "Rattler," "Salamander," "Spartan," "Sphinx," "Styx," "Serpent," and "Winchester," are entitled to share, will commence on Tuesday, the 5th proximo, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any captor, serving in the above-named ships, are requested to present the same at this office.

Any Officer, Seaman, Marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the Collector of Customs or of Inland Revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed "On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London," (enclosing his certificate of service or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of Commissioned Officers),—in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as

the place of the nearest Collector of Customs, or of Inland Revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money.

The following are the shares due to an individual in the several classes:—

	£	s.	d.
Flag Officers . . .	226	13	3
Captains, each . . .	42	10	0
Commanders in actual command, each . . .	21	5	0
First class . . .	10	17	0
Second class . . .	6	15	8
Third class . . .	5	8	6
Fourth class . . .	3	5	2
Fifth class . . .	1	18	0
Sixth class . . .	1	12	6
Seventh class . . .	1	1	9
Eighth class . . .	0	10	10
Ninth class . . .	0	6	10
Tenth class . . .	0	4	1

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Guiltcross and Shropham, in the county of Norfolk, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Swan Inn, East Harling, on Tuesday, the 26th day of January, 1864, at noon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Guiltcross and Shropham aforesaid.

Henry Roberts.
James Disraeli.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, December 23, 1863.

Easington Union.—Township of Dawdon.

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the township of Dawdon, in the county of Durham;
To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the division or divisions in which the said township is situate;
And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the population of the township of Dawdon, in the county of Durham, according to the last census, exceeds two thousand persons.

And whereas at a meeting in Vestry, of the inhabitants of the said township, held at the Vestry-room of the said township, after public notice in that behalf, on Thursday, the 19th day of November last, it was resolved,—

"That an application be made to the Poor Law "Commissioners to make an Order, in pur- "suance of the Act of Parliament, 13th and "14th Victoria, chapter 57, sect. 1, that such "part of the said Act as applies to the ap- "pointment of Vestry Clerks, be put in force "within the township of Dawdon, in order "that a Vestry Clerk may be elected for the "said township."

And whereas the Overseers of the Poor of the said township have made their application in writing to the Poor Law Board, pursuant to the above resolution,

Now, therefore, we, the Poor Law Board, under the authority of the several Statutes in that behalf made and provided, hereby order and direct as follows; that is to say:—

ARTICLE I.—That so much of the said Act passed in the fourteenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, as relates to the appointment of a Vestry Clerk, shall forthwith be applied to and be put in force within the said township of Dawdon.

ARTICLE II.—That the Overseers of the Poor of the said township shall, unless the Poor Law Board otherwise direct, pay to the officer for the time being appointed to the said office of Vestry Clerk for the said township, under the authority of the Statutes in that behalf and this Order, for the performance of the duties of such office, a salary of one pound one shilling per annum.

ARTICLE III.—That the salary of such Vestry Clerk shall be payable up to the day on which he ceases to hold such office, and no longer, and shall be paid by half-yearly payments at Lady Day and Michaelmas Day, in every year, with a proportionate sum to be paid to his executors or administrators in case he shall die while holding such office.

ARTICLE IV.—That a copy of this Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

Given under our hand and seal of office, this fourteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

C. P. Villiers, President.
C. Gilpin, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Tolleshunt D'Arcy and United Parishes Insurance Society, held at Tolleshunt D'Arcy, in the county of Essex, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 23rd day of December, 1863.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 23rd day of December, 1863.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an award was made on the 19th day of December, 1863, by the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, under the provisions of the 23 and 24 Vict., c. 58, for the dissolution and the division of the funds of the Friendly Society, called the Mayers Green Benefit Club, held at Westbromwich, in the county of Stafford.

John Tidd Pratt, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 23rd day of December, 1863.

South Australian Government Bonds.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Bonds redeemable in London, on the 1st January, 1864, will be paid on that and subsequent days (Saturdays excepted), between the hours of eleven and two o'clock, on presentation at the Office of Her Majesty's Government of South Australia, No. 5, Copthall-court, London, E.C.; and further,

that the Half-yearly Interest due at the same date, will, in like manner, be paid as aforesaid. The Coupons, or the Bonds having no Coupons, must be accompanied with separate Lists, and left three clear days for examination.

G. S. Walters, Agent-General for South Australia.

Separate lists for Coupons, separate lists for Bonds not having Coupons, are now deliverable on application.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862, and in the Matter of the Unity General Life Assurance Association.

THE creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1864, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors, if any, to Robert Palmer Harding, of No. 5, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, the Official Liquidator of the said Company, and, if so required, by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, are, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the Chambers of the Master of the Rolls, in the Roll's-yard, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved. Monday, the 8th day of February, 1864, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said debts or claims.—Dated this 23rd day of December, 1863.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 23rd day of December, 1863.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	28,153,160	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	13,503,160
		Silver Bullion	—
	£28,153,160		£28,153,160

Dated the 24th day of December, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)	10,762,330
Rest	3,235,371	Other Securities	21,410,956
Public Deposits (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	10,266,546	Notes	8,496,345
		Gold and Silver Coin	713,907
Other Deposits	12,711,637		
Seven days and other Bills ...	616,984		
	£41,383,538		£41,383,538

Dated the 24th day of December, 1863.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK (Limited).

Statement of AFFAIRS on 30th November, 1863.

Liabilities.	£	*s.*	*d.*	*Assets.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
Paid up Capital	1,000,000	0	0	Cash Balance	731,071	4	2
Reserve Fund	192,658	17	8	Securities	620,624	7	8
Floating Deposits	1,213,454	1	7	Discounts, Loans, and Credits ...	3,812,677	8	7
Fixed Deposits	3,284,185	17	0	Exchange, Remittances, &c. ...	4,488,823	9	1
Exchange, Acceptances, &c. ...	3,890,485	7	1				
Profit and Loss	72,412	6	2				
	£9,653,196	9	6		£9,653,196	9	6

M. Balfour, General Manager.

N.B.—The above statement does not include the Branches' accounts to a later date than 6th November, 1863.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 8 and 9 Vict. cap. 38, of the Amount of BANK NOTES authorized by Law to be issued by the several Banks of Issue in SCOTLAND, and the Average Amount of Bank Notes in Circulation, and of Coin held during the four Weeks ending Saturday, the 12th day of December, 1863.

Name and Title as set forth in Licence.	Name of the Firm.	Head Office or Principal Place of Issue.	Circulation authorized by Certificate.	Average Circulation during four Weeks ending as above.			Average Amount of Coin held during four Weeks ending as above.		
				£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
			£.						
Bank of Scotland	The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	300485	171469	337988	509457	252712	30639	283351
Royal Bank of Scotland	Royal Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	183000	181421	324727	506148	369732	27346	397078
British Linen Company	British Linen Company	Edinburgh	438024	194446	357846	552292	187257	32552	219810
Commercial Bank of Scotland	Commercial Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	374880	237788	364348	602136	265660	27523	293183
National Bank of Scotland	National Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	297024	164042	332899	496941	245179	38139	283319
Union Bank of Scotland	Union Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	454346	204315	397910	602226	196572	42284	238856
Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	Aberdeen	70133	65300	96634	161934	90275	7270	97546
North of Scotland Banking Company	North of Scotland Banking Company	Aberdeen	154319	113827	119866	233693	93062	6986	100048
Dundee Banking Company	Dundee Banking Company	Dundee	33451	21086	32264	53351	20141	2299	22440
Clydesdale Banking Company	Clydesdale Banking Company	Glasgow	274321	141886	242491	384377	126431	24859	151290
City of Glasgow Bank	City of Glasgow Bank	Glasgow	72921	151762	219374	371137	320420	25984	346404
Caledonian Banking Company	Caledonian Banking Company	Inverness	53434	24873	63991	88865	37183	3284	40468
Central Bank of Scotland	Central Bank of Scotland	Perth	42933	31048	46058	77107	30595	6951	37546

I hereby certify, that each of the Bankers named in the above Return, who have in Circulation an Amount of Notes beyond that authorized in their Certificate (with the exception of), have held an Amount of Gold and Silver Coin, not less than that which they are required to hold during the period to which this Return relates.

Dated this 24th day of December, 1863.

W. W. DALBIAC, Officer of Stamp Duties.

Numb. 22801.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1863.

War Office, December 29, 1863.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Colonel Alexander Tulloh, of the Royal Artillery, having the temporary rank of Major-General while he served as the Director of Ordnance, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Whitehall, December 28, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Francis Alexander, Earl of Kintore, to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the Shire of Aberdeen, in the room of Charles, Marquess of Huntly, deceased.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Sir James Horn Burnett, Bart., to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the Shire of Kincardine, in the room of Francis Alexander, Earl of Kintore, resigned.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

1st Administrative Battalion of Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteers.

The Most Noble the Marquis of Normanby to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Thomas Hutchinson in the 2nd Cornwall Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cornwall.

1st Administrative Battalion of Cornwall Rifle Volunteers.

Captain John Solomon Bickford, of the 2nd Cornwall Rifle Volunteer Corps, to be Major. Dated 22nd December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

3rd Administrative Battalion of Lancashire Rifle Volunteers.

James Dugdale, Esq., the younger, to be Major. Dated 10th December, 1863.

8th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Battersby Hartley, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 10th December, 1863.

25th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Nathaniel Loxdale to be Captain. Dated 17th December, 1863.

31st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Frederick Tweedale to be Captain. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Lieutenant Alfred Clegg to be Captain. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Ensign Henry Wrigley to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Ensign John William Blackburne to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

Ensign John Redfern to be Lieutenant. Dated 11th December, 1863.

John Bamford the younger, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 11th December, 1863.

William Hart, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 11th December, 1863.

56th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John Hamlyn Lakeman to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th December, 1863.

Ensign Frank Makin to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th December, 1863.

64th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend James Nugent to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 11th December, 1863.

84th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Arthur Gustav Dugdale to be Captain. Dated 10th December, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions [illegible] Lieutenant John Begg Shaw and Ensi[gn] de Thiballier Mandley in the 40th [illegible] Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Captain John Wilkie to be Major, vice Stewart, promoted. Dated 18th December, 1863.

First Lieutenant James Dunlop Kirkwood to be Captain, vice Wilkie, promoted. Dated 24th December, 1863.

4th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Alexander Mein, jun., Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice George Buchanan, deceased. Dated 24th December, 1863.

19th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John Finlay, jun., to be Captain, vice McGairn, resigned. Dated 24th December, 1863.

Lieutenant William Whyte to be Captain, vice Cumming, resigned. Dated 25th December, 1863.

David Aitken, Gent., to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 24th December, 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Monmouth.

2nd Monmouthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain William Adams to be Major. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

Lieutenant John James to be Captain. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

William Joseph Davies, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Mitchell to be Lieutenant. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

Ensign Edward Windsor Richards to be Lieutenant. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

Robert Jordan, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

Francis Henry Brown, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 23rd December, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

7th North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The above-mentioned Corps has been withdrawn from the 1st Administrative Battalion of the North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteers, and has been united to the 4th Administrative Battalion of Durham Rifle Volunteers.

2nd North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The above-mentioned Corps has been struck out of the records of the War Office, and will cease to hold any number or designation in the County Force.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Lieutenant John Clarkson Birkbeck and Honorary Assistant-Surgeon John Richard McCollah in the above Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Second Lieutenant William Ross Gardyne in the 1st Midlothian Artillery Volunteer Corps. Dated 18th December, 1863.

Somerset House, London, December 28, 1863.

NOTICE.—By order of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, the place for the receipt of Corn Returns at Wareham, in Dorset Collection, will, in future, be at the Red Lion Inn.

William Corbett, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named North Parade Chapel, situated in Halifax, in the county of York, in the district of Halifax, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 16th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of the 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 21st day of December, 1863.

Charles Barstow, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Church of St. Boniface, situate in Sion-square, in the hamlet and district of Mile End Old Town, in the county of Middlesex, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 18th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 20th day of December, 1863.

E. J. Southwell, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a building, named St. Joseph's Chapel, situated at Mossley, in the parish of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, in the district of Ashton-under-Lyne, being a building licensed and used for public religious worship as a Roman Catholic Chapel exclusively, was, on the 19th day of December, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 21st day of December, 1863.

Benjn. Seymour, Superintendent Registrar.

India Office, December 22, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received Madras Gazettes, containing the following notices that the undermentioned Insolvents filed their Petitions in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Vict., cap. 21:

Petitions filed praying for relief.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 11th September last, by Cuddapaukum Rungasayee Naidoo, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing in Salay-street, No. 74, at Peddoo Naick-pettah, within the Black Town of Madras, and lately carrying on business of a Merchant in the purchase and sale of Europe Goods, but now out of business; and on the 25th September last, by William Dudley Taylor, of Madras, inhabitant, residing at No. 12, in Arathoon-road, at Royapoorum, within the local limits of Madras, and a Pleader in the Madras Court of Small Causes, but at present out of business—the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act 11th Victoria,

chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Cuddapaukum, Rungasayee Naidoo and William Dudley Taylor, in Henry Julius Brockman, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 6, 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 2nd October instant, by Mr. P. B. Gordon, Attorney for James Loraine Geddes, Esquire, late Surgeon-General, Madras Army, resident for the last five years at Ootacamund, and now a Prisoner in Her Majesty's Debtors' Gaol at Madras; and by Gonagoontah Cooppoo Chitty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 46, in Varada Mooteappen-street, in the Black Town of Madras, lately a Merchant, dealing in the purchase and sale of brass and iron articles, but now out of business; and on the 9th October instant, by Pondicherry Mauselamany Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing in Condapah Chitty-street, No. 29, within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, and employed as a Clerk in the Income Tax Office—the said insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court vesting the estates and effects of the said James Loraine Geddes, Esquire; Gonagoontah Cooppoo Chetty; and Pondicherry Mauselamany Moodelly, in Henry Julius Brockman, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 20, 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 16th October instant, by William Gowe, of Madras, inhabitant, residing at Parcherry, in Church-street, No. 22, within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature, at Madras, and employed as a Clerk in the Shop of Messrs. Oakes and Company; James Gibbs, of Madras, inhabitant, residing in Madah Church-road, No. 116, at Royapoorum, and a Foreman in the Madras Railway; and Richard Brass, of Madras, inhabitant, residing at Parcherry, in Church-street, No. 2, within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, late a Clerk in the Administrator-General's Office—the said insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India," and that on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court vesting the estates and effects of the said William Gowe; James Gibbs; and Richard Brass, in Henry Julius Brockman, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 23, 1863.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 23rd day of October instant, by Bundla Yatheandrum Naidoo, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No 34, in Veerappen-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and a Clerk employed in the Office of Messrs. Arbuthnotand Company; John Melder, an inhabitant of Madras, residing in Seven Wells-street, No. 110, at Parcherry, in the town of Madras, and an Overseer in the Government Gazette Press at Fort St. George,; Cuddum Theyperoomall Naidoo, a Hindoo Inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 41, in Sunjeeveeroyen Covil-street, at Sunjeeveeroyen Pettan, within the local limits of Madras, and employed as a Writer in the Commissary-General's Office; and on the 26th October instant, by Mathsala Seetapaty Naidoo, a Hindoo Inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 22, in Munnarsawmy Pagoda Allay at Peddoo Naicks-pettah, in the Black Town of Madras, and without employ; and on the 27th October instant, by Catheramungalum Soobaramiah Braminy, a Hindoo Inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 56, in Ramasawmy-street, in the Black Town of Madras, lately carrying on business in the purchase and sale of culinary articles, &c., but now out of business; the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Bundla Yatheandra Naidoo; John Melder; Cuddum Thayperoomall Naidoo; Muthrala Seetapaty Naidoo; and Catheramungalum Soobaramiah Braminy in Henry Julius Brockman, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, October 13, 1863.

LIABILITIES and ASSETS of the CITY BANK, on the 30th day of November, 1863.

Dr.	£	*s.*	*d.*	*Cr.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
To Capital paid up, viz.: £50 per share on 8,000 shares ...	400,000	0	0	By Exchequer Bills, Government Securities, East India and other Debentures ...	276,180	19	11
To Amount of Reserved Fund	80,000	0	0	By other Securities, including Bills discounted and Loans...	3,994,972	9	1
To Amount due by the Bank on current and deposit Accounts, Bills payable, Letters of Credit, &c.	3,791,153	9	0				
	£4,271,153	9	0		£4,271,153	9	0

Threadneedle-street, London,
December 26, 1863.

A. J. White, Manager.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 19th day of December, 1863.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank	Ashford	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co.	10947
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury	Cobb and Co.	21640
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade	Wells, Hogge, and Co.	21002
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple	Marshall and Co.	4566
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank	Basingstoke	Seymour, Lamb, and Co.	13202
Bedford Bank	Bedford	Barnard and Co.	27750
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank	Bicester	Tubb and Co.	13497
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co.	21995
Boston Bank	Boston	Claypon and Co.	66622
Boston Bank	Boston	Gee and Co.	14793
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater	J. and J. L. Sealey	8268
Bristol Bank	Bristol	Miles, Miles, and Co.	21777
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank	Broseley	Pritchard & Co.	14769
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co.	18091
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co.	48016
Banbury Bank	Banbury	J. C. and A. Gillett	27295
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury	Cobb and Son	20955
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co.	33696
Birmingham Bank	Birmingham	Lloyds and Co.	24439
Bradford Old Bank	Bradford, Yorkshire	Harris and Co.	11593
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon	Wilkins and Co.	43057
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton	Hall and Co.	19504
Burlington and Driffield Bank	Burlington	Harding, Smith, and Co.	10867
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Worlledge and Co.	2687
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge	Mortlock and Co.	13627
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge	Messrs. Fosters	44383
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury	Hammond and Co.	27140
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen	David Morris and Sons	18604
Chertsey Bank	Chertsey	La Coste and Son	2228
Colchester Bank	Colchester	Round, Green, and Co	14885
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank	Colchester	Mills, Bawtree, and Co.	25643
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro	Tweedy and Co.	31620
Coventry Bank	Coventry	Little and Woodcock	4085
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter	Milford and Co.	14977
Craven Bank	Settle	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co.	68638
Chepstow Old Bank	Chepstow	Snead and Co.	6655
Derby Bank	Derby	W. and S. Evans and Co.	9678
Derby Bank	Derby	Samuel Smith and Co.	36081
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank	Derby	Crompton, Newton and Co.	24014
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes	Locke and Co.	5539
Diss Bank	Diss	Fincham and Co.	Not received.
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank	Doncaster	Cooke and Co.	61799
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank	Darlington	Backhouse and Co.	79580
Devonport Bank	Devonport	Hodge and Co.	7222
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank	Dorchester	Williams and Co.	36384
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard	Robins, Foster, and Co.	94997
East Riding Bank	Beverley	Bower and Co.	46492

Name, Title. and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co.	33001
Exeter Bank	Exeter	Sanders and Co.	20826
Farnham Bank	Farnham	Knight and Son	6294
Faversham Bank	Faversham	Hilton and Co.	4981
Godalming Bank	Godalming	Mellersh and Co.	3959
Guildford Bank	Guildford	Haydon and Co.	9450
Grantham Bank	Grantham	Hardy and Co.	24176
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull	Smith, Brothers, and Co.	18144
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon	Veasey and Co.	34642
Harwich Bank	Harwich	Cox, Cobbold, and Co.	4577
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin	Sharples and Co.	34149
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich	Bacon and Co.	20132
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich	Alexanders and Co.	53968
Kentish Bank	Maidstone	Randall and Co.	13057
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington	Davies and Co.	19381
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knaresborough	Harrison and Co.	20555
Kendal Bank	Kendal	Wakefield, Crewdson, and Co.	41166
Longton Staffordshire Bank	Longton	C. Harvey and Son	5219
Leeds Bank	Leeds	Beckett and Co.	52656
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds	W. Williams, Brown and Co.	36626
Leicester Bank	Leicester	T. and T. T. Paget	28929
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes	Whitfeld and Co.	23653
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln	Smith, Ellison, and Co.	85587
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery	D. Jones and Co.	21444
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough	Middleton, Cradock and Co.	7034
Lymington Bank	Lymington	S. and G. F. St. Barbe	2805
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis	Gurneys and Co.	31777
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis	Jarvis and Co.	Not received.
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield	Brocklehurst and Co.	9992
Manningtree Bank	Manningtree	Nunn and Co.	5762
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly	Williams and Son	6852
Miners' Bank	Truro	Willyams and Co.	18263
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank	Abergavenny	Bailey and Co.	26340
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth	Bromage and Gosling	5983
Newark Bank	Newark	Godfrey and Riddell	24628
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford	Handley, Peacock, and Co.	45184
Newbury Bank	Newbury	Bunny, Slocock, and Co.	11177
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket	Hammond and Co.	17119
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Norwich	Harveys and Hudsons	51023
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich	Gurneys and Birkbecks	84235
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank	Nottingham	Hart, Fellows, and Co.	7989
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth	Harris and Co.	20569
New Sarum Bank	Sarum	Pinckney, Brothers	7931
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham	Samuel Smith and Co.	25064

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	Croxon and Co.	10419
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	Parsons and Co.	Not received.
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	H., S., A. H., T., and A. T. Beeching	9211
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	J. W. Clinch and Sons	9285
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank	Hull	Peases and Co.	45846
Penzance Bank	Penzance	Batten and Co.	8736
Pembrokeshire Bank	Haverfordwest	J. and W. Walters	Not received.
Reading Bank	Reading	Simonds and Co.	23490
Reading Bank	Reading	Stephens, Blandy, and Co.	25809
Richmond Bank	Richmond	Roper and Co.	6835
Rochdale Bank	Rochdale	Clement, Royds, and Co.	1867
Rochester, Chatham, and Strood Bank	Rochester	Day, Nicholson, and Co.	5954
Royston Bank	Royston	Fordham and Sons	9093
Rugby Bank	Rugby	A. Butlin and Son	9646
Rye Bank	Rye	R. C. Pomfret and Co.	9935
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden	Gibson, Tuke, and Co.	22358
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury	Burton, Lloyd, and Co.	11017
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough	Woodall and Co.	21978
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrewsbury and Ludlow Bank	Shrewsbury	Rocke, Eytons, and Co.	35557
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank	Sittingbourne	Vallance and Co.	2834
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton	Maddison, Pearce, and Co.	8845
Southwell Bank	Southwell	Wylde and Co.	9349
Southampton and Hampshire Bank	Southampton	Atherley and Co.	2460
Stafford Old Bank	Stafford	Stevenson and Co.	13423
Stamford and Rutland Bank	Stamford	Eaton, Cayley, and Co.	18452
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank	Shrewsbury	Beck, Downward, and Co.	21807
Taunton Bank.	Taunton	H., R. and H. J. Badcock	22741
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock	Gill, Sons, and Co.	10948
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury	Harwood and Co.	7557
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	Tiverton	Dunsford and Co.	9585
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, Northamptonshire	Thrapston	Eland and Eland	11511
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank	Tring	Butcher and Sons	11515
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester	Percival and Co.	5961
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston	Vivian and Co.	14457
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge	Hull, Smith, and Co.	Not received.
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford	Hedges, Wells, and Co.	5823
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank	Warwick	Greenway and Co.	18147
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington	Fox, Brothers, and Co.	3783
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and Pontefract Bank	Wakefield	Leatham, Tew, and Co.	42899
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby	Simpson, Chapman, and Co.	13709
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester	Bulpett and Co.	14377
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank	Weymouth	Eliot, Pearce, and Co.	13770
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derbyshire Bank	Wirksworth	Arkwright and Co.	34704
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank	Wisbech	Gurneys and Co.	38290
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe	P. and W. Hancock	5187
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkesbury Old Bank	Worcester	Berwick, Lechmere, & Co.	52670
Wolverhampton Bank	Wolverhampton	R. and W. F. Fryer	10098
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and Halesworth and Suffolk Bank	Yarmouth	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co.	44129
Yarmouth, Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co.	13725
York Bank	York	Swann, Clough and Co.	37005

JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£.
Bank of Westmorland	Kendal	9687
Barnsley Banking Company	Barnsley	8853
Bradford Banking Company	Bradford	45283
Bilston District Banking Company	Wolverhampton	9334
Bank of Whitehaven	Whitehaven	28854
Bradford Commercial Banking Company	Bradford	18784
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Staffordshire Union Banking Company	Burton-upon-Trent	48867
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Banking Company	Chesterfield	10855
Cumberland Union Banking Company	Workington	32878
Coventry and Warwickshire Banking Company	Coventry	18305
Coventry Union Banking Company	Coventry	12136
County of Gloucester Banking Company	Cheltenham	96940
Carlisle and Cumberland Banking Company	Carlisle	24196
Carlisle City and District Bank	Carlisle	19021
Dudley and West Bromwich Banking Company	Dudley	34574
Derby and Derbyshire Banking Company	Derby	21567
Darlington District Joint Stock Banking Company	Darlington	21695
East of England Bank	Norwich	25021
Gloucestershire Banking Company	Gloucester	130886
Halifax Joint Stock Bank	Halifax	17722
Huddersfield Banking Company	Huddersfield	35622
Hull Banking Company	Hull	26694
Halifax Commercial Banking Company	Halifax	9374
Halifax and Huddersfield Union Banking Company	Halifax	40618
Helston Banking Company	Helston	1474
Knaresborough and Claro Banking Company	Knaresborough	25167
Lancaster Banking Company	Lancaster	51447
Leeds Banking Company	Leeds	22844
Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	61920
Lincoln and Lindsey Banking Company	Lincoln	47059
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire Banking Company	Leamington Priors	10214
Ludlow and Tenbury Bank	Ludlow	8168
Moore and Robinson's Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham	27991
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham	28537
National Provincial Bank of England	Birmingham Hd. Office, 112, Bishopsgate-st., London	419298
North Wilts Banking Company	Melksham	41061
Northamptonshire Union Bank	Northampton	64290
Northamptonshire Banking Company	Northampton	19027
North and South Wales Bank	Liverpool	58115
Pares's Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester	52444
Saddleworth Banking Company	Saddleworth	Not received.
Sheffield Banking Company	Sheffield	35724
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston Banking Company	Stamford	49795
Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol Somersetshire Bank, and Somersetshire Bank	Langport	294554
Shropshire Banking Company	Shiffnall	44097
Stourbridge and Kidderminster Banking Company	Stourbridge	54512
Sheffield and Hallamshire Banking Company	Sheffield	22496
Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company	Sheffield	49672
Swaledale and Wensleydale Banking Company	Richmond	50888
Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company	Wolverhampton	29060
Wakefield and Barnsley Union Bank	Wakefield	13875

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£
Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company	Whitehaven	23285
Warwick and Leamington Banking Company	Warwick	27146
West of England and South Wales District Bank	Bristol	74943
Wilts and Dorset Banking Company	Salisbury	68097
West Riding Union Banking Company	Huddersfield	30091
Whitchurch and Ellesmere Banking Company	Whitchurch	4361
Worcester City and County Banking Company	Worcester	3710
York Union Banking Company	York	61300
York City and County Banking Company	York	89545
Yorkshire Banking Company	Leeds	117168

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue Office, December 28, 1863.

Corn Imported and Exported.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the week ended the 26th December, 1863.

	Quantities Imported into				Quantities Exported from the United Kingdom.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
Wheat	59,104	13,178	25,756	98,038	200	...	200
Barley	25,881	5,463	113	31,457	26	...	26
Oats	7,630	330	...	7,960	371	1,450	1,821
Rye	75	...	...	75	...	...	...
Peas	6,256	1,340	...	7,596	34	...	34
Beans	5,856	2,720	...	8,576	3	...	3
Indian Corn	6,126	1,079	5,524	12,729	...	...	...
Buckwheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malt	...	...	...	...	555	...	555
Total of Corn	110,928	24,110	31,393	166,431	1,189	1,450	2,639
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheatmeal or Flour	79,179	15,443	1,473	96,095	88	11	99
Barley Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal	6	...	...	6	500	...	500
Rye Meal	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Pea Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal	24	...	...	24	...	...	...
Buckwheat Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Meal	79,210	15,443	1,473	96,126	588	11	599
Total of Corn and Meal stated in Imperial Quarters	133,562	28,522	31,813	193,897	1,532	1,453	2,985

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, December 28, 1863.

EDW. BERNARD,
Assistant Inspector-General.

BAYERISCHE STAATS-BIBLIOTHEK MUENCHEN